

# Intro to MLEP

1. Static datasets are used for production ML modeling.

- False
- True

*Dynamic real-world data is used.*

2. In production ML, the design priority is fast training.

- No
- Yes

*Fast training and choosing a high-performance algorithm are the design priorities for prototypes or research ML.*

3. Developers adhere to modern software development to produce low-maintenance software, and to address project evolution. Select all the key aspects of modern software development (Check all that apply):

- Monitoring

*The deployed model's performance is properly evaluated.*

- Fast Training

- Testability

*The data entering the system is continuously monitored and tested.*

- Best practices

- Correct

*Perfect! Software development best practices must be resolved.*

4. Model-performance needs to be continuously monitored, and new data, ingested and re-trained.

- Yes
- No

*After deployment, it's necessary to continuously evaluate the model's performance.*

5. ML pipeline workflows are almost always DAGs.

- True
- False

*The components of an ML pipeline are scheduled based on dependencies defined by a DAG.*

6. TensorFlow Extended (TFX) is an end-to-end platform for deploying production ML pipelines.

- No
- Yes

7. Production machine learning combines which two key disciplines?

- Machine learning development

*ML Development focuses on specific issues related with data and model predictions quality.*

- Software testing
- Modern software development

*Well-designed software that adheres to best practices is key for the success of a production grade machine learning system.*

- Feature selection and engineering

8. What are the unique challenges to overcome in a production-grade ML system? (Check all that apply)

- Deploying the model to serve requests.
- Handling continuously changing data.

*Data will change over the life cycle of a production system, which can harm its performance.*

- Optimizing computational resources and costs.

*You want your ML system to be as frugal as possible.*

- Continually operating while in production.

*ML systems need to be flexible to operate while the system stages or modules are being changed or redesigned.*

- Assessing model performance.
- Training the model on real world data.
- Building integrated ML systems.

*ML systems perform all operations starting from ingesting the data into the system to deployment.*

9. Production grade machine learning challenges are addressed by implementing an important concept:

- Machine learning pipelines
- Directed Acyclic Graphs (DAGs)
- Orchestrators
- Tensorflow Extended (TFX)

*ML pipelines provide support for automating, monitoring and maintaining a model as you continue to train it over its lifetime.*

10. TensorFlow Lite is a deep learning framework to deploy TFX pipelines into:

- Mobile devices
- Web browser
- Servers

*Tensorflow Lite is the tool for deploying TFX pipeline into mobile and IoT devices.*