



UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education
Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

CHEMISTRY

9701/11

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

October/November 2009

1 hour

Additional Materials: Multiple Choice Answer Sheet Data Booklet
Soft clean eraser
Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

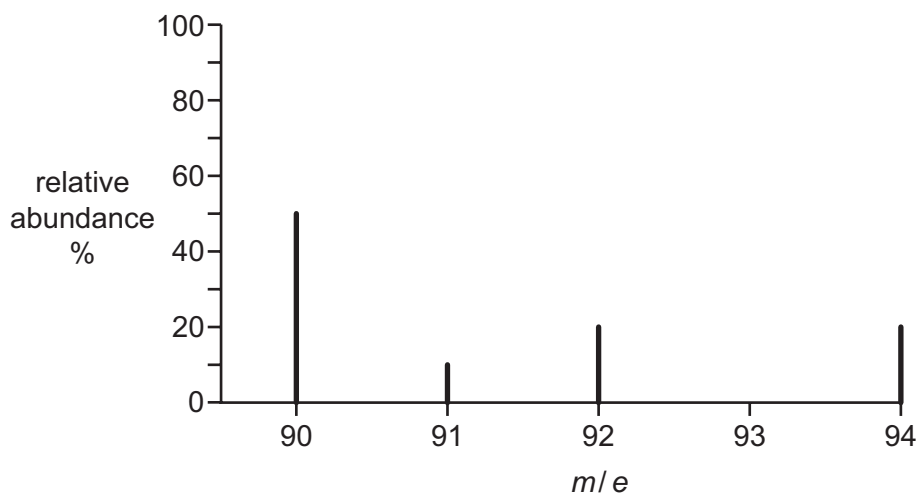
This document consists of **16** printed pages.



Section A

For each question there are four possible answers, **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider to be correct.

- 1 An element **X** consists of four isotopes. The mass spectrum of **X** is shown in the diagram.



What is the relative atomic mass of **X**?

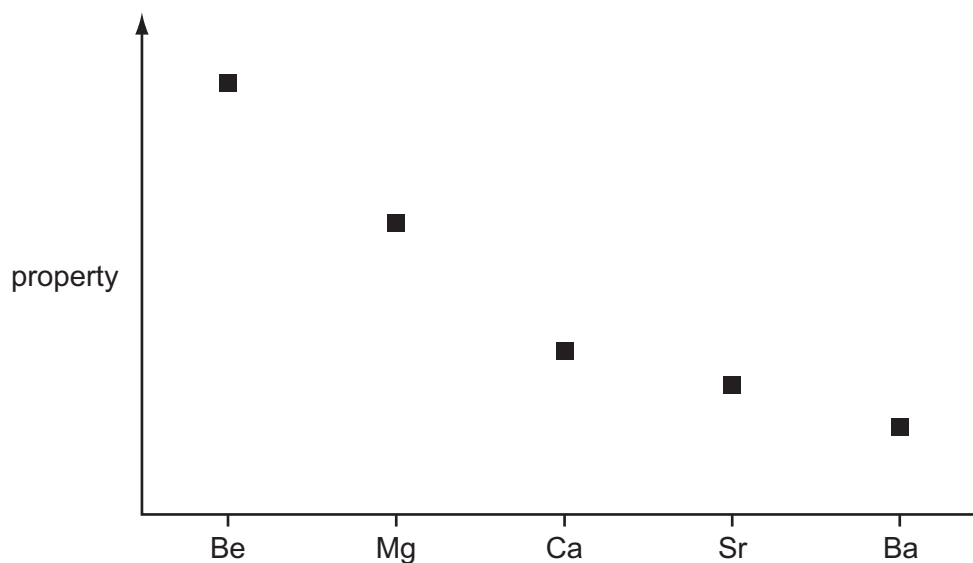
- A** 91.00 **B** 91.30 **C** 91.75 **D** 92.00
- 2 0.200 mol of a hydrocarbon undergo complete combustion to give 35.2 g of carbon dioxide and 14.4 g of water as the only products.

