Mathematical Statistics I - Midterm Exam

April 25, 2019

- 1. A test indicates the presence of a particular disease 90% of the time when the disease is present and the presence of the disease 2% of the time when the disease is not present. If 1% of the population has the disease, calculate the probability that a person selected at random has the disease if the test indicates the presence of the disease.
- 2. Let X be the number of total Bernoulli trials until the rth success occurs, where the probability of success is p.
 - (1) Provide the pmf of X.
 - (2) Compute the variance of X.
- 3. Let X have a Poisson distribution with $P(X=0)=0.5, X \sim \text{Pois}(\lambda)$. A random variable Y has a pmf

$$f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} p + (1-p)f_X(y), & y = 0\\ (1-p)f_X(y), & y = 1, 2, 3, \dots \end{cases}$$

where $p \in (0,1)$ is a parameter and is called as zero-inflated Poisson distribution. Also, a random variable Z has a pmf

$$f_Z(z) = \frac{P(X=z)}{P(X>0)}, \quad z=1,2,\dots$$

and it is called as zero-truncated Poisson distribution.

- (1) Derive the moment generating function (mgf) of a Poisson random variable, X after obtaining the value of λ .
- (2) Using the mgf of X, compute the variance of X.
- (3) Derive the moment generating function (mgf) of Y.
- (4) Using the mgf of Y, compute the mean and variance of Y.
- (5) Find the pmf of Z.
- (6) Compute the mean and variance of Z.
- 4. Let X be a random variable following the cumulative distribution

$$F_X(x) = \begin{cases} ce^x, & x \le 0\\ 1 - ce^{-x}, & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

where c is a constant.

- (1) Find the value of c and the pdf of X.
- (2) Obtain the mgf of X.
- (3) Using the mgf of X, compute the mean and variance of X.