Assignment 6

```
Due April 17 at 11:59pm
```

```
In this assignment, we will implement code generation for the rest of the language.
```

```
Program ::= Name List<ParamDec> Block
     class Name implements Runnable(
        variables declared in List<ParamDec> are instance variables of the class
        public Name(String args){
          initialize instance variables with values from args.
        public static void main(String∏ args){
          Name instance = new Name(args);
               instance.run();
          public void run(){
          declarations and statements from block
      }
ParamDec ::= type ident
     instance variable in class, initialized with values from command line arguments
Block ::= List<Dec> List<Statement>
       Decs are local variables in current scope of run method
       Statements are executed in run method
       Must label beginning and end of scope, and keep track of local variables, their slot in the local variable array, and their range of visibility.
       If a statement was a BinaryChain, it will have left a value on top of the stack. Check for this and pop it if necessary.
Dec ::= type ident
       Assign a slot in the local variable array to this variable and save it in the new slot attribute in the Dec class.
frame maps to cop5556sp17.PLPRuntimeFrame image maps to java.awt.image.BufferedImage
Statement ::= SleepStatement | WhileStatement | IfStatement | Chain
        | AssignmentStatement
SleepStatement ::= Expression
     invoke java/lang/Thread/sleep.
       Hint: You will need to change the integer expression to a long with "I2L"
AssignmentStatement ::= IdentLValue Expression
    • store value of Expression into location indicated by IdentLValue

    if the type of elements is image, this should copy the image.

           o use PLPRuntimeImageOps.copyImage
IMPORTANT:
       insert the following statement into your code for an Assignment Statement
     after value of expression is put on top of stack and before it is written into the
       CodeGenUtils.genPrintTOS(GRADE, mv,assignStatement.getE().getType());
Chain ::= ChainElem | BinaryChain
ChainElem ::= IdentChain | FilterOpChain | FrameOpChain | ImageOpChain
IdentChain ::= ident

    Handle the ident appropriately depending on its type and whether it is on the left or right side of binary chain.

           o If on the left side, load its value or reference onto the stack.
           o If this IdentChain is the right side of a binary expression

    store the item on top of the stack into a variable (if INTEGER or IMAGE),

                   • or write to file (if FILE),
                   • or set as the image in the frame (if FRAME)
FilterOpChain ::= filterOp Tuple

    Assume that a reference to a BufferedImage is on top of the stack.

   • Generate code to nvoke the appropriate method from PLPRuntimeFilterOps.
FrameOpChain ::= frameOp Tuple
```

- Assume that a reference to a PLPRuntimeFrame is on top of the stack
- Visit the tuple elements to generate code to leave their values on top of the stack.
- Generate code to invokethe appropriate method from PLPRuntimeFrame.

ImageOpChain ::= imageOp Tuple

- Assume that a reference to a BufferedImage is on top of the stack.
- Visit the tuple elements to generate code to leave their values on top of the stack.
- Generate code to invoke the appropriate method from PLPRuntimeImageOps or PLPRuntimeImageIO

BinaryChain ::= Chain (arrow | bararrow) ChainElem

- Visit the left expression.
 - o If the left Chain is a URL, generate code to invoke PLPRuntimelmagelO.readFromURL and leave a reference to a BufferedImage object on top of the stack.
 - o If the left expression is a File, generate code to invoke PLPRuntimeImageIO.readFromFile and leave a reference to a BufferedImage object on top of the stack.
 - o Otherwise generate code to leave the left object on top of the stack.
- Visit the right ChainElem and handle as given above.
- · Hint: integers, for example, could appear on either side of a BinaryChain, in one the action is load, the other is store. You need to figure out a way to communicate to the IdentChain which one.
- Hint: although some combinations have a type NONE, it is easiest to let all binary chain instances leave something on top of the stack. In many cases, this value will be consumed by a parent. At the top level it should be popped.

```
WhileStatement ::= Expression Block
    goto GUARD
BODY Rice!
    GUARD Expression
              IFNE BODY
  IfStatement ::= Expression Block
              Expression
              IFEQ AFTER
           Block
      AFTER ...
  Expression ::= IdentExpression | IntLitExpression | BooleanLitExpression
        | ConstantExpression | BinaryExpression
          always generate code to leave value of expression on top of stack.
              load value of variable (this could be a field or a local var)
  IdentLValue ::= ident
           store value on top of stack to this variable (which could be a field or local var)
  IntLitExpression ::= intLit
              load constant
  BooleanLitExpression ::= booleanLiteral
              load constant
  ConstantExpression ::= screenWidth | screenHeight

    Generate code to invoke PLPRuntimeFrame.getScreenWidth or PLPRuntimeFrame.getScreenHeight.

  BinaryExpression ::= Expression op Expression

    Visit children to generate code to leave values of arguments on stack.

    Generate code to perform operation, leaving result on top of the stack.

New in Assignment 6: methods to add two images, subtract two images, etc. Routines are provided in PLPRuntimeImageOps.
New in assignment 6: implement &, |, and %.

         • Expressions should be evaluated from left to write consistent with the structure of the AST.

    You may need to modify your TypeCheckVisitor t

  Tuple := List<Expression>

    Visit expressions to generate code to leave values on top of the stack

op ::= relOp | weakOp | strongOp
          implement operators and %
```

Corrections to TypeCheckVisitor (bold is new)

Modifications to the type rules for BinaryChain

type <-IMAGE	type = IMAGE	arrow	instanceof IdentChain & IdentChain.type = IMAGE
type <-INTEGER	type = INTEGER	arrow	instance of IdentChain & IdentChain.type = INTEGER

Provided Code:

- Compiler.java
- $\circ\,$ Standalone program to read a source file, generate code and write the class file.
- PLPRuntimeFilterOps.java
- $\circ\;$ provides method implementing the gray, blur, and convolve ops

type ::= integer | image | frame | file | boolean | url

- PLPRuntimeFrame
- $\circ \ \ \text{provides methods to manipulate PLPRuntimeFrame objects. This is a subclass of } \ javax.swing. JFrame.$
- PLPRuntimelmagelO.java
- o provides methods to read and write images
- PLPRuntimeImageOps.java
- o provides methods to implement operations on images.
- PLPRuntimeLog.java
- o collects a trace of method calls in the PLPRuntime* classes.
- Used for grading and debugging
- CodeGenUtils.java
- o updated version (added one method)

Note that all classes whose names start with PLPRuntime are needed at runtime to execute the programs in our language. This differs from asm, which is used during compilation.

Testing

Add these two methods to your junit test program to show the trace. The way output is handled has been changed slightly from before. Now it just writes everything to a StringBuffer which you can convert to a String and print. To see the output, add the following to your JUnit test class. initLog and printLog will be run before and after every test,

implement operators and, %, or

```
@Before
public void initLog(){
if (devel || grade) PLPRuntimeLog.initLog();
}

@After
public void printLog(){
System.out.println(PLPRuntimeLog.getString());
}
```

Turn in: A jar file containing all files (with the exception of the asm packages) required to run the compiler as a standalone program and as called from a Junit test suite. Turn in your Junit test along with any files needed to execute your tests (with an appropriate directory structure)

Do not change the provided code.

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