

기말고사/프로젝트

- 기말고사
 - 일시: 12월 14일 (화) 13:00~14:15
 - 장소: 추후 공지 (offline)
- 기말 프로젝트 (recommender systems)
 - 주제, template 등 자세한 내용 이번주 주말에 녹화강의로 공지 예정
 - 제출기한: 12월 17일 (금) 23:59

Reinforcement Learning 1



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Supervised Learning

Data: (x, y)

x is data, y is label

Goal: Learn a function to map

$x \rightarrow y$

Examples:

Classification, regression, ...



Unsupervised Learning

Data: x

Just data, no labels!

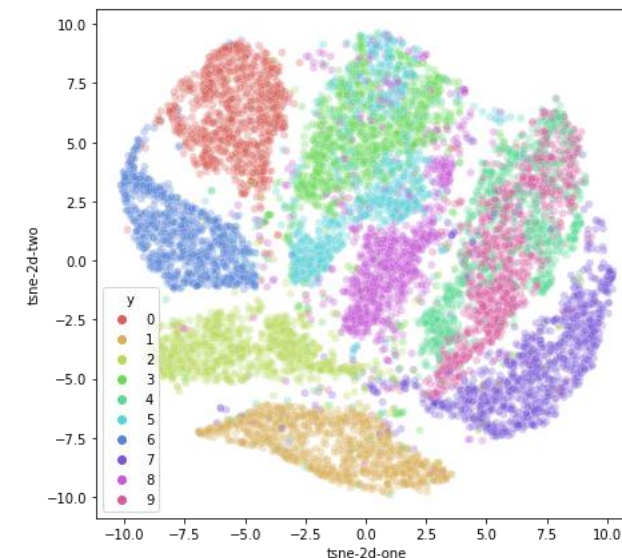
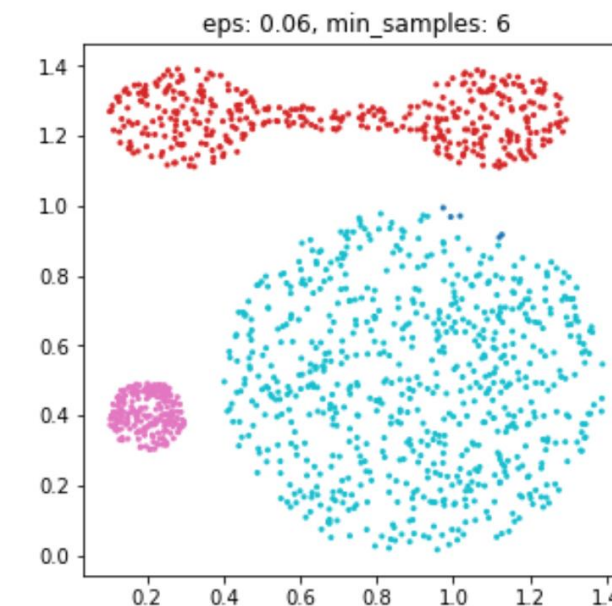
Goal: Learn some underlying hidden structure of the data

