

# Volume of interest (VOI) limited linear filtering

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In medical imaging, it is sometimes useful to limit the effect of filtering to a certain volume of interest (VOI) or region of interest (ROI). This note explains how to perform such filtering using convolution and masking operations, convenient for Matlab-based implementation.

Let  $\Omega \subset D$  denote the set of voxels within the limiting VOI, where  $D$  is the image domain and let  $M$  be the indicator function of  $\Omega$ , i.e., the mask defining the VOI:

$$\begin{aligned} M(\mathbf{x}) &= 1 \text{ if } \mathbf{x} \in \Omega \\ M(\mathbf{x}) &= 0 \text{ if } \mathbf{x} \notin \Omega. \end{aligned}$$

Let  $I(\mathbf{p})$  be the image intensity at the voxel  $\mathbf{p}$ . The filtered image  $I^f$  can then be defined as

$$I^f(\mathbf{q}) = \frac{1}{W(\mathbf{q})} \sum_{\mathbf{p} \in \Omega} K(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}) I(\mathbf{p}),$$

when  $\mathbf{q} \in \Omega$ , where

$$W(\mathbf{q}) = \sum_{\mathbf{p} \in \Omega} K(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}),$$

and  $K : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is the applied filtering kernel, typically a Gaussian. We are not interested on the values of  $I^f$  outside the VOI  $\Omega$  and thus they need not to be (and are not) defined.

This can be conveniently implemented with (in practice) just two lines of Matlab code, since, for all  $\mathbf{q} \in \Omega$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} W(\mathbf{q}) &= \sum_{\mathbf{p} \in \Omega} K(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}) \\ &= \sum M(\mathbf{p}) K(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}) \\ &= (M * K)(\mathbf{q}) \end{aligned}$$

where  $*$  denotes 3-D convolution, and

$$\begin{aligned} &\sum_{\mathbf{p} \in \Omega} K(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}) I(\mathbf{p}) \\ &= \sum M(\mathbf{p}) I(\mathbf{p}) K(\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}) \\ &= (K * (I \odot M))(\mathbf{q}), \end{aligned}$$

where  $\odot$  denotes element-by-element product. Thus, in Matlab, because the convolution is a commutative operator, the following two lines give the desired filter:

```
W = conv(M, K, 'same');  
Ifilt = (1./W) .* conv(M .* I, K, 'same');
```

If one wants to ensure that the values outside the VOI are NaN's, then additional masking is required:

```
Ifilt = Ifilt .* M;
```

The Matlab-code for this VOI limited filtering can be downloaded at [http://www.cs.tut.fi/~jupeeto/matlab\\_code/gaussian3dfil\\_roi.m](http://www.cs.tut.fi/~jupeeto/matlab_code/gaussian3dfil_roi.m)

The Matlab function uses Gaussian kernel  $K(\mathbf{x}) = \frac{1}{Z} \exp(-\sigma^T \mathbf{x})$ , where  $Z$  is a normalization constant and  $\sigma$  is a 3-component vector defined based on the full-width half maximum

$$FWHM = [FWHM_x, FWHM_y, FWHM_z]$$

of the kernel at each direction:  $\sigma_x = \frac{8 \log(2)}{FWHM_x^2}$  and similarly for  $y$  and  $z$  directions.