

AWS 실습

AWS Console 주소

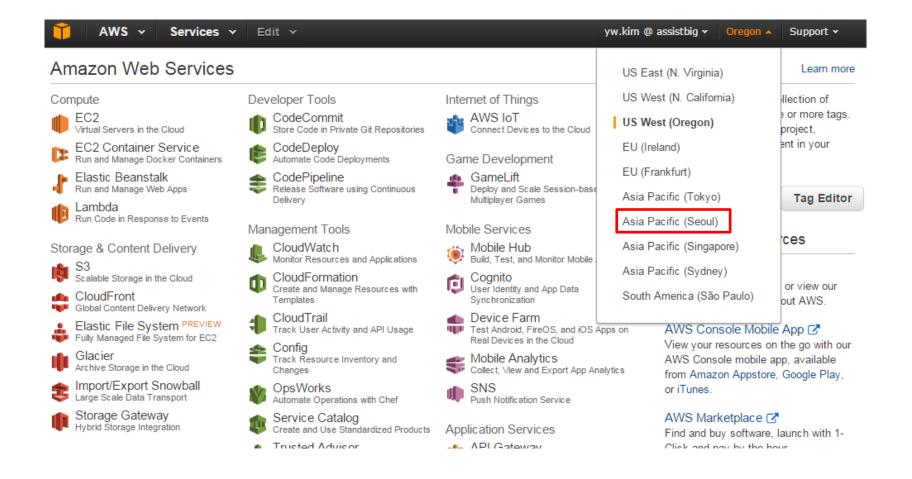
https://assistbig.signin.aws.amazon.com/console

본인의 패스워드로 변경 해주세요.

• 0|0|□|: Github Username

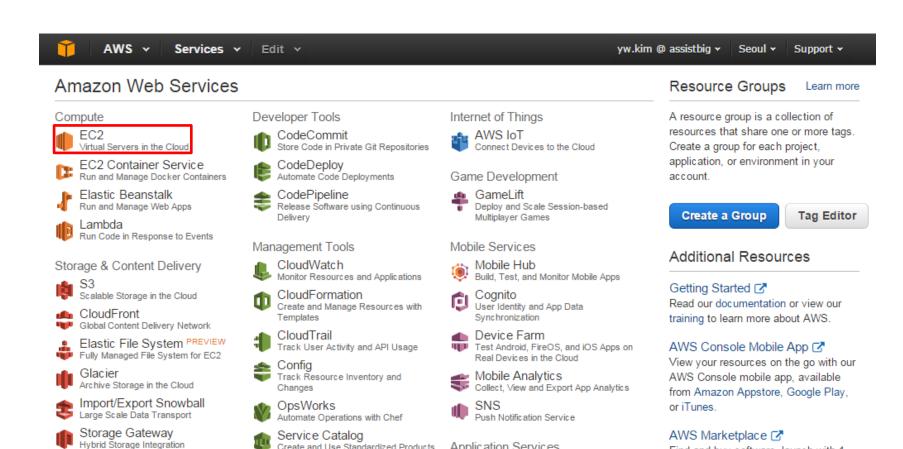
• 패스워드: assist2016

Region



EC2 (Elastic Compute Cloud)

Database



Application Services

Ruild Denloy and Manage ΔPIs

API Gateway

Find and buy software, launch with 1-

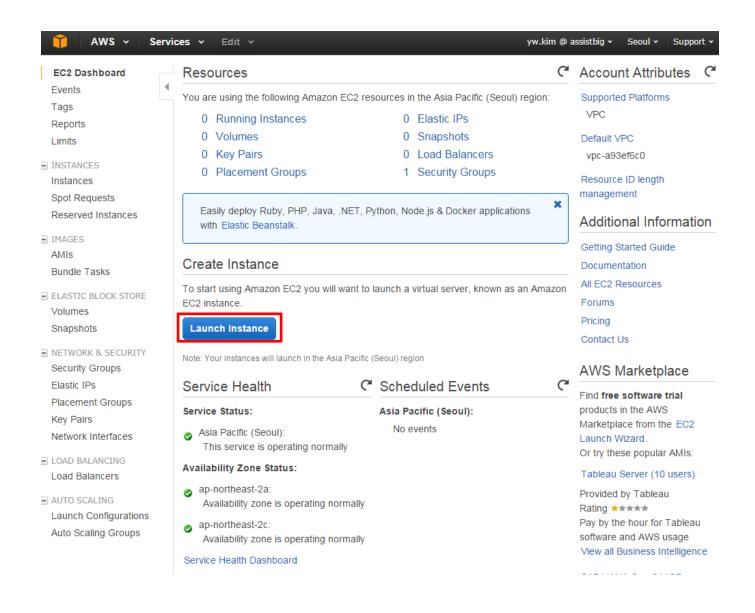
Click and pay by the hour.

