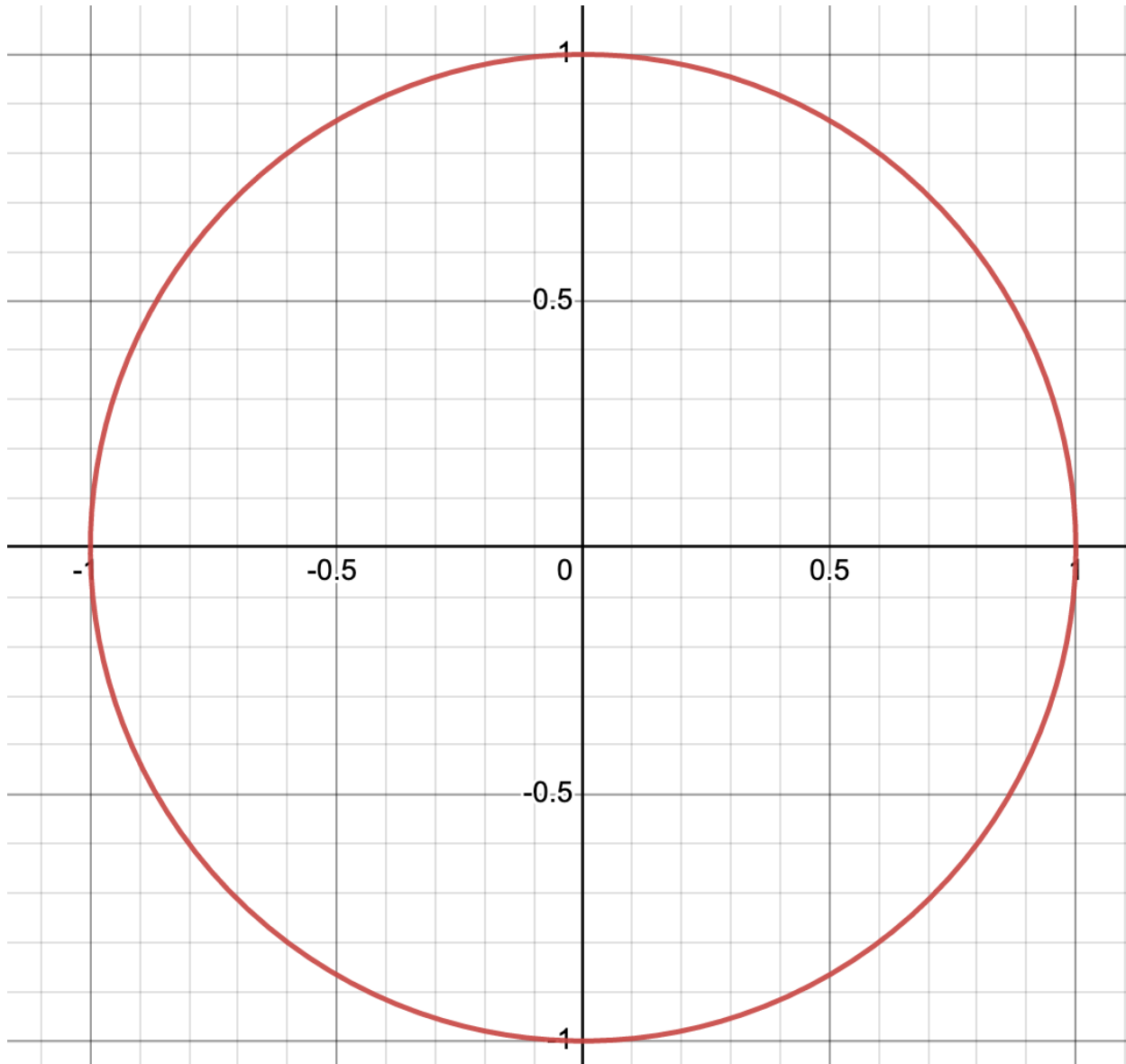
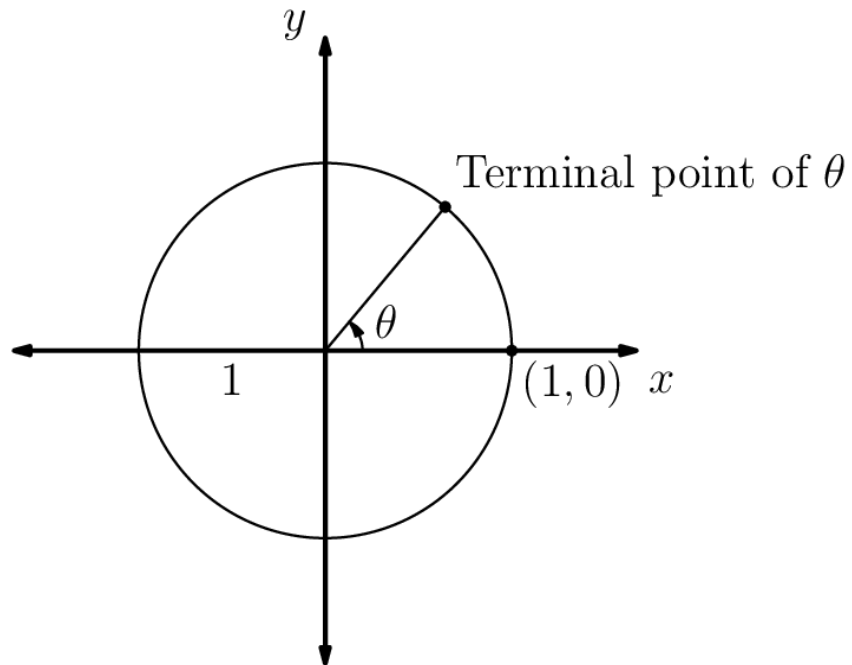


