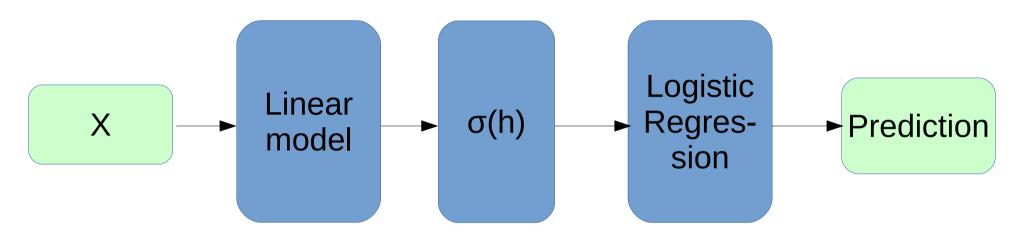
# seminar slides 2018.02.14





## TL;DR deep learning

#### Model:



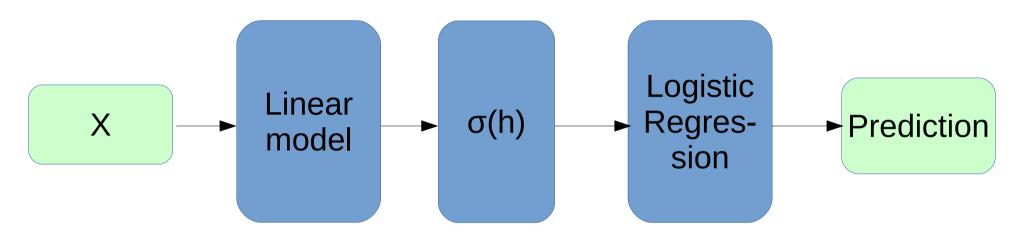
$$P(y|x) = \sigma(\sum_{j} w_{j}^{o} \sigma(\sum_{i} w_{ij}^{h} x_{i} + b_{j}^{h}) + b^{o})$$

**Training:** 

???

## TL;DR deep learning

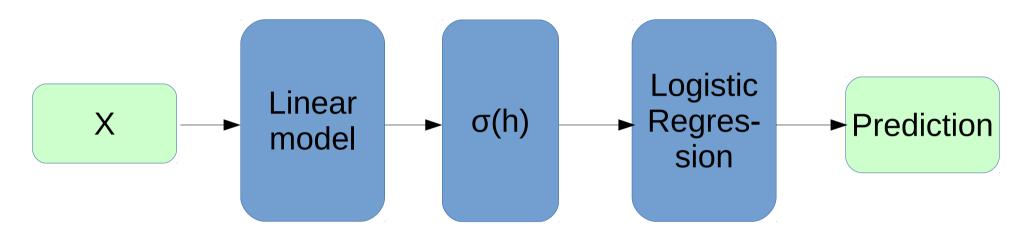
#### Model:



Output: 
$$P(y|x) = \sigma(\sum_{i} w_{j}^{o} \sigma(\sum_{i} w_{ij}^{h} x_{i} + b_{j}^{h}) + b^{o})$$

### TL;DR deep learning

#### Model:



$$P(y|x) = \sigma(\sum_{j} w_{j}^{o} \sigma(\sum_{i} w_{ij}^{h} x_{i} + b_{j}^{h}) + b^{o})$$

$$\partial E - \log P_w(y_i|x_i)$$

$$w := w - \alpha \frac{\sum_{x_i, y_i} x_i}{\partial w}$$

**TL;DR:** backprop = chain rule\*

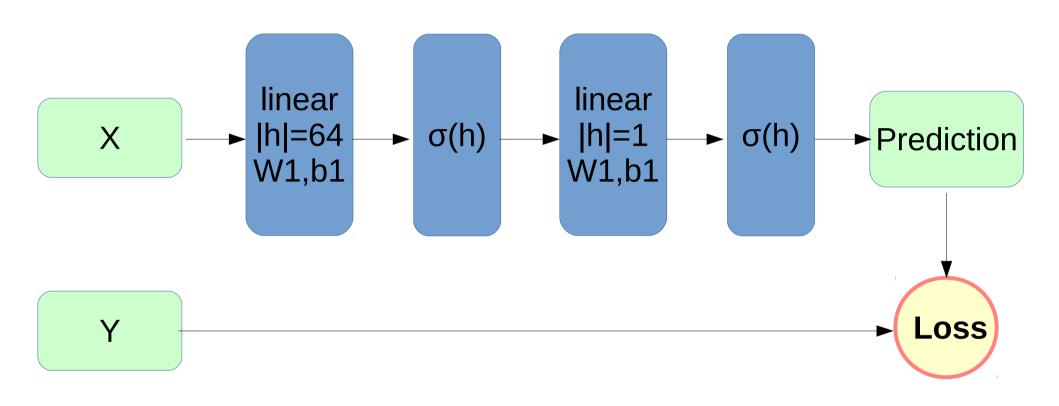
$$\frac{\partial f(g(x))}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f(g(x))}{\partial g(x)} \cdot \frac{\partial g(x)}{\partial x}$$