Examples

Clustering,

Dimensionality reduction,

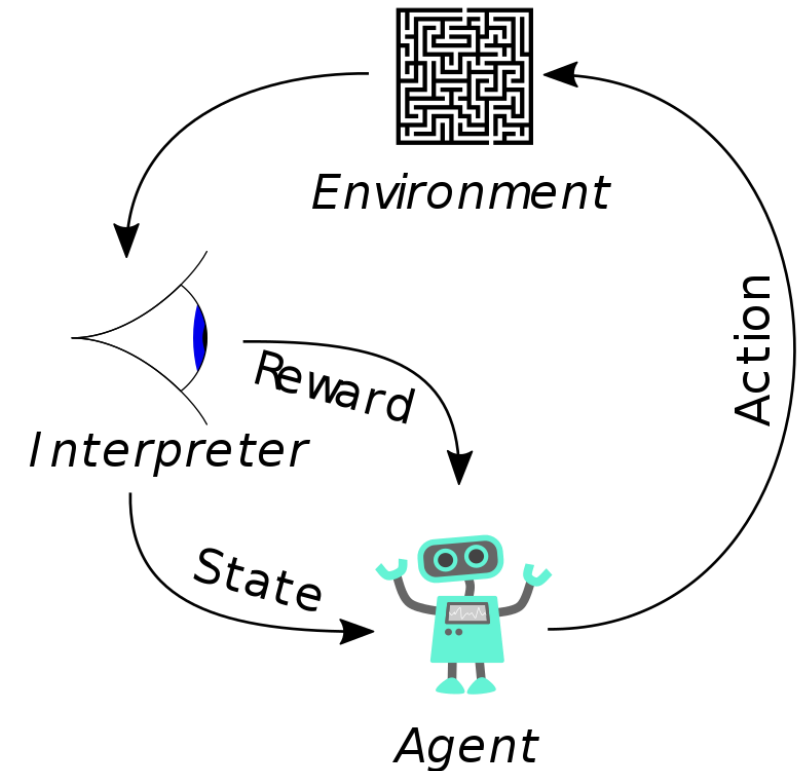
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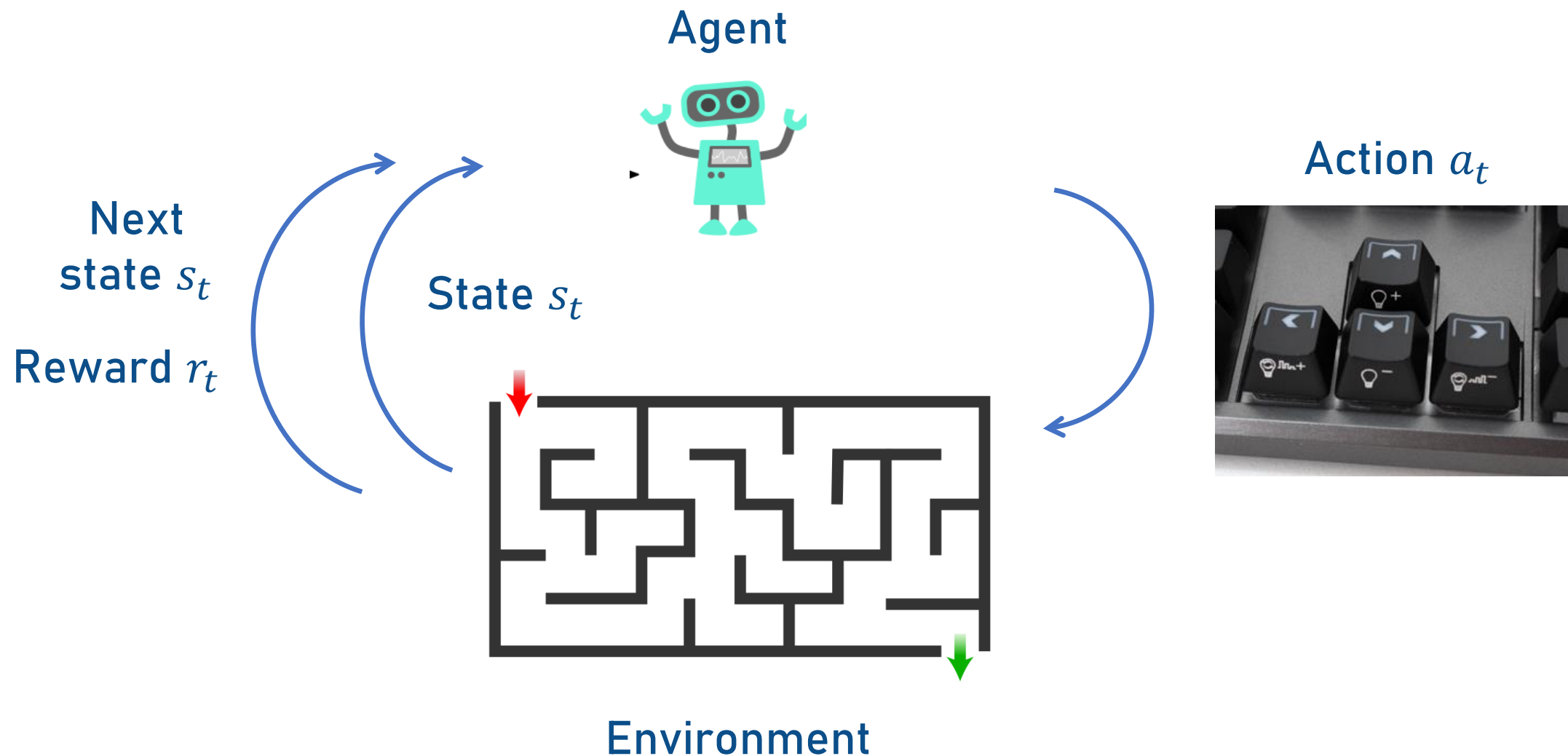
Reinforcement Learning

Problems involving an **agent** interacting with an **environment**, which provides numeric **reward** signals

Goal: Learn how to take actions in order to **maximize reward**



Reinforcement Learning



Properties of RL

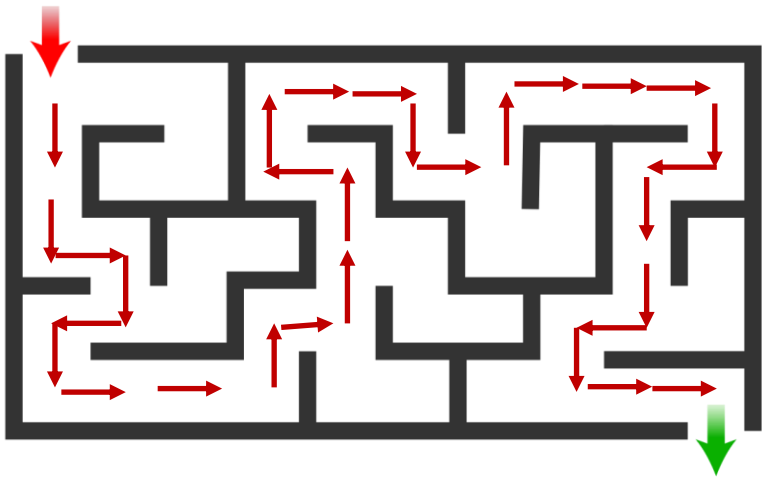
- Trial and Error (Agent chooses training data)
 - 행동 -> 보상
 - 보상 -> 행동의 수정
 - 행동 -> 보상
 - 보상 -> 행동의 수정
 - ...
- Sparse/delayed reward signal

