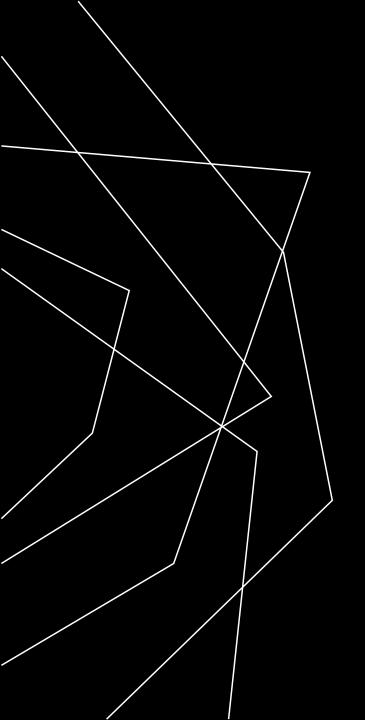


WRITING EXCELLENT SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS



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INTRODUCTION

Introduction

•Importance of high-quality requirements: Good requirements help ensure the final product meets stakeholders' needs.

•Objectives of the presentation: Learn how to write clear, effective requirements.

CHARACTERISTIC OF EXCELLENT REQUIREMENTS

Key Characteristics

•Complete: All necessary information is included.

•Correct: Accurately describe what is needed.

•Feasible: Can be implemented within constraints.

•Necessary: Must fulfill real needs.

COMPLETE REQUIREMENTS

Complete

•Provide all necessary information: Ensure no important details are missing.

•Flag gaps (TBD - To Be Determined): Identify any unknowns early.

•Resolve TBDs before development: Ensure all details are clarified before starting work.

CORRECT REQUIREMENTS

Correct

•Accurately describe functionalities: Ensure the requirements match what stakeholders need.

•Verification with requirement sources: Confirm details with those who provided the requirements.

•Alignment with system requirements: Make sure they fit with overall system goals.

FEASIBLE REQUIREMENTS

Implementable within system capabilities:

Ensure the system can support the requirements.

Consider project constraints:

Consider time, budget, and resources.

Technological limitations:

Be aware of what technology can and cannot do.