What is the molecular formula of the hydrocarbon?

- A** C_2H_4 **B** C_2H_6 **C** C_4H_4 **D** C_4H_8

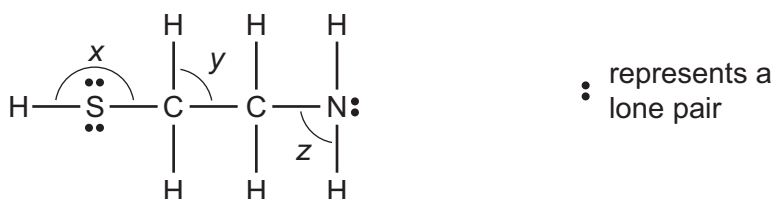
- 3 Use of the Data Booklet is relevant to this question.

The graph represents the variation of a property of the Group II elements.



What is this property?

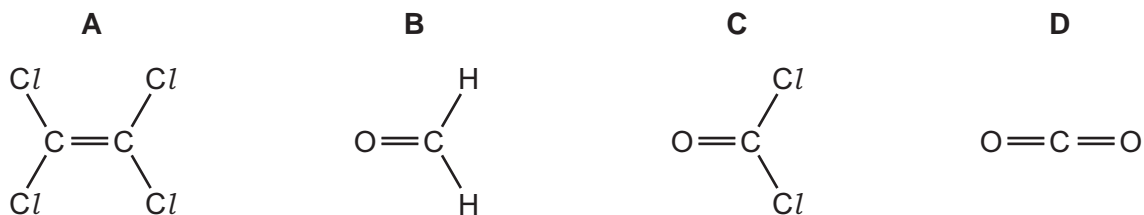
- A** ionic radius
B ionisation energy
C neutron/proton ratio
D rate of reaction with water
- 4 The antidote molecule shown can help to prevent liver damage if someone takes too many paracetamol tablets.



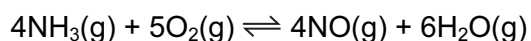
What is the order of **decreasing** size of the bond angles x , y and z ?

	largest	→	smallest
A	x	y	z
B	x	z	y
C	y	z	x
D	z	y	x

5 Which molecule has the largest overall dipole?



6 The first stage in the industrial production of nitric acid from ammonia can be represented by the following equation.



Using the following standard enthalpy change of formation data, what is the value of the standard enthalpy change, ΔH^\ominus , for this reaction?

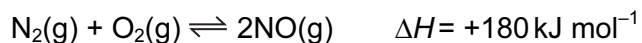
compound	$\Delta H_f^\ominus / \text{kJ mol}^{-1}$
$\text{NH}_3(\text{g})$	-46.1
$\text{NO}(\text{g})$	+90.3
$\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$	-241.8

- A** +905.2 kJ mol⁻¹
B -105.4 kJ mol⁻¹
C -905.2 kJ mol⁻¹
D -1274.0 kJ mol⁻¹

7 Which conversion involves a reduction of chromium?

- A** $\text{CrO}_4^{2-} \rightarrow \text{CrO}_3$
B $\text{CrO}_4^{2-} \rightarrow \text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$
C $\text{CrO}_2\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{CrO}_4^{2-}$
D $\text{CrO}_2\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cr}_2\text{O}_3$

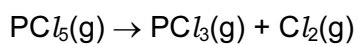
8 The equilibrium



contributes to a series of reactions producing photochemical smog.

Which factors would affect the value of K_p of the above equilibrium?

	change in pressure	change in temperature	presence or absence of a catalyst
A	✓	✓	✗
B	✓	✗	✓
C	✗	✓	✓
D	✗	✓	✗

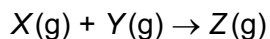
9 PCl_5 dissociates as follows.

The extent of dissociation is 13 % at 160 °C and 100 % at 300 °C.

