

# Leet-Code Review

junyan.xu\*

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## 1 Chapter 1

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### 5.1 4 Sum Two

Use unordered\_map. **time complexity**  $O(N^2)$ , **space is**  $O(N^2)$

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\*junyanxu5513@gmail.com

```

class Solution {
public:
    int fourSumCount(vector<int>& A, vector<int>& B, vector<int>& C, vector<int>& D) {
        unordered_map<int, int> a, b;
        for(auto x: A) for(auto y: B) a[x+y]++;
        for(auto x: C) for(auto y: D) b[x+y]++;
        int res = 0;
        for(auto x: a){
            if(b.count(-x.first))
                res += x.second*b[-x.first];
        }
        return res;
    }
};

```

## 5.2 Assign Cookie

Sort and double pointer. **time complexity  $O(N\log(N))$ , space is  $O(1)$**

```

class Solution {
public:
    int findContentChildren(vector<int>& g, vector<int>& s) {
        sort(g.begin(), g.end());
        sort(s.begin(), s.end());
        int i=0, j=0, count=0;
        while(i < g.size() && j < s.size()){
            if(g[i] <= s[j]){
                i++;
                j++;
                count++;
            }
            else{
                j++;
            }
        }
        return count;
    }
};

```

## 5.3 132 Pattern

Using reverse stack, keep track of the second largest. **time complexity  $O(N)$ , space is  $O(N)$**

```

class Solution {
public:

```

```

bool find132pattern(vector<int>& nums) {
    stack<int> s;
    int s2 = INT_MIN;
    for(int i=nums.size()-1; i>-1; i--){
        if(nums[i] < s2)
            return true;
        while(!s.empty() && s.top() < nums[i]){
            s2 = s.top();
            s.pop();
        }
        s.push(nums[i]);
    }
    return false;
}
};

```

5.4