



# CSCI 580 Discussion

## HW 5

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*Slides modified from: Rongqi Qiu*



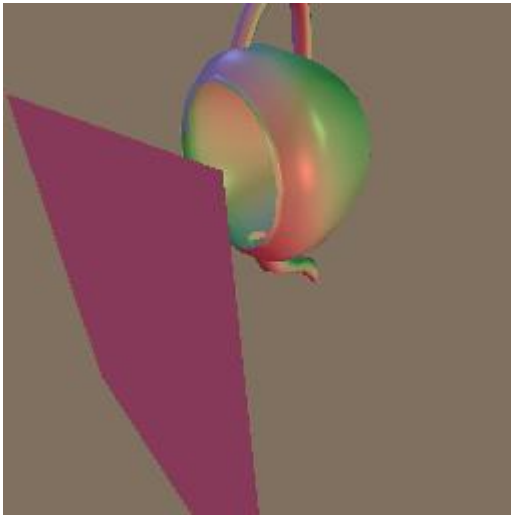
# HW4

- Due 10/9 11:59 pm  
No late submissions will be graded since HW4..
- Regrading for HW1 - 3
  - One-time regrading opportunity
  - Please write your requests in README.txt along with your HW4 submission



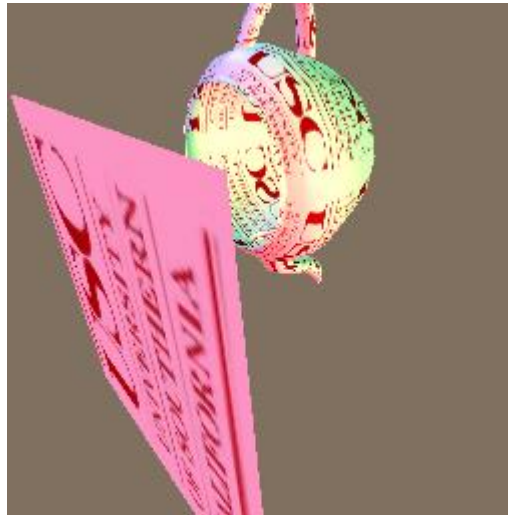
# HW5 – Overview

- Adding texturing capabilities to your renderer



HW4

Color specified by  
material attributes



HW5

Color specified by  
images



Color specified by  
functions



# HW5 – Overview

- Application5.cpp

Texture  
coordinates  
(u, v)

```
/*
 * Set the value pointers to the first vertex of the
 * triangle, then feed it to the renderer
 * NOTE: this sequence matches the nameList token sequence
 */
valueListTriangle[0] = (GzPointer)vertexList;
valueListTriangle[1] = (GzPointer)normalList;
valueListTriangle[2] = (GzPointer)uvList;
GzPutTriangle(m pRender, 3, nameListTriangle, valueListTriangle);
```

Texture  
function

```
nameListShader[5] = GZ_TEXTURE_MAP;
#if 0 /* set up null texture function or valid pointer */
valueListShader[5] = (GzPointer)0;
#else
valueListShader[5] = (GzPointer)(tex_fun); /* or use ptex_fun */
#endif
```



# HW5 – Overview

- Application5.cpp

Texture  
coordinates  
(u, v)

Mapping from surface points to texture coordinates (u, v)

Texture  
function

- Image texture (tex\_fun)
- or
- Procedural texture (ptex\_fun)



# HW5 – Outline

- Texture coordinates: surface point  $\rightarrow (u, v)$ 
  - Input: vertex  $\rightarrow (u, v)$
  - Replace (fixed) material color for (variable) texture color
- Texture functions:  $(u, v) \rightarrow \text{RGB}$ 
  - Image texture
    - 2D RGB image (look-up table)
  - Procedural texture
    - General computing functions



## HW5 – Outline

- Texture coordinates: surface point  $\rightarrow (u, v)$ 
  - Input: vertex  $\rightarrow (u, v)$
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# HW5 – Texture Coordinates (GzPutTriangle)

- Assume we have defined a texture function
  - $\text{tex\_fun}(u, v) \rightarrow \text{RGB}$
- Two remaining problems:
  - How to apply texture at vertices of triangles?
  - How to apply texture at interior of triangles?





