## Modern Algebra I – Homework 8

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June 10, 2019

**Problem 1.** Let a belong to a ring R. Let  $S = \{x \in R : ax = 0\}$ . Show that S is a subring of R.

**Proof.** Since  $a \cdot 0 = 0$ ,  $0 \in S$ . S is nonempty set. Let  $x, y \in S$ . then ax = 0, ay = 0. a(x-y) = ax-ay = 0-0. So,  $x-y \in X$ .  $a(xy) = (ax)y = 0 \cdot y = 0$ . So,  $xy \in S$ . Therefore S is a subring of R.

**Problem 2.** Let m and n be positive integers and let k be the least common multiple of m and n. Show that  $m\mathbb{Z} \cap n\mathbb{Z} = k\mathbb{Z}$ .

**Proof.** Since every multiple of k is obviously multiple of both m and n,  $k\mathbb{Z} \subseteq m\mathbb{Z} \cap n\mathbb{Z}$  is trivial. Let x = am = bn, i.e.  $x \in m\mathbb{Z} \cap n\mathbb{Z}$ . Let x = qk + r, r < k. Since x, k are both multiples of m, n, then so is r = x - qk. k is the least natural number, therefore this is a contradiction. Thus, x is multiple of k.  $m\mathbb{Z} \cap n\mathbb{Z} \subset k\mathbb{Z}$ .  $\therefore m\mathbb{Z} \cap n\mathbb{Z} = k\mathbb{Z}$ .

**Problem 3.** Give an example of a finite non-commutative ring. Give an example of an infinite non-commutative ring that does not have a unity.

**Proof.** Consider  $M_2(\mathbb{Z}_p) = \{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} : a, b, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}_p \}$  in which p is prime.  $M_2(\mathbb{Z}_p)$  is commutative group under addition. But matrix multiplication is not commutative. Also, it satisfies that for all  $x, y \in M_2(\mathbb{Z}_p)$ , (xy)z = x(yz), (x+y)z = xz+yz. Thus,  $M_2(\mathbb{Z}_p)$  is non-commutative ring.  $M_2(2\mathbb{Z}) = \{ \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} : a, b, c, d \in 2\mathbb{Z} \}$ , meanwhile, is infinite non-commutative ring without unity.

**Problem 4.** Describe all the subrings of the ring of integers.

Proof.

**Problem 5.** Let  $R = \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z} \oplus \mathbb{Z}$  and  $S = \{(a, b, c) \in R : a + b = c\}$ . Prove or disprove that S is a subring of R.

Proof.

**Problem 6.** Find a zero-divisor in  $\mathbb{Z}_5[i] = \{a + bi : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}_5\}.$ 

Proof.

**Problem 7.** Find all solutions of the equation  $x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x = 0$  in  $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$ .

Proof.

**Problem 8.** Find all solutions of  $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$  in  $\mathbb{Z}_7$ .

Proof.

**Problem 9.** Let x and y belong to a commutative ring R with prime characteristic p. Show that  $(x+y)^p=x^p+y^p$ .

Proof.

**Problem 10.** Show that  $\mathbb{Z}_7[\sqrt{3}] = \{a + b\sqrt{3} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}_7\}$  is a field.

Proof.

**Problem 11.** Let F be a field of order  $2^n$ . Prove that char F=2.

Proof.