

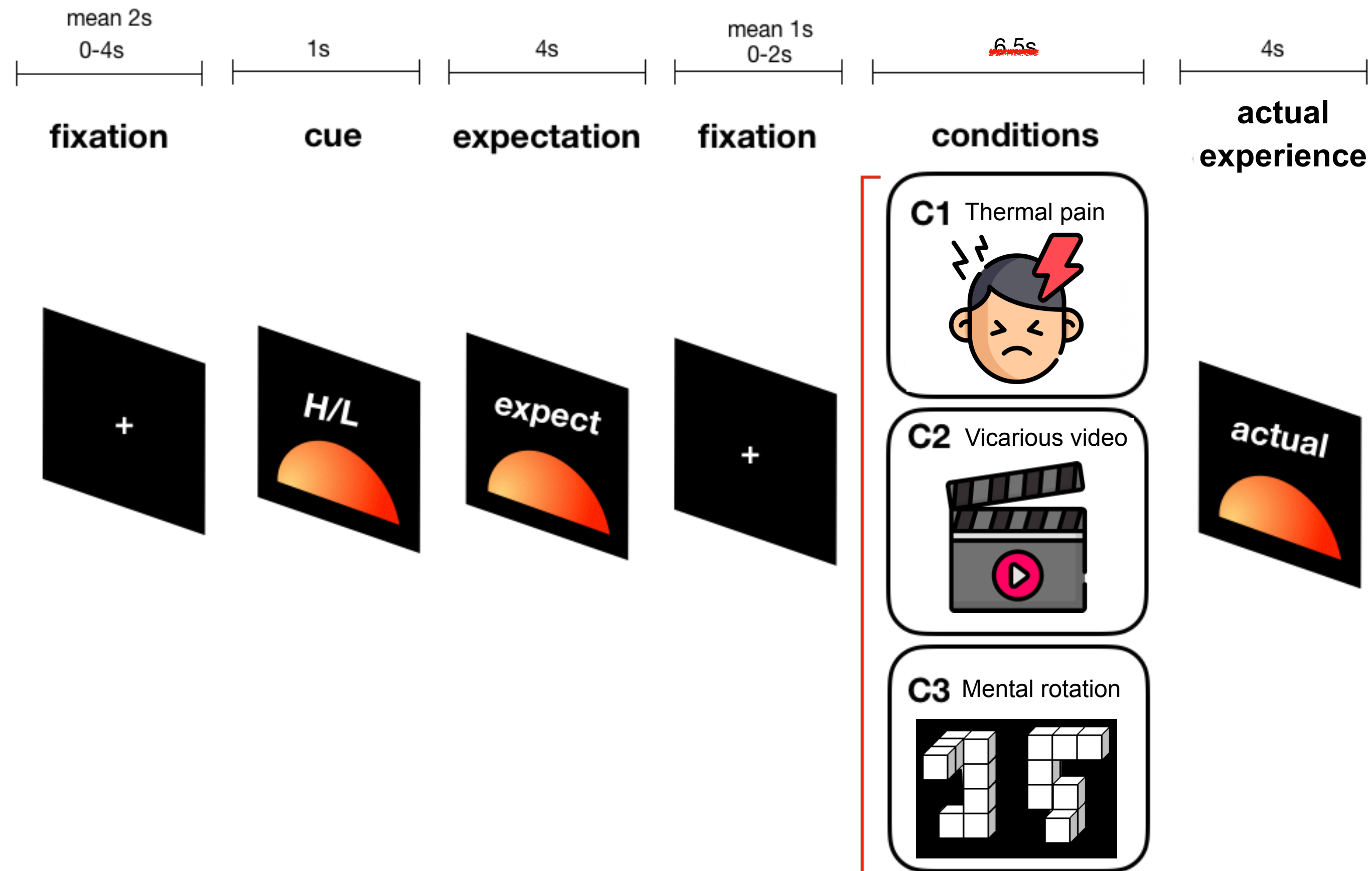
0109 update on ABCD simulation

Instead of 2 events, Simulated as 4 events

- 3 PVC x 2 HL cue x 3 HML stim

- 4 event type: 1) cue, 2) expectation rating, 3) stimulus administration, 4) judgment

Design



Originally coded for 2 events (cue+expect / stimuli + actual) updated to code for 4 events with 4 jitters.

```
event1duration = 1; % duration of cue
event2duration = 4; % duration of expect
event3duration = 9; %
event4duration = 4;
trialtypes = 18; %4 % neutral, 2 levels of loss, 2 levels of gain
trialsper type = 36;
ISI1isconstant = 0; % ITI is constant (as opposed to jittered).
ISI1constantvalue = 0; % in seconds, used only if ISI2isconstant
```

Check if this is correct?

% All ISI times in sec.

