#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2008 question paper

# 9702 PHYSICS

9702/32

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2008 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



Page 2				Scheme	0000		Syllabus	Pape	er
			E A/AS LEV	•	une 2008		9702	32	
Ma	nipulatio	n, measure	ment and ob	servation					
Successful collection of data									
(b)	Value of	length 0.47	Om to 0.490n	n (to neares	t cm or mm)				[′
(c)	10 <i>T</i> (or r	nore) has b	een measure	d (could be	evidence in	table o	f results).		[
(c)	Repeat readings. At least two readings of $10T$ or $T$ (could be in table).				['				
(d)	Six sets	of values fo	readings as a T and / scorverse trend the	res 3 marks					[S
(d)	Apparatu	s set up wit	hout help fro	m Supervis	or.				[
Rai	nge and c	listribution	of values						
(d)	Range of	ا مال میان							
(4)	_	•	luding the va and 18cm (no	. ,	s), with no ir	nterval (	greater than 7	cm.	[
. ,	Must incl	ude 48cm a	_	minal value	s), with no ir	nterval (	greater than 7	cm.	[
Pre	Must incl	ude 48cm a	ind 18cm (no	minal value	s), with no ir	nterval (	greater than 7	cm.	[
Pre Tak	Must include sentation of the sentation	ude 48cm and of data and the some	ind 18cm (no	ominal value  ons  in a quantity ble.  ng mark bet	y and a unit ween the qu	where a	appropriate.	cm.	
Pre Tat	Must include sentation of the sentation	ude 48cm and of data and the some sexpected,	d observation g must contact by of the table distinguishir	ominal value  ons  in a quantity ble.  ng mark bet	y and a unit ween the qu	where a	appropriate.	cm.	[]
Pre Tak (d)	Must inclusion Must inclusion of the column	ude 48cm and of data and tandard of data and of presented, atandard of presented, or of presented of 10T (or	d observation d observation d observation d observation of ra	ominal value  ons  ain a quantity ble.  ng mark bety for example  w readings. jiven to the	y and a unit ween the qu , <i>T</i> (s)).	where a antity a	appropriate.	cm.	[
Pre Tak (d) Tak (d)	Must inclusion of the column o	ude 48cm and of data and tandard of data and of presented, atandard of presented, or of presented of 10T (or	g must contained of the table distinguishing but accept, for the table of the table distinguishing but accept, for the table of table of the table of t	ominal value  ons  ain a quantity ble.  ng mark bety for example  w readings. jiven to the	y and a unit ween the qu , <i>T</i> (s)).	where a antity a	appropriate. nd the unit	cm.	
Pre Tak (d) Tak (d)	Must inclusion Must inclusion of the sentation of the sen	of data and t neadings. umn headingits in the boust be some sexpected, ata ncy of preses of 10T (or are to the neadinging to 2 sexpected) at the figures. A given to 2 sexpected sexpected at a sexpected to 3 sexpected at a sexpected	g must contained of the table distinguishing but accept, for the table of the table distinguishing but accept, for the table of table of the table of t	ons  ain a quantity ble.  ng mark bety for example  w readings. given to the sety then -1. A  ake trailing z t T² to 2 or t T² to 3 or	y and a unit ween the qu , T (s)). same numbe llow trailing a zeros into ac 3 sf. 4 sf.	where a antity a er of de zeros.	appropriate. nd the unit	cm.	[

