CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/36 Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



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Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	Total
1 (a)	PDO layout	 I The following data are given mass of solid used (or both weighings) volume used in rough titre (or both readings) initial <i>and</i> final readings for <i>two</i> (or more) accurate titrations 	1	
	PDO recording	 II Acceptable/appropriate headings for all data given in weighing and accurate titration tables and g and cm³ units. mass/weight of beaker (empty) mass of beaker + FB 1/solid mass solid/FB1 initial/start/first (burette) reading/volume final/end/second (burette) reading/volume titre or volume used/added/FB 5 added (but not difference or change in volume) unit:/cm³ or (cm³) or in cm³ or cm³ If g/cm³ units are not given in the heading, every entry in the table must have the correct unit. 	1	
	PDO recording	III All accurate burette readings are to the nearest 0.05 cm ³ . The need to record to 0.05 only applies to the burette readings, including 0.00 cm ³ (if this was the initial reading), but it does not apply to the titre. Do not award this mark if: 50(.00) is used as an initial burette reading more than one final burette reading is 50.(00) any burette reading is greater than 50.(00).	1	
	MMO decision	IV There are two uncorrected accurate titres within 0.10 cm ³ . Do not include a reading if it is labelled "rough". Do not award this mark if, having performed two titres within 0.1 cm ³ , a further titration is performed which is more than 0.10 cm ³ from the closer of the initial two titres, unless further titrations, within 0.1 cm ³ of any other, has also been carried out. Do not award the mark if any accurate burette readings (apart from initial zero) are given as integers.	1	
	MMO quality	Examiner calculates mean titre \times mass FB 1 for candidate and Supervisor. Award V , VI and VII if $\delta \le 2$ (g cm ³) Award V and VI if $2 < \delta \le 3$ Award V , only, if $3 < \delta \le 5$. Spread penalty: if two best titres used by the Examiner are ≥ 0.50 cm ³ apart, cancel one Q mark.	1 1 1	[7]

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1	(b)	ММО	Candidate calculates the mean correctly.	1	
		decision	Candidate must take the average two (or more) titres where the total spread is ≤ 0.2 cm ³ .		
			Working must be shown or ticks must be put next to the accurate titres selected.		
			The mean should normally be quoted to 2 dp , rounded to nearest 0.01 cm ³ . Example 26.667 cm ³ must be rounded to 26.67 not 26.65 cm ³ , 26.675 cm ³ must be rounded to 26.68 not 26.70 cm ³ .		
			Two special cases, where the mean may not be to 2 dp: Allow mean expressed to 3 dp, only for 0.025 or 0.075. Allow mean if expressed to 1 dp if all accurate burette readings were given to 1 dp (ignoring initial given as 0) and the mean is exactly correct e.g. 26.0 and 26.2 = 26.1 is correct but 26.0 and 26.1 = 26.1 is wrong – should be 26.05.		
			 Do not award this mark if: The rough titre was used to calculate the mean. The candidate did only one accurate titration. Burette readings were incorrectly subtracted to obtain any of the accurate titre values. All burette readings (resulting in titre values used in calculation of mean) are integers. 		
			Note : the candidate's mean will sometimes be marked correct even if it is different from the mean calculated by the Examiner for the purpose of assessing accuracy.		[1]
1	(c)	ACE interpretation	I Correctly calculates moles of Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ weighed in (i) = mass of FB1 used 248.2	1	
			II Correct expression for moles of Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃ used in (ii) = answer (i) × mean titre 250	1	
			III Correct calculations/expression in (iii) and (iv) (iii) : no moles of $I_2 = 0.5 \times (ii)$	1	
		PDO display	IV Correct expression in (v) Mass = answer (iv) × 40 ×158(.0) (× 40 may be shown as × 1000/25)	1	
		PDO display	V All quoted answers are given to 3 or 4 significant figures. (minimum of three answers)	1	[5]