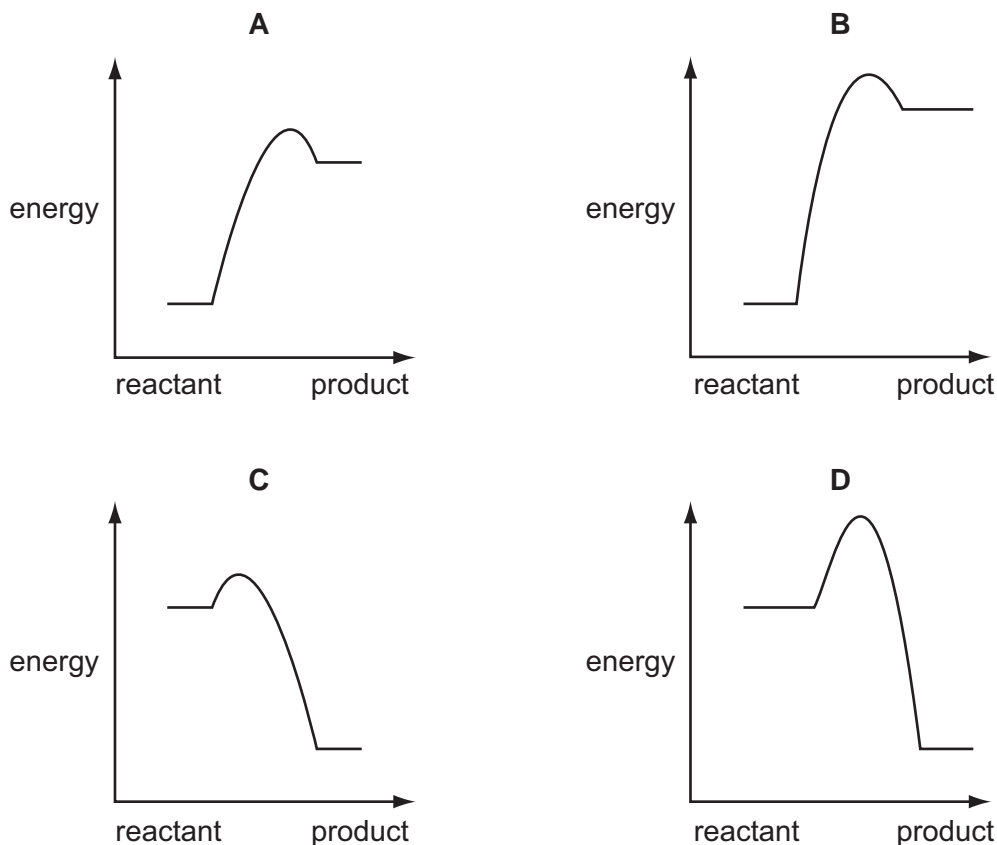
Which pair of statements about this formation of PCl_3 is correct?

	shape of PCl_3 molecule	the reaction is
A	pyramidal	endothermic
B	pyramidal	exothermic
C	trigonal	endothermic
D	trigonal	exothermic

10 Four reactions of the type shown are studied at the same temperature.

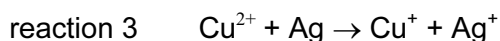
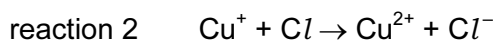
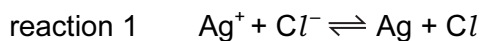


Which is the correct reaction pathway diagram for the reaction that would proceed **most** rapidly and with the **highest** yield?



11 Photochromic glass, used for sunglasses, darkens when exposed to bright light and becomes more transparent again when the light is less bright. The depth of colour of the glass is related to the concentration of silver atoms.