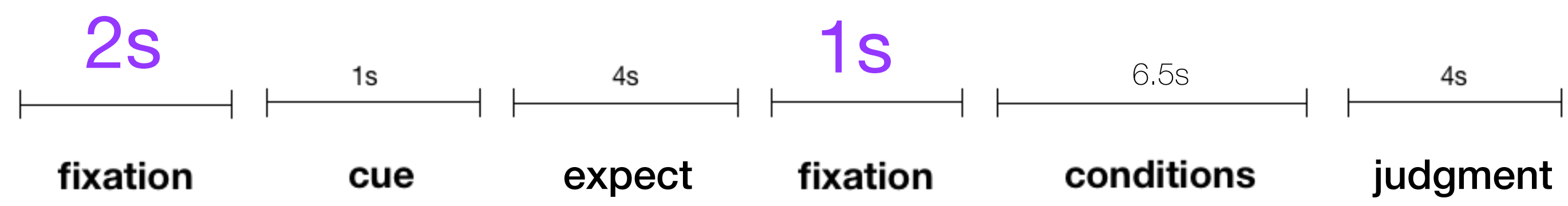
```
isidistribution = 'exponential'; % 'exponential' or 'geometric'
ISI1min = 1; %0 % Constraints: Psychological (can subjects process cue) and statistical (longer = less BOLD nonlinearity, which is difficult to model).
ISI1mean = 2; %2 % For 'exponential' only. Includes ISImin. There is an optimal empirical value -- longer is better for deconvolution/FIR, but we also need to fit
ISI1step = .65; % For 'geometric' only. There is an optimal empirical value -- longer is better for deconvolution/FIR, but we also need to fit within total scan time cor
ISI1max = 5; %4 % Truncate to avoid VERY long ISIs

ISI2min = 0; %0 % Constraints: Psychological (can subjects process cue) and statistical (longer = less BOLD nonlinearity, which is difficult to model).
ISI2mean = 0; %2 % For 'exponential' only. Includes ISImin. There is an optimal empirical value -- longer is better for deconvolution/FIR, but we also need to fit
ISI2step = 0; % For 'geometric' only. There is an optimal empirical value -- longer is better for deconvolution/FIR, but we also need to fit within total scan time cor
ISI2max = 0; %4 % Truncate to avoid VERY long ISIs

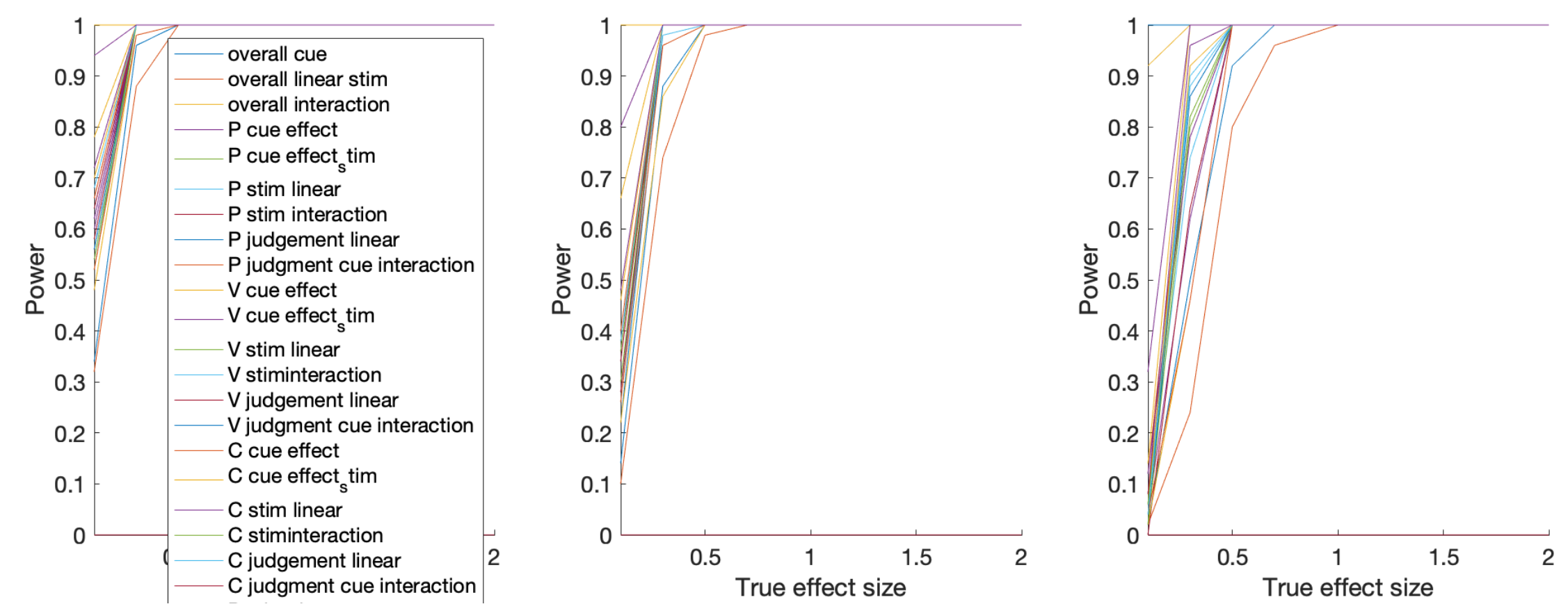
ISI3min = 0.5; %0 % Constraints: Psychological (can subjects process cue) and statistical (longer = less BOLD nonlinearity, which is difficult to model).
ISI3mean = 1; %2 % For 'exponential' only. Includes ISImin. There is an optimal empirical value -- longer is better for deconvolution/FIR, but we also need to fit
ISI3step = .65; % For 'geometric' only. There is an optimal empirical value -- longer is better for deconvolution/FIR, but we also need to fit within total scan time cor
ISI3max = 5; %4 % Truncate to avoid VERY long ISIs

ISI4min = 0; %0 % Constraints: Psychological (can subjects process cue) and statistical (longer = less BOLD nonlinearity, which is difficult to model).
ISI4mean = 0; %2 % For 'exponential' only. Includes ISImin. There is an optimal empirical value -- longer is better for deconvolution/FIR, but we also need to fit
ISI4step = 0; % For 'geometric' only. There is an optimal empirical value -- longer is better for deconvolution/FIR, but we also need to fit within total scan time cor
ISI4max = 0; %4 % Truncate to avoid VERY long ISIs
```

