

CANDIDATE  
NAME

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**MATHEMATICS**

**9709/42**

Paper 4 Mechanics 1 **(M1)**

**February/March 2017**

**1 hour 15 minutes**

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

**DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.**

Answer **all** the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity is needed, use  $10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ .

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

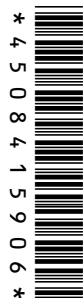
You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

This document consists of **11** printed pages and **1** blank page.



- 1** A particle of mass  $0.4 \text{ kg}$  is projected with a speed of  $12 \text{ m s}^{-1}$  up a line of greatest slope of a smooth plane inclined at  $30^\circ$  to the horizontal.

**(i)** Find the initial kinetic energy of the particle. [1]

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**(ii)** Use an energy method to find the distance the particle moves up the plane before coming to instantaneous rest. [3]

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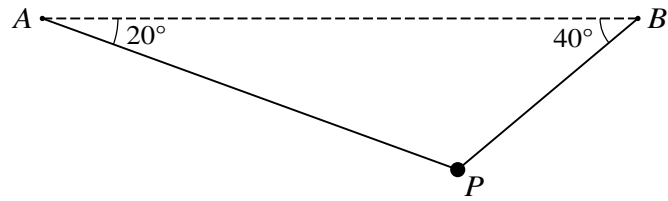
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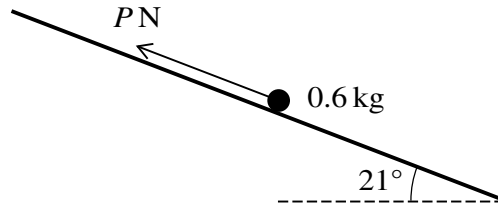
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A particle  $P$  of mass  $1.6 \text{ kg}$  is suspended in equilibrium by two light inextensible strings attached to points  $A$  and  $B$ . The strings make angles of  $20^\circ$  and  $40^\circ$  respectively with the horizontal (see diagram). Find the tensions in the two strings. [6]

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page, typical of notebook or legal stationery. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.



A particle of mass  $0.6\text{ kg}$  is placed on a rough plane which is inclined at an angle of  $21^\circ$  to the horizontal. The particle is kept in equilibrium by a force of magnitude  $P\text{ N}$  acting parallel to a line of greatest slope of the plane, as shown in the diagram. The coefficient of friction between the particle and the plane is  $0.3$ . Show that the least possible value of  $P$  is  $0.470$ , correct to 3 significant figures, and find the greatest possible value of  $P$ . [6]

[illegible]



- 4** A car of mass 900 kg is moving on a straight horizontal road  $ABCD$ . There is a constant resistance of magnitude 800 N in the sections  $AB$  and  $BC$ , and a constant resistance of magnitude  $R$  N in the section  $CD$ . The power of the car's engine is a constant 36 kW.

- (i) The car moves from  $A$  to  $B$  at a constant speed in 120 s. Find the speed of the car and the distance  $AB$ . [3]

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The car's engine is switched off at  $B$ .

- (ii) The distance  $BC$  is 450 m. Find the speed of the car at  $C$ . [3]

[illegible]

- (iii) The car comes to rest at  $D$ . The distance  $AD$  is 6637.5 m. Find the deceleration of the car and the value of  $R$ . [4]

This image shows a full page of white paper with horizontal dotted lines, typical of primary school writing paper. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

- 5** A particle  $P$  moves in a straight line starting from a point  $O$  and comes to rest 35 s later. At time  $t$  s after leaving  $O$ , the velocity  $v$  m s<sup>-1</sup> of  $P$  is given by

$$\begin{aligned} v &= \frac{4}{5}t^2 & 0 \leq t \leq 5, \\ v &= 2t + 10 & 5 \leq t \leq 15, \\ v &= a + bt^2 & 15 \leq t \leq 35, \end{aligned}$$

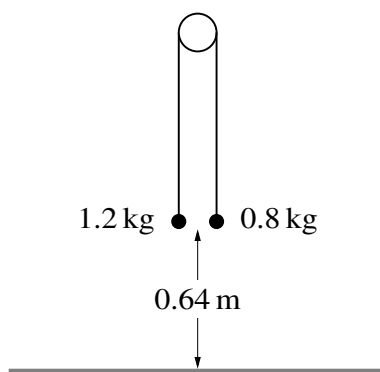
where  $a$  and  $b$  are constants such that  $a > 0$  and  $b < 0$ .

- (i) Show that the values of  $a$  and  $b$  are 49 and  $-0.04$  respectively. [3]

[illegible]







Two particles of masses 1.2 kg and 0.8 kg are connected by a light inextensible string that passes over a fixed smooth pulley. The particles hang vertically. The system is released from rest with both particles 0.64 m above the floor (see diagram). In the subsequent motion the 0.8 kg particle does not reach the pulley.

- (i)** Show that the acceleration of the particles is  $2 \text{ m s}^{-2}$  and find the tension in the string. [4]

[illegible]

[illegible]

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