<https://youtu.be/V1eYniJ0Rnk>

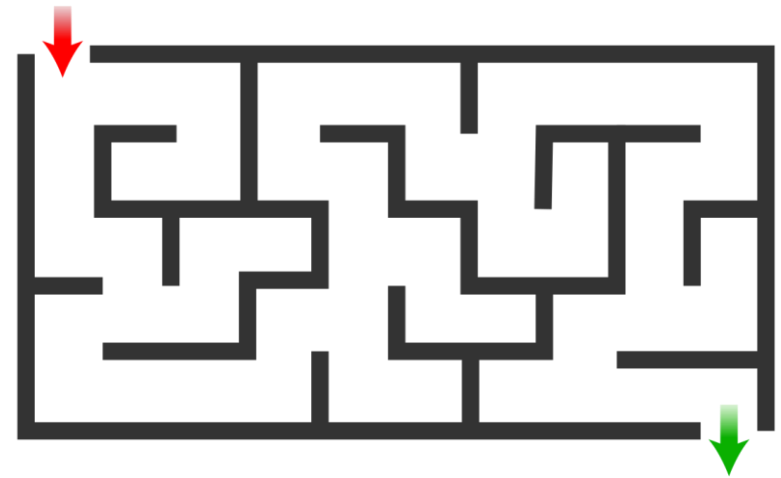


Sparse signal

Labels in supervised learning



Rewards in reinforcement learning



$-T$

Reward design tip

- Example) (Reward) = -(걸린 시간)

$$a_1 \quad r_1 = 0$$

$$a_2 \quad r_2 = 0$$

$$a_3 \quad r_3 = 0$$

$$\vdots$$

$$a_T \quad r_T = -T$$

$$a_1 \quad r_1 = -1$$

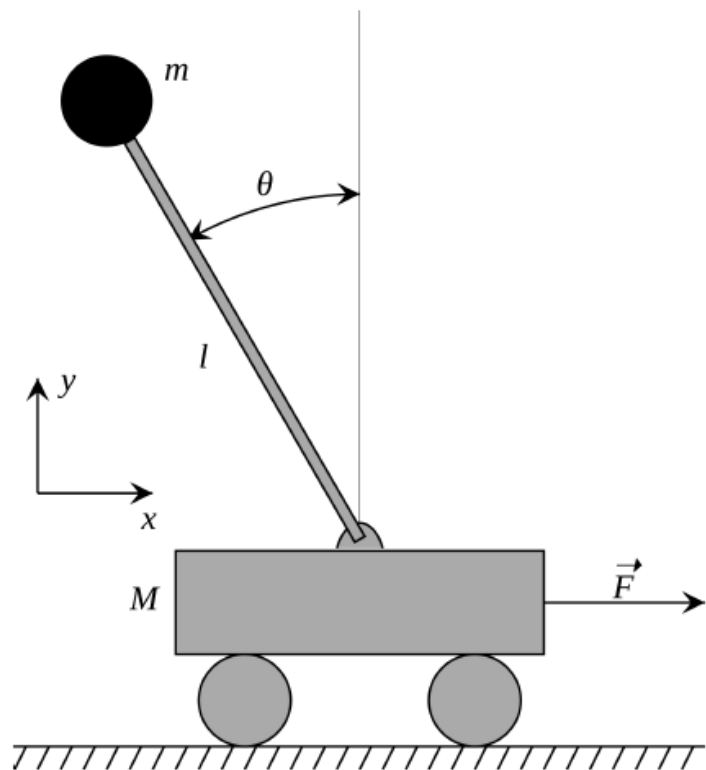
$$a_2 \quad r_2 = -1$$

$$a_3 \quad r_3 = -1$$

$$\vdots$$

$$a_T \quad r_T = -1$$

Cart-Pole Problem



Objective: Balance a pole on top of a movable cart

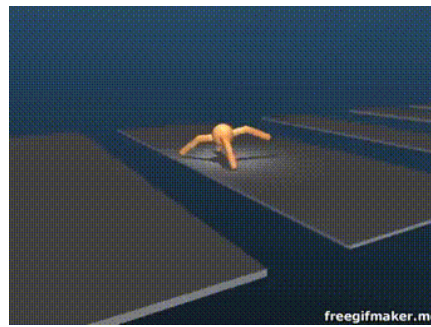
State: angle, angular speed, position, horizontal velocity