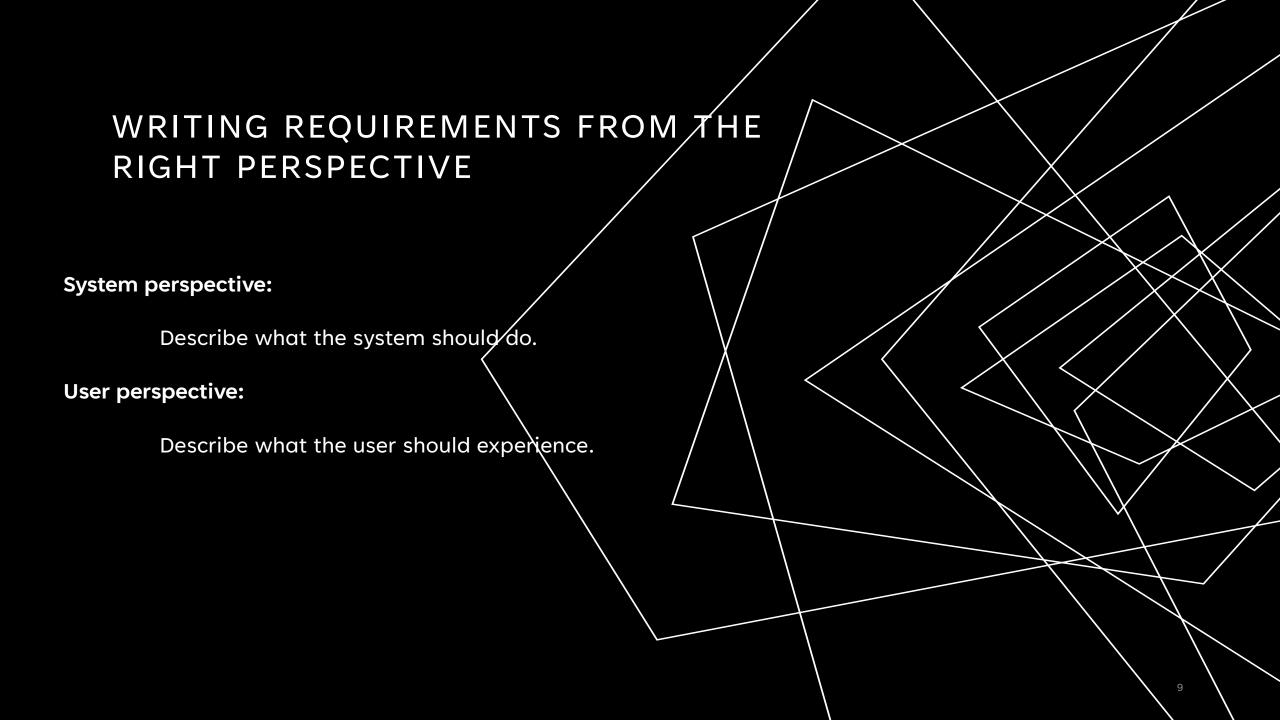
NECESSARY REQUIREMENTS

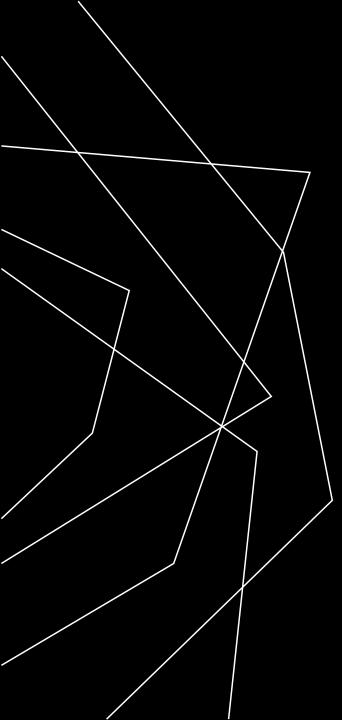
Necessary

•Fulfill stakeholder needs: Each requirement should meet a specific need.

•Contribute business value: Ensure it adds value to the project.

•Compliance with standards and regulations: Follow any relevant laws or standards.





CLEAR AND CONCISE WRITING

Writing Style

•Clear and concise: Use simple language and be brief.

•Avoid ambiguity: Ensure there is only one possible interpretation.

•Use consistent terminology: Always use the same terms for the same things.

APPROPRIATE LEVEL OF DETAIL

Detail Level

- •Detailed enough to avoid misunderstandings: Include enough information to prevent errors.
- •Not overly burdensome: Don't include unnecessary details.
- •Depends on project complexity: Adjust detail level based on how complex the project is.

USING VISUAL AIDS

Representation Techniques

•Diagrams and models: Use visual tools to explain requirements.

•Data flow diagrams: Show how data moves through the system.

•State-transition diagrams: Show how the system changes states.

•Use case diagrams: Show how users interact with the system.

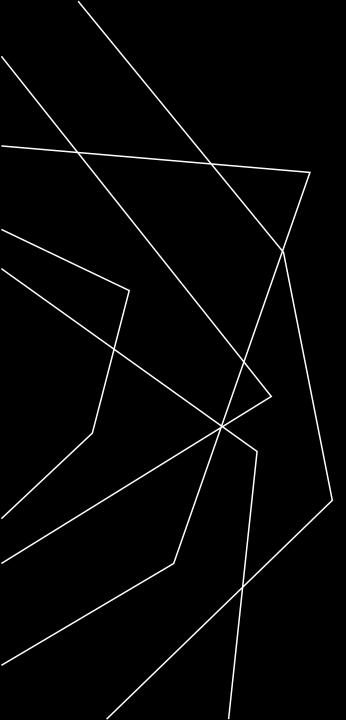
AVOIDING AMBIGUITY

Avoid Ambiguity

•Be specific: Use precise language.

Avoid vague terms: Don't use words that can be interpreted in multiple ways.

•Ensure shared understanding: Make sure everyone interprets the requirement the same way.



ENSURING COMPLETENESS

Avoid Incompleteness

•Comprehensive coverage: Make sure all aspects are covered.

•Regular reviews: Continuously check requirements for completeness.

•Stakeholder feedback: Get input from stakeholders to identify missing parts.

SAMPLE REQUIREMENT - BEFORE

Example: Flawed Requirement

•Example of a poorly written requirement: "The system should be user-friendly."

•Highlight issues (ambiguity, lack of detail, etc.): Too vague, not specific enough.

SAMPLE REQUIREMENT - AFTER

Example: Improved Requirement

Revised version of the requirement: "The system should allow users to complete the login process within 2 steps."

•Explain improvements made: Specific and clear, easy to understand.

COMMON ISSUES IN REQUIREMENTS

Common Issues

•Ambiguity: Requirements are unclear.

•Incompleteness: Important details are missing.

•Misalignment with stakeholder needs: Requirements don't match what stakeholders want.

STRATEGIES FOR EFFECTIVE REQUIREMENTS

Effective Strategies

•Involve stakeholders early: Get input from those who will use the system.

Regularly review and update requirements: Keep requirements up to date.

•Use clear, precise language: Avoid misunderstandings.

IMPORTANCE OF VERIFICATION

Verification

- •Ensure accuracy: Check that requirements are correct.
- •Align with project goals: Make sure requirements support the project's objectives.
- •Validate with stakeholders: Confirm that requirements meet stakeholder needs.

THANK YOU!