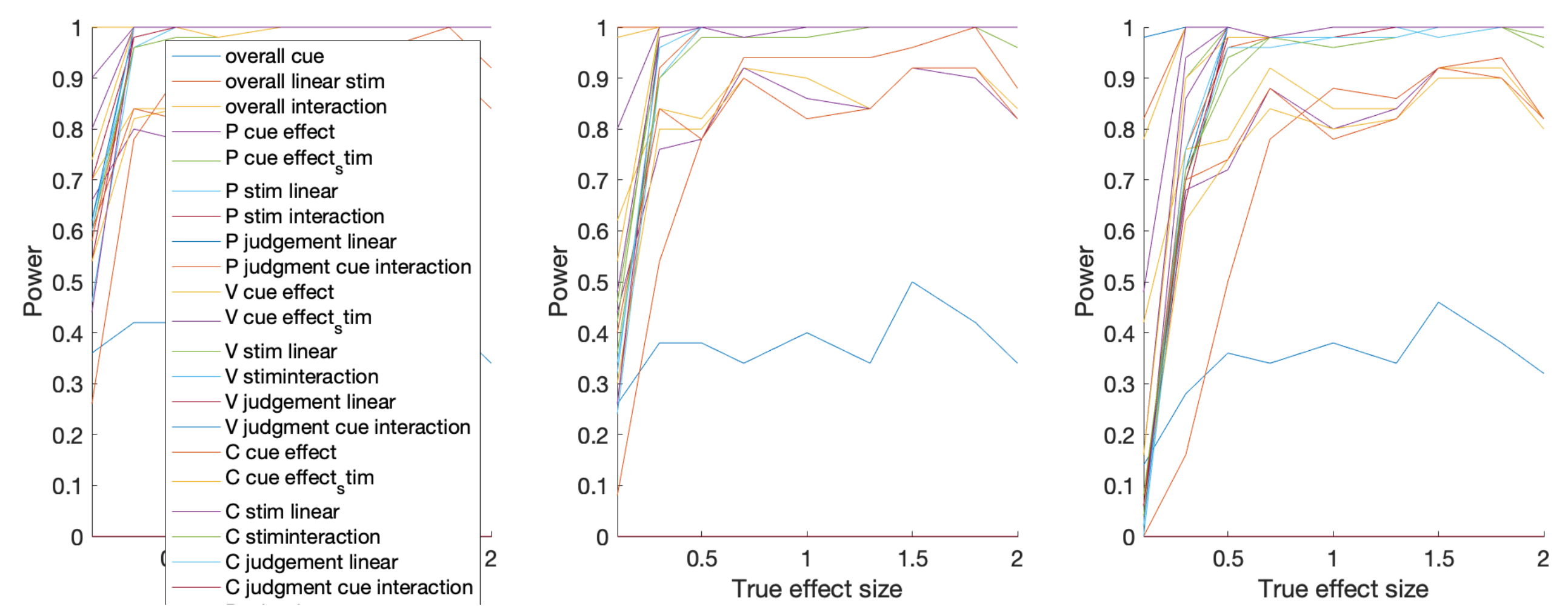
72 regressors
25 contrasts of interest
Current version



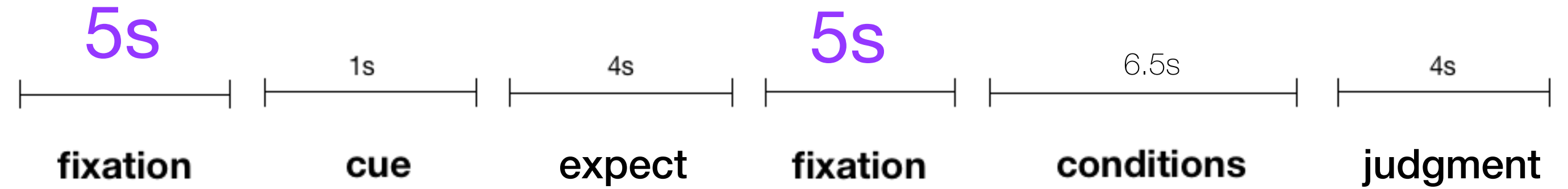
hrf fit



misfit



72 regressors
25 contrasts of interest

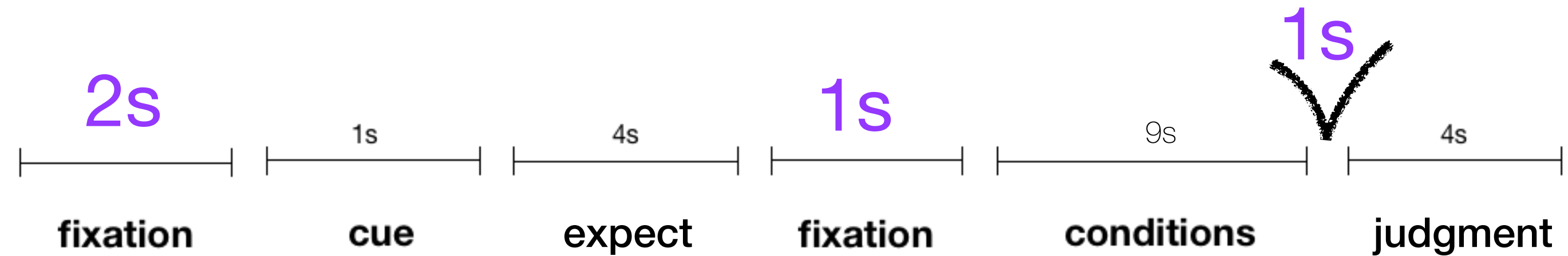


hrf fit

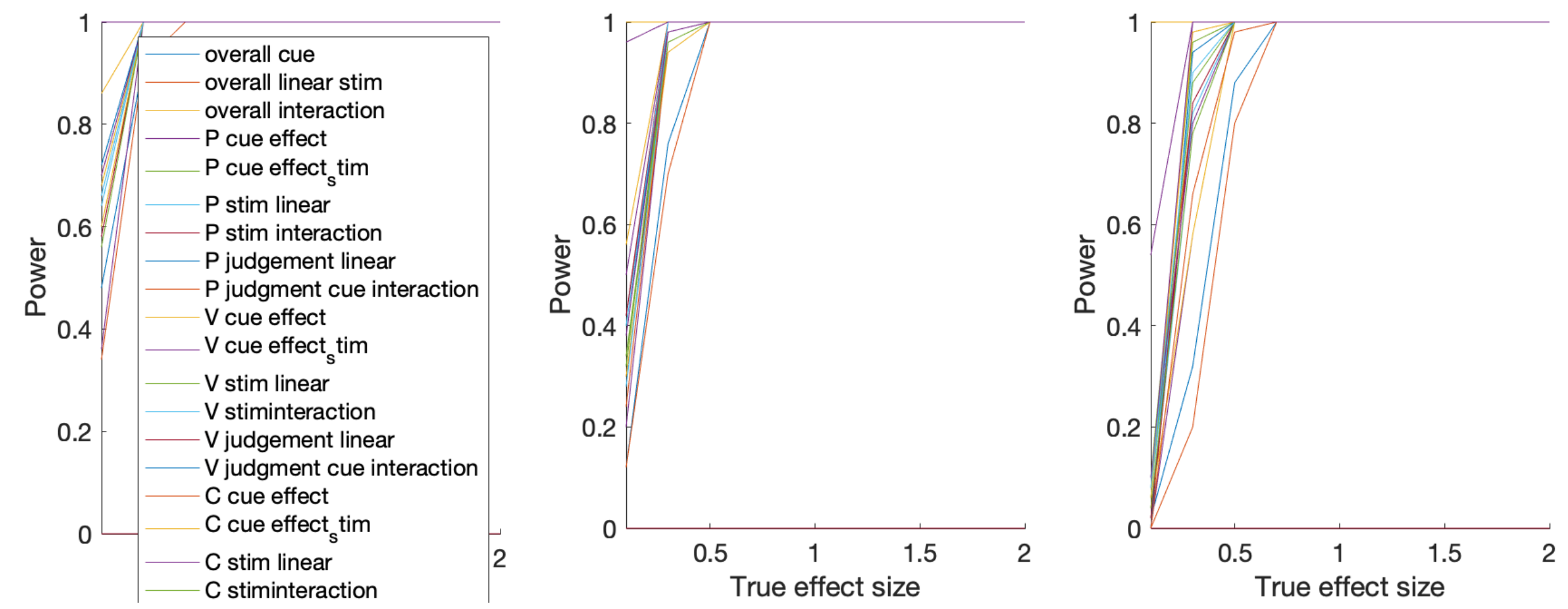
Wouldn't simulate. Looking into it.

