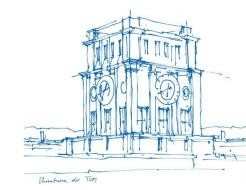


# Final Project: **GNN for Multiclass Enzyme Classification**

Iswara Jay Junior 23.05.2025



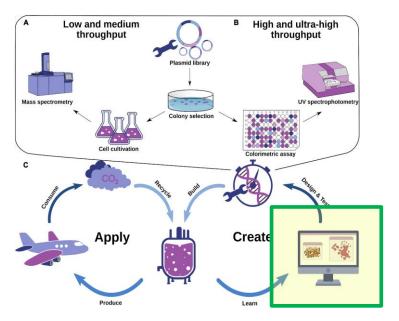
# **Outline**



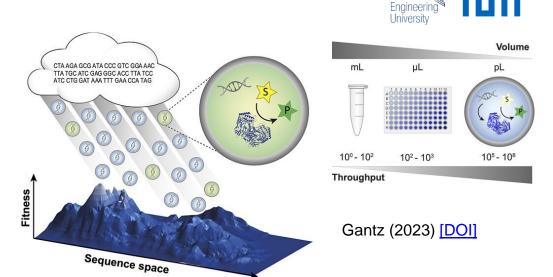
- 1. Motivation
- 2. Objectives
- 3. Methods
- 4. Conclusion & Recommendations

## **Motivation**

#### **Enzyme engineering**



Modify enzyme structures (primary-quarternary) to get the best fitness in its sequence space



**EuroTe** 0

#### In general screening 1 AA modification in 1 position

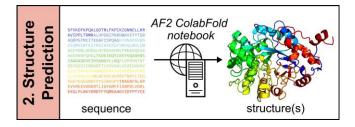
= screening ~ 260.000 gene variants

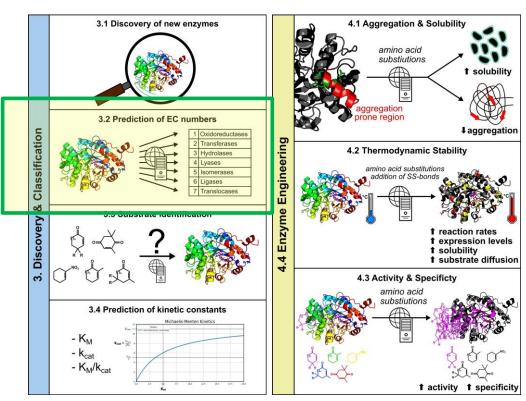
Scherer (2021) [DOI]

#### **Motivation**



What tasks do Neural Networks can achieve in computational enzyme design?





# **Objectives**



#### **Model Objective**

Formulate a GNN-based architecture for a **multiclass graph-level classification** of enzyme tertiary structures dataset (ENZYMES from TUDataset)

#### **Success Criteria**

- 1. Overall accuracy (test) ≥ 0.75
- 2. Class wise F1-score > 0.7
- Model max. memory allocation ≤ 100 MB





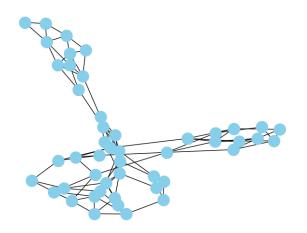
#### Dataset ENZYMES from TUDataset

#### **Description**

Public graph dataset of **tertiary enzyme structures. Labels encode** the first number to one of the 6 EC top-level classes (EC 1.X.X.X - 6.X.X.X)

#### **Properties**

- Static graph  $G = (V, \mathcal{E})$ ,  $\mathbf{n} = 600$
- 21 Node features
  - 3 one-hot encoding for secondary structures
  - 18 physico-chemical properties of secondary structures
- Edge = neighbors along the AA sequence or one of three nearest neighbors in space
- No edge and graph attributes



EC 2.X.X.X Enzyme (Transferase)

#### EuroTe Engineering University

# **Model Screening**

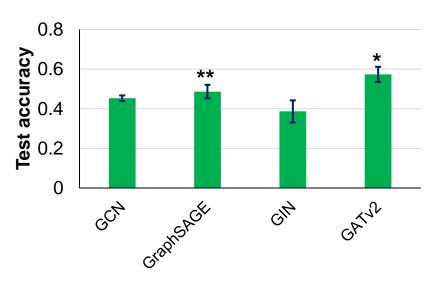
**Objective**: Get the most optimal algorithm for a base model layout

**Method**: Try out different algorithm for static graph (5 runs)

- 1. (spectral) GCN
- 2. (spatial) GraphSAGE
- 3. (spatial) GATv2
- 4. (spatial) GIN

#### **Base layout**





#### Max. training memory

GraphSAGE: 38.5 MB

GATv2: 144.6 MB



## Design Space Optimization (GraphSAGE)

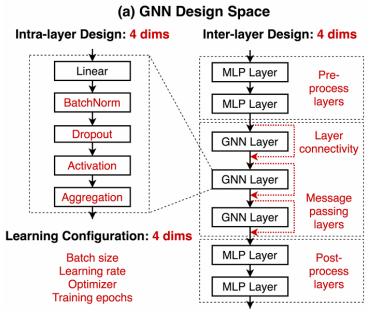
**Objective**: Get the most optimal model design by modifying design space.