Action: horizontal force applied on the cart

Reward: 1 at each time step if the pole is upright

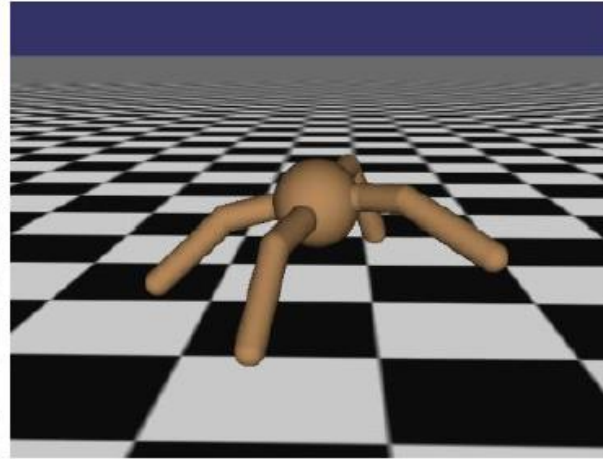
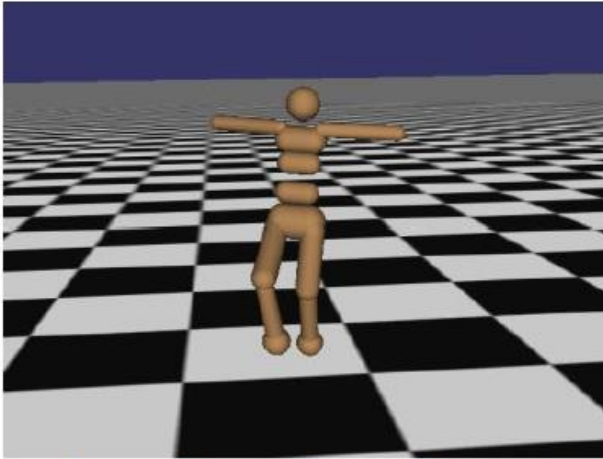
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Robot Locomotion



https://youtu.be/hx_bgoTF7bs

2017 paper <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1707.02286.pdf>



Objective: Make the robot move forward

State: Angle and position of the joints

Action: Torques applied on joints

Reward: 1 at each time step upright + forward movement

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Atari Games



Objective: Complete the game with the highest score

State: Raw pixel inputs of the game state

Action: Game controls e.g. Left, Right, Up, Down

Reward: Score increase/decrease at each time step

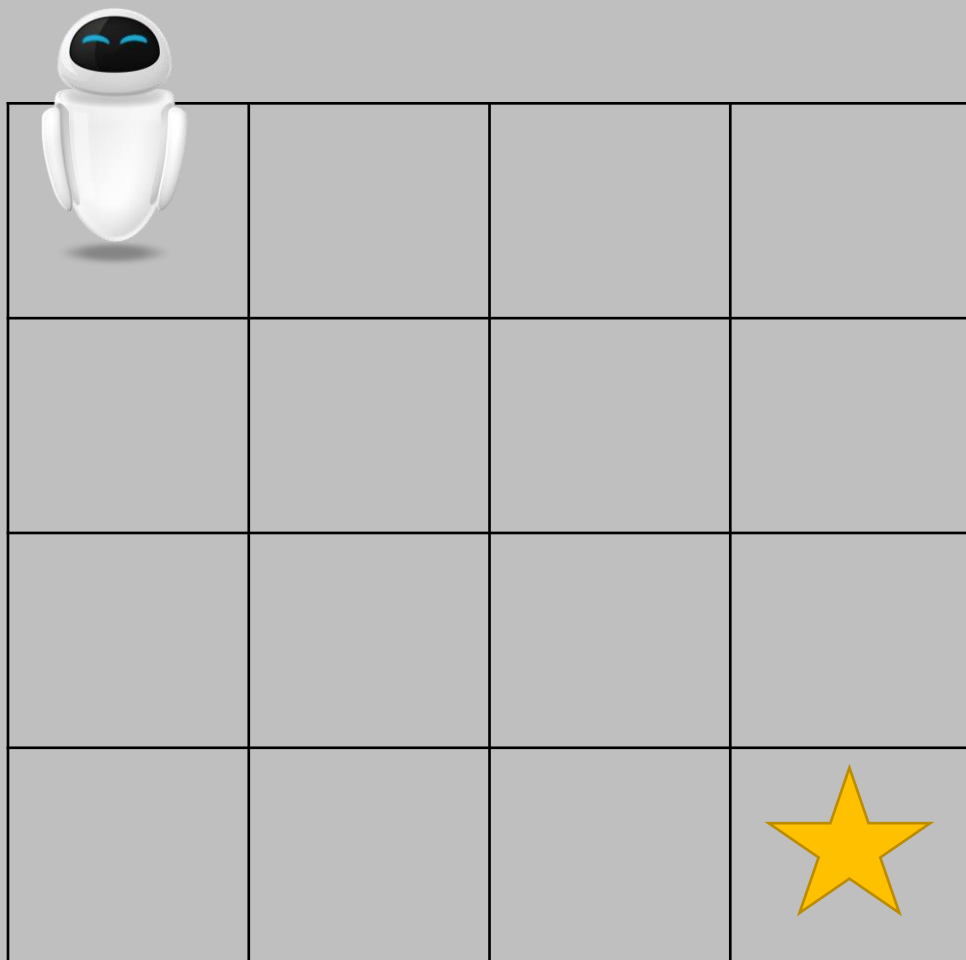
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Q-learning