misfit

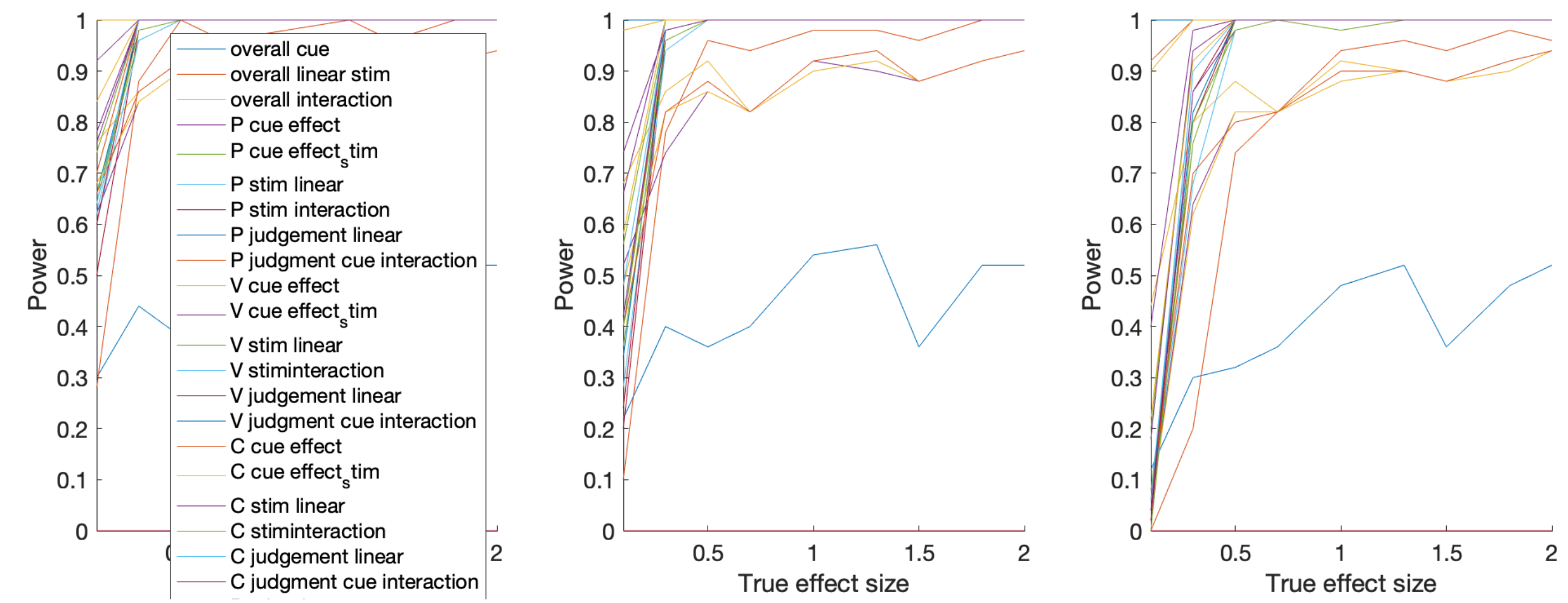
72 regressors
25 contrasts of interest



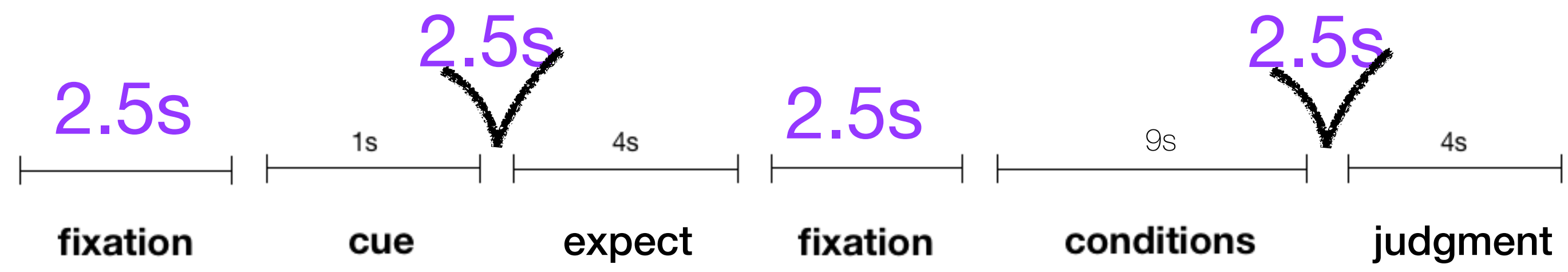
hrf fit



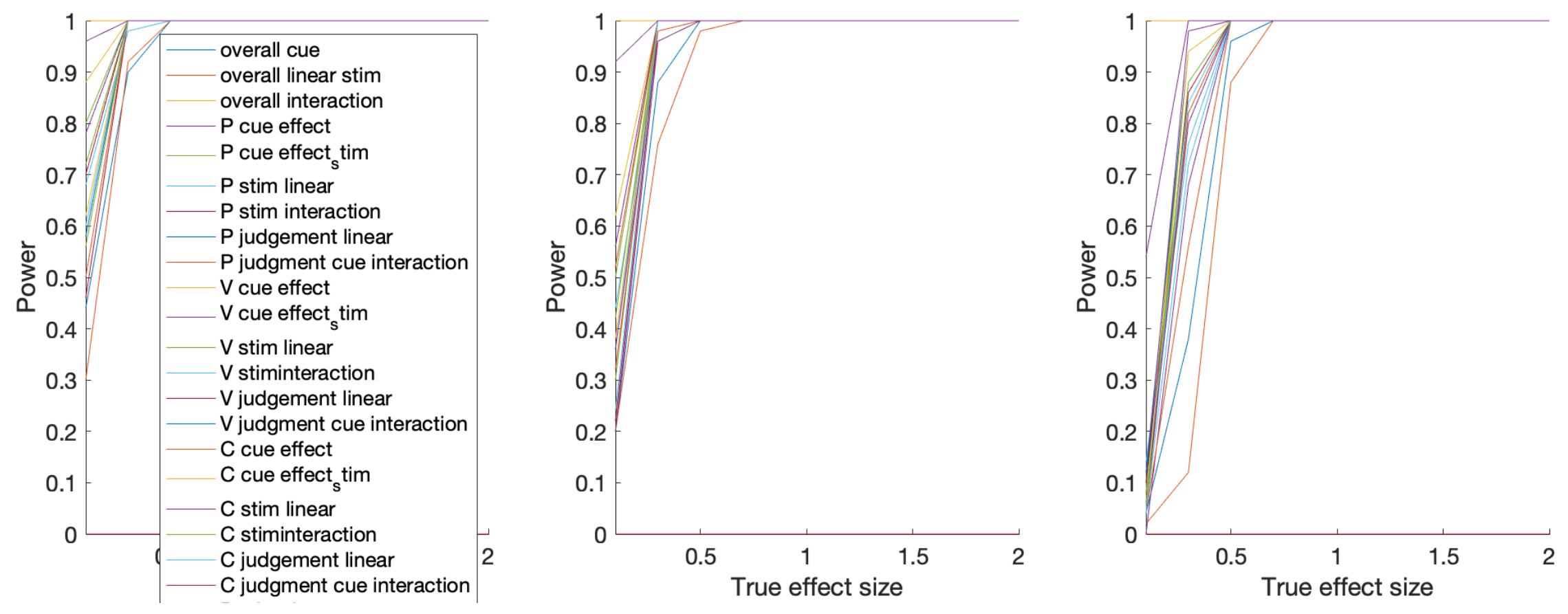
misfit



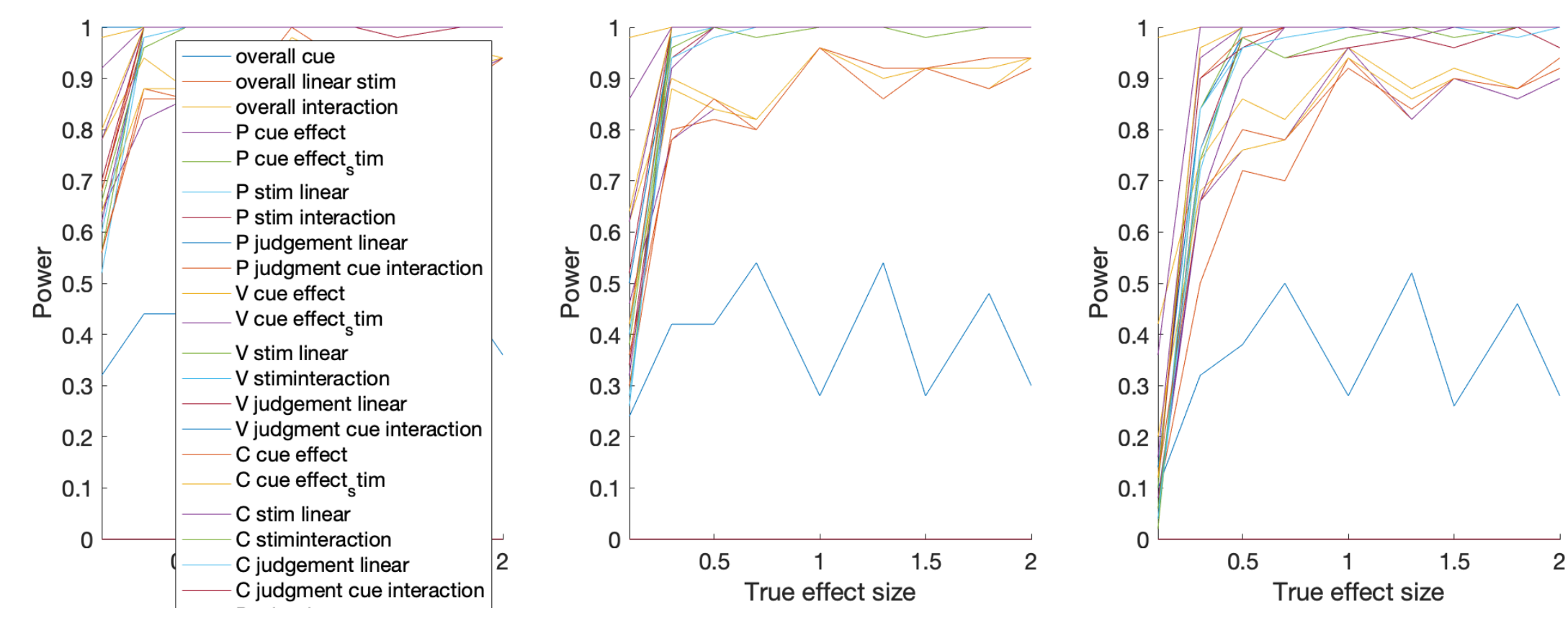
72 regressors
25 contrasts of interest



hrf fit



misfit



0106

- code map**
- 2 simulations**

Code map

Example

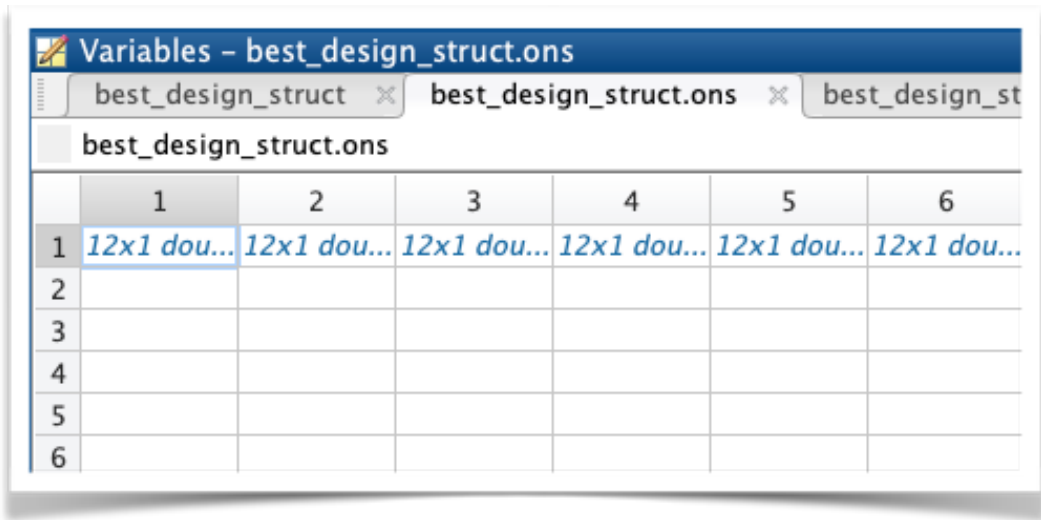
- 6 regressors (2 x 3 design)
- 12 trials per each cell