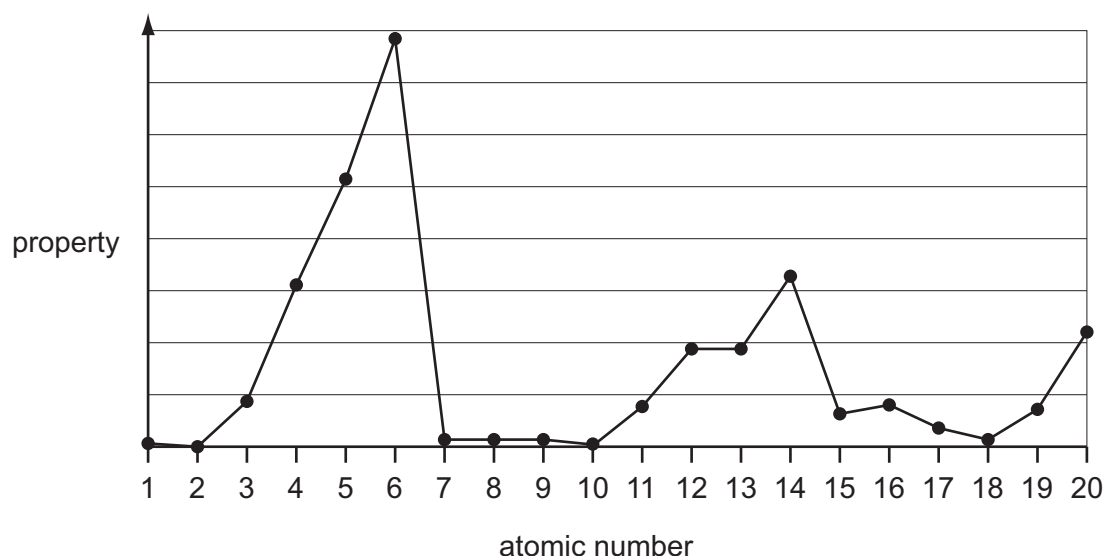
The following reactions are involved.



Which statement about these reactions is correct?

- A Cu^+ and Cu^{2+} ions act as catalysts.
- B Cu^+ ions act as an oxidising agent in reaction 2.
- C Reaction 2 is the one in which light is absorbed.
- D Ag^+ ions are oxidised in reaction 1.

- 12 The following graph shows the variation of a property of the first 20 elements in the Periodic Table with the atomic number of the element.



What is the property?

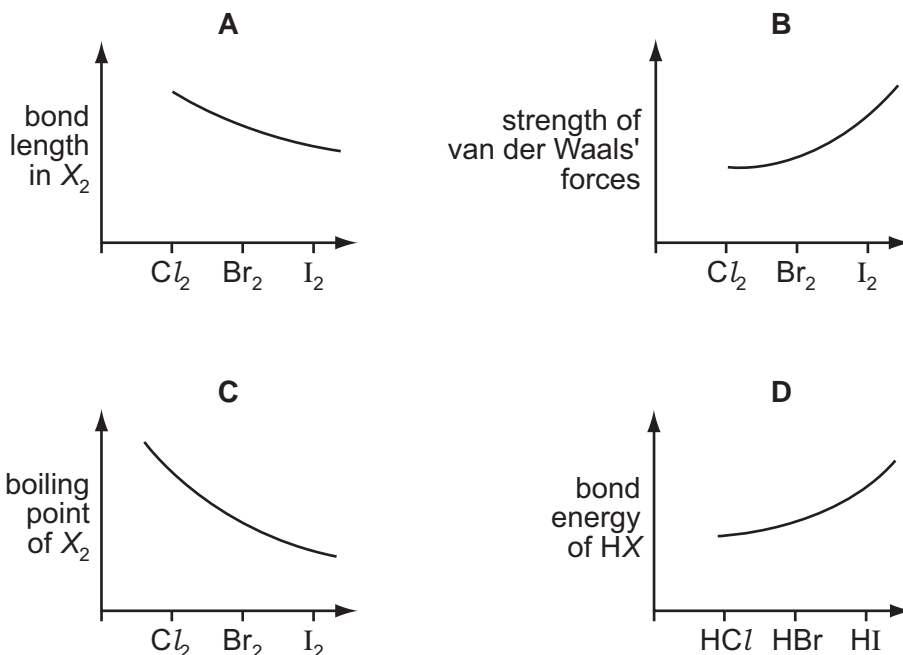
- A atomic radius
 - B first ionisation energy
 - C ionic radius
 - D melting point
- 13 Which statement correctly describes what happens when silicon tetrachloride is added to water?
- A The SiCl_4 dissolves to give a neutral solution only.
 - B The SiCl_4 reacts to give an acidic solution only.
 - C The SiCl_4 reacts to give a precipitate and an acidic solution.
 - D The SiCl_4 reacts to give a precipitate and a neutral solution.
- 14 The oxide and chloride of an element **X** are separately mixed with water. The two resulting solutions have the same effect on litmus.

