

Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME					
CENTRE NUMBER			CANDIDATE NUMBER		

6943099556

COMPUTER SCIENCE

9608/33

Paper 3 Advanced Theory

May/June 2020

1 hour 30 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.
- Calculators must not be used in this paper.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].
- No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

- 1 In a particular computer system, real numbers are stored using floating-point representation with:
 - 10 bits for the mantissa
 - 6 bits for the exponent
 - two's complement form for both mantissa and exponent.
 - (a) Calculate the normalised floating-point representation of +192.5 in this system. Show your working.

	Mantis	SSa		Exponent			
Working							
Calculate t	the normalised f	loating-point rep	resentation	of -192.5 in	this system.	Show	
working.							
working.	Mantis	ssa		Ехро	nent		
working.	Mantis	ssa		Expo	nent		
	Mantis						
Working							
Working							

3 (c) The floating-point representation has changed. There are now 12 bits for the mantissa and 4 bits for the exponent as shown. **Exponent Mantissa** Explain why +192.5 cannot be accurately represented in this format. The diagram shows four files and three methods of file organisation. Draw **one** line to match each file with its most appropriate method of file organisation. File File organisation Text file Sequential File for recording the temperature every hour Random Master file for paying each employee every month

2

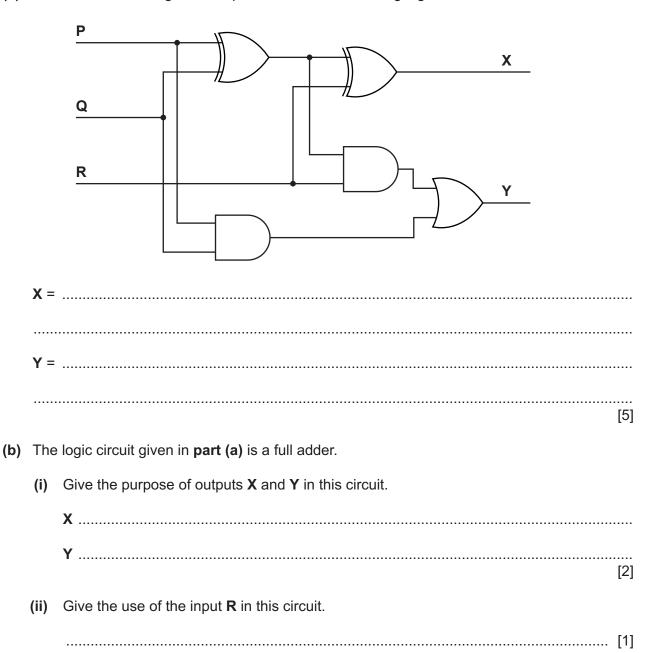
[4]

Serial

Customer user name and password file

3			e phone company uses circuit switching for voice calls and packet switching to send other data.	and
	(a)	(i)	Describe circuit switching.	
				[3]
		(ii)	Explain why the company uses circuit switching for voice calls.	
	(b)	(i)	Describe packet switching.	[2]
	(')	()		
		(ii)	Explain why the company uses packet switching to send and receive other data.	[၁]
		()		
				[2]

4 (a) Write the Boolean algebraic expressions for the following logic circuit.



5 Complete these **three** statements about computer processors.

6 Duraid writes a short program in a high-level programming language. An interpreter executes the program.

The following is part of Duraid's program.

```
DECLARE P, Q, R, X, Y : INTEGER

CONSTANT M = 10

P = 4
Q = 2
R = 1
X = (P + Q) * (P - Q)
Y = (M / Q) * (P + Q - R)
```

(a) Write the Reverse Polish Notation (RPN) for the following expression from Duraid's program.

(b) The interpreter is executing Duraid's program. The expressions are in infix form.

The interpreter converts the infix to RPN.

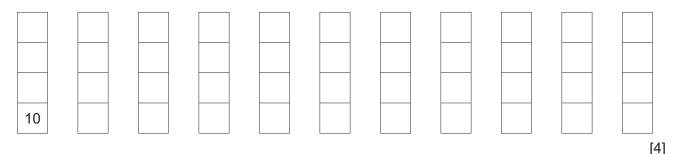
The RPN expression for Y is:

$$MQ/PQ+R-*$$

The interpreter evaluates this RPN expression using a stack.