Input

onset

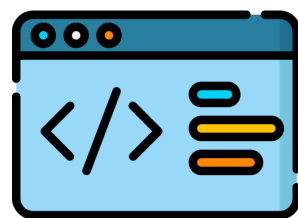
- Cell structure
- Each regressor as column
- Each column has onsets

Example

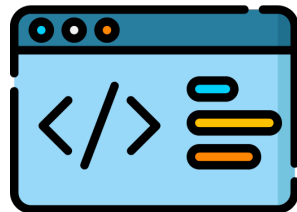
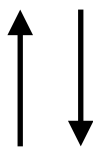


	1	2	3	4	5	6
1	12x1 dou...	12x1 dou...	12x1 dou...	12x1 dou...	12x1 dou...	12x1 dou...
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						

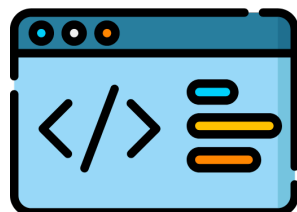
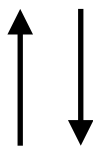
Function



heejung_ons2sim.m



onsets2power.m

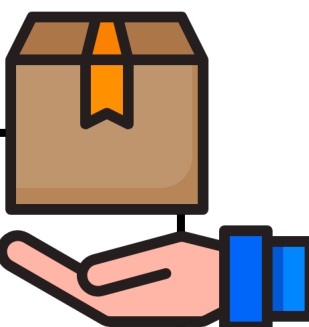


onsets2fmridesign.m

Output

OUT

- Cell structure
- Each "true effect size" as column
- Each column has two variables "regressor"



OUT{1,1}

OUT{1,2}

true effect size as column
true_eff_size = [0.1 0.3 0.5 0.7 1]

Contrasts

t
p
sig05
power_est05
sig001
power_est001
...

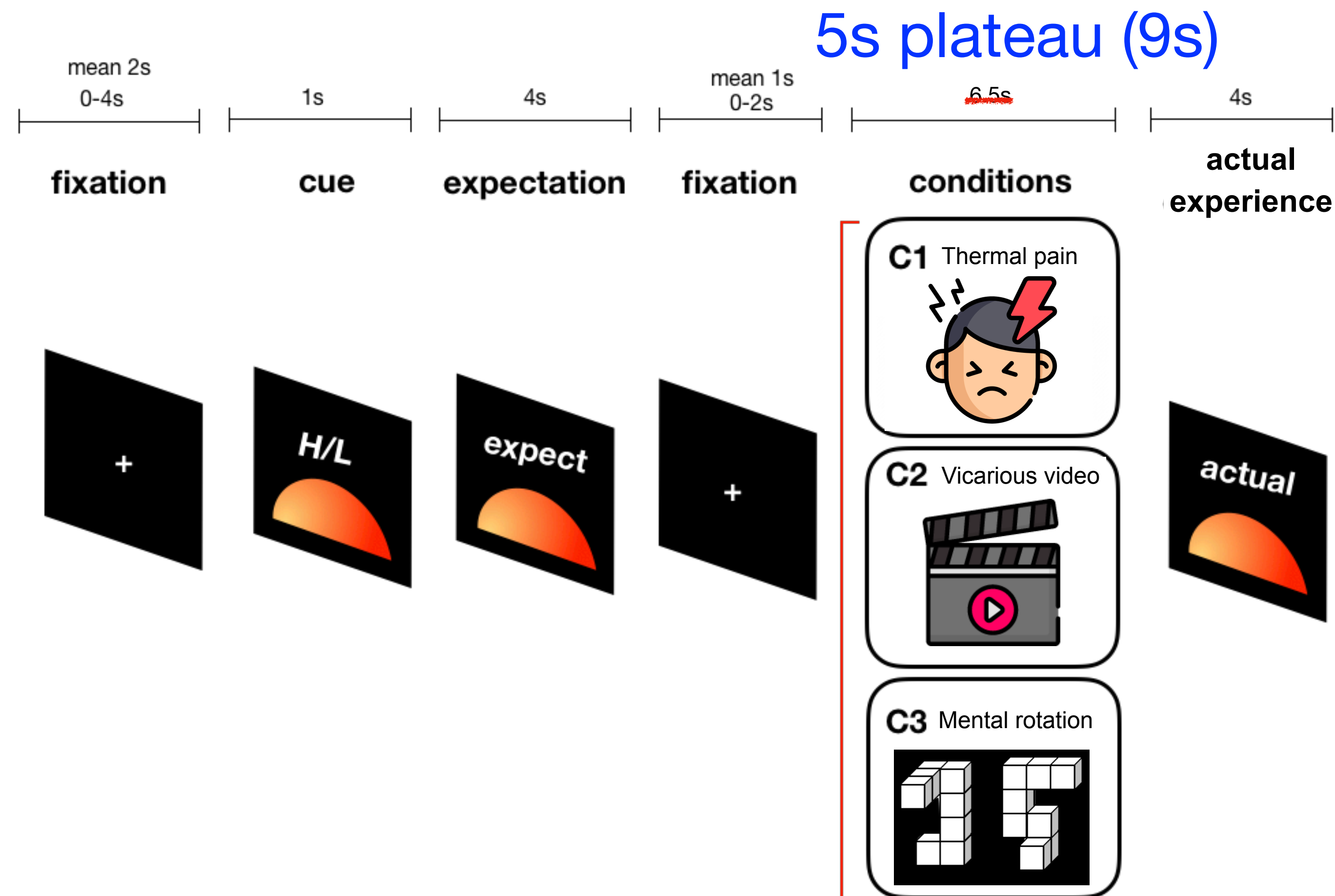
Regressors

type: double
size: (regressors x iteration)