What is element **X**?

- A sodium
- B magnesium
- C aluminium
- D phosphorus

15 Which graph correctly describes a trend found in the halogen group?

[X represents a halogen atom.]



16 During electrolysis of brine in a diaphragm cell, chlorine, hydrogen and sodium hydroxide are produced.

What is the molar ratio of these products?

	chlorine	hydrogen	sodium hydroxide
A	1	1	1
B	1	1	2
C	2	1	1
D	2	2	1

17 When sulfur trioxide is manufactured from sulfur dioxide and oxygen, using the Contact process, which condition affects the value of the equilibrium constant, K_c ?

- A** adjusting the temperature
- B** adjusting the pressure
- C** using a catalyst
- D** removing SO_3 from the equilibrium mixture

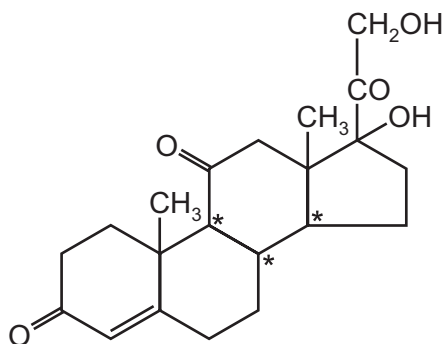
- 18 Most modern cars are fitted with three-way catalytic converters in the exhaust system.

Which three gases are removed by such a catalytic converter?

- A carbon monoxide, hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides
 B carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides
 C carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur dioxide
 D hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides, sulfur dioxide
- 19 In an historically famous experiment Wöhler heated 'inorganic' ammonium cyanate in the absence of air. The only product of the reaction was 'organic' urea, $\text{CO}(\text{NH}_2)_2$. No other products were formed in the reaction.

What is the formula of the cyanate ion present in ammonium cyanate?

- A CNO^- B CNO^{2-} C CO^- D NO^-
- 20 The drug cortisone has the formula shown.



In addition to those chiral centres marked by an asterisk (*), how many other chiral centres are present in the cortisone molecule?

- A 0 B 1 C 2 D 3

- 21 The presence of 11-*cis* retinal, $C_{20}H_{28}O$, in cells in the eye is important for vision.

The structure of retinal includes an aldehyde group, a cyclohexene ring and a long aliphatic side chain, in which a carbon-carbon double bond exists between carbons numbered 11 and 12.

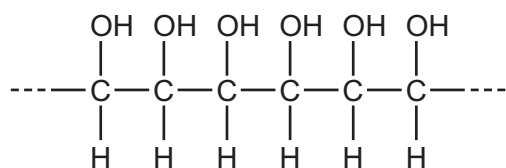
Which pair of statements about 11-*cis* retinal could be correct?

	total number of >C=C< double bonds	arrangement around the adjacent carbons 11 and 12
A	5	$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \quad R_2 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ C = C \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ H \quad H \end{array}$
B	5	$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \quad H \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ C = C \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ H \quad R_2 \end{array}$
C	6	$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \quad R_2 \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ C = C \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ H \quad H \end{array}$
D	6	$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \quad H \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ C = C \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ H \quad R_2 \end{array}$

- 22 What is the least number of carbon atoms in a non-cyclic alkane molecule that has a chiral centre?