Page	e 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2008	9702	32
C***	h. lava.	_		
Grap	h: layou	it .		
(Grap	oh) Axes		-14 14	
	Sens	sible scales must be used (not 3:10 etc.), with laberes	eis at least eve	ry three larg
	•	es must be such that the plotted points occupy at leas	t half the graph o	rid in both
	-	/ directions.	attad lamanami	<b>.</b> _
		es must be labelled with the quantity which is being plate false origin with FO.	ollea. Ignore uni	is.
		reversed axes, but if wrong graph plotted then −1.		[′
Grap	h: plotti	ng of points		
(Grap	,	oservations must be plotted. Count and circle the num	•	
	_	and check a suspect plot. Tick if correct. Re-plot if incate to an accuracy of half a small square.	correct.	
		t allow blobs (i.e. large dots with diameter ≥ half a small	all square).	[′
_				
Grap	h: trend	line		
(Grap		of best fit. Allow 5 trend plots.		
		e by scatter of points about the candidate's line. ate best line if candidate's line is not the best line.		
		t allow a line thicker than half a small square.		[
Qual	ity of da	ta		
(Gran	oh) Juda	e by scatter of points.		
	Allov	2cm (scaled) in the l direction either side of any line	that could be dra	ıwn.
		ots from table are needed for this mark to be scored. ot award this mark if the trend is wrong or if wrong gra	nh is drawn	[′
	Don	or award this mark it the trend is wrong or it wrong gre	ipii is diawii.	ι
Anal	ysis, co	nclusions and evaluation		
Inter	pretatio	n of graph		
(f) (	Gradient.			
		tenuse of the $\Delta$ must be $\geq$ half the length of the drawn	line.	
		is must be accurate to half a small square. $\Delta y/\Delta x$ (do not allow $\Delta x/\Delta y$ ).		[′
	JIICCK IO	Ay/Ax (do not allow Ax/Ay).		L
(f) T	The <i>y</i> -inte	ercept value must be read to the nearest half square.		
	-	r false origin. The value can be calculated using ratios	s or $y = mx + c$ .	[′
Draw	ing con	clusions		
(g) \	/alue for	<i>M</i> . Check substitution into "gradient = $4\pi^2 m/g(m+M)$ "	is correct.	
F	Allow 10	– 70g. Unit required.		[′
(a) \	/alue for	z. Must equal the y-intercept. Unit required ( $s^2$ ). 2 or 3	3 s.f.	[´

[Total: 20]

Pag	e 4		Scheme	Syllabus 9702	Paper 32
		GCE A/A3 LEVI	EL – May/June 2008	9702	32
Mani	pulation, m	easurement and ob	servation		
Succ	essful colle	ction of data			
(b) (	i) First mea	surement of circumf	ference to nearest mm. U	nit must be given.	[
(c) N	Measuremen	t of $t_1$ .			[
(c) F	Repeated me	asurements for $t_1$ (o	r t <sub>2</sub> ).		[
(d) S	Second meas	surement of c.			[
(d) S	Second meas	surement of circumfe	erence < first measuremer	nt.	[
(d) N	Measuremen	t of $t_2$ .			[
Qual	ity of data				
(d) t	decreases v	hen <i>c</i> decreases.			[
Pres	entation of o	data and observatio	ons		
Disp	lay of calcu	ation and reasonin	g		
(b) (	•	first radius calculated prect use of $c = 2\pi r$ .	d correctly. Consistent un	it must be given.	[
(d) \	/alue of seco	and radius, with same	e s.f. (or one more than) o	······································	[
	Possibilities i two calcu	ılations of <i>t²/r</i> or	ortionality. r values both calculated.		[

## **Drawing conclusions**

(e) Sensible comments relating to calculations and suggested relationship.

The only way this mark can be scored without the first (e) mark is if the results show the wrong trend and it is argued that this disproves the suggested relationship (but don't credit 'results show inverse proportionality').

[1]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2008	9702	32

### Estimating uncertainties

(b) (ii) Percentage uncertainty in c.

 $\Delta c$  must be 0.2–0.5cm (or half the range if repeated readings). Correct ratio idea required ( $\Delta c$ /circumference) × 100%.

[1]

## Identifying limitations

- (f) (i) Underline and tick relevant point (one from each section):
  - A two sets of readings are not enough (to draw a conclusion)
  - **B** difficult to make accurate cylinder shape
    - cylinder radius/circumference varies
  - C cylinder doesn't roll straight
  - **D** human <u>reaction</u> error (in timing)
    - measured time is very short not 'difficult to release cylinder and start stopwatch together'
  - **E** difficult to judge end point

[4 max]

#### Suggesting improvements

- (f) (ii) Underline and tick relevant point (one from each section):
  - A test many cylinders and plot a graph
    - test many cylinders and find many values of k
  - **B** method of making more accurate cylinder
  - D time over longer distance
    - use shallower angle ramp
    - use light gates/pressure switches to measure time
    - use freeze-frame photography to measure time
    - use motion sensor to measure time
    - not just 'use video'
    - not 'repeated readings'
    - not just 'use computer/data logger'
  - mark distance with lines on ramp (to eliminate parallax) not 'use a pointer'
  - **X** new method (e.g. vernier calipers) to measure <u>average diameter</u>

[4 max]

[Total: 20]