UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/21

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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_	GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9701	21	
	alkanes/paraffins not hydrocarbon		(1)	[1]
(b) 2 C ₁₄ H ₃₀	+ 43 O_2 \rightarrow 28 CO_2 + 30 H_2O or			
C ₁₄ H ₃₀ +	$^{43}I_2O_2 \rightarrow 14 CO_2 + 15 H_2O$		(1)	[1]
(c) (i) mas	s of C ₁₄ H ₃₀ burnt			
	5 x 10.8 = 88.506 = 88.5 t 000		(1)	
(ii) mas	s of CO ₂ produced			
$M_{\rm r}$ o	$f C_{14}H_{30} = (14 \times 12 + 30 \times 1) = 198$		(1)	
2 x	198 t of $C_{14}H_{30} \to 28 \text{ x } 44 \text{ t of } CO_2$			
88.5	t of $C_{14}H_{30} \rightarrow 28 \times 44 \times 88.5$ 2 x 198		(1)	
= 27	5.3 t of CO ₂		(1)	
	v 275.4 t if candidate has used 88.506 v ecf on wrong value for $M_{\rm r}$ of $\rm C_{14}H_{30}$			[4]
(d) $n = \frac{PV}{DT}$	$= \frac{6 \times 10^{5} \times 710 \times 10^{-6}}{8.31 \times 293}$		(1)	
= 0.17	0.0 1 X 200		(1)	[2]

(e) $P = \frac{nRT}{V} = \frac{0.175 \times 8.31 \times 278}{710 \times 10^{-6}}$ (1)

 $= 569410.5634 \text{ Pa} = 5.7 \times 10^5 \tag{1}$

allow ecf on (d) [2]

[Total: 10]

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				GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011		21	
2	(-)	/:\	مسموا بامسم	hydrocorbono into anallar hydrocorbono ar			
2	(a)	(1)	•	hydrocarbons into smaller hydrocarbons or		(4)	
			break down	large hydrocarbons		(1)	
			smaller hyd	rocarbons are more useful or			
			•	rocarbons are more in demand		(1)	
			,			()	
		(ii)	•	emperatures/thermal cracking or			
			using cataly	sts/catalytic cracking		(1)	
	((iii)	$C_{44}H_{20} \rightarrow C$	₇ H ₁₆ + C ₇ H ₁₄ or			
	'	,		$_{7}H_{16} + C_{2}H_{4} + C_{5}H_{10}$ or			
				$_{7}H_{16} + C_{3}H_{6} + C_{4}H_{8}$ or			
						(4)	
			$C_{14}H_{30} \rightarrow C$	$_{7}H_{16} + 2C_{2}H_{4} + C_{3}H_{6}$		(1)	
			do not allow	any equation with H ₂			[4]
	(b)	etha	nol has hyd	rogen bonding, ethanethiol does not		(1)	[1]
			•			` ,	
	(c)	(i)	C ₂ H ₂ SH + ⁹ /	$I_2O_2 \to 2CO_2 + SO_2 + 3H_2O$ or			
	(0)	(')		$9O_2 \rightarrow 4CO_2 + 2SO_2 + 6H_2O$			
						(1)	
			correct prod			(1)	
			correct equa	ation which is balanced		(1)	
		(ii)	for CO ₂				
			_	reenhouse effect		(1)	
			global warm	ning		(1)	
			for SO ₂				
			formation of	facid rain		(1)	
				stonework of buildings/		()	
				of aluminium ions into rivers/			
			_	watercourses or forests/			
			aquatic life				
			corrosion of			(1)	[6]
			0011031011 01	metals		(1)	[0]
						(4)	F 4 7
	(d)	nelp	detect leak	s ot gas		(1)	[1]
	, ,			45000		7.43	
	(e)		perature of 4			(1)	
			sure of $1-2$			(1)	
		V_2C	₅ /vanadium(V) oxide/vanadium pentoxide catalyst		(1)	[3]