A 7 **B** 8 **C** 9 **D** 10

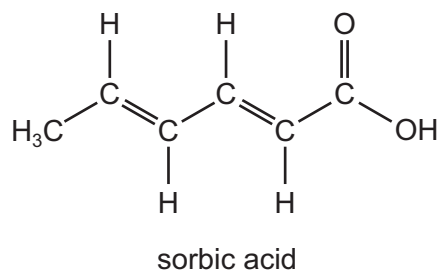
- 23 The following diagram represents the structure of a possible polymer.



By which method might this polymer be made?

- A** polymerise ethene followed by hydration
B polymerise ethene followed by oxidation with cold acidified $KMnO_4$
C polymerise 1,2-dichloroethene followed by hydrolysis
D polymerise 1,2-dichloroethene followed by oxidation with cold acidified $KMnO_4$

24 Sorbic acid is used as a food preservative because it kills fungi and moulds.



Sorbic acid will react with

- hydrogen in the presence of a nickel catalyst,
- bromine in an organic solvent.

How many moles of hydrogen and of bromine will be incorporated into one mole of sorbic acid by these reactions?

	moles of hydrogen	moles of bromine
A	2	2
B	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$
C	3	2
D	3	$2\frac{1}{2}$

25 Bromine reacts with ethene to form 1,2-dibromoethane.

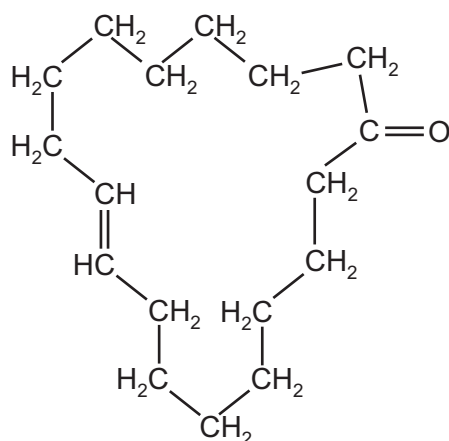
What is the correct description of the organic intermediate in this reaction?

- A** It has a negative charge.
- B** It is a free radical.
- C** It is a nucleophile.
- D** It is an electrophile.

26 Which equation represents a valid propagation step in the free radical reaction between ethane and chlorine?

- A** $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6 + \text{Cl}^\bullet \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl} + \text{H}^\bullet$
- B** $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}^\bullet \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{Cl}^\bullet + \text{HCl}$
- C** $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6 + \text{H}^\bullet \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5^\bullet + \text{HCl}$
- D** $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5^\bullet + \text{Cl}^\bullet \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Cl}$

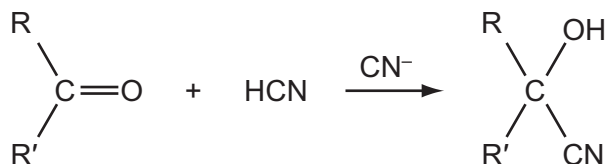
- 27 The naturally-occurring molecule civetone is found in a gland of the African civet cat and has been used in perfumery.



civetone

With which reagent will civetone **not** react?

- A 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine reagent
 - B Fehling's reagent
 - C hydrogen bromide
 - D sodium tetrahydridoborate(III) (sodium borohydride)
- 28 Cyanohydrins can be made from carbonyl compounds by generating CN^- ions from HCN in the presence of a weak base.

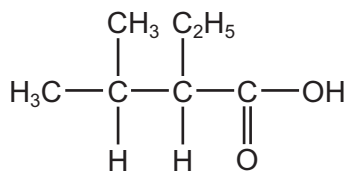


In a similar reaction, $^-\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3$ ions are generated from $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3$ by strong bases.