Create and Use Standardized Products

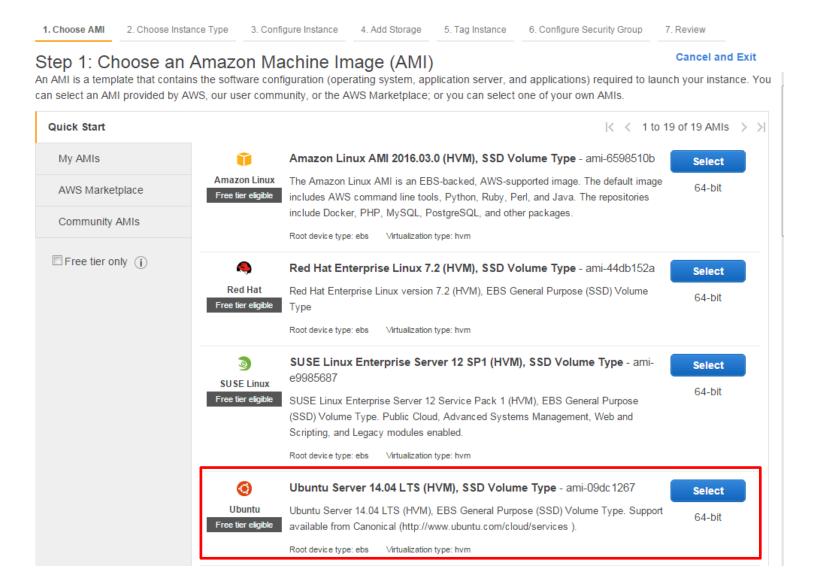
Ontimize Performance and Security

Trusted Advisor

인스턴스(서버) 생성



운영체제 종류 선정



서버 사양 선정



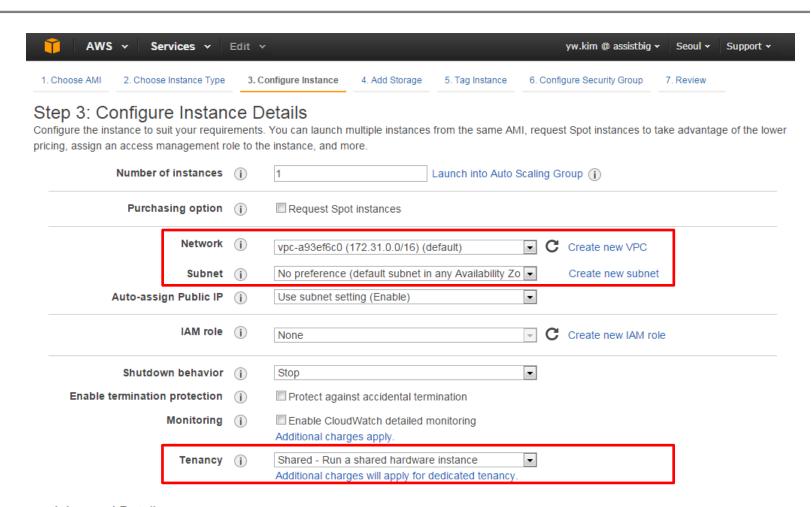
Step 2: Choose an Instance Type

Amazon EC2 provides a wide selection of instance types optimized to fit different use cases. Instances are virtual servers that can run applications. They

