JAVASCRIPT CODING EXERCISES

CODING FOR BEGINNERS
WITH HANDS ON PROJECTS

JS

WRITTEN BY JJ TAM

EDITED BY TAM SEL

JAVASCRIPT CODING EXERCISES

CODING FOR BEGINNERS JJ TAM

DISPLAY THE CURRENT DAY A	ND TIME
PRINT THE CONTENTS	

DISPLAY THE CURRENT DATE

FIND THE AREA OF A TRIANGLE

CHECK WHETHER A GIVEN YEAR IS A LEAP YEAR

CALCULATE MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

CONVERT TEMPERATURES

FIND THE LARGEST

REVERSE A GIVEN STRING

REPLACE EVERY CHARACTER

CAPITALIZE THE FIRST LETTER

CONVERT NUMBER TO HOURS AND MINUTES

COUNT VOWELS IN A GIVEN STRING

CREATE A NEW STRING

CONCATENATE TWO STRINGS

MOVE LAST THREE CHARACTER

COMPUTE THE SUM

ADD TWO DIGITS

CHECK WHETHER A GIVEN YEAR IS A LEAP

CHECK GIVEN POSITIVE NUMBER

CHECK A STRING STARTS WITH 'JAVA'

CHECK TWO GIVEN INTEGER VALUES

FIND A VALUE WHICH IS NEAREST TO 100

Display the current day and time HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <html>
   <head>
   <meta charset="utf-8">
   <title>JavaScript current day and time</title>
   </head>
   <body></body>
</html>
```

```
var today = new Date();
 var day = today.getDay();
 var daylist = ["Sunday","Monday","Tuesday","Wednesday
","Thursday","Friday","Saturday"];
 console.log("Today is : " + daylist[day] + ".");
 var hour = today.getHours();
 var minute = today.getMinutes();
 var second = today.getSeconds();
 var prepand = (hour >= 12)? " PM ":" AM ";
 hour = (hour >= 12)? hour - 12: hour;
 if (hour===0 && prepand===' PM ')
 if (minute===0 \&\& second===0)
 hour=12;
 prepand=' Noon';
 else
 hour=12;
 prepand=' PM';
 if (hour===0 && prepand===' AM ')
 if (minute===0 && second===0)
 hour=12;
 prepand=' Midnight';
 else
 hour=12;
 prepand=' AM';
```

```
}
console.log("Current Time: "+hour + prepand + ": " + minute + ": " +
second);
```

Print the contents of the current window HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8 />
<title>Print the current page.</title>
</head>
<body>

Click the button to print the current page.
<button onclick="print_current_page()">Print this page</button>
</body>
</html>
```

```
function print_current_page()
{
  window.print();
}
```

Display the current date

HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <html>
   <head>
   <meta charset="utf-8">
   <title>Write a JavaScript program to get the current date.</title>
   </head>
   <body>
   </body>
   </html>
```

```
var today = new Date();
var dd = today.getDate();
var mm = today.getMonth()+1;
var yyyy = today.getFullYear();
if(dd<10)
   dd='0'+dd;
if(mm<10)
   mm='0'+mm;
today = mm+'-'+dd+'-'+yyyy;
console.log(today);
today = mm+'/'+dd+'/'+yyyy;
console.log(today);
today = dd+'-'+mm+'-'+yyyy;
console.log(today);
today = dd+'/'+mm+'/'+yyyy;
console.log(today);
```

Find the area of a triangle HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8 />
<title>The area of a triangle</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```

```
var side1 = 5;
var side2 = 6;
var side3 = 7;
var s = (side1 + side2 + side3)/2;
var area = Math.sqrt(s*((s-side1)*(s-side2)*(s-side3)));
console.log(area);
```

Check whether a given year is a leap year

HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8 />
<title>Find Leap Year</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```

JAVASCRIT CODE

```
function leapyear(year)
{
return (year % 100 === 0) ? (year % 400 === 0) : (year % 4 === 0);
}
console.log(leapyear(2016));
console.log(leapyear(2000));
console.log(leapyear(1700));
console.log(leapyear(1800));
console.log(leapyear(100));
```

OUTPUT

true

true

false

false

Calculate multiplication and division

of two numbers

HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8 />
<title>JavaScript program to calculate multiplication and division of two
numbers </title>
<style type="text/css">
body {margin: 30px;}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<form>
1st Number : <input type="text" id="firstNumber" /><br>
2nd Number: <input type="text" id="secondNumber" /><br>
<input type="button" onClick="multiplyBy()" Value="Multiply" />
<input type="button" onClick="divideBy()" Value="Divide" />
</form>
The Result is : <br>
<span id = "result"></span>
</body>
</html>
JAVASCRIPT CODE
function multiplyBy()
      num1 = document.getElementById("firstNumber").value;
      num2 = document.getElementById("secondNumber").value;
      document.getElementById("result").innerHTML = num1 * num2;
}
function divideBy()
      num1 = document.getElementById("firstNumber").value;
      num2 = document.getElementById("secondNumber").value;
document.getElementById("result").innerHTML = num1 / num2;
```