Which compound can be made from an aldehyde and $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3$ in the presence of a strong base?

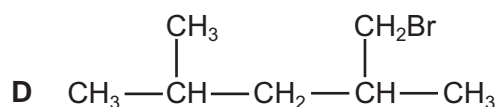
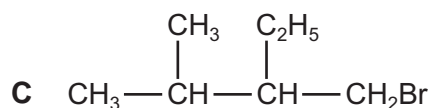
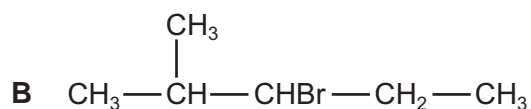
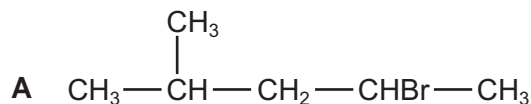
- A $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3$
- B $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_3$
- C $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3$
- D $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}(\text{OH})\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_3$

- 29 The characteristic odour of rum is attributed to the compound 2-ethyl-3-methylbutanoic acid.

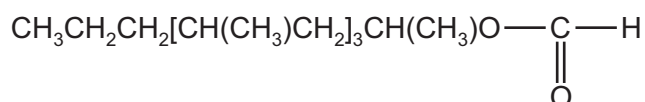


2-ethyl-3-methylbutanoic acid

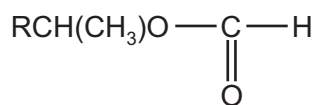
Which compound will produce 2-ethyl-3-methylbutanoic acid by heating under reflux with alcoholic sodium cyanide and subsequent acid hydrolysis of the reaction product?



- 30 The acarid mite releases *lardolure* to attract other mites to a host. This chemical can be destroyed by hydrolysis with acid.



A simplified formula for *lardolure* may be written as follows.



What are the products of its hydrolysis?

- A $\text{RCH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CO}_2\text{H} + \text{CH}_3\text{OH}$
 B $\text{RCH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CO}_2\text{H} + \text{HCO}_2\text{H}$
 C $\text{RCH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{OH} + \text{CO}_2$
 D $\text{RCH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{OH} + \text{HCO}_2\text{H}$

Section B

For each of the questions in this section, one or more of the three numbered statements **1** to **3** may be correct.

Decide whether each of the statements is or is not correct (you may find it helpful to put a tick against the statements that you consider to be correct).

The responses **A** to **D** should be selected on the basis of

A	B	C	D
1, 2 and 3 are correct	1 and 2 only are correct	2 and 3 only are correct	1 only is correct

No other combination of statements is used as a correct response.

- 31** A monomer undergoes addition polymerisation. A 1 mol sample of the monomer is completely polymerised.

How many moles of polymer might, theoretically, be formed?

- 1** 1
- 2** 10^{-6}
- 3** $\frac{1}{6.02 \times 10^{23}}$

- 32** Which physical properties are due to hydrogen bonding between water molecules?

- 1** Water has a higher boiling point than H_2S .
- 2** Ice floats on water.
- 3** The H–O–H bond angle in water is approximately 104° .

- 33** Which equilibria, in which all species are gaseous, would have equilibrium constants, K_p , with no units?

- 1** sulfur dioxide and oxygen in equilibrium with sulfur trioxide
- 2** hydrogen and iodine in equilibrium with hydrogen iodide
- 3** carbon monoxide and steam in equilibrium with carbon dioxide and hydrogen

- 34 Why does a mixture of hydrogen gas and bromine gas react together faster at a temperature of 500 K than it does at a temperature of 400 K?
- 1 A higher proportion of effective collisions occurs at 500 K.
 - 2 Hydrogen molecules and bromine molecules collide more frequently at 500 K.
 - 3 The activation energy of the reaction is lower at 500 K.