- 일반 사용자는 t2.small 선택
- <u>서버 관리자</u>는 c3.2xlarge 선택

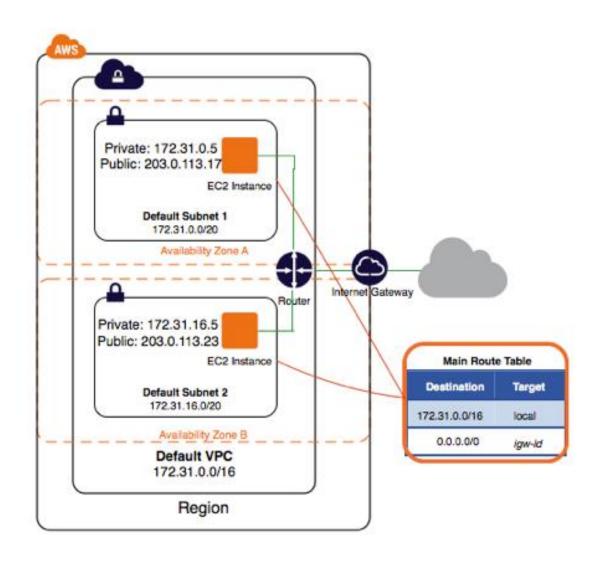
Family -	Type 🔻	vCPUs (j) +	Memory (GiB)	Instance Storage (GB) (i)	EBS-Optimized Available (i)	Network Performance (i)
General purpose	t2.nano	1	0.5	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	t2.micro Free tier eligible	1	1	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	t2.small	1	2	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	t2.medium	2	4	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	t2.large	2	8	EBS only	-	Low to Moderate
General purpose	m4.large	2	8	EBS only	Yes	Moderate
General purpose	m4.xlarge	4	16	EBS only	Yes	High
General purpose	m4.2xlarge	8	32	EBS only	Yes	High
General purpose	m4.4xlarge	16	64	EBS only	Yes	High
General purpose	m4.10xlarge	40	160	EBS only	Yes	10 Gigabit
Compute optimized	c4.large	2	3.75	EBS only	Yes	Moderate
Compute optimized	c4.xlarge	4	7.5	EBS only	Yes	High

서버 설정



▶ Advanced Details

VPC(Virtual Private Cloud)와 Subnet



Storage 타입 선정



Step 4: Add Storage

Your instance will be launched with the following storage device settings. You can attach additional EBS volumes and instance store volumes to your instance, or edit the settings of the root volume. You can also attach additional EBS volumes after launching an instance, but not instance store volumes. Learn more about storage options in Amazon EC2.

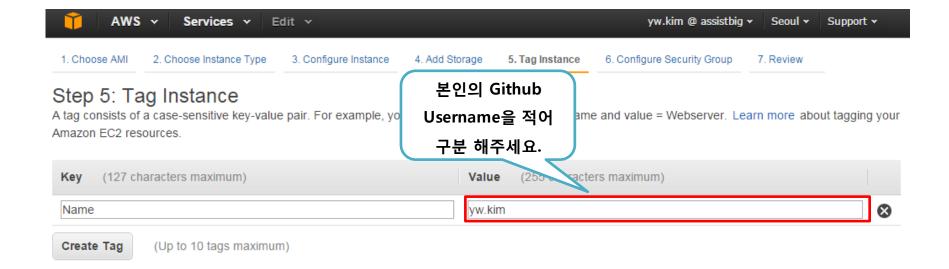


Add New Volume

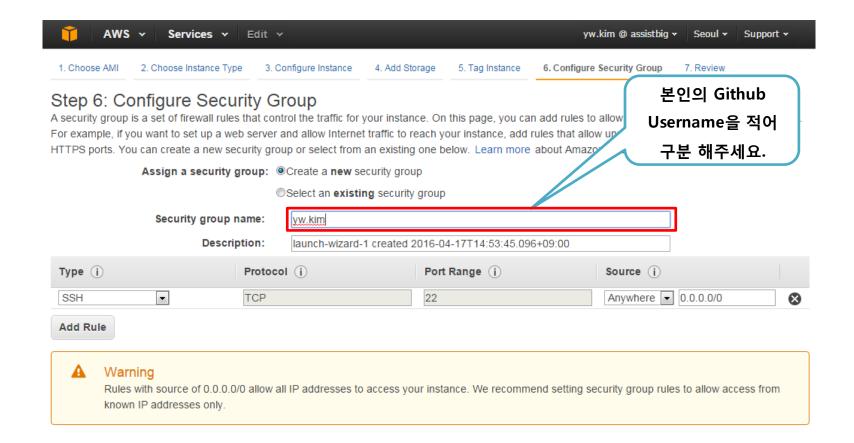
Free tier eligible customers can get up to 30 GB of EBS General Purpose (SSD) or Magnetic storage. Learn more about free usage tier eligibility and usage restrictions.

