# Python 3 Cheat Sheet

*Latest version on :*
*https://perso.limsi.fr/pointal/python:memento*

## Base Types

*integer, float, boolean, string, bytes*

```
int 783  0 -192  0b010 0o642 0xF3
          zero    binary  octal  hexa
float 9.23 0.0  -1.7e-6
                    ×10^-6
bool True  False
str "One\nTwo"   escaped new line
'I\'m'   escaped '
"""X\tY\tZ
1\t2\t3"""   escaped tab
bytes b"toto\xfe\775"
        hexadecimal  octal
```

*Multiline string:*

*immutables*

## Container Types

- **ordered sequences**, fast index access, repeatable values

```
list [1,5,9]   ["x",11,8.9]   ["mot"]   []
tuple (1,5,9)   11,"y",7.4   ("mot",)   ()
```

*Non modifiable values (immutables)* — *expression with only comas →* `tuple`

```
str bytes   (ordered sequences of chars / bytes)
""   b""
```

- **key containers**, no *a priori* order, fast key access, each key is unique

```
dictionary dict {"key":"value"}   dict(a=3,b=4,k="v")   {}
(key/value associations) {1:"one",3:"three",2:"two",3.14:"π"}
collection set {"key1","key2"}   {1,9,3,0}   set()
```

*keys=hashable values (base types, immutables…)*  `frozenset` *immutable set*  *empty*

## Identifiers

*for variables, functions, modules, classes… names*

`a…zA…Z_` followed by `a…zA…Z_0…9`

- diacritics allowed but should be avoided
- language keywords forbidden
- lower/UPPER case discrimination

```
☺ a toto x7 y_max BigOne
☹ 8y and for
```

## Variables assignment

`=`

assignment ⇔ **binding** of a *name* with a *value*

*1) evaluation of right side expression value*
*2) assignment in order with left side names*

```
x=1.2+8+sin(y)
a=b=c=0   assignment to same value
y,z,r=9.2,-7.6,0   multiple assignments
a,b=b,a   values swap
a,*b=seq
*a,b=seq   unpacking of sequence in item and list
x+=3   increment ⇔ x=x+3
x-=2   decrement ⇔ x=x-2
x=None   « undefined » constant value
del x   remove name x
```

and `*=` `/=` `%=` …

## Conversions

`type(`*expression*`)`

```
int("15") → 15
int("3f",16) → 63   can specify integer number base in 2nd parameter
int(15.56) → 15   truncate decimal part
float("-11.24e8") → -1124000000.0
round(15.56,1)→15.6   rounding to 1 decimal (0 decimal → integer number)
bool(x)  False for null x, empty container x , None or False x ; True for other x
str(x)→"…"   representation string of x for display (cf. formatting on the back)
chr(64)→'@'   ord('@')→64   code ↔ char
repr(x)→"…"   literal representation string of x
bytes([72,9,64]) → b'H\t@'
list("abc") → ['a','b','c']
dict([(3,"three"),(1,"one")]) → {1:'one',3:'three'}
set(["one","two"]) → {'one','two'}
separator str and sequence of str → assembled str
   ':'.join(['toto','12','pswd']) → 'toto:12:pswd'
str splitted on whitespaces → list of str
   "words with  spaces".split() → ['words','with','spaces']
str splitted on separator str → list of str
   "1,4,8,2".split(",") → ['1','4','8','2']
sequence of one type → list of another type (via list comprehension)
   [int(x) for x in ('1','29','-3')] → [1,29,-3]
```

## Sequence Containers Indexing

*for lists, tuples, strings, bytes…*

```
negative index   -5  -4  -3  -2  -1
positive index    0   1   2   3   4
lst=[10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
positive slice    0   1   2   3   4   5
negative slice   -5  -4  -3  -2  -1
```

**Items count**

`len(lst)→5`

**index from 0**
(here from 0 to 4)

Individual access to **items** via `lst[`*index*`]`

```
lst[0]→10   ⇒ first one   lst[1]→20
lst[-1]→50   ⇒ last one   lst[-2]→40
```

*On mutable sequences (`list`), remove with* `del lst[3]` *and modify with assignment* `lst[4]=25`

Access to **sub-sequences** via `lst[`*start slice*`:`*end slice*`:`*step*`]`

```
lst[:-1]→[10,20,30,40]   lst[::-1]→[50,40,30,20,10]   lst[1:3]→[20,30]   lst[:3]→[10,20,30]
lst[1:-1]→[20,30,40]   lst[::-2]→[50,30,10]   lst[-3:-1]→[30,40]   lst[3:]→[40,50]
lst[::2]→[10,30,50]   lst[:]→[10,20,30,40,50]   shallow copy of sequence
```

*Missing slice indication → from start / up to end.*
*On mutable sequences (`list`), remove with* `del lst[3:5]` *and modify with assignment* `lst[1:4]=[15,25]`

## Boolean Logic

Comparisons : `<` `>` `<=` `>=` `==` `!=` (≤ ≥ = ≠)
*(boolean results)*

`a and b` logical and — *both simulta-neously*

`a or b` logical or — *one or other or both*

pitfall : `and` *and* `or` *return* *value* *of* `a` *or of* `b` *(under shortcut evaluation).*
⇒ *ensure that* `a` *and* `b` *are booleans.*

`not a` logical not

`True` `False` — True and False constants

## Statements Blocks

```
parent statement:
    statement block 1…
    ⋮
parent statement:
    statement block2…
    ⋮
next statement after block 1
```

indentation !

*configure editor to insert 4 spaces in place of an indentation tab.*

## Modules/Names Imports

*module* `truc` ⇔ *file* `truc.py`

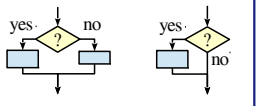
```
from monmod import nom1,nom2 as fct
   →direct access to names, renaming with as
import monmod   →access via monmod.nom1 …
```

modules and packages searched in *python path* (cf `sys.path`)

## Conditional Statement

*statement block executed only if a condition is true*

`if` *logical condition*`:`
→ *statements block*




Can go with several *elif*, *elif*... and only one final *else*. Only the block of first true condition is executed.

```
if age<=18:
    state="Kid"
elif age>65:
    state="Retired"
else:
    state="Active"
```

*with a var* `x`*:*
`if bool(x)==True:` ⇔ `if x:`
`if bool(x)==False:` ⇔ `if not x:`

## Maths

*floating numbers… approximated values*

Operators: `+` `-` `*` `/` `//` `%` `**`
Priority `(…)`
× ÷ ↑ ↑ $a^b$
integer ÷ ÷ remainder

`@` → matrix × *python3.5+*`numpy`

```
(1+5.3)*2→12.6
abs(-3.2)→3.2
round(3.57,1)→3.6
pow(4,3)→64.0
```

*usual order of operations*

*angles in radians*

```
from math import sin,pi…
sin(pi/4)→0.707…
cos(2*pi/3)→-0.4999…
sqrt(81)→9.0   √
log(e**2)→2.0
ceil(12.5)→13
floor(12.5)→12
```

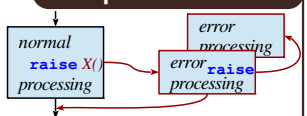
modules `math`, `statistics`, `random`, `decimal`, `fractions`, `numpy`, *etc. (cf. doc)*

## Exceptions on Errors

Signaling an error:
`raise` *ExcClass(…)*

Errors processing:

```
try:
    →normal procesising block
except Exception as e:
    →error processing block
```




`finally` *block for final processing in all cases.*