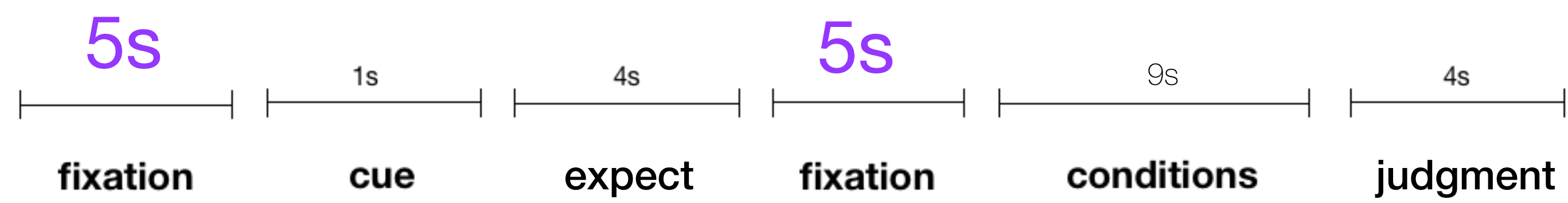
p
b
t

Design discussion (Dec 19)

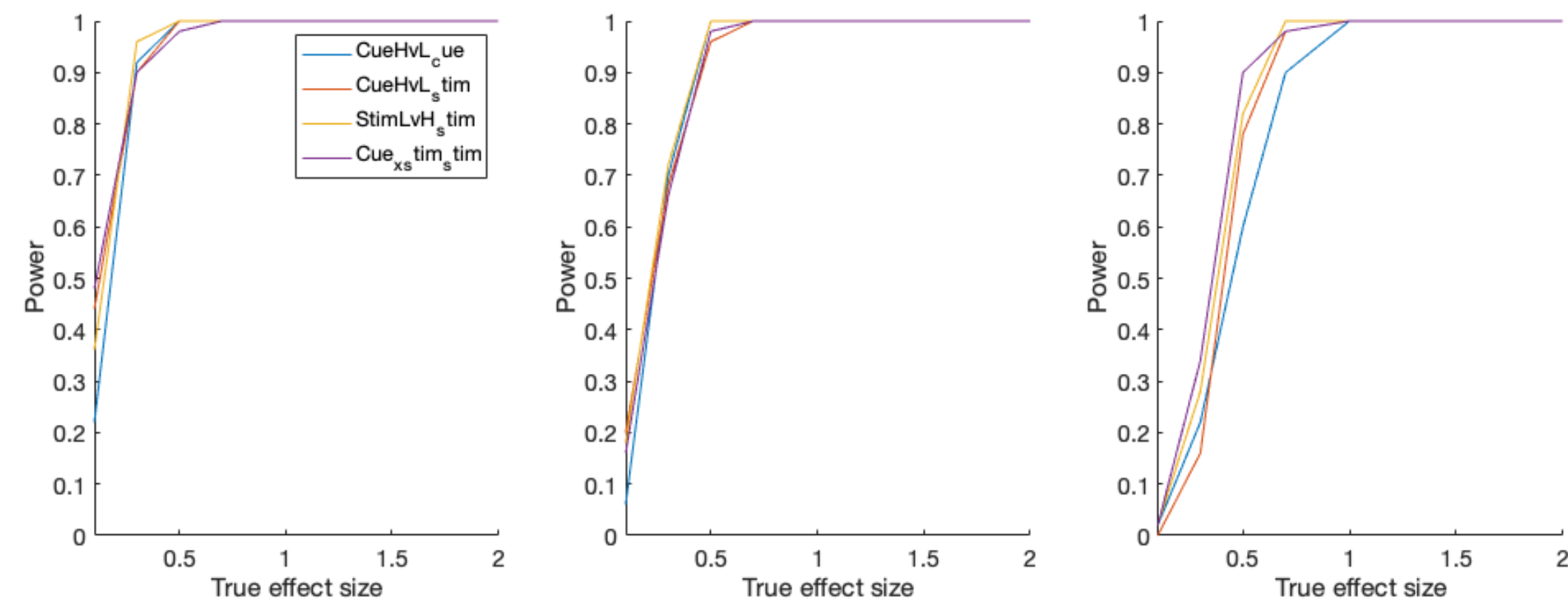
- Efficiency / run length (previous version. 1219 version)
- 5s plateau. 3 mental rotations.
- Arm - move the thermode. (after every session)
- Mix the trials (not separate PVC conditions)
- 48 49 50 celcius.
- Mental rotation - same and different is balanced out so not a problem