**Method**: Sequential tuning, 5-run experiment

 $(1^{st})$  Dropout  $\in \{0.0, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5\}$ 

(2<sup>nd</sup>) Normalization ∈ {None, Batch, Layer, Graph}

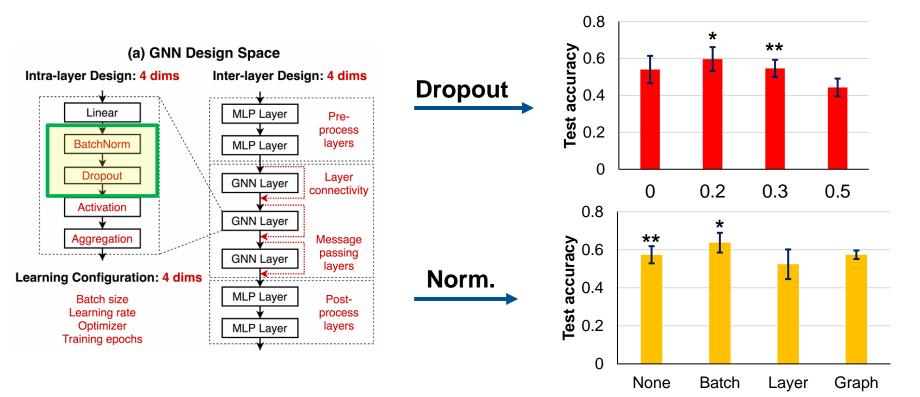
(3<sup>rd</sup>) Jumping Knowledge ∈ {None, cat, max}



You, 2021 [DOI]

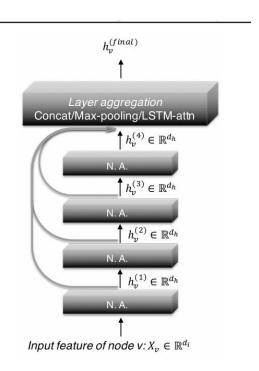


# Design Space Optimization (GraphSAGE)

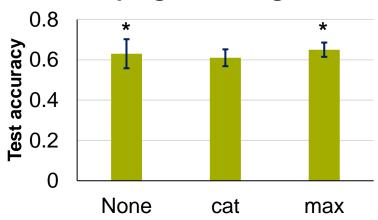




# Design Space Optimization (GraphSAGE)





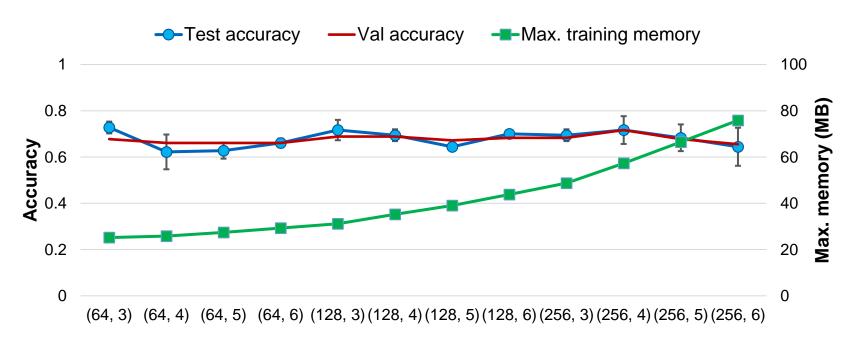


Xu, 2018 [DOI]



## Performance-Memory Tradeoff (GraphSAGE)

**Objective**: Get the most optimal model design by modifying the number of parameters. (GNN hidden channels, layers)

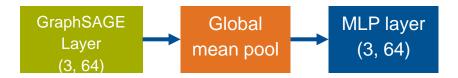


#### Conclusion



#### **Best Model**

GraphSAGE + MLP head



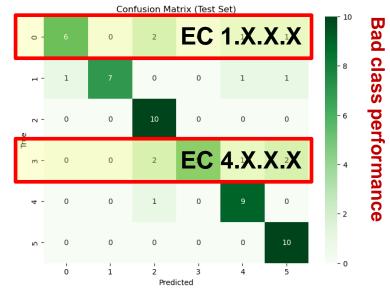
Utilizes dropout, normalization, and jumping knowledge

#### Test set performance

Class	f1-score	
EC 1.X.X.X		0.706
<b>EC 2.X.X.X</b>		0.823
EC 3.X.X.X		0.800
<b>EC 4.X.X.X</b>		0.667
EC 5.X.X.X		0.818
EC 6.X.X.X		0.833
accuracy		0.783

#### **Success Criteria**

- 1. Overall accuracy (test) ≥ 0.75
- 2. Class wise F1-score > 0.7
- 3. Model max. memory allocation ≤ 100 MB



## Recommendations



- 1. Enrich the dataset to potentially develop deeper classification task
  - Geometric graph
  - More samples
  - More complex graph
- 2. Feature engineering
- 3. Benchmark more algorithm/architecture
- 4. More complex learning methods (self-supervised, ensemble, ...)