OUTPUT

1st Numb	er :	
2nd Numb	er:	
Multiply	Divide	

The Result is:

Convert temperatures

To and from celsius, Fahrenheit in JAVASCRIPT

HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
   <html>
   <head>
   <meta charset="utf-8">
   <title>Write a JavaScript program to convert temperatures to and from celsius, fahrenheit</title>
   </head>
   <body>
   </body>
   </html>
```

JAVASCRIPT CODE

```
function cToF(celsius)
{
  var cTemp = celsius;
  var cToFahr = cTemp * 9 / 5 + 32;
  var message = cTemp+'\xB0C is ' + cToFahr + ' \xB0F.';
  console.log(message);
}

function fToC(fahrenheit)
{
  var fTemp = fahrenheit;
  var fToCel = (fTemp - 32) * 5 / 9;
  var message = fTemp+'\xB0F is ' + fToCel + '\xB0C.';
  console.log(message);
}
cToF(60);
fToC(45);
```

OUTPUT

```
60°C is 140 °F.
45°F is 7.2222222222222°C.
```

Find the largest Of three given integers

HTML CODE

```
function max_or_unree(x, y, z)
{
    max_val = 0;
    if (x > y)
    {
        max_val = x;
    } else
    {
        max_val = y;
    }
    if (z > max_val)
    {
        max_val = z;
    }
    return max_val;
}

console.log(max_of_three(1,0,1));
console.log(max_of_three(0,-10,-20));
console.log(max_of_three(1000,510,440));
```

Output:

1 0

1000

Reverse a given string

HTML CODE

tpircSavaJ

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
 <title>JavaScript program to reverse a given string.</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
JAVASCRIPT CODE
function string_reverse(str)
   return str.split("").reverse().join("");
}
console.log(string_reverse("jsresource"));
console.log(string_reverse("www"));
console.log(string_reverse("JavaScript"));
OUTPUT
ecruosersj
www
```

Replace every character

with the character following it in the alphabet

HTML CODE

```
function string_reverse(str)
function LetterChanges(text) {
//https://goo.gl/R8gn7u
var s = text.split(");
for (var i = 0; i < s.length; i++) {
// Caesar cipher
switch(s[i]) {
case ' ':
break:
case 'z':
s[i] = 'a';
break;
case 'Z':
s[i] = 'A';
break:
default:
s[i] = String.fromCharCode(1 + s[i].charCodeAt(0));
// Upper-case vowels
switch(s[i]) {
case 'a': case 'e': case 'i': case 'o': case 'u':
s[i] = s[i].toUpperCase();
}
}
return s.join(");
console.log(LetterChanges("PYTHON"));
```

console.log(LetterChanges("W3R"));
console.log(LetterChanges("php"));

Output:

QZUIPO

X4S

qIq

Capitalize The First Letter

Of Each Word

Of A Given String

HTML CODE

JAVASCRIPT CODE

```
function capital_letter(str)
{
    str = str.split(" ");

    for (var i = 0, x = str.length; i < x; i++) {
        str[i] = str[i][0].toUpperCase() + str[i].substr(1);
    }

    return str.join(" ");
}</pre>
```

console.log(capital_letter("Write a JavaScript program to capitalize the first letter of each word of a given string."));

OUTPUT

Output:

Write A JavaScript Program To Capitalize The First Letter Of Each Word Of A Given String.