1 - Basic Trigonometry

{Unit Circle}

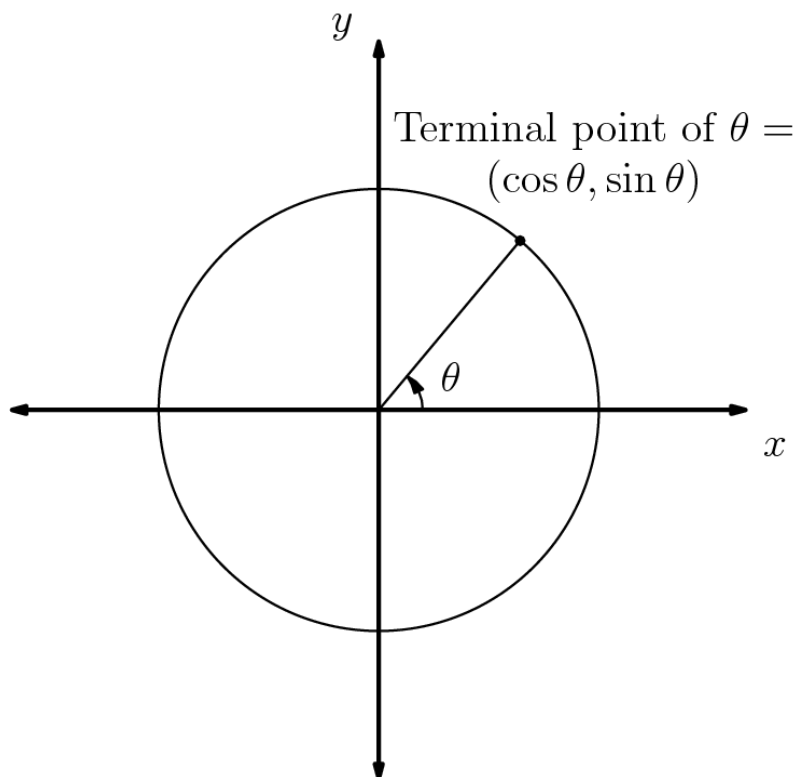


- Radius :: 1
- Terminal point of θ :: Start at (1, 0) and go **counterclockwise**
- If $\theta < 0$:: Start at (1, 0) and go **clockwise**



{Sin, Cos, Tan}

- Sine :: $\sin\theta$:: **X-coord** of unit circle coords
- Cosine :: $\cos\theta$:: **Y-coord** of unit circle coords
- Tangent :: $\tan\theta = \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}$:: $\frac{X - coord}{Y - coord}$



{Reference Triangles}

- For $30^\circ, 45^\circ, 60^\circ$ and angles of the sort
- Use **45-45-90** and **30-60-90** triangles

Vertical side : Horizontal side : Hypo

$$\mathbf{45-45-90} :: \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} : \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} : 1$$

$$\mathbf{30-60-90} :: \frac{1}{2} : \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} : 1$$

{Sin :: Basic Reference}

$$\theta = 0^\circ :: 1$$

$$\theta = 30^\circ :: \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = 45^\circ :: \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\theta = 60^\circ :: \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\theta = 90^\circ :: 1$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ :: 0$$

$$\theta = 270^\circ :: -1$$