
MATHEMATICS

9709/43

Paper 4 Mechanics 1 (M1)

May/June 2016

1 hour 15 minutes

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

Answer **all** the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

Where a numerical value for the acceleration due to gravity is needed, use 10 m s^{-2} .

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.

This document consists of **3** printed pages, **1** blank page and **1** insert.

- 1 A particle of mass 8 kg is pulled at a constant speed a distance of 20 m up a rough plane inclined at an angle of 30° to the horizontal by a force acting along a line of greatest slope.

(i) Find the change in gravitational potential energy of the particle. [2]

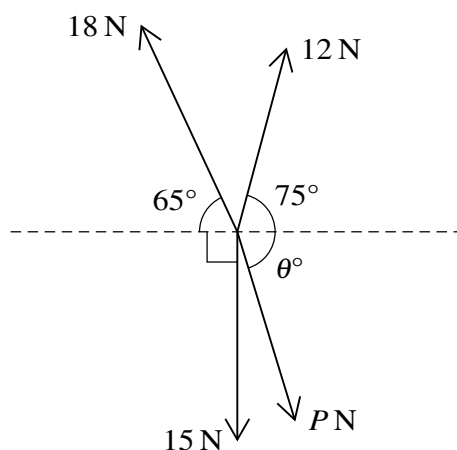
(ii) The total work done against gravity and friction is 1146 J. Find the frictional force acting on the particle. [2]

- 2 Alan starts walking from a point O , at a constant speed of 4 m s^{-1} , along a horizontal path. Ben walks along the same path, also starting from O . Ben starts from rest 5 s after Alan and accelerates at 1.2 m s^{-2} for 5 s. Ben then continues to walk at a constant speed until he is at the same point, P , as Alan.

(i) Find how far Ben has travelled when he has been walking for 5 s and find his speed at this instant. [2]

(ii) Find the distance OP . [3]

3



The coplanar forces shown in the diagram are in equilibrium. Find the values of P and θ . [6]

- 4 A particle of mass 15 kg is stationary on a rough plane inclined at an angle of 20° to the horizontal. The coefficient of friction between the particle and the plane is 0.2. A force of magnitude $X \text{ N}$ acting parallel to a line of greatest slope of the plane is used to keep the particle in equilibrium. Show that the least possible value of X is 23.1, correct to 3 significant figures, and find the greatest possible value of X . [7]

- 5 The motion of a car of mass 1400 kg is resisted by a constant force of magnitude 650 N.
- (i) Find the constant speed of the car on a horizontal road, assuming that the engine works at a rate of 20 kW. [2]
 - (ii) The car is travelling at a constant speed of 10 m s^{-1} up a hill inclined at an angle of θ to the horizontal, where $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{7}$. Find the power of the car's engine. [3]
 - (iii) The car descends the same hill with the engine working at 80% of the power found in part (ii). Find the acceleration of the car at an instant when the speed is 20 m s^{-1} . [3]
- 6 Two particles of masses 1.3 kg and 0.7 kg are connected by a light inextensible string that passes over a fixed smooth pulley. The particles are held at the same vertical height with the string taut. The distance of each particle above a horizontal plane is 2 m, and the distance of each particle below the pulley is 4 m. The particles are released from rest.
- (i) Find
 - (a) the tension in the string before the particle of mass 1.3 kg reaches the plane,
 - (b) the time taken for the particle of mass 1.3 kg to reach the plane. [6]
 - (ii) Find the greatest height of the particle of mass 0.7 kg above the plane. [4]
- 7 A particle P moves in a straight line. At time t s, the displacement of P from O is s m and the acceleration of P is $a \text{ m s}^{-2}$, where $a = 6t - 2$. When $t = 1$, $s = 7$ and when $t = 3$, $s = 29$.
- (i) Find the set of values of t for which the particle is decelerating. [2]
 - (ii) Find s in terms of t . [5]
 - (iii) Find the time when the velocity of the particle is 10 m s^{-1} . [3]

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