# HW5 – Texture Coordinates (GzPutTriangle)

- Assume we have defined a texture function
  - $\text{tex\_fun}(u, v) \rightarrow \text{RGB}$
- Two remaining problems:
  - **How to apply texture at vertices of triangles?**
  - How to apply texture at interior of triangles?



# HW5 – Texture Coordinates (GzPutTriangle)

- How to apply texture at vertices?
  - Retrieve (u, v) at this vertex (from input)
  - Call `tex_fun` to retrieve RGB color
  - What to do with retrieved RGB color?
    - Phong shading:  $K_a$ ,  $K_d$
    - Gouraud shading:  $K_s$ ,  $K_a$ ,  $K_d$



# HW5 – Texture Coordinates (GzPutTriangle)

- Assume we have defined a texture function
  - $\text{tex\_fun}(u, v) \rightarrow \text{RGB}$
- Two remaining problems:
  - How to apply texture at vertices of triangles?
  - **How to apply texture at interior of triangles?**



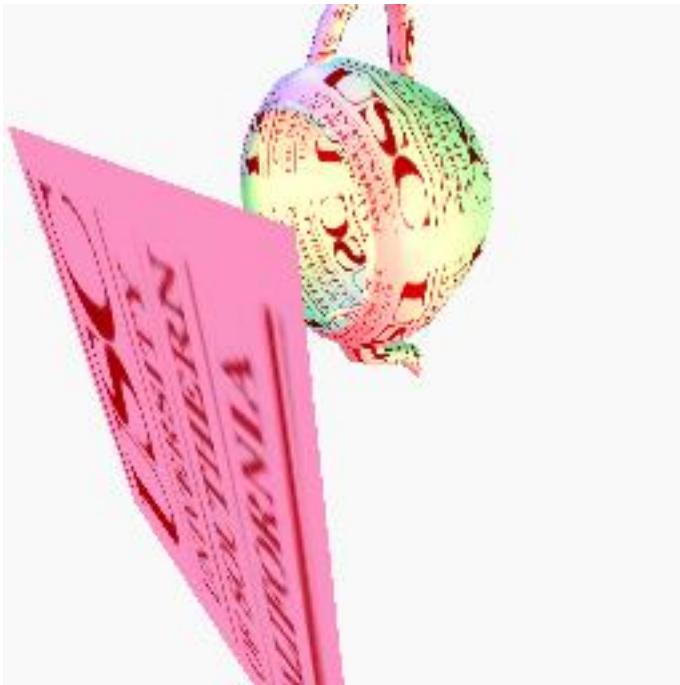
# HW5 – Texture Coordinates (GzPutTriangle)

- Texture coordinates ( $u, v$ ) are given only at vertices, but interior points need ( $u, v$ ) too.
- Solution: interpolation!
  - Similar to interpolating **Z** (during rasterization), **RGB color** (during Gouraud shading) and **normal vectors** (during Phong shading).
  - Either LEE or scan-line is fine.
  - Note: perspective correction (Class7, Slide 14)