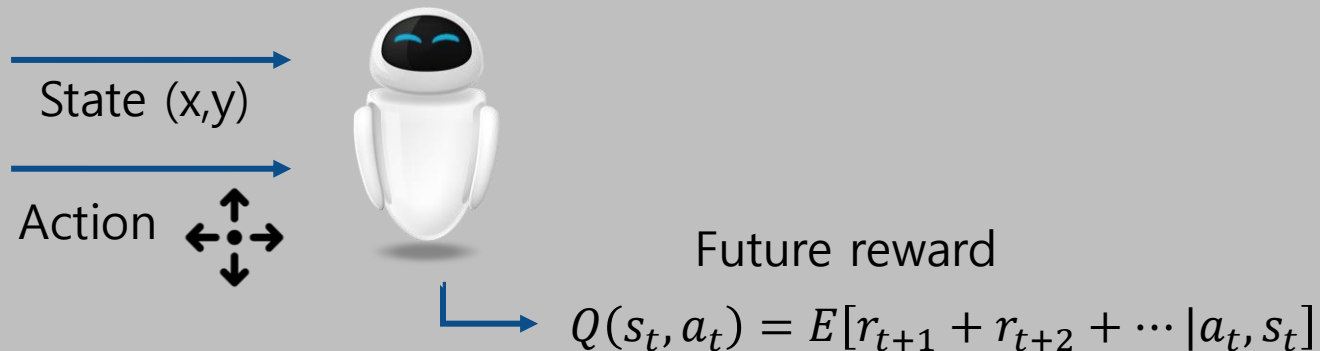
Value functions

- Total reward $R_t = r_{t+1} + r_{t+2} + \dots$
- Value functions measure the expected total reward after t
 - Value of a **state** $V(s)$
 - $V(s) = E[r_{t+1} + r_{t+2} + \dots | s_t = s]$
 - Value of **of taking an action in a state** $Q(s, a)$
 - $Q(s, a) = E[r_{t+1} + r_{t+2} + \dots | a_t = a, s_t = s]$
- Policy π : mapping from **state** to **action**
 - Optimal policy $\pi^*(s) = \arg \max_a Q(s, a)$