IOPS: Input/Output Operations per second

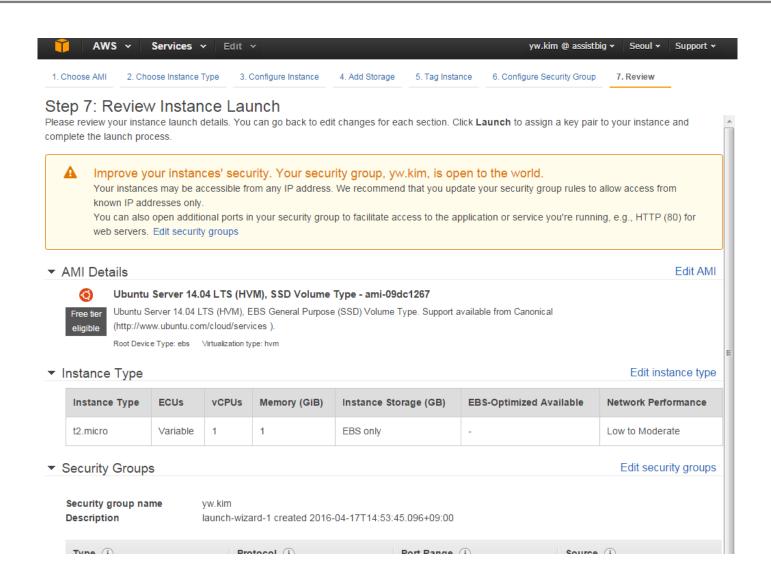
Tag 설정



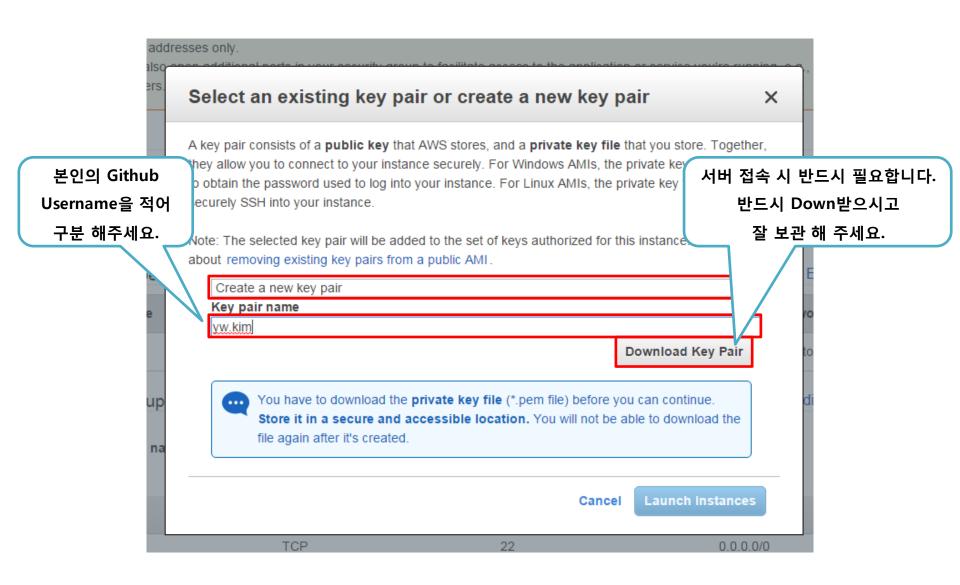
Security Group 설정



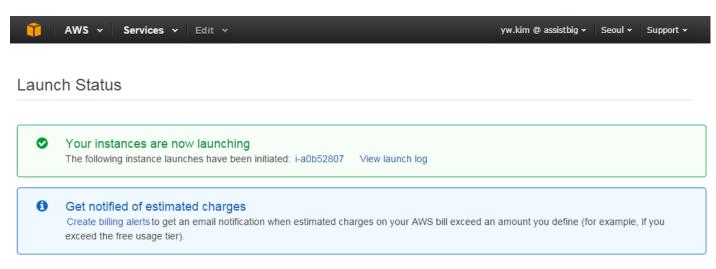
인스턴스 설정 Review



Key pair 생성



인스턴스 생성 완료



How to connect to your instances

Your instances are launching, and it may take a few minutes until they are in the **running** state, when they will be ready for you to use. Usage hours on your new instances will start immediately and continue to accrue until you stop or terminate your instances.