# HW5 – Perspective Correction

perspective correction

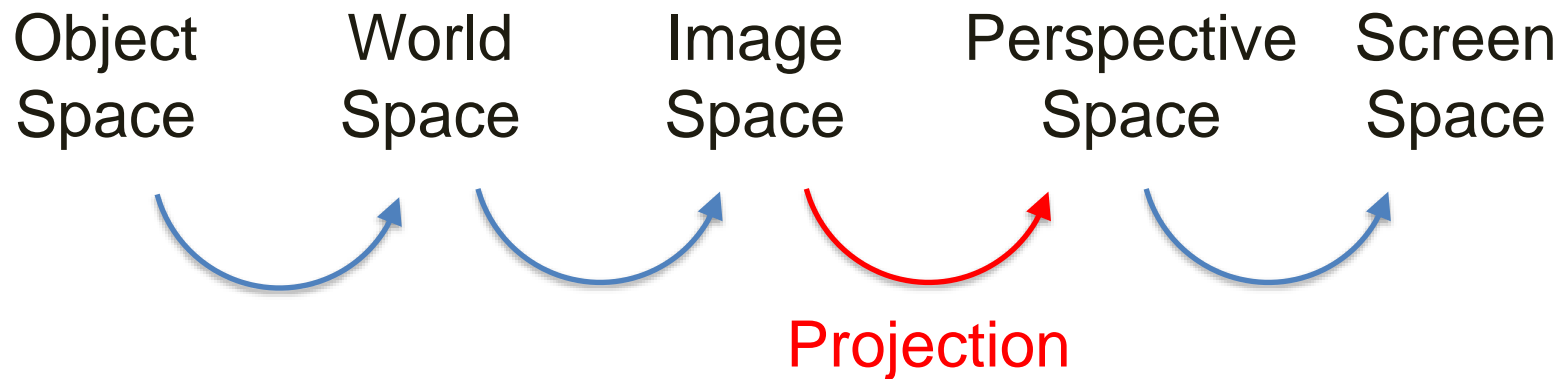


no perspective correction



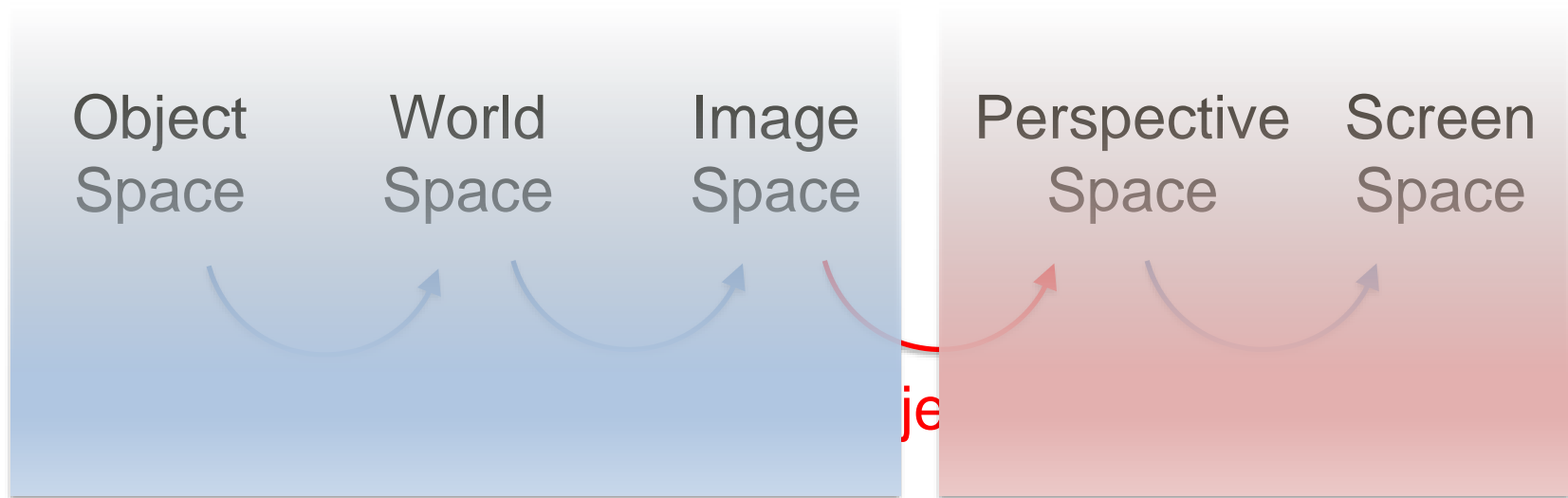


# HW5 – Perspective Correction



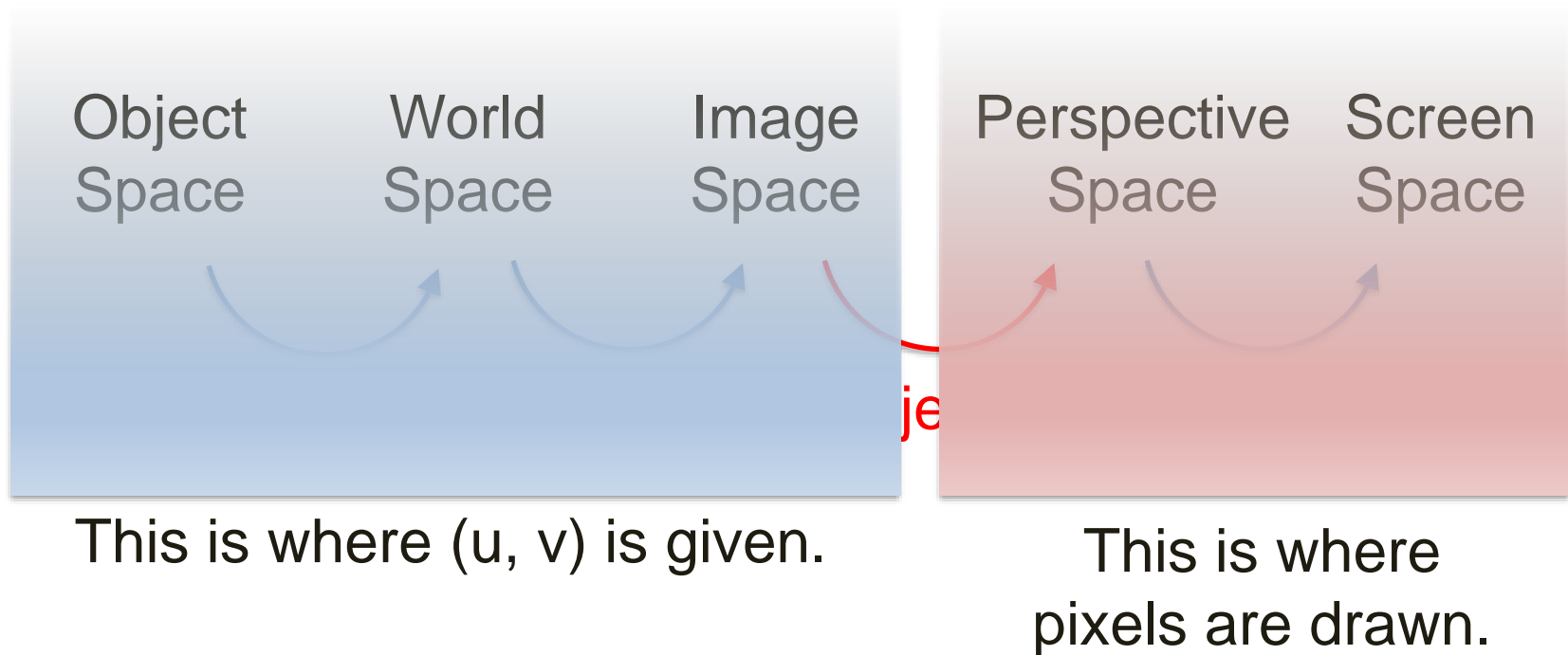


# HW5 – Perspective Correction





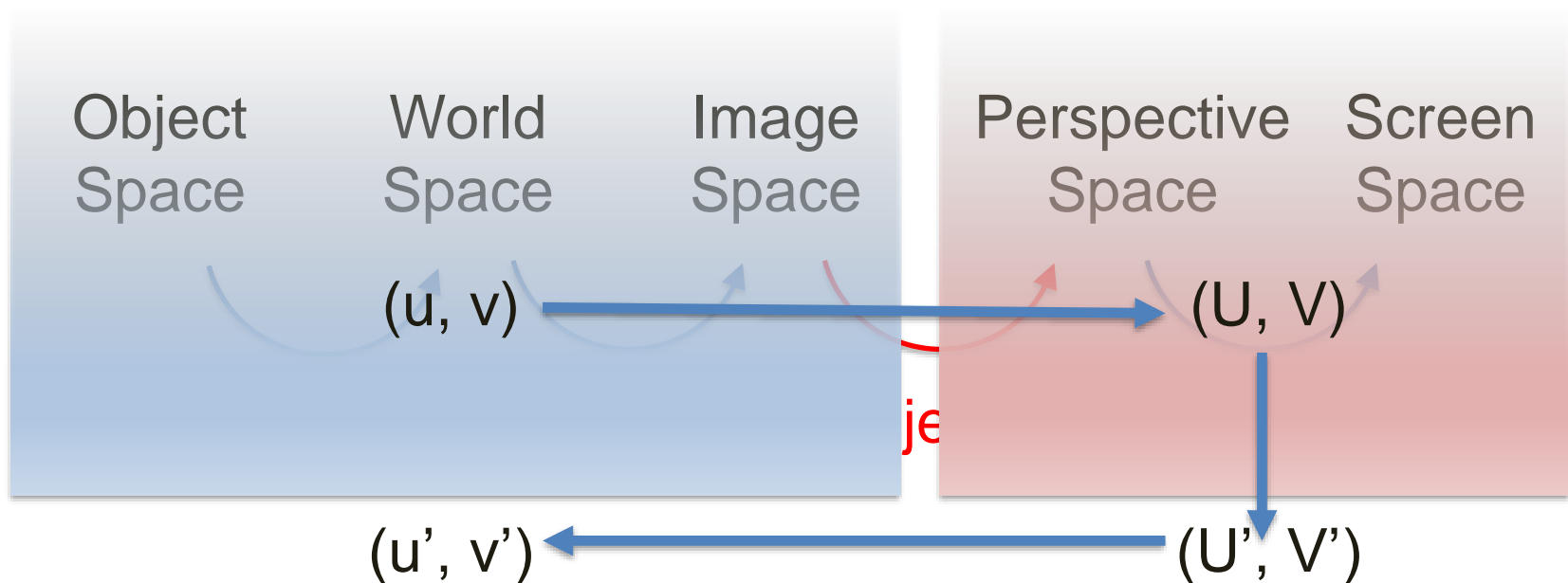
# HW5 – Perspective Correction







# HW5 – Perspective Correction





# HW5 – Texture Coordinates (GzPutTriangle)

- Phong shading

$$C = (K_s \sum_L [I_e (R \bullet E)^s]) + (K_d \sum_L [I_e (N \bullet L)]) + (K_a I_a)$$

material attribute (fixed)    texture lookup (pixel-by-pixel)

- Gouraud shading (set  $K_T = K_s = K_d = K_a$ )

$$C = (K_T) (\sum_L [I_e (R \bullet E)^s] + \sum_L [I_e (N \bullet L)] + I_a)$$

texture lookup                      compute at vertices  
(pixel-by-pixel)                      and interpolate to pixels



## HW5 – Outline

- Texture coordinates: vertex  $\rightarrow$  (u, v)
  - Given as input per vertex
  - Used for obtaining (variable) texture color in replacement of (fixed) material color
- Texture functions: (u, v)  $\rightarrow$  RGB
  - Image texture
    - 2D RGB image (look-up table)
  - Procedural texture
    - General computing functions



## HW5 – Image texture (tex\_fun)

- Compute RGB color given texture coordinates (u, v)