Q-Learning



Q-Function (State-action value) $Q(\text{state}, \text{action})$



$$Q((1,1), LEFT) = 0.0$$

$$Q((1,1), RIGHT) = 0.5$$

$$Q((1,1), UP) = 0.0$$

$$Q((1,1), DOWN) = 0.3$$

$$Q((3,4), LEFT) = 0.0$$

$$Q((3,4), RIGHT) = 0.0$$

$$Q((3,4), UP) = 0.0$$

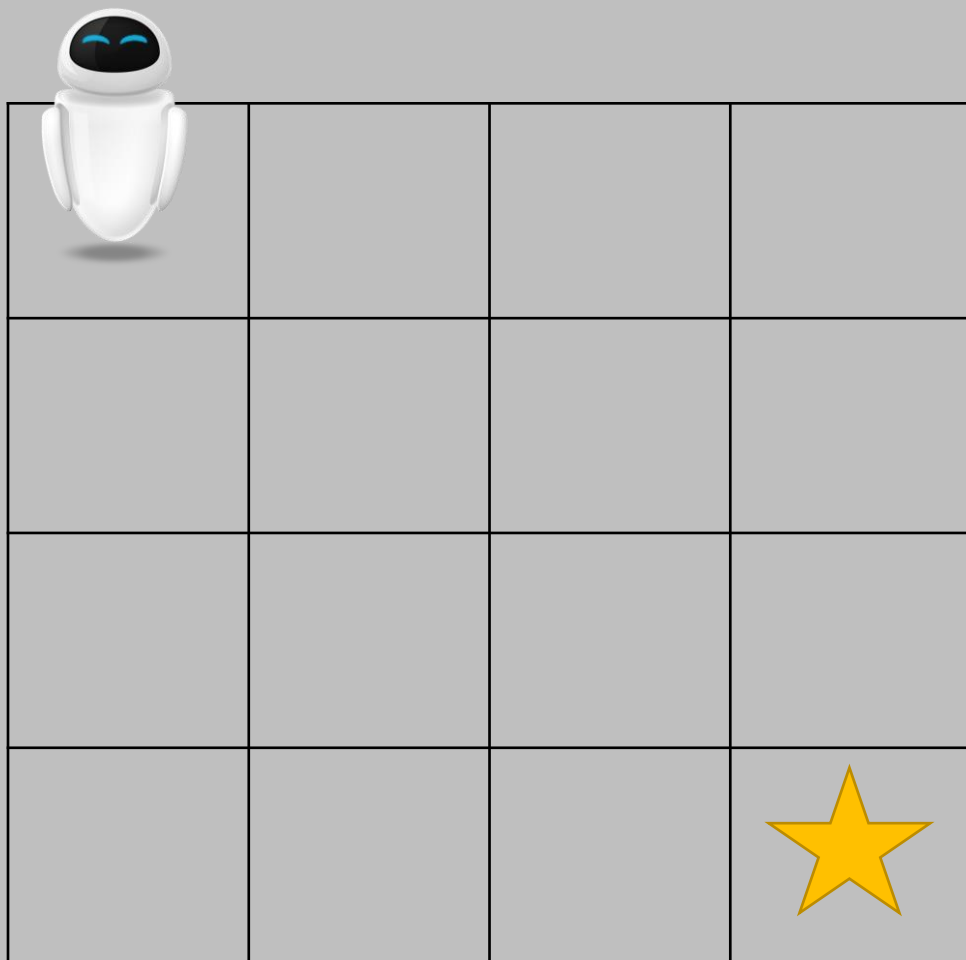
$$Q((3,4), DOWN) = 1.0$$

Optimal policy $\pi^*(s) = \arg \max_a Q(s, a)$

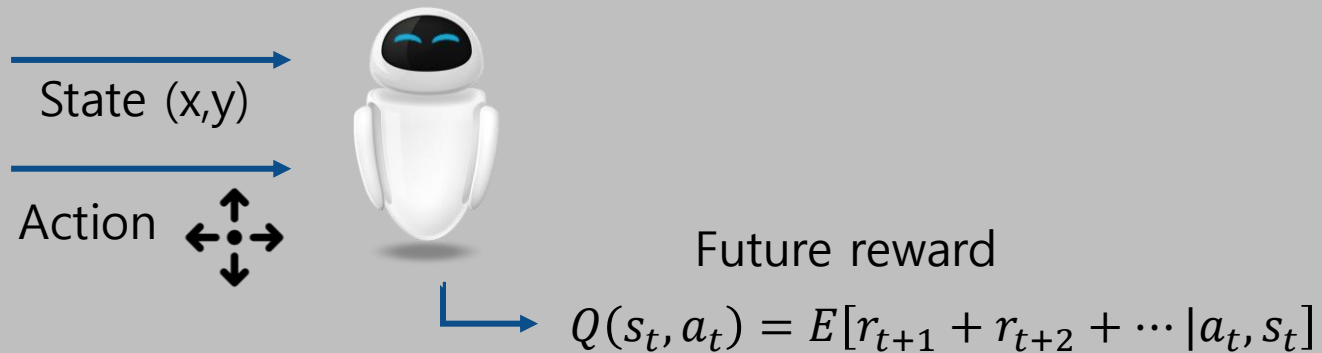
$$\pi * ((1,1)) \rightarrow RIGHT$$

$$\pi * ((3,4)) \rightarrow DOWN$$

Q-Learning

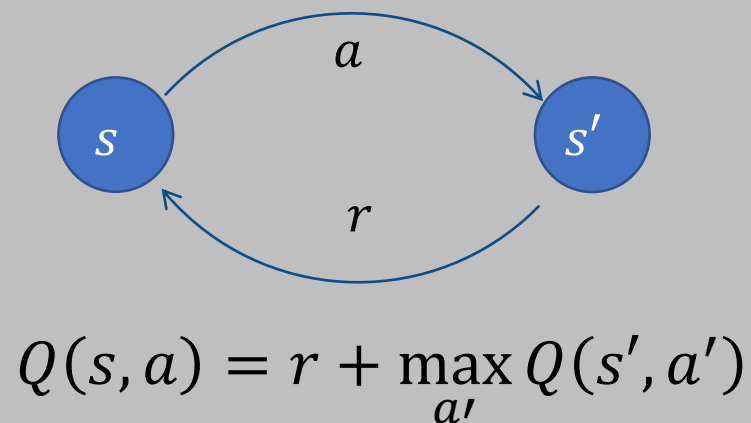


Q-Function (State-action value) $Q(\text{state}, \text{action})$



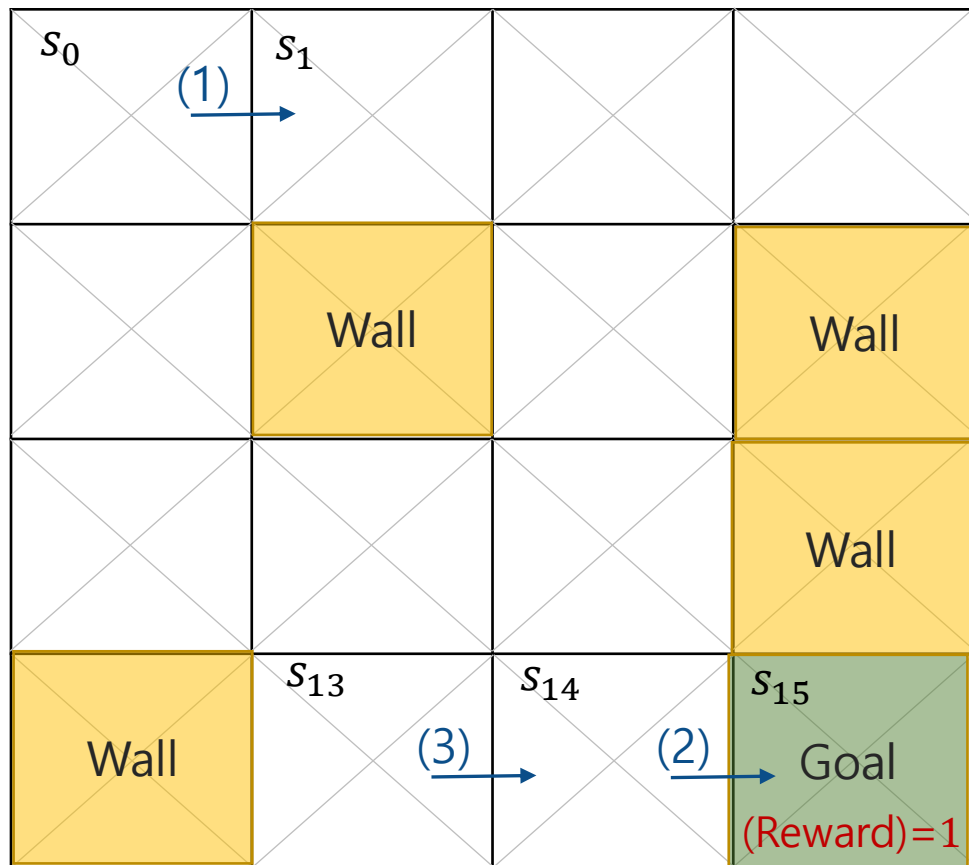
Optimal policy $\pi^*(s) = \arg \max_a Q(s, a)$