- 35 A farmer added lime to damp soil, followed by the nitrogenous fertiliser ammonium sulfate. A chemical reaction occurred in the soil.

Which substances were formed in this reaction?

- 1 sulfuric acid
 - 2 calcium sulfate
 - 3 ammonia
- 36 Which statements about the reaction of solid sodium bromide with concentrated sulfuric acid are correct?
- 1 Hydrogen bromide is a product of the reaction.
 - 2 Sulfuric acid is oxidised to sulfur dioxide.
 - 3 Bromide ions are reduced to bromine.
- 37 Which statements are true for an S_N2 reaction?
- 1 One bond is broken as another bond is formed.
 - 2 The formation of a transition state involves the collision of two molecules or ions.
 - 3 A carbon atom in the transition state is bonded, either fully or partially, to five other atoms.
- 38 The chlorine free radical takes part in the destruction of the ozone layer.

Which statements about this free radical are correct?

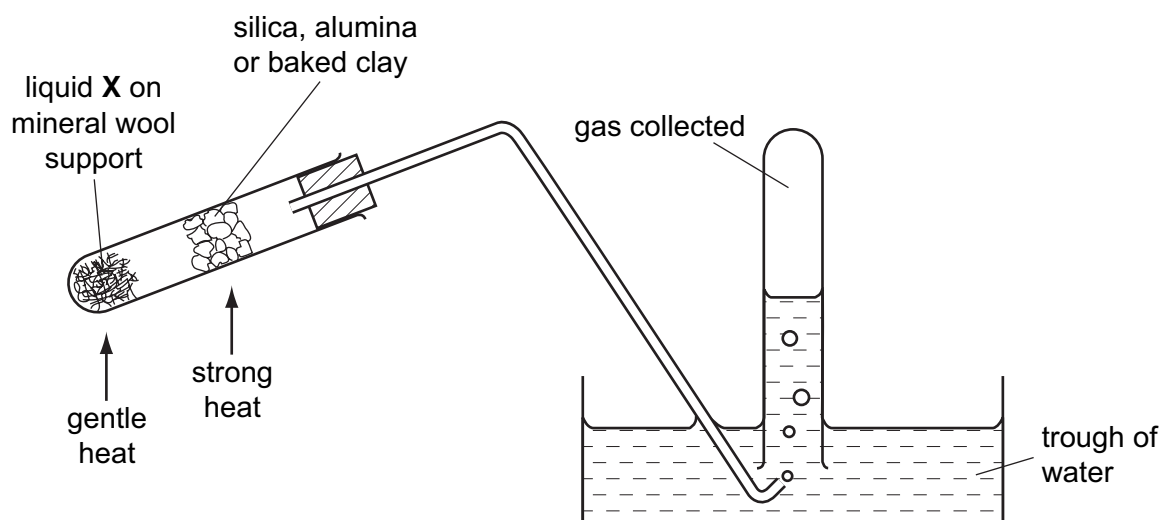
- 1 It is formed by the heterolytic fission of the covalent bond in a chlorine-containing molecule.
- 2 It has a single unpaired electron.
- 3 It has the same electron arrangement as a chlorine atom.

The responses **A** to **D** should be selected on the basis of

A	B	C	D
1, 2 and 3 are correct	1 and 2 only are correct	2 and 3 only are correct	1 only is correct

No other combination of statements is used as a correct response.

39 The diagram shows an experiment.



Which processes could be demonstrated by using the above apparatus?

- 1** the oxidation of ethanol (the liquid **X**)
- 2** the dehydration of ethanol (the liquid **X**)
- 3** the cracking of paraffin (the liquid **X**)

40 A compound has a relative molecular mass of 88 and its molecule contains only four carbon atoms.

What could this compound be?

- 1** a saturated non-cyclic diol
- 2** a secondary alcohol containing an aldehyde group
- 3** a primary alcohol containing a ketone group

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