

2018 Fall Data Compression Homework #1

EE 248583

Advisor: 電子所 高立人 副教授

106368002 張昌祺 Justin, Chang-Qi Zhang

justin840727@gmail.com

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Problem 1 Entropy

Let X be a random variable with an alphabet $H = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Please determine $H(X)$ for the following three cases of probability mass function $p(i) = \text{prob}[X = i]$. (15%)

(a) $P(1) = P(2) = 1/2$:

Ans

$$\begin{aligned} H(X) &= -(P(1) \log_2 P(1) + P(2) \log_2 P(2)) \\ &= -(0.5 \log_2(0.5) + 0.5 \log_2(0.5)) \\ &= -(-0.5 - 0.5) \\ &= 1 \text{ bits/symbol} \end{aligned}$$

(b) $P(i) = 1/4$, for $i = 1, 2, 3$, and $p(4) = p(5) = 1/8$:

Ans

$$\begin{aligned} H(X) &= -(3 \times P(1) \log_2 P(1) + P(4) \log_2 P(4) + P(5) \log_2 P(5)) \\ &= -(3 \times 0.25 \log_2(0.25) + 2 \times 0.125 \log_2(0.125)) \\ &= -(-1.5 - 0.75) \\ &= 2.25 \text{ bits/symbol} \end{aligned}$$

(c) $P(i) = 2^{-i}$, for $i = 1, 2, 3, 4$, and $p(5) = 1/16$:

Ans

$$\begin{aligned} H(X) &= -\left(\sum_{i=1}^4 2^{-i} \log_2 2^{-i} + \frac{1}{16} \log_2 \frac{1}{16}\right) \\ &= -(0.5 \times (-1) + 0.25 \times (-2) + 0.125 \times (-3) + 0.0625 \times (-4) + 0.0625 \times (-4)) \\ &= 1.875 \text{ bits/symbol} \end{aligned}$$

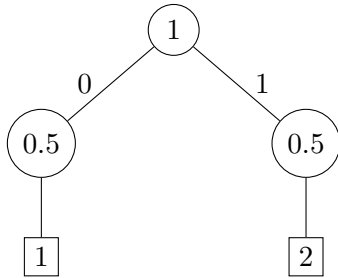
Problem 2 Huffman Code

Design a Huffman code C for the source in Problem 1. (15%)

(a) Specify your codewords for individual pmf model in Problem 1.

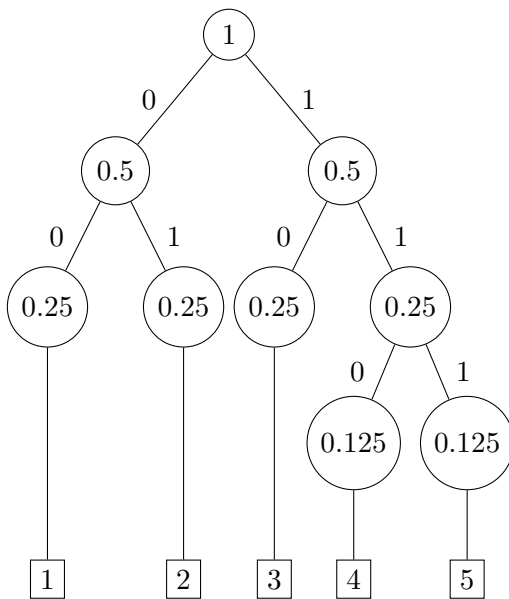
Ans

1.(a)