Recurrence equation



Q-Learning

16 states and 4 actions (U, D, L, R)



$$Q(s, a) = r + \max_{a'} Q(s', a')$$

- Initial status
 - $Q(s, a) = 0$ for all s, a
 - Reward are all zero except in s_{15}

Case (1) →

$$Q(s_0, R) = r + \max_{a'} Q(s_1, a') = 0 + \max_{a'} \{0, 0, 0, 0\} = 0$$

Case (2) →

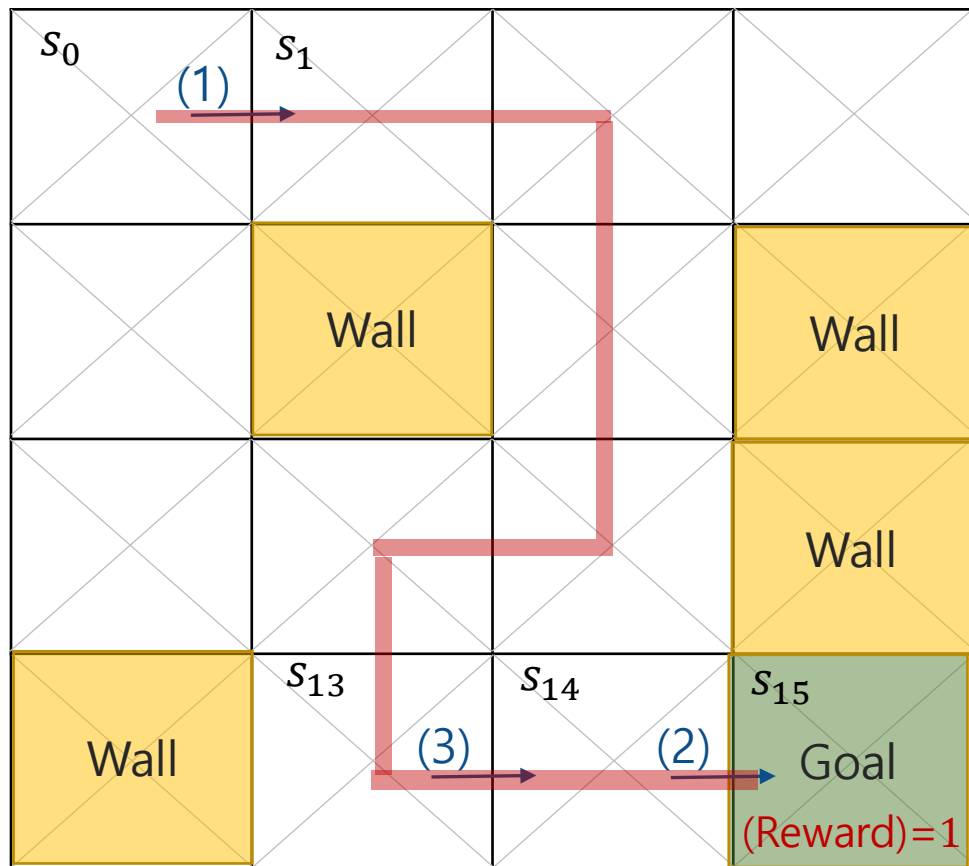
$$Q(s_{14}, R) = 1 + \max_{a'} Q(s_{15}, a') = 0 + \max_{a'} \{0, 0, 0, 0\} = 1$$

Case (3) →

$$Q(s_{13}, R) = r + \max_{a'} Q(s_{14}, a') = 0 + \max_{a'} \{0, 0, 1, 0\} = 1$$

Q-Learning

16 states and 4 actions (U, D, L, R)



$$Q(s, a) = r + \max_{a'} Q(s', a')$$

- Initial status
 - $Q(s, a) = 0$ for all s, a
 - Reward are all zero except in s_{15}

