

Vector Calculus – Midterm Exam

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1. (1) Find the volume of a tetrahedron which consists of the following vertices:

$$A = (1, 2, 3), \quad B = (0, 1, 2), \quad C = (1, 3, 5), \quad D = (1, 4, 11).$$

- (2) Compute the divergence of the vector field $F(x, y, z) = (xy, yz, zx)$ at $(1, 1, 1)$.
(3) Compute the curl of the vector field $F(x, y, z) = (y^2z, e^{xyz}, x^2y)$ at $(1, 1, 1)$.

2. Consider a continuous function $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3y - xy^3}{x^2 + y^2} & (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0 & (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}.$$

- (1) Find $D_1f(0, 0)$ and $D_2f(0, 0)$.
(2) Prove or disprove that f is differentiable at origin.

3. Show the following matrix is positive definite:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}.$$

4. Suppose that there is a circle centered at $(0, r)$ with the radius r . Imagine that this circle is a wheel rolling along x -axis. When the wheel rolls one cycle to right direction, the point on the rim traces a cycloid curve.

- (1) Provide a parametrized curve to this cycloid starting from the origin $(0, 0)$.
(2) Find the arc length of the curve when the wheel rolls one cycle.
(3) Compute the curvature of this curve when the curve has a maximum y value.

5. Compute the curvature and the torsion of the following parametrized curve at origin:

$$X(t) = (e^t \cos t, e^t \sin t, e^t).$$

6. Find the second-order Taylor approximation for the following function at origin:

$$f(x, y) = e^{x+xy} \log(1 - xy).$$

7. Consider a function $f(x, y, z) = x + y^2$. Let $P = (1, 1, 1)$ be a point on a level set

$$S = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x + xy + xyz = 3\}.$$

Then find the maximum value of $D_v f(P)$ for a unit vector v which is tangent to S at point P .

8. Let $F: X \subset \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be a continuous force field which is given by a gradient field such that there is a C^1 potential V satisfying $F = -\nabla V$. Let $X: I \subset \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be a path of a moving particle with the mass m which follows the force field F . Prove that the total energy (kinetic + potential) is conserved.
9. Find all critical points of the following function and determine whether it is a local maximum, a local minimum or a saddle point.

$$f(x, y) = x^3y + 2xy^2 - xy.$$