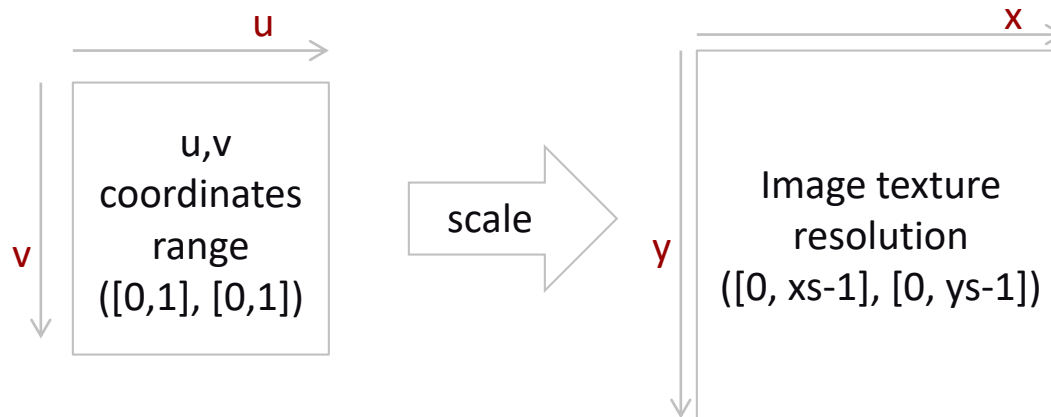
```
/* Image texture function */  
int tex_fun(float u, float v, GzColor color)
```

- Returns GZ\_SUCCESS or GZ\_FAILURE
- Boundary test (u,v) within  $[0,1] \times [0,1]$
- The codes for loading texture files are already given



## HW5 – Image texture (tex\_fun)

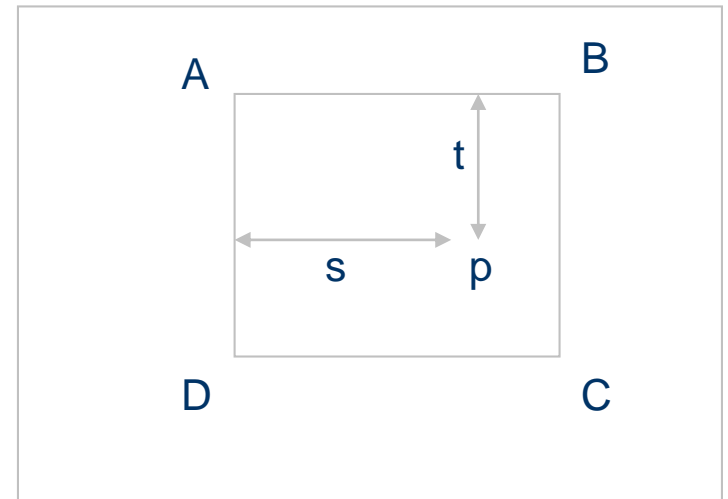
- Problem:  $(u, v)$  range over  $[0, 1] \times [0, 1]$ ,  
texture image is 2D array of  $(xs-1) \times (ys-1)$
- Solution: scaling by the size of the texture image





## HW5 – Image texture (tex\_fun)

- Problem: what if scaled  $(u, v)$  is not integer?
- Solution: bilinear interpolation
- $\text{Color}(p) = s t C + (1-s) t D + s (1-t) B + (1-s) (1-t) A$ 
  - $s, t$  are fractional distances  $[0,1]$
  - $A, B, C, D$  are RGB colors at neighboring pixels