Click **View Instances** to monitor your instances' status. Once your instances are in the **running** state, you can **connect** to them from the Instances screen. Find out how to connect to your instances.

▼ Here are some helpful resources to get you started

- How to connect to your Linux instance
- Amazon EC2: User Guide
- Learn about AWS Free Usage Tier
- Amazon EC2: Discussion Forum

While your instances are launching you can also

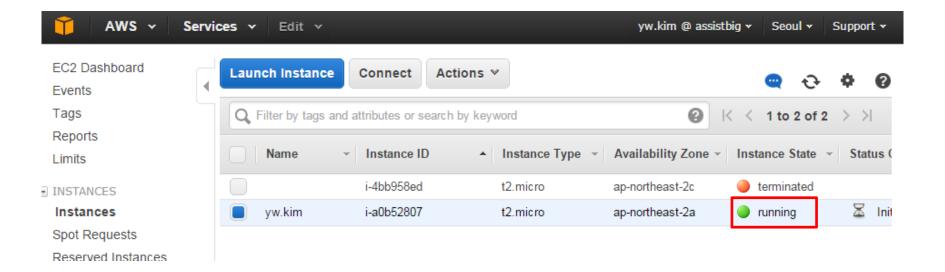
Create status check alarms to be notified when these instances fail status checks. (Additional charges may apply)

Create and attach additional EBS volumes (Additional charges may apply)

Manage security groups

View Instances

인스턴스 조회



• 윈도우 사용자 (Xshell)

- Wiki 참고: https://github.com/assistbig/bigdata/wiki/활용--툴#xshell

· 맥OS 사용자

- Terminal 실행
- ssh -i <pem키 경로> ubuntu@<인스턴스 ip>

Splunk 설치

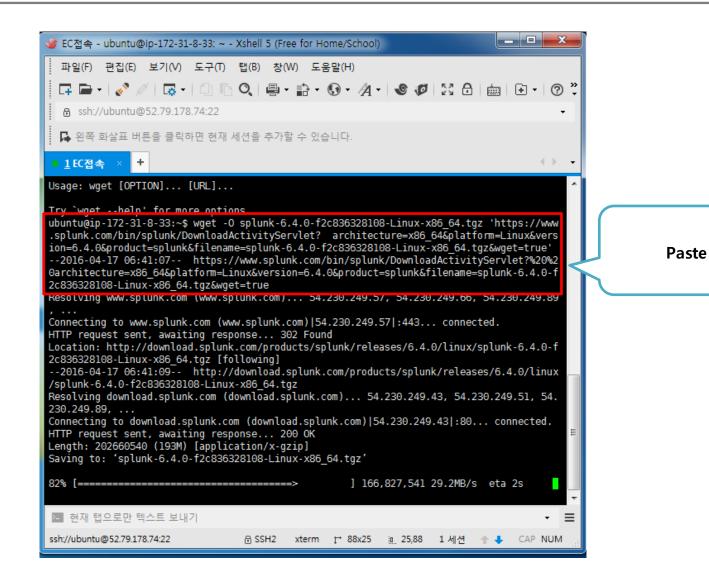
- 1. Wiki 이동 : https://github.com/assistbig/bigdata/wiki/활용--툴#splunk
- 2. wget URL 복사
- 3. 프롬프트 창에 복사한 URL 붙여넣기

Splunk

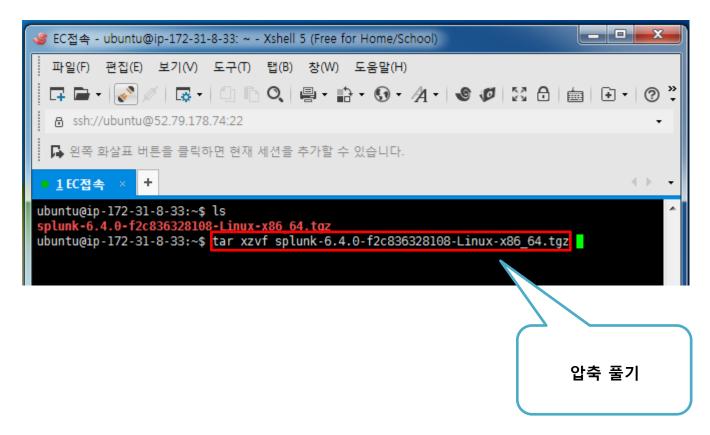
• Splunk Document : Link
• Splunk Tutorial
• 자료 : Update 예정
• Youtube - Basic Search Tutorial [Link]
• Youtube - Creating Dashboard Tutorial [Link]
• Splunk Enterprise 6.4 Download (wget URL)

wget -0 splunk-6.4.0-f2c836328108-Linux-x86_64.tgz 'https://www.splunk.com/bin/splu