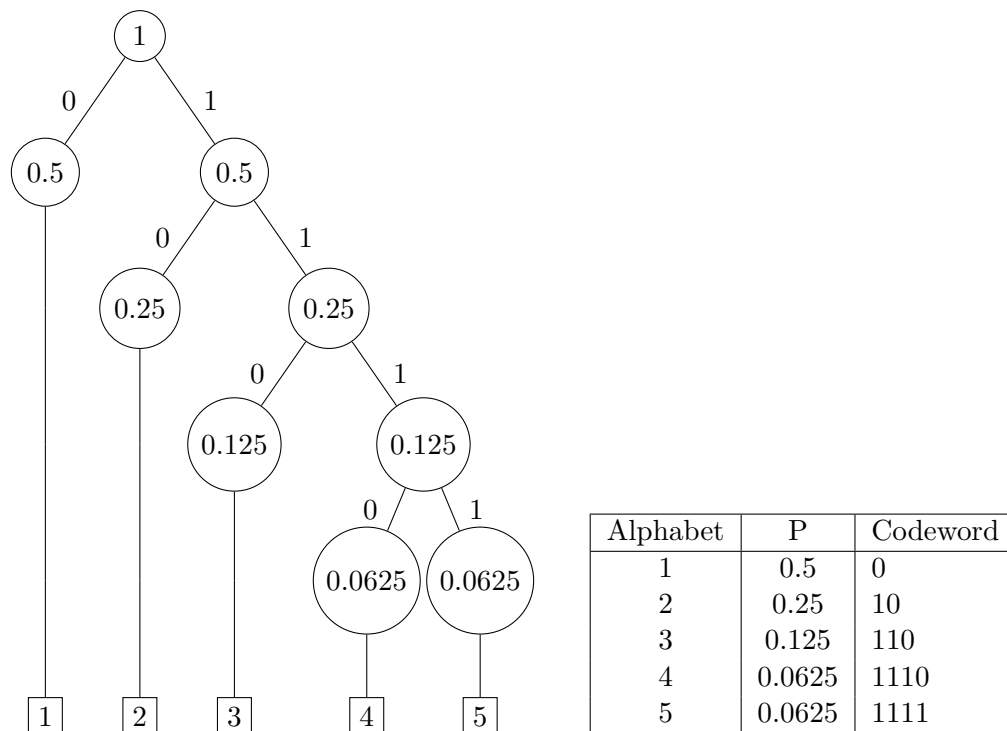
Alphabet	P	Codeword
1	0.5	0
2	0.5	1

1.(b)



Alphabet	P	Codeword
1	0.25	00
2	0.25	01
3	0.25	10
4	0.125	110
5	0.125	111

1.(c)



- (b) Compute the expected codeword length and compare with the entropy for your codes in (a).

Ans

1.(b)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Expected codeword length} &= 0.5 \times 1 + 0.5 \times 1 \\ &= 1 \text{ bits/symbol (Equal Entropy)} \end{aligned}$$

1.(b)

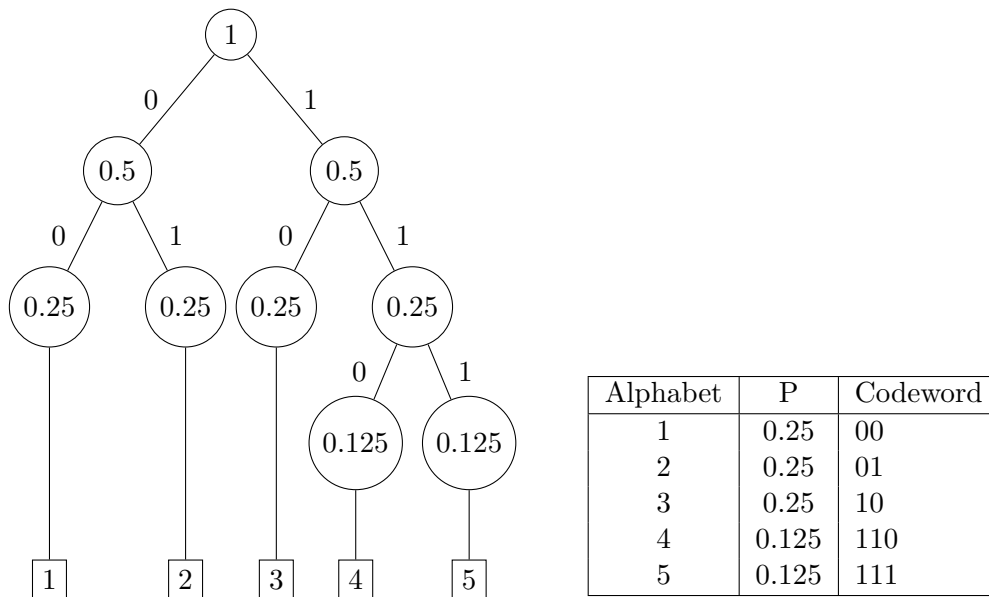
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Expected codeword length} &= 0.25 \times 2 + 0.25 \times 2 + 0.25 \times 2 + 0.125 \times 3 + 0.125 \times 3 \\ &= 2.25 \text{ bits/symbol (Equal Entropy)} \end{aligned}$$

1.(c)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Expected codeword length} &= 0.5 \times 1 + 0.25 \times 2 + 0.125 \times 3 + 0.0626 \times 4 + 0.0625 \times 4 \\ &= 4.125 \text{ bits/symbol (NOT Equal Entropy)} \end{aligned}$$

- (c) Design a code with minimum codeword length variance for the pmf model in Problem 1.(b)

Ans



Problem 3 Empirical Distribution C++

Empirical distribution. In the case a probability model is not known, it can be estimated from empirical data. Let's say the alphabet is $H = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, m\}$. Given a set of observations of length N , the empirical distribution is given by $p = \text{total number of symbol} / N$, for $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m$. Please determine the empirical distribution for **santaclaus.txt**, which is an ASCII file with only lower-cased English letters (i.e., $a \sim z$), space and CR (carriage return), totally 28 symbols. The file can be found on the class web site. Compute the entropy. (14%)