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1	(d)	ACE interpretation	error = 0.05cm^3 in (i) and % error in volume of FB 5 = $\frac{2 \times 0.05}{\text{vol of FB 5 used}} \times 100 \text{in}$ (ii)	1	[1]
				[To	tal: 14]
2	(a)	MMO collection	I The masses of FB 6 used by the candidate were between 2.0 – 2.4 g (expt 1) and 2.5 – 2.9 g (expt 2).	1	
		PDO display	II Suitable headings for a table or list, shown completely for at least one experiment. If 2 experiments, all headings must be correct. • (mass of) empty crucible • (mass of) crucible + FB 6 • (mass of) crucible + residue/FB 6 after heating • mass (water) lost or mass anhydrous remaining	1	
			and unit covering every weighing. Unit/g or (g) or in grams or g following each weighing.		
		PDO recording	III Records all balance readings consistently to at least 1 dp A minimum of three weighings are needed.	1	
		MMO quality	Examiner calculates mass of hydrated salt mass of water experiment. Award IV if the ratio in expt 1 is between 0.95 and 1.15. Award VI if the ratio in expt 2 is between 0.95 and 1.15. Award VI if the ratio in both of experiments 1 and 2 is between 0.85 and 1.25.	1 1 1	[6]
2	(b)	MMO quality	 (i) An appropriate choice of the more accurate experiment, and justification of choice. Three possibilities: • Experiment 2 uses a larger mass and has a greater percentage accuracy. • A reference to either experiment "spitting" or "frothing" during heating is a valid reason for nominating the other experiment. • Experiment 1 as smaller mass takes less heating. 	1	
		ACE interpretation	(ii) Correctly calculates number of moles of water = mass of water lost 18 Ans to 2–4 sf Candidate must use the mass loss for the experiment thought to be more accurate. (If no choice is expressed in (i), this should be expt 2.)	1	
		ACE conclusion	(iii) $MSO_4.7H_2O(s) \rightarrow MSO_4(s) + 7H_2O(g)$ Allow (I) for water.	1	
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	ACE interpretation	(iv) Correct answer calculated n(MSO ₄) = n(water) 7 i.e. answer (ii) divided by 7	1	
	ACE interpretation	Ans to 2–4 sf (v) Method mark showing the numbers for the expression Relative formula mass = mass of residue no of moles Mass of residue from same expt as mass of water Ans to 2–4 sf	1	
	ACE interpretation	(vi) Correct answer calculated $A_r = M_r - 96.1$. Candidates are allowed to use 126.3 as the M_r . In this case, the $A_r = 30.2$. Ans 2–4 sf Penalise sf once only within (b)	1	
	ACE conclusion	(vii) Correct identification of M as magnesium and explanation that this A_r is closest to value calculated. Allow alternative identity of metal as ecf from A_r value.	1	
	ACE conclusion	(viii) (M is divalent but) Al and Cr are both trivalent or (M forms 2+ ion whereas) Al and Cr are 3+ or sulfates of Cr/Al are not CrSO ₄ and AlSO ₄ (ora) ref to both needed	1	[8]
2 (c)	ACE Improvement s	Cool in a desiccator or cool in closed container with a (named) drying agent	1	[1]
			[To	tal: 15]

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FB	6 = Mg	SO ₄ ; FB 7 is H ₂ S	SO ₄ ; FB	8 is Pb(NO ₃) ₂ ; FE	3 9 = KI			
3	(a)	MMO collection	` '	nite precipitate, ins OH and NH ₃	oluble in exce	ss for both	1	
		MMO decision	` '	(ii) Use barium chloride/nitrate and hydrochloric/nitric acid			1	
		MMO collection	Wh	nite precipitate forn	1			
		ACE conclusion	(iii) Ba	²⁺ + SO ₄ ²⁻ → BaSC	1	[4]		
3	(b)	MMO collection	(i) On	e mark for each co	olumn		1	
				FB 7	FB 8	FB 9		
			Mg	Fizzing or tube gets hot/heat given out or Mg dissolves and (gas) pops with lighted splint	Black solid/ppt formed/Mg strip turns dark	No reaction	1	
			FB 7		White ppt	No reaction		
			FB 8			Yellow ppt		
							1	
		ACE conclusion	an	 7 is sulfuric acid d it is acidic (or H⁺ zes/hydrogen prod 	•	,	1	
		MMO collection	col	iii) Red-brown/brown/orange-brown/yellow-brown colour with KI (not red or orange or yellow) and blue or black colour with starch			1	
		ACE conclusion		line produced d the anion in FB 9	9 is iodide.		1	
		ACE conclusion	(iv) Pb	(iv) PbI_2 or AgI (or both) Ecf possible for CrO_4^{2-} in (iii) with Ba^{2+} or Pb^{2+}			1	[7]
							[Т	otal: 11]