Splunk Download



압축 풀기



\$> tar xzvf splunk + <TAB키 클릭>

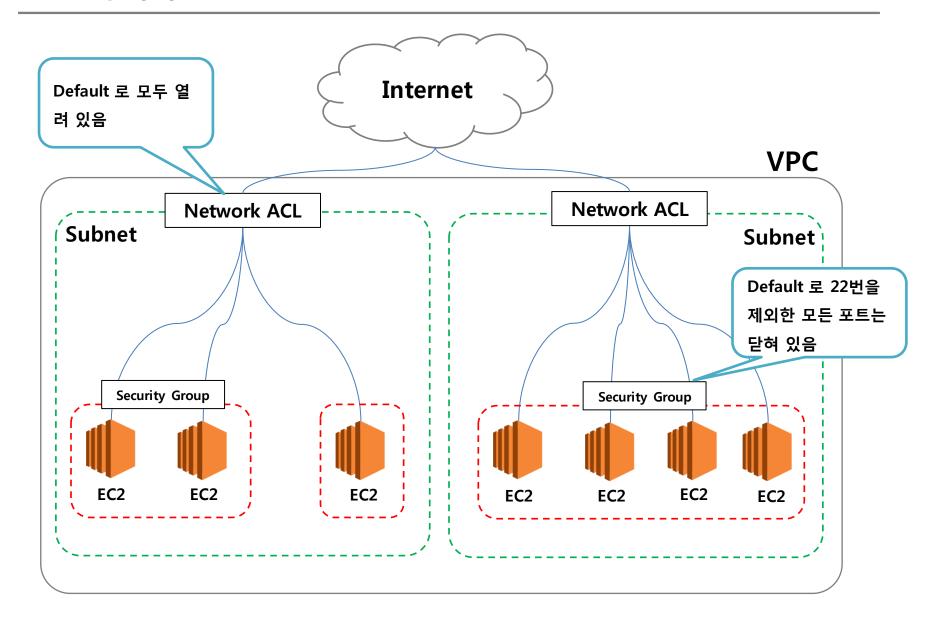
Splunk 실행

- \$> cd splunk/bin
- \$> ./splunk start --accept-license

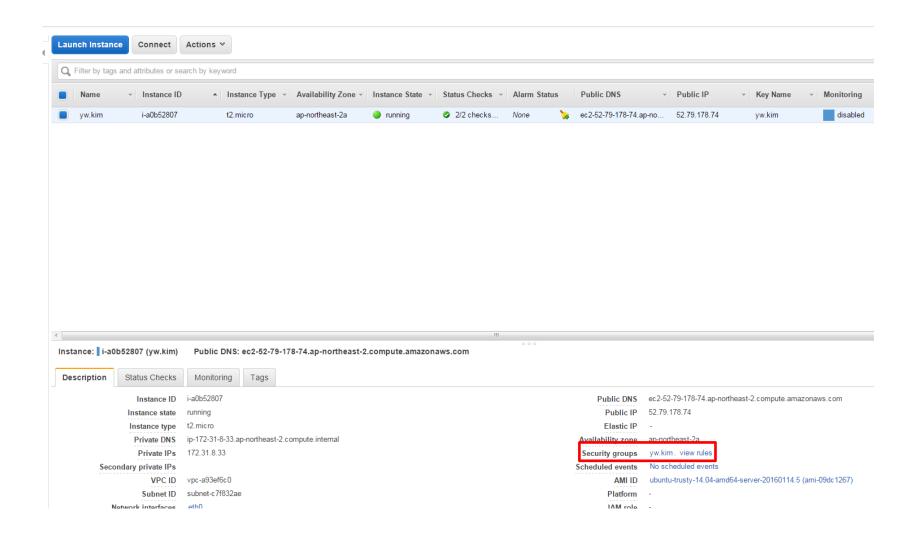
```
Checking prerequisites...
       Checking http port [8000]: open
       Checking mgmt port [8089]: gen
       Checking appserver port [127. 0.1:8065]: open
       Checking kystore port [8191]:
       Checking configuration... Dopa
               Creating: /home/ubunt
                                                         unk
                                      • 웹서버 포트
                                                         unk
               Creating: /home/ubunt
               Creating: /home/ubunt
                                                        unk/appserver/il8n
                                      • 관리 포트
               Creating: /home/ubunt
                                                        unk/appserver/modules/static/cs
               Creating: /home/ubuntu/splunk/var/run/splunk/upload
               Creating: /home/ubuntu/splunk/var/spool/splunk
               Creating: /home/ubuntu/splunk/var/spool/dirmoncache
               Creating: /home/ubuntu/splunk/var/lib/splunk/authDb
               Creating: /home/ubuntu/splunk/var/lib/splunk/hashDb
       Checking critical directories...
                                               Done
       Checking indexes...
               Validated: audit internal introspection thefishbucket history main s
```

