# Statistics Review

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## Contents

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## 1 Support Vector Machine and Regression

#### 1.1 Separable

A distance of a point a to a plane  $w \cdot x + b = 0$  is  $\frac{a \cdot w + b}{\|w\|}$ . Define margin  $\zeta$  to be the value that all  $(x_i, y_i)$  are having distance larger that this.

$$\frac{x_i \cdot w + b}{\|w\|} \ge \zeta \tag{1}$$

Then if we fix  $\zeta$  to be 1, mathematically the margin is  $\frac{1}{\|w\|}$ . The we are actually minimize  $\frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2$ 

#### 1.2 Non Separable

If the data is not separable, then we add penalty to the optimization function (constant muliply soft margin).

$$loss = \frac{1}{2} ||w||^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^{n} \xi_i$$
  
s.t. $\forall i, y_i(w.x_i + b) >= 1 - \xi_i$  (2)

The  $x_i$  represent the hinge loss, an "option" style loss function. Which could be rewrite as  $max\{0, 1 - y(w \cdot x + b)\}$ 

#### 1.3 Solver

Currently according to Stanford course this one should use SGD to solve.

#### 1.4 Dual Problem

According to representer theorem the w can be a linear combination of  $x_i$  and is  $w = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \alpha_i x_i$ . Then we have  $f(x_i) = y_i \sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_j x_j^T x_i + b$  The primal problem of this is minimize:

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{jk} \alpha_j \alpha_k y_j y_k(x_j^{\top}) + \sum_{i=1}^n C \cdot max(0, 1 - y_i \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_j x_j^T x_i + b)$$
 (3)

The dual problem is maximize

$$-\frac{1}{2}\sum_{jk}\alpha_{j}\alpha_{k}y_{j}y_{k}(x_{j}^{\top}) + \sum_{i=1}^{n}\alpha_{i}$$

$$0 \le \alpha_{i} \le C$$

$$\sum_{i}\alpha_{i}y_{i} = 0$$

$$(4)$$

### 1.5 Regression

For regression part. The we assume the regression lies in range  $\epsilon$ . Also the penalty of upper  $\epsilon$  is  $\xi_u$  and down is  $\xi_d$  So the primal problem is

$$loss = \frac{1}{2} \|w\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (max\{f(x_i) - y_i - \epsilon, 0\} + max\{y_i - f(x_i) - \epsilon, 0\})$$
 (5)

#### 1.6 Summary

1. GOOD: SVM is good for handling high dimensional data

2. GOOD: SVM has customize kernal

3. BAD: No probability estimate