**TL;DR:** backprop = chain rule\*

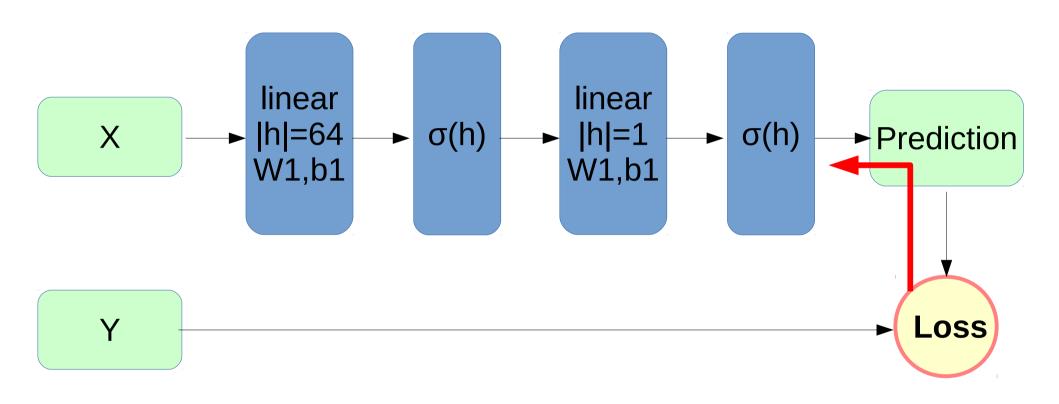
$$\frac{\partial f(g(x))}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f(g(x))}{\partial g(x)} \cdot \frac{\partial g(x)}{\partial x}$$

\* g and x can be vectors/vectors/tensors

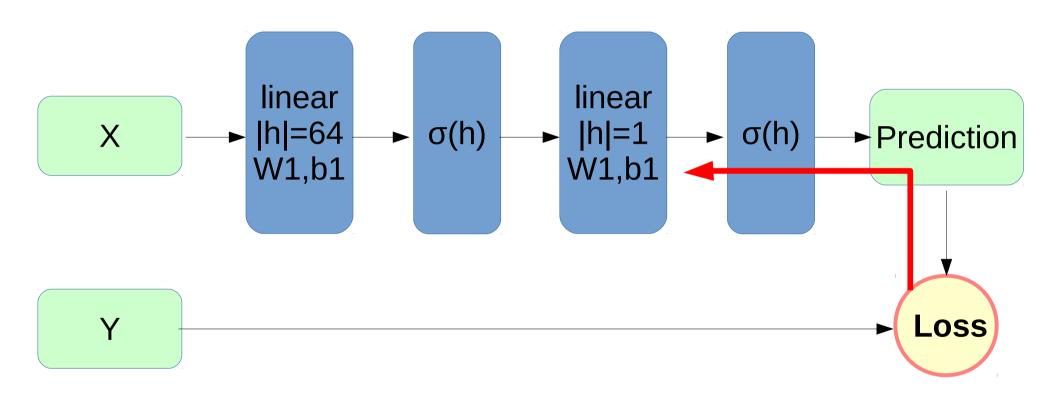




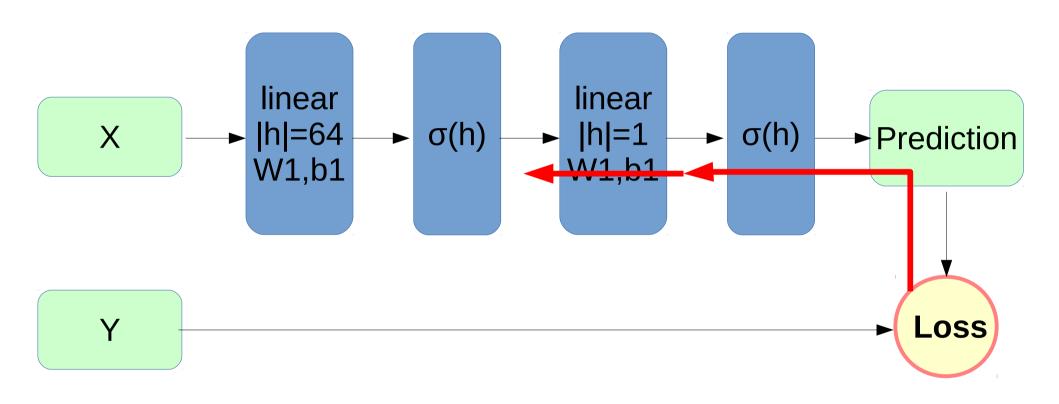
$$\frac{\partial L(\sigma(linear_{w2,b2}(\sigma(linear_{w1,b1}(x)))))}{\partial w1} = \dots$$



