Homework 9 due Apr 6, 2021

(For questions 1, 2, 3) Consider the following paired data sets of length 20:

```
x <- c(6.82, 1.44, 9.39, 8.51, 10.38, 4.59, 14.96, 9.68, 13.54, 6.42, 11.03, 3.53, 16.91, 9.52, 8.16, 8.97, 8.32, 3.58, 13.57, 9.99)
y <- c(36.69, 6.39, 49.59, 45.65, 52.18, 27.66, 79.35, 54.10, 71.01, 34.60, 61.17, 22.79, 91.20, 50.57, 44.11, 53.51, 45.96, 22.20, 73.01, 55.70)
```

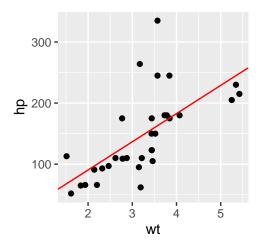
- 1. Create a scatter plot to visualize the data (*Hint*: you may want to start with making a data frame and then use geom_point(), x as x-axis and y as y-axis).
- 2. Do you think there is a strong linear association between x and y? Compute the sample correlation coefficient between x and y to justify your claim.
- **3.** Assume that y is an outcome in a certain experiment, and x is a predictor. Find the best fitting line describing the association between x and y by specifying its y-intercept (β_0) and slope (β_1) . Overlay the best fitting line to the plot you obtained in **1.** above.

(For questions 4, 5) Consider the mtcars data set we used in class:

```
head(mtcars, n = 3)
```

```
##
                  mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                               qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4
                 21.0
                        6
                           160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46
## Mazda RX4 Wag 21.0
                        6
                           160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02
                                                                    4
## Datsun 710
                 22.8
                           108
                                93 3.85 2.320 18.61
                                                                    1
```

4. Obtain the following scatter plot with the best fitting line:



5. Compute the correlation coefficient between wt (weight) and hp (horsepower). Is the result consistent with what you observe in 4. above?