Ans

The source code for this problem are available at https://github.com/justin-changqi/2018_fall_data_compression.git. Please check README.md to know how to execute the code. After I executed the program the entropy is 4.12 bits/symbol. Empirical distribution shows in Figure 2

```
> ./huffman_code
```

Alphaba	SP	o	t	e	n	a	s	i	u	CR	c	y
Total Number	83	45	41	36	34	29	24	23	20	18	16	15
PMF	0.171	0.0926	0.0844	0.0741	0.07	0.0597	0.0494	0.0473	0.0412	0.037	0.0329	0.0309
CDF	0.171	0.263	0.348	0.422	0.492	0.551	0.601	0.648	0.689	0.726	0.759	0.79

Alphaba	h	w	g	r	l	b	m	d	k	p	f	v
Total Number	15	15	14	12	10	9	7	7	6	3	3	1
PMF	0.0309	0.0309	0.0288	0.0247	0.0206	0.0185	0.0144	0.0144	0.0123	0.00617	0.00617	0.00206
CDF	0.821	0.852	0.881	0.905	0.926	0.944	0.959	0.973	0.986	0.992	0.998	1

Entropy: 4.12 bits/symbol

Figure 1: Statistics result for **santaclaus.txt**

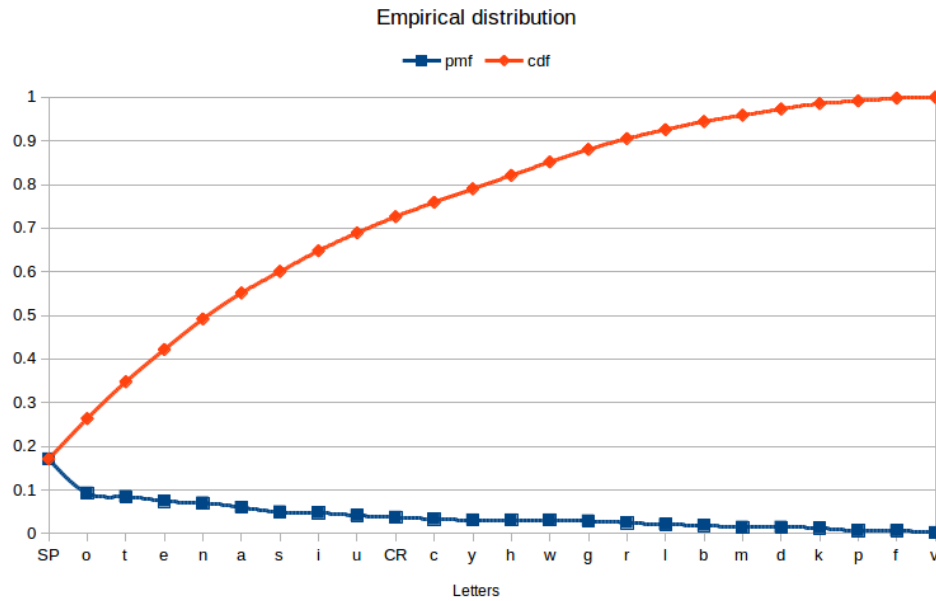


Figure 2: Empirical distribution for **santaclaus.txt**

Problem 4 Huffman Code Encode C++

Write a program that designs a Huffman code for the given distribution in Problem 3. (14

Ans

Problem 5 Adaptive Huffman Tree

Let X be a random variable with an alphabet H , i.e., the 26 lower-case letters. Use adaptive Huffman tree to find the binary code for the sequence **a a b b a**. (24%)

You are asked to use the following 5 bits fixed-length binary code as the initial codewords for the 26 letters. That is

a: 00000

b: 00001

⋮

z: 11001

Note: Show the Huffman tree during your coding process.

Ans

Problem 6 Golomb Encoding and Decoding.

- (a) Find the Golomb code of $n=21$ when $m=4$.

Ans

- (b) Find the Golomb code of $n=14$ when $m=4$.

Ans

- (c) Find the Golomb code of $n=21$ when $m=5$.

Ans

- (d) Find the Golomb code of $n=14$ when $m=5$.

Ans

- (e) A two-integer sequence is encoded by Golomb code with $m=4$ to get the bitstream 11101111000. What's the decoded two-integer sequence?

Ans

- (f) A two-integer sequence is encoded by Golomb code with $m=5$ to get the bitstream 11101111000 (the same bitstream as that in (e)). What's the decoded two-integer sequence?

Hint: The unary code for a positive integer q is simply q 1s followed by a 0.

Ans