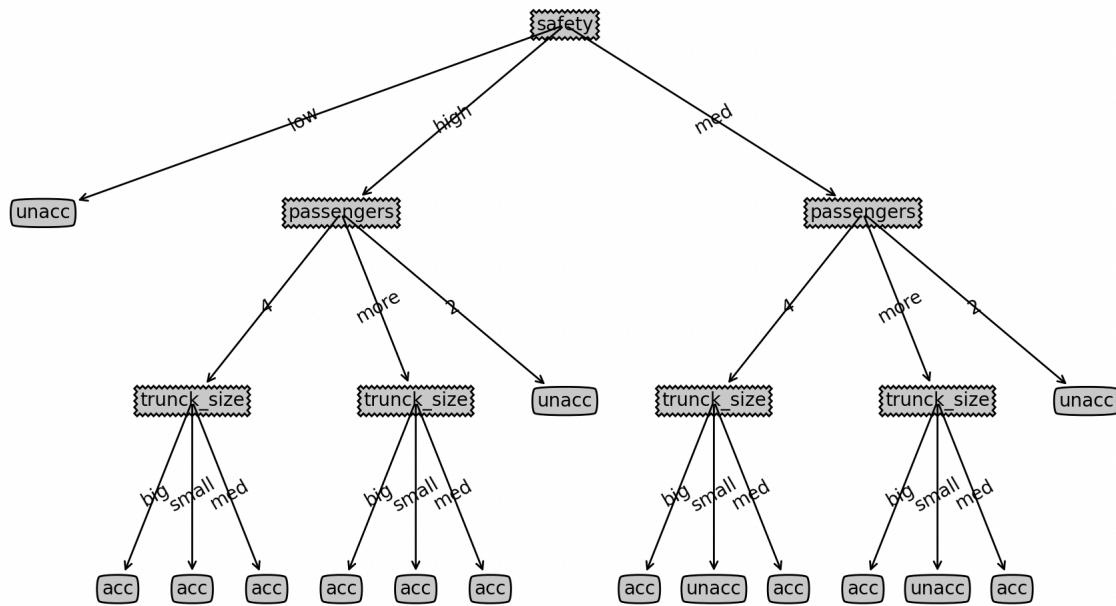


Assignment4

1. The tree drawn based on the output obtained from the Car Dataset using your algorithm.



2. The code of the two functions that you implement.

```
def calGini(dataSet):
    # get number of unique class labels
    labelCounts = {}
    for instance in dataSet:
        label = instance[-1]
        if label not in labelCounts:
            labelCounts[label] = 0
        labelCounts[label] += 1

    # print(labelCounts) ## {'No': 5, 'Yes': 9}....
```

```

Gini_subtrahend = 0.0
totalInstances = len(dataSet)
for label, count in labelCounts.items():
    # print(label, count) ## No 3
    Gini_subtrahend += (count / totalInstances) ** 2

score = 1 - Gini_subtrahend

return score

def chooseBestFeature(dataSet):
    """
    choose best feature to split based on Gini index

    Parameters
    -----
    dataSet: 2-D list
        [n_sampels, m_features + 1]
        the last column is class label

    Returns
    -----
    bestFeatId: int
        index of the best feature
    ...
    #TODO

    # for each feature  $i$  in the dataset
    #     calculate gini index on dataset
    #     for each value of the feature
    #         subset = splitData(dataset,  $i$ , value)
    #         calculate gini index on the subset
    #     calculate Gain for feature  $i$ 
    # Find the bestGain and the corresponding feature id

    # print(dataSet[0]) ## ['Rainy', 'Hot', 'High', 'FALSE', 'No'],

```

```

feature_scores = {}

for i in range(len(dataSet[0]) - 1):
    Gini = calGini(dataSet)

    # find unique values of the current feature column
    feature_values = set() # set ensure uniqueness
    for instance in dataSet:
        feature_values.add(instance[i])
    # print(feature_values) ## {'Overcast', 'Sunny', 'Rainy'}

```

```
dataSet: 2-D list  
[n_sampels, m_features + 1]  
the last column is class label
```

Returns

```
-----  
assignedLabel: string  
if satisfying stop criteria, assignedLabel is the assigned class label;  
else, assignedLabel is None  
...  
assignedLabel = None  
# TODO  
  
# if all the classe labels are the same, then return  
# the class label  
allSame = True  
for i in range(len(dataSet)-1):  
    # print the class labels  
    # print(dataSet[i][4], "\n")  
    if dataSet[i][-1] != dataSet[i+1][-1]:  
        # class labels are not the same  
        allSame = False  
        break  
if allSame:  
    assignedLabel = dataSet[0][-1]  
    return assignedLabel
```

```
# if there are no more features to split, then return  
# the majority label of the subset.  
# noMoreFeatures = True  
# for i in range(len(dataSet)-1):  
#     for j in range(len(dataSet[i])-1):  
#         # print the feature values  
#         print(dataSet[i][j], end=" ")  
#         if dataSet[i][j] is None:
```

```

#           # no more features to split
#           break
#   print("")

# only class label column left
if len(dataSet[0]) == 1:
    labelCounts = {}
    for instance in dataSet:
        label = instance[-1]
        if label not in labelCounts:
            labelCounts[label] = 0
            labelCounts[label] += 1
    # majority vote
    sortedLabelCounts = sorted(labelCounts.items(), key=lambda x: x[1], reverse=True)
    assignedLabel = sortedLabelCounts[0][0]

return assignedLabel

```

3. Did you use any AI tools (such as ChatGPT, Microsoft CoPilot, or similar) in completing this assignment? If so, please briefly describe how you used them (e.g., writing the codes, writing the report, etc.) and which specific AI tools you used. If not, simply answer 'No'.

No.