Global Histogram Equalization

In [1]:

```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
%matplotlib inline
```

Statistics

In [2]:

```
#Getsthe probability array
def calcProbabilityArray(data):
    height, width = img.shape[:2]
    unique, counts = np.unique(data, return counts=True) #Pixel Value, Frequency
of Pixel Value
    N = height * width # Number of Pixels
    counts = counts / N # Probability of each pixel value.
    arr = [0 \text{ for } k \text{ in } range(256)]
    for i in range(len(counts)):
        arr[unique[i]] = counts[i]
    return arr
#Computes the hist table: s k
def calcHistTable(data, prob):
    s = [0 \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(256)] \# arr = (prob k, s k)
    for k in range(256):
        s k = 0
        for j in range(k+1):
            s k+= prob[j]
        s k *= 255
        s_k = round(s_k)
        s_{k} = int(s_{k})
    return s
#Replace all pixel values with their values from the hist table
def replace(data, s k):
    height, width = data.shape[:2]
    blank = np.zeros((height, width), np.uint8)
    for x in range(height):
        for y in range(width):
            curr = data[x][y]
            blank[x][y] = s k[curr]
    return blank
```

In [3]:

```
imgfile = '../../db/lena.png'
img= cv2.imread(imgfile,cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE )
height,width = img.shape[:2]
prob = calcProbabilityArray(img)
s_k = calcHistTable(img, prob)
new = replace(img, s_k)
```

In [4]:

```
plt.figure(figsize = (6,6))
plt.subplot(221), plt.title("Original Image"), plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
plt.subplot(222), plt.title("Equalized Image"), plt.imshow(new, cmap='gray')
plt.subplot(223), plt.title("Original Histogram"), plt.hist(img.ravel(), 256, [0, 256])
plt.subplot(224), plt.title("Equalized Histogram"), plt.hist(new.ravel(), 256, [0, 256])
plt.show()
```

