CONTEXTUAL TYPING

Xu Xue, The University of Hong Kong

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TYPE INFERENCE AND WHAT WE BELIEVE

- → Having reasonable and meaningful annotations is good.
- → Local information is good.
- → Having guidelines for langauge designers and programmers is good.
- → Scalabilities are necessary.
- → Implementation can be easily derived.

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- → Types are propogated to neighbouring expressions;

BIDIRECTIONAL TYPING: PROBLEMS STATEMENT

- → Trade-off between expressive power and backtracking;
 - → more expressive, less syntax-directness;
 - → all-or-nothing inference strategy;
- → Unclear annotatability and rule duplication;
- → Inexpressive subsumption.

BALLOON

exclaim True

```
exclaim :: Show a \Rightarrow a \rightarrow String exclaim x = show x ++ "!"
```

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$$\rightarrow \Gamma \vdash \Sigma \Rightarrow e \Rightarrow A$$

Context: precisely captures the information of surrounding context

RECAP

- → Contextual typing is a lightweight approach to type inference
 - → that exploits partially known contextual information;
- → It enables several improvements over bidirectional typing
 - 1 fewer annotations are required, achieved without resorting to backtracking
 - 2 annotatability becomes clearer
 - 3 more powerful subsumption rule