Convert number to hours and minutes

HTML CODE

JAVASCRIPT CODE

```
function time_convert(num)
{
  var hours = Math.floor(num / 60);
  var minutes = num % 60;
  return hours + ":" + minutes;
}

console.log(time_convert(71));
console.log(time_convert(450));
console.log(time_convert(1441));
```

OUTPUT

1:11

7:30

24:1

Count vowels in a given string HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
 <title>JavaScript program to count the number of vowels in a given string.
</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
JAVASCRIPT CODE
function vowel_Count(str)
 return str.replace(/[^aeiou]/g, "").length;
}
console.log(vowel_Count("Python"));
console.log(vowel_Count("htmlresource.com"));
Output:
1
```

5

Create a new string

HTML CODE

Η

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
 <title>JavaScript program to create a new string without the first and last
character.</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
JAVASCRIPT CODE
function without_first_end(str) {
 return str.substring(1, str.length - 1);
}
console.log(without_first_end('JavaScript'));
console.log(without_first_end('JS'));
console.log(without_first_end('PHP'));
Output:
avaScrip
```

Concatenate two strings Except their first character

HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
 <title>JavaScript program to concatenate two strings except their first
character.</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
JAVASCRIPT CODE
function concatenate(str1, str2) {
 str1 = str1.substring(1, str1.length);
 str2 = str2.substring(1, str2.length);
 return str1 + str2;
}
console.log(concatenate("PHP","JS"));
console.log(concatenate("A","B"));
console.log(concatenate("AA","BB"));
Output:
```

HPS

AB

Move last three character start of a specified string

HTML CODE

JAVASCRIPT CODE

```
function right_three(str) {
    if (str.length > 1)
     {
        return str.slice(-3) + str.slice(0, -3);
     }
    return str;
}
console.log(right_three("Python"));
console.log(right_three("JavaScript"));
console.log(right_three("Hi"));
```

Output:

honPyt iptJavaScr Hi

Compute the sum

Of three elements of a given array

Of integers of length 3

HTML CODE

JAVASCRIPT CODE

```
function sum_three(nums)
{
  return nums[0] + nums[1] + nums[2];
}

console.log(sum_three([10, 32, 20]));
console.log(sum_three([5, 7, 9]));
console.log(sum_three([0, 8, -11]));
```

Output:

62

21

-3

Add two digits

Of a given positive integer

Of length two

HTML CODE

```
return n % 10 + Math.floor(n / 10);
}
console.log(add_two_digits(25))
console.log(add_two_digits(50))
```

Output:

7

5

Check whether a given year is a leap HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset=utf-8 />
<title>Find Leap Year</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```

JAVASCRIPT CODE

```
function leapyear(year)
{
return (year % 100 === 0) ? (year % 400 === 0) : (year % 4 === 0);
}
console.log(leapyear(2016));
console.log(leapyear(2000));
console.log(leapyear(1700));
console.log(leapyear(1800));
console.log(leapyear(100));
```

OUTPUT

true

true

false

false

Check given positive number Multiple of 3 or a multiple of 7

HTML CODE

JAVASCRIPT CODE

```
function test37(x)
{
    if (x % 3 == 0 || x % 7 == 0)
    {
        return true;
    }
    else {
        return false;
    }
}

console.log(test37(12));
console.log(test37(14));
console.log(test37(10));
console.log(test37(11));
```

Output:

true

true

false

Check a string starts with 'Java' And false otherwise

HTML CODE

JAVASCRIPT CODE

```
function start_spec_str(str)
{
    if (str.length < 4)
    {
        return false;
    }
    front = str.substring(0, 4);
    if (front == 'Java')
    {
        return true;
    }
    else
      {
        return false;
    }
}

console.log(start_spec_str("JavaScript"));
console.log(start_spec_str("Java"));
console.log(start_spec_str("Python"));</pre>
```

Output:

true

true

Check two given integer values In the range 50..99

HTML CODE

```
function check_numbers(x, y)
{
   if ((x >= 50 && x <= 99) || (y >= 50 && y <= 99))
   {
      return true;
   }
   else
   {
      return false;
   }
}

console.log(check_numbers(12, 101));
console.log(check_numbers(52, 80));
console.log(check_numbers(15, 99));</pre>
```

OUTPUT

false

true

true

Find a value which is nearest to 100 HTML CODE

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width">
 <title>JavaScript program to find a value which is nearest to 100 from two
different given integer values.</title>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
JAVASCRIPT CODE
function near_100(x, y) {
 if (x != y)
 {
 x1 = Math.abs(x - 100);
 y1 = Math.abs(y - 100);
 if (x1 < y1)
```

```
x1 = Math.abs(x - 100);
y1 = Math.abs(y - 100);

if (x1 < y1)
{
    return x;
}
    if (y1 < x1)
{
        return y;
}
    return 0;
}
    else
        return false;
}</pre>
```

console.log(near_100(90, 90));

Output:

90

-89