# 15.761 Introduction to Operations Management

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### 1 Little's Law

$$L = \lambda W \tag{1}$$

- L: number of jobs in the process
- $\lambda$ : job arrival rate
- W: average time each job spend in the process

Caution: watch out for unit conversion, especially time-related units.

## 2 Queuing Analysis

### 2.1 Setup

- A: time between successive job arrivals (a.k.a "interarrival time")
- TODO

#### 2.2 Capacity utilization $\rho$

$$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{N\mu} \tag{2}$$

- $\lambda$ : job arrival rate
- N: number of servers
- $\mu$ : a server's expected service rate, which is the inverse of the average service time  $\bar{S}$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{\bar{S}} \tag{3}$$

### 2.3 Coefficient of variation of the interarrival time $CV_S$

$$CV_S = TODO$$
 (4)

### 2.4 Coefficient of variation of the service time $CV_A$

$$CV_A = TODO$$
 (5)

2.5 Expected number of jobs in the queue  $L_q$ 

$$L_q = \frac{\rho^{\sqrt{2(N+1)}}}{1-\rho} \frac{C_A^2 + C_S^2}{2} \tag{6}$$