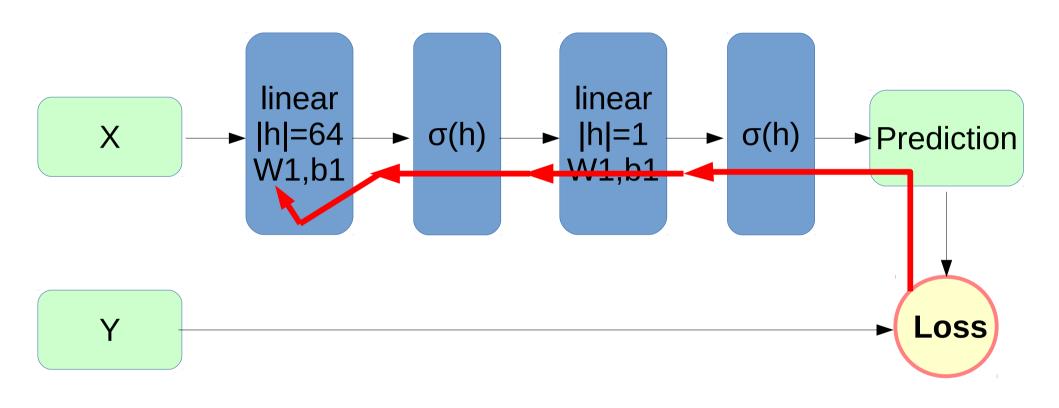
$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w \, 1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \sigma}.$$



$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w 1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \sigma} \cdot \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial linear_{w2,b2}}.$$



$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \sigma} \cdot \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial linear_{w2,b2}} \cdot \frac{\partial linear_{w2,b2}}{\partial \sigma}.$$



$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w 1} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \sigma} \cdot \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial linear_{w2,b2}} \cdot \frac{\partial linear_{w2,b2}}{\partial \sigma} \cdot \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial linear_{w1,b1}} \cdot \frac{\partial linear_{w1,b1}}{\partial w 1}$$

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#### Matrix derivatives

#### Let's compute:

$$\frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{\partial X} = \frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{\partial [X \times W + b]} \times$$

What?

#### Variable shapes:

X

[batch size, features]

 $\frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{\partial X}$ 

[batch size, features]

W

[features, outputs]

b

[outputs]

$$\frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{X \times W + b}$$

[batch size, outputs]

#### Matrix derivatives

#### Let's compute:

$$\frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{\partial X} = \frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{\partial [X \times W + b]} \times W^{T}$$

#### Variable shapes:

X

[batch size, features]

 $\frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{\partial X}$ 

[batch size, features]

W

[features, outputs]

b

[outputs]

$$\frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{X \times W + b}$$

[batch size, outputs]

# Matrix derivatives (words)

Gradient of 
$$\sum_{i} \log p(y_i|x_i, w) = \sum_{i} \text{gradient log } p(y_i|x_i, w)$$

linear over X : 
$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial [X \times W + b]} \times W^T$$

linear over W : 
$$\frac{1}{\|X\|} \cdot X^T \times \frac{\partial L}{\partial [X \times W + b]}$$

sigmoid: 
$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \sigma(x)} \cdot [\sigma(x) \cdot (1 - \sigma(x))]$$

Works for any kind of x (scalar, vector, matrix, tensor)

# Matrix derivatives (formulae)

$$\frac{\partial \sum_{i} \log p(y_{i}|x_{i}, w)}{\partial w} = \frac{\sum_{i} \partial \log p(y_{i}|x_{i}, w)}{\partial w}$$

$$\frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{\partial X} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial [X \times W + b]} \times W^{T}$$

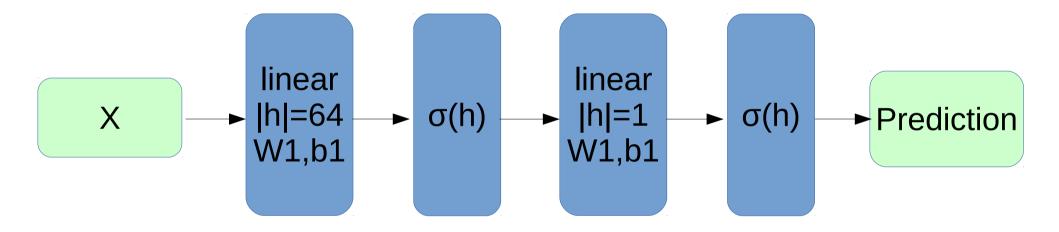
$$\frac{\partial L(X \times W + b)}{\partial W} = X^{T} \times \frac{\partial L}{\partial [X \times W + b]}$$

$$\frac{\partial L(\sigma(x))}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \sigma(x)} \cdot [\sigma(x) \cdot (1 - \sigma(x))]$$

Works for any kind of x (scalar, vector, matrix, tensor)

#### Back to neural networks

#### Model:



#### **Training:**