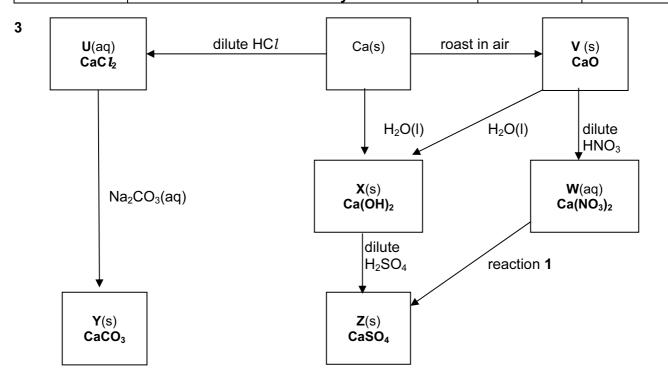
Mark Scheme: Teachers' version

Syllabus

Paper

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(b) heat strongly in a test-tube or a boiling tube do not allow 'heat gently' or 'reflux' (1) [1]

V to W
$$CaO + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2 + H_2O$$
(1)

U to Y
$$CaCl_2 + Na_2CO_3 \rightarrow CaCO_3 + 2NaCl$$
(1)

(ii)
$$2Ca(NO_3)_2 \rightarrow 2CaO + 4NO_2 + O_2$$
 (1) [4]

(d)
$$Na_2SO_4(aq)/K_2SO_4(aq)$$
 or formula of any soluble sulfate (1) [1]

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(e) (i) Ca to X

colourless gas formed/fizzing/effervescence/bubbles **or**Ca dissolves **or**white precipitate/suspension formed

(ii) strongly exothermic/vigorous reaction or steam formed/steamy fumes or surface crumbles do not allow white ppt.

(1) [2]

[Total: 13]

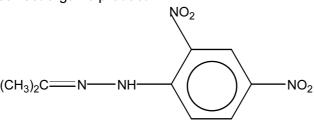
(1)

(1)

- 4 (a) (i) nucleophilic addition both words are necessary
 - (ii) NaCN and H₂SO₄ or HCN plus CN⁻ do not allow HCN on its own (1)
 - (iii) correct δ + and δ -, i.e.



(b) (i) correct organic product



C=N bond must be clearly shown (1) H_2O formed/ equation balanced (1) [2]

(ii) H_3C C = N - O - H H_3C (1) [1]

[Total: 6]

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			GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011		9701	21	
5	(a)	Ca	$C_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + C_2H_2$			(1)	[1]
	(b)	(i)	step step	addition		(1) (1) (1)	
		(ii)		lent NaOH/KOH/OH ⁻ ditions in alcohol/ethanol allow conditions mark if reagent is correct		(1) (1)	[5]
	(c)	(i)		CH ₃ CHO (as minimum) CH ₃ CO ₂ H (as minimum)		(1) (1)	
		(ii)	•	3 is addition 4 is oxidation/redox		(1) (1)	[4]
	(d)	(i)	C ₂ H ₂ equa H ₂ C	abustion $_{2}(g) + {}^{5}/_{2}O_{2}(g) \rightarrow 2CO_{2}(g) + H_{2}O(I)$ or ation must be for the combustion of one mole of $C_{2}H_{2}$ of must be shown as liquid ect state symbols in this equation		(1) (1)	
			2C(s	nation s) + $H_2(g) \rightarrow C_2H_2(g)$ nark for state symbols here		(1)	
		(ii)	let Z	Z be $\Delta H_{\mathrm{f}}^{\mathrm{e}}$ of $C_{2}H_{2}$			
			$\Delta H^{ m e}_{ m f}$	$C_2H_2 + {}^5/_2O_2 \rightarrow 2CO_2 + H_2O$ 2 2 0 2(-394) -286			
				$c_0 = -1300 = 2(-394) + (-286) - \mathbf{Z}$ nce $\mathbf{Z} = 2(-394) + (-286) - (-1300)$		(1)	
			valu sign			(1) (1)	[6]
						[Total:	161

[Total: 16]