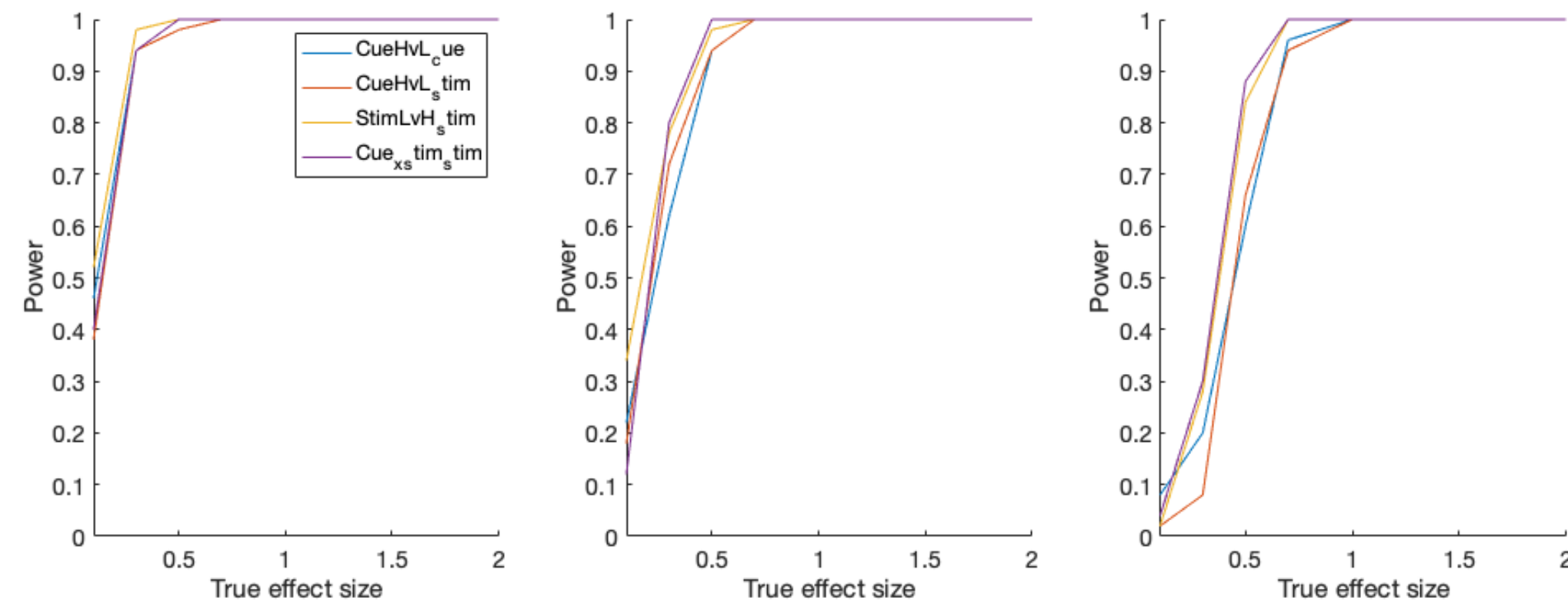
18 regressors
3 contrasts of interest



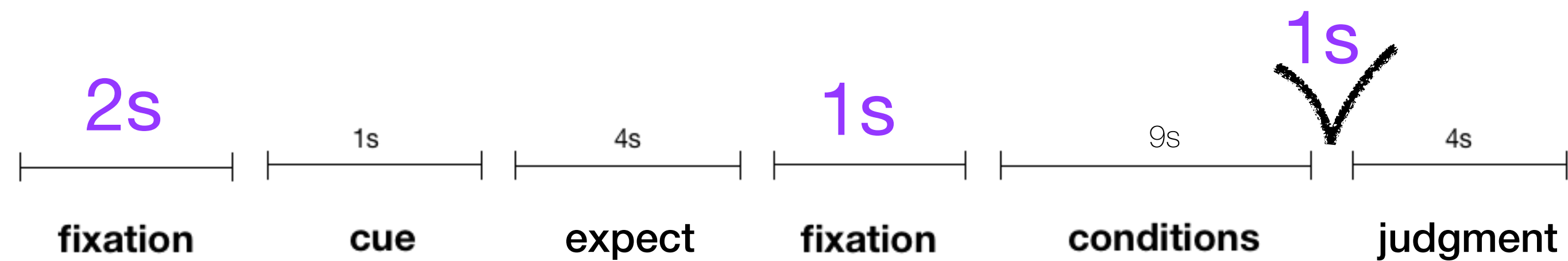
hrf fit



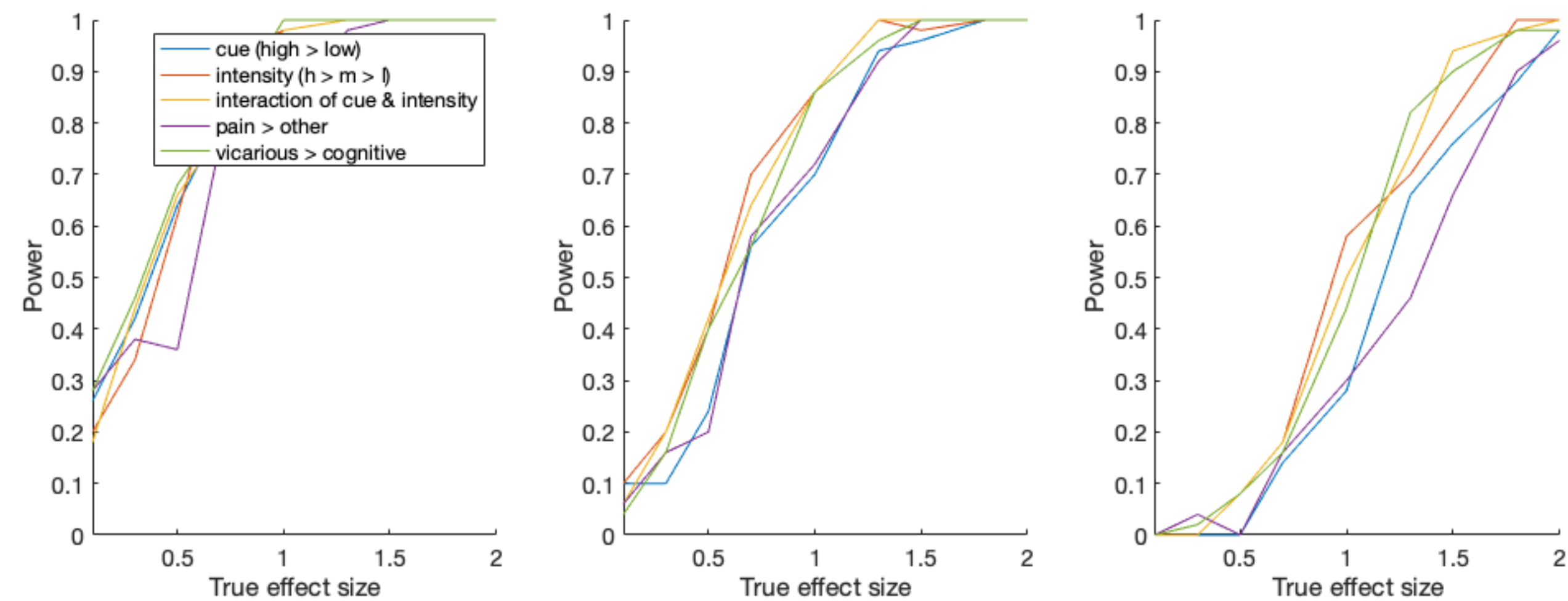
misfit



54 regressors
5 contrasts of interest



hrf fit



misfit