http:// <본인의 인스턴스 IP>:8000

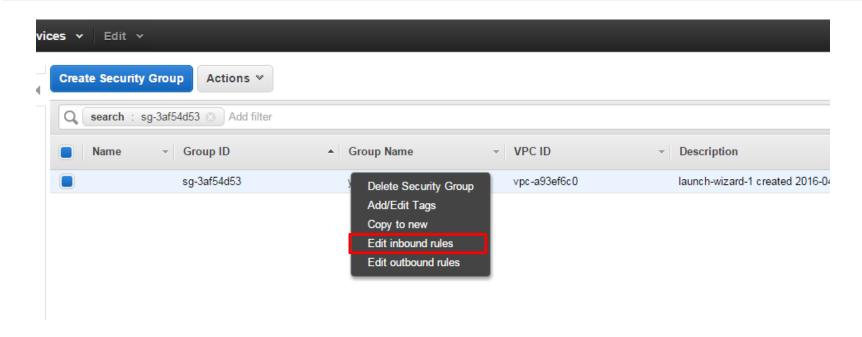
AWS 방화벽

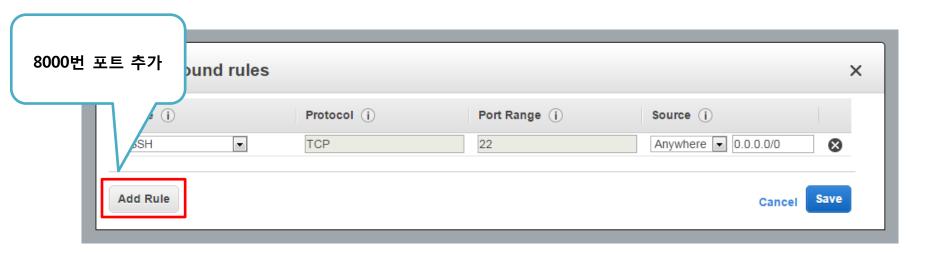


Security Group 설정



Security Group 설정

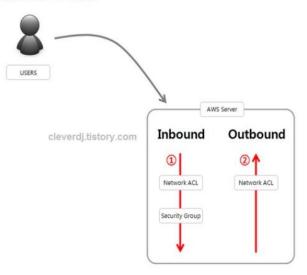




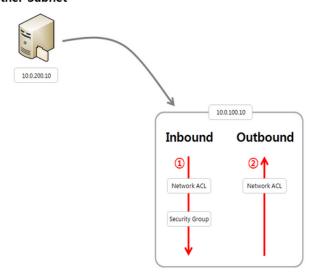
Break Time

Backup | AWS 방화벽 상세 Case

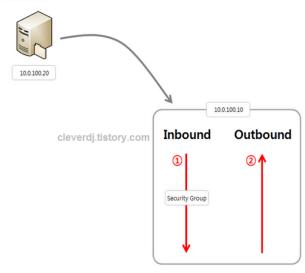
Case1. From External to AWS



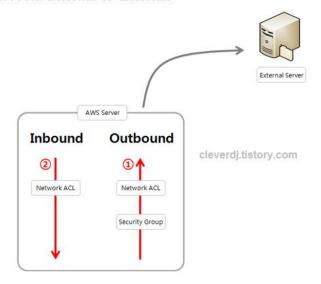
Case3. Another Subnet



Case2. Same Subnet



Case4. From Internal to External



Source: http://cleverdj.tistory.com/122