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CHARACTERS	ALGAE / FUNGI	BRYOPHYTA	PTERIDOPHYTA	GYNMOSPERMAE	ANGIOSPERMAE
HABITAT	Mainly aquatic/terrestrial	First <b>land plants</b>	First successful land plants	Land All are woody perennial tree  None is herb and aquatic.	Land + aq.
No of species	40000 / 72000	25000	12000	70 genera/900 sp., smallest group	300000
	cryptogams	Cryptogams	Cryptogams	Phanerogams <b>without ovary</b>	Phanerogams <b>with ovary</b>
	<b>Non flowering plants</b>	<b>Non flowering plants</b>	<b>Non flowering plants</b>	<b>Flowering plants produce cones</b>	<b>Flowering plants produce flowers</b>
	Avascular plants  Atracheophytes	Avascular plants  Atracheophytes	First Vascular plants  Tracheophytes	Vascular plants  Tracheophytes	Vascular plants  Tracheophytes

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	Conduction by diffusion etc ( short distance )	Conduction by diffusion etc ( short distance )	<b>Long distance +</b> short distance )	<b>Long distance</b> + short distance )	<b>Long distance +</b> short distance )
			Have <b>sieve cells</b> and <b>albuminous</b> <b>cells</b>	Have <b>sieve cells</b> and <b>albuminous</b> <b>cells</b> ,  Vessel present in <b><i>Gnetum, Ephedra</i></b>	
<b>Main plant body (One generation)</b>	<b>Gametophyte –</b>  green in algae/ non green in fungi	<b>Gametophyte –</b> green  <b>(Most developed gametophyte)</b>  No true stem , leaf , root	<b>Sporophyte-</b> green  Have true stem , root, leaf  <b>Advetitious root</b>	<b>Sporophyte-</b> green  Have true stem , root, leaf  Tap root  All are woody	<b>Sporophyte-</b> green  Have true stem , root, leaf  <b>Advetitious/ tap root</b>

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				xerophytic trees	
<b>Other generation</b>	Typical sporophyte is absent and it is represented by Zygote	Sporophyte is partially or completely dependent on gametophyte	Gametophyte is reduced , <b>green</b> and <b>independent</b>	Gametophyte is reduced and dependent on sporophyte	Gametophyte is highly reduced and dependent on sporophyte
Asexual rep.	zoospores , aplanospores, fragmentation, Budding, fission, conidia	No mitospore gemmae, etc protonema	No mitospore	No mitospore	No mitospore
				Produce <b>cones</b>	Produce <b>flowers</b>
				Seed producers Spermatophytes	Seed producers Spermatophytes
	No ovules	No ovules	No ovules	Naked seed /ovules	Covered ovules inside ovary

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				No placenta	Placenta present
				No fruit formation	Fruit formation
Types of meiospor es	Homosporous	Homosporous	Mostly Homosporous  Some heterosporous  Ex- <i>Selaginella</i> , <i>Marsilea</i> , <i>Salvinia</i> , <i>Azolla</i> ,	Heterosporous Cone producer	Hetersporous  Flower producer
Meiosis	Zygotic	sporic	Sporic	Sporic	Sporic
Sex organs (Gameta ngia)	Unicellular and non jacketed  Except – <i>Chara</i> , <i>Nitella</i> (green algae)	multicellular and jacketed	multicellular and jacketed	multicellular and jacketed	multicellular and jacketed

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Male sex organ	Antheridia	Antheridia, Ciliated sperms	Antheridia, Ciliated sperms	Antheridia absent Ciliated sperms in <b><i>Cycas, Ginkgo, Metasequoia</i></b> (living fossils)	Antheridia absent nonciliated sperms
Female sex organ	Oogonia Ascogonia carpogonia	Archegonia, <b>Archegoniates</b>	Archegonia, <b>Archegoniates</b>	Archegonia, <b>Archegoniates</b> except <b><i>Gnetum</i></b>	Archegonia absent
Syngamy	Isogamy, Anisogamy Oogamy	Only Oogamy	Only Oogamy	Only Oogamy	Only Oogamy
Fertilisation	External or Internal	Internal	Internal	Internal	Internal
<b>Medium of</b>	Water	Water	Water	Pollen tube	Pollen tube

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<b>Fertilisation</b> (carrier of male gamete)	Zoiodogamy	Zoiodogamy	zoiodogamy	siphonogamy	Siphonogamy
Zygote	Thick walled called <b>zygospore</b>	Thin walled and have no resting phase	Thin walled no resting phase	Thin walled no resting phase	Thin walled no resting phase
Pollination	No	No	No	Only <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>cross</b></li><li>• <b>air</b></li><li>• <b>direct</b></li></ul>	Self or cross indirect
Division in zygote	<b>Meiosis</b>	<b>Mitosis</b>	<b>Mitosis</b>	<b>Mitosis</b>	<b>Mitosis</b>

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<b>Embryo</b>	Absent	Present <b>First embryo</b> <b>embryophytes</b>	Present Embryophytes	Present Embryophytes	Present embryophytes
		Embryo produces sporophyte	Embryo produces sporophyte	Embryo produces sporophyte	Embryo produces sporophyte
Life cycle	<b>Haplontic</b>  <b>Haplo-diplontic</b> in <i>Laminaria,</i> <i>Polysiphonia,</i> Kelps  <b>Diplontic in</b> <i>Fucus,</i>	Haplo-diplontic	Haplo-diplontic	Diplontic	Diplontic
Pigment	Chl- <b>a,b,c,d</b>	Chl- a,b	Chl- a,b	Chl- a,b	Chl- a,b

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		Amphibians of plant kingdom	Amphibians of plant kingdom  <b>Botanical snakes</b>	<b>ABSENT</b> Antheridia Ovary, Vessels, Companion cells, Sieve tubes, Lateral veins in leaf	
Examples		<i>Funaria</i> <i>Pogonatum</i> <i>Potytrichum</i> <i>Sphagnum</i>	<i>Adiantum</i> <i>Pteris</i> <i>Dryopteris</i>	<i>Sequoia</i> <i>Thuja</i> <i>Araucariaa</i> <i>Cedrus</i> <i>Gnetum</i>	