(i) Show the changing contents of the stack, as the interpreter evaluates the expression for Y.

Use the values of the variables and constant given in the program. The first entry has been done for you.



	(ii)	Convert the following RPN expression back to its infix form.	
		PQ+M*RP	
			[2]
(c)	Ехр	plain how RPN is used by an interpreter to evaluate expressions.	
			[2]

- 7 A computer at a remote weather station is performing three tasks:
 - measuring and recording the temperature every 10 seconds
 - measuring and recording the wind speed every 10 seconds
 - sending the previous day's temperature and wind speed readings to a scientist at another location via the Internet.

The operating system is managing the multitasking of these tasks.

- (a) At one point in time:
 - the temperature measuring and recording task is idle
 - the wind speed is being recorded
 - the task to send the previous day's temperature and wind speed readings is waiting for an internet connection.

Identify the process state for each task. Give a reason why each task is in that process state.
Temperature measuring and recording process state
Reason
Wind speed measuring and recording process state
Reason
Sending process state
Reason

[6]

(b)	The weather station computer uses an operating system.
	Explain how this operating system uses interrupts to schedule the measuring and recording tasks.
	ΓΔ'

Martha wants to send a private message to Joshua over the Internet.

8

(a)	Martha and Joshua's computers have already exchanged digital certificates.
	Identify three items that could be contained in a digital certificate.
	1
	2
	3
	[3]
(b)	Joshua and Martha's digital certificates are used to ensure that Martha's message has not been altered during transmission.
	Explain how asymmetric encryption uses the contents of the digital certificates to ensure that the message has not been altered during transmission.
	[6]

- **9** A train cannot move if any of the eight automatic train doors are open. The train door monitoring system, set out below, checks that all the doors are closed before the train can move.
 - If a monitoring system detects that a door is open, it sets a specific bit in address 500 to 1.
 - If the bit for door one is equal to 1, the binary value for hexadecimal FF is sent to address 501. The contents of address 501 are changed to make door 1's light flash when the door is open.
 - If the bit for door two is equal to 1, the binary value for hexadecimal FF is sent to address 502. The contents of address 502 are changed to make door 2's light flash when the door is open.

This is repeated for each door from 3 to 8.

- Each door sets its bit in address 500 to zero when the door closes, and the contents of the corresponding door address are set to zero.
- The train manager can identify which door is open from the flashing light.

The current contents of address 500 are:

	Door number							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Address 500	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0

(a) Complete the following table by writing the values stored in addresses 503 to 508. Use the contents of address 500 shown above. Note that addresses 501 and 502 are complete.

501	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	Door 1
502	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Door 2
503									Door 3
504									Door 4
505									Door 5
506									Door 6
507									Door 7
508									Door 8

[2]

(b) The following table shows assembly language instructions for the processor controlling the train door monitoring system that has one general purpose register, the Accumulator (ACC).

	Instru	ıction	Evalenction		
Label	Label Op code Operand		Explanation		
	LDM	&n	Load the hexadecimal number n to ACC		
	LDD	<address></address>	Load the contents of the location at the given address to ACC		
	STO	<address></address>	Store the contents of ACC at the given address		
	AND	&n	Bitwise AND the contents of ACC with the hexadecimal number n		
	СМР	&n	Compare the contents of ACC with the hexadecimal number n		
	JPE	<address></address>	Following a compare instruction, jump to <address> or <label> if the compare was True</label></address>		
<label>:</label>	<op code=""></op>	<operand></operand>	Labels an instruction		
	WAIT		Macro to wait one second before the next instruction is executed		

After rechecking the doors, address 500 now contains 10101010.

(i) Complete the table by writing the values of the Accumulator (ACC) and the contents of address 501 as these instructions are executed **once** to check door **1**.

	Instru	ıction	ACC	E01
Label	Op code	Operand	ACC	501
CHECK1:	LDD	500		
	AND	&80		
	CMP	&00		
	JPE	DOOR1		
	LDM	&FF		
DOOR1:	STO	501		
	WAIT			
	LDM	&00		
	STO	501		
	WAIT			
	JMP	CHECK1		

(ii) Write the assembly language instructions to check door 2.

	Instruction					
Label	Op code	Operand				

[4]		l			
	ning light or no light.	es show a flash	he check door routin	Explain how tl	(c)
[2]					

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