Case (1) →

$$Q(s_0, R) = r + \max_{a'} Q(s_1, a') = 0 + \max_{a'} \{0, 0, 0, 0\} = 0$$

Case (2) →

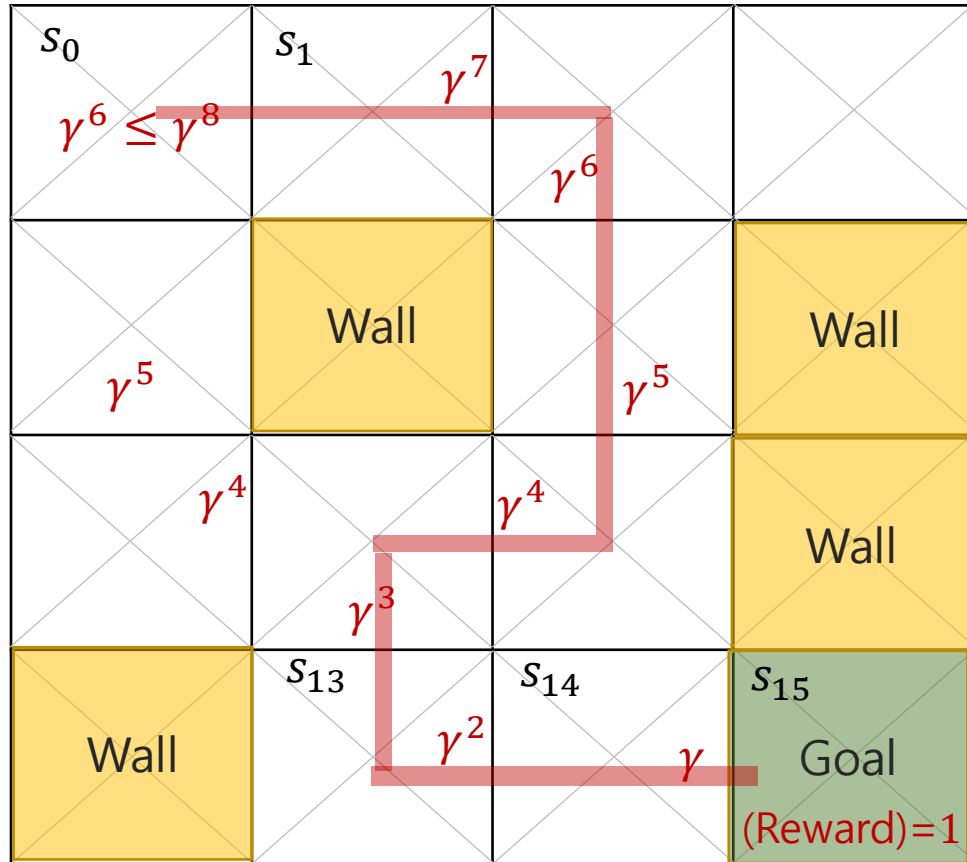
$$Q(s_{14}, R) = 1 + \max_{a'} Q(s_{15}, a') = 0 + \max_{a'} \{0, 0, 0, 0\} = 1$$

Case (3) →

$$Q(s_{13}, R) = r + \max_{a'} Q(s_{14}, a') = 0 + \max_{a'} \{0, 0, 1, 0\} = 1$$

Q-Learning: Discounted reward

16 states and 4 actions (U, D, L, R)



$$Q(s, a) = r + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(s', a')$$

$$Q(s, a) \leftarrow r + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(s', a')$$

Q-Learning: Temporal Difference

- Iterati

$$Q^{new}(s_t, a_t) \leftarrow \underbrace{Q(s_t, a_t)}_{\text{old value}} + \underbrace{\alpha}_{\text{learning rate}} \cdot \underbrace{\left(\underbrace{r_t}_{\text{reward}} + \underbrace{\gamma}_{\text{discount factor}} \cdot \underbrace{\max_a Q(s_{t+1}, a)}_{\text{estimate of optimal future value}} - \underbrace{Q(s_t, a_t)}_{\text{old value}} \right)}_{\text{temporal difference}}$$

new value (temporal difference target)

Q-learning

- For each s, a , initialize table entry $Q(s, a) \leftarrow 0$
- Do until Q converges
 - Initialize s
 - Do until s *is terminal*
 - Select an action a using policy π derived from Q
 - Take action a
 - Receive immediate reward r
 - Observe the new state s'
 - $Q(s, a) \leftarrow Q(s, a) + \alpha \left[r + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(s', a') - Q(s, a) \right]$
 - $s \leftarrow s'$

Policy

- Testing phase
 - Optimal policy $\pi^*(s) = \arg \max_a Q(s, a)$
- Training phase (ϵ -greedy)
 - Exploration-Exploitation
 - Exploration allows an agent to improve its current knowledge
 - Exploitation chooses the greedy action to get the most reward by exploiting the agent's current action-value estimates

Action at time(t) $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \max Q_t(a) & \text{with probability } 1-\epsilon \\ \text{any action (a)} & \text{with probability } \epsilon \end{array} \right.$

Q-learning

- For each s, a , initialize table entry $Q(s, a) \leftarrow 0$
- Do until Q converges
 - Initialize s
 - Do until s is terminal
 - Draw a random value $v \sim \text{Uniform}(0,1)$
 - If $v < \epsilon$
 - Randomly select a
 - Else:
 - $a = \underset{a'}{\operatorname{argmax}} Q(s, a')$
 - Take action a
 - Receive immediate reward r
 - Observe the new state s'
 - $Q(s, a) \leftarrow Q(s, a) + \alpha \left[r + \gamma \max_{a'} Q(s', a') - Q(s, a) \right]$
 - $s \leftarrow s'$

References

- Fei-Fei Li & Justin Johnson & Serena Yeung, CS231n Lecture 14: Reinforcement Learning, Stanford University
- <https://sumniya.tistory.com/> **숨니의 무작정 따라하기**
- <https://youtu.be/m1FC3dMmY78> Joongheon Kim, Korea University