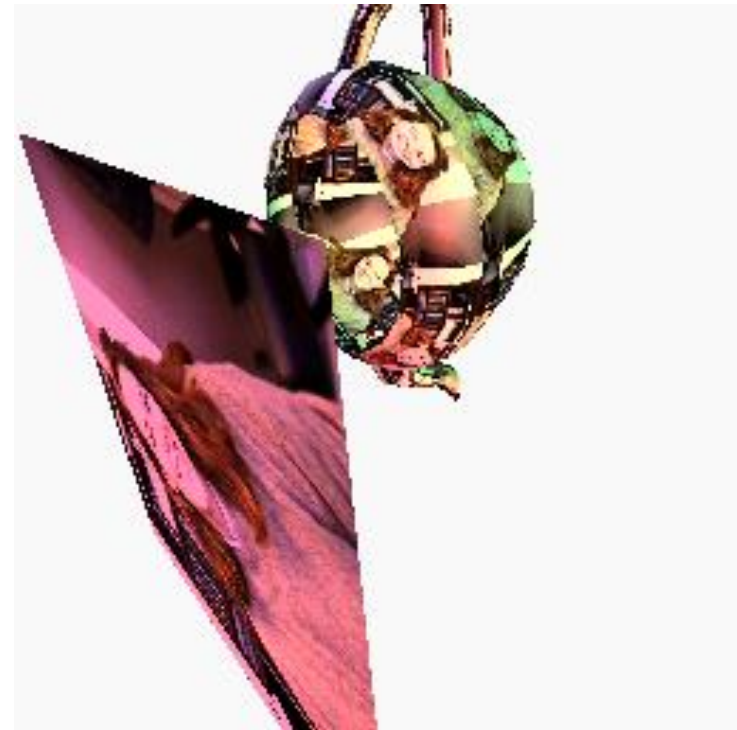


## HW5 – Image texture (tex\_fun)

- Try other texture images!
- Just replace the file “texture” with any ppm image.



Example texture image



Rendering using the left texture image



## HW5 – Outline

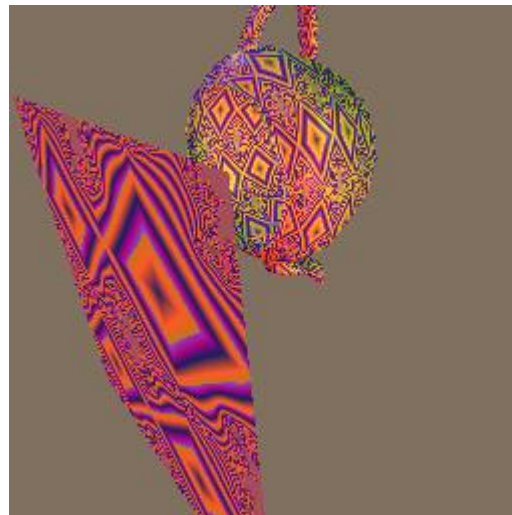
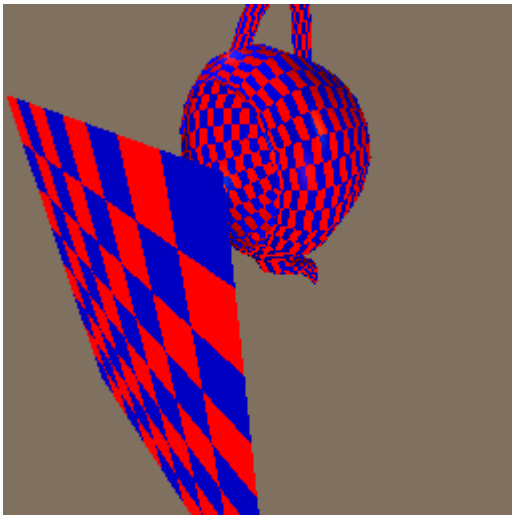
- Texture coordinates: vertex  $\rightarrow$  (u, v)
  - Given as input per vertex
  - Used for obtaining (variable) texture color in replacement of (fixed) material color
- Texture functions: (u, v)  $\rightarrow$  RGB
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# HW5 – Procedural texture (ptex\_fun)

- Any function of  $(u,v)$  is OK as long as a texture pattern is clearly evident. (i.e. Julia set)
- Use your imagination!





# HW5 pitfalls

- - Perspective-Z: make sure the texture is not distorted on the plane and the teapot.
- - Bilinear interpolation: make sure the texture is not too aliased.
- - Procedural texture: do not forget to implement a procedural texture