CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/23

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23

1 (a) (i)

S atom has 6 **and C** atom has 4 electrons (1)

S=C double bonds (4 electrons) clearly shown (1)

(ii) linear and 180° (1) [3]

(b) (i) $CS_2 + 3O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2SO_2$ (1)

(ii) enthalpy change when 1 mol of a substance (1)

is burnt in an excess of oxygen/air

or is completely combusted

under standard conditions (1) [3]

(c)

$$CS_2 + 3O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2SO_2$$

$$\Delta H_f \ominus / k J \, \text{mol}^{-1} \, x - 395 \qquad 2(-298) \qquad (1)$$

$$\Delta H_{\text{reaction}} = -395 + 2(-298) - x = -1110 \, k J \, \text{mol}^{-1} \qquad (1)$$
gives $x = -395 + (-596) + 1110 = +119 \, k J \, \text{mol}^{-1} \qquad (1)$

(d) (i)
$$CS_2 + 2NO \rightarrow CO_2 + 2S + N_2$$

or
 $CS_2 + 2NO \rightarrow CO + 2S + N_2O$

correct products (1)

correct equation (1)

(ii) from -2 to 0 **both** required (1) [3]

[Total: 12]

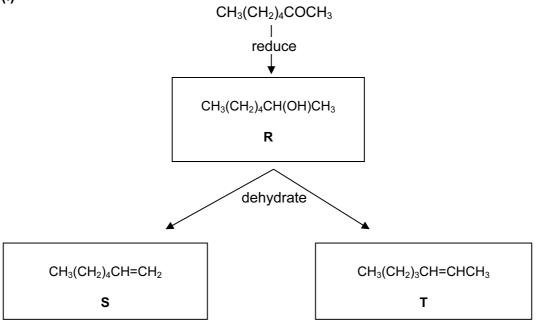
	Pa	ige 3					k Scheme				Syllabus	Paper	
					GCE AS	A LEV	EL – May/	June 2	2013		9701	23	
2	(a)	(i)	if the	e conditi	ons of a sy	/stem i	n equilibriu	ım are	changed			(1)	
			the p	oosition	of equilibri	um mo	oves so as	to redu	ce that cha	ange		(1)	[2]
		(ii)	lowe	er tempe	rature							(1)	
			beca	ause the	forward re	eaction	is exother	mic				(1)	
			high	er press	sure							(1)	
				ause the	forward re	eaction	shows a r	eductio	n in volum	е			
			or there	e are fev	wer molecı	ules/mo	oles on RH	S of ed	quilibrium			(1)	[4]
	(b)				CO ₂	+	H_2	=	СО	+	H ₂ O		
		initi	al mo	les	0.70		0.70		0.30		0.30		
		equ	ıil. mo	oles	(0.70-x)		(0.70-x)		(0.30+x)		(0.30+x)	(1)	
		equ	ıil. coı	ncn.	(0.70–x) 1		(0.70-x) 1		(0.30+x) 1		(0.30+x) 1		
		K _c =	= <u>(0.3</u> (0.7	$\frac{(0+x)^2}{(0-x)^2} =$	1.44							(1)	
		at e	equilib O ₂) =	: 0.25 orium, : <i>n</i> (H ₂) =	: 0.70 – 0.2	25 = 0.	45 moles					(1)	
		and n(C		n(H ₂ O)	= 0.3 + 0.2	25 = 0.9	55 moles					(1)	[4]

[Total: 10]

	Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	,
				GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23	
3	(a) (i	i)	Не о і	r Ne or Ar or Kr		(1)	
	(ii	i)	P or	As		(1)	
	(iii	i)	Br			(1)	
	(iv	/)	Na	allow Ar	(1)		
	(v	/)	Si			(1)	
	(vi	i)	P allo	ow Si		(1)	
	(vi	i)	C <i>l</i> or	F or Br		(1)	[7]
	(b) (i	i)	any t	two from P_4O_6 , SO_2 and Cl_2O_7		(1+1)	
	(ii	i) A <i>l</i> ₂ C		3 or SiO2		(1)	
	(iii	i)	MgS	O_3		(1)	[4]
	(c) (i	i)	Si is g	giant molecular/giant covalent or			
			P, S,	and Cl are simple molecular		(1)	
	(ii	i)	the m	nolecules are S ₈ , P ₄ , C l ₂		(1)	
			large	r molecules have more electrons		(1)	
			and h	nence greater van der Waals' forces		(1)	[4]
						[Total:	15]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper	
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23	

4 (a) (i)



one mark for each correct compound, R, S and T

allow correct cis and trans versions of compound T for 2 marks (3×1)

(ii) reduction

NaBH₄ or LiA
1
H₄ or H₂/Ni or Na/C₂H₅OH (1) dehydration

$$P_4O_{10}/P_2O_5$$
 or H_3PO_4 or conc. H_2SO_4 or Al_2O_3 (1) [5]

(b)

Tollens' reagent	NO REACTION		
HCN	CH ₃ (CH ₂) ₄ C(OH)CH ₃ CN		
K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ /H ⁺	NO REACTION		

one mark for each correct answer (3×1) [3]

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23

(c) Na₂CO₃ or NaHCO₃ effervescence/colourless gas

or

Na colourless gas

or

 PCl_3/PCl_5 etc. steamy fumes

or

 $C_2H_5OH/conc.\ H_2SO_4$ sweet smell of ester

or

K₂Cr₂O₇/H⁺ orange solution becomes green

correct reagent (1)

correct observation (1) [2]

[Total: 10]

			GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	9701	23	
5	(a) (i	i) C	H ₂ =CHCO ₂ H		(1)	
	(ii	i) Bi	·CH ₂ CHBrCH ₂ OH		(1)	
	(iii	i) pr	oduct is HOCH ₂ CH(OH)CH ₂ OH			
		CC	orrect addition across >C=C<		(1)	
		or	iginal –CH₂OH remains		(1)	
	(iv) H	O ₂ CCO ₂ H		(1)	[5]
	(b) (i	i) ու	ucleophilic substitution		(1)	
	(ii	i) ox	kidation		(1)	[2]
	(c) (i	i) st	ep I			
		H	2		(1)	
		he	eat with Ni catalyst		(1)	
		st	ep II			
		ad	cidified K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇		(1)	
		he	eat or distil off product		(1)	
	(ii	i) st OI	ructural isomerism			
			nctional group isomerism		(1)	[5]
	(d) b	oth o	oxidation and reduction have occurred or			
	d	ispro	portionation has taken place		(1)	[1]
					[Total:	: 13]

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

Page 7