0	When highest performance is required
0	When lowest power is required
0	When the function is already commonly available as an integrated circuit
0	All of the above
2. Given a choice between implementing a function as an integrated circuit (in hardware) or as a program (in software), what factor needs to be considered the least?	
0	The cost of manufacturing the integrated circuit
0	The required time to design the integrated circuit vs. the program
0	The performance required of the final product
0	The physical look of the final device.
3. Generally, in a computer-based system, main memory is much larger than cache.	
0	True
0	False
4. What is the fastest type of storage in a computer-based device?	
0	Registers
0	Cache
0	Flash
0	Main memory

1. Under what conditions should an integrated circuit be used in an IoT device?

5. Which statement is false?

- A programmer may write assembly code directly if performance is very important
- High level languages are generally easier to program in than assembly language.
- Machine language is universal, allowing programs written in machine language to be executed on any microprocessor
- Assemble code is easier to read than machine code
- 6. What does an assembler generate?
 - Machine code from assembly code.
 - Assembly code from a high-level language.
 - o Assembly code from machine code.
 - o Machine code from a high-level language.
- 7. Compiled code generally executes faster than interpreted code.
 - True
 - False
- 8. Which of the following is NOT a benefit of using an operating system?
 - Many programs can execute on the same processor at the same time.
 - The frequency of the microcontroller clock can be significantly increased.
 - The operating system provides a convenient programming interface to the hardware.
 - o The operating system enables separation between multiple processes.