



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Level

CANDIDATE NAME										
CENTRE NUMBER						CANDIDATE NUMBER				
MATHEMATICS	}								97	09/72
Paper 7 Probab	oility & S	tatistics 2	2 (S2))				May	y/June	e 2017
							1	hour	15 m	inutes
Candidates ansv	wer on t	he Quest	ion Pa	aper.						
Additional Mater	rials:	List of	Formu	lae (MF9))					

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.



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cont	taining an error is denoted by X .	
(i)	Find $E(X)$ and $Var(X)$, giving your answers correct to three decimal places.	
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	er wants to use the Poisson distribution as an approximating distribution to calculate th	e probabi
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3	Household incomes, in thousands of dollars, in a certain country are represented by the random
	variable X with mean μ and standard deviation σ . The incomes of a random sample of 400 households
	are found and the results are summarised below.

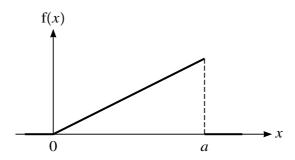
n = 400	$\Sigma x = 923$	$\Sigma x^2 = 3170$

(i)	Calculate unbiased estimates of μ and σ^2 . [3]
(ii)	A random sample of 50 households in one particular region of the country is taken and the sample mean income, in thousands of dollars, is found to be 2.6. Using your values from part (i), test at the 5% significance level whether household incomes in this region are greater, on average, than in the country as a whole.

4

	claimed that 1 in every 4 packets of certain biscuits contains a free gift. Marisa and André both bect that the true proportion is less than 1 in 4.
(i)	Marisa chooses 20 packets at random. She decides that if fewer than 3 contain free gifts, she will conclude that the claim is not justified. Use a binomial distribution to find the probability of a Type I error. [2]
(ii)	André chooses 25 packets at random. He decides to carry out a significance test at the 1% level, using a binomial distribution. Given that only 1 of the 25 packets contains a free gift, carry out the test. [5]

5



The diagram shows the graph of the probability density function, f, of a random variable X which takes values between 0 and a only. It is given that P(X < 1) = 0.25.

1	i)	Find	in	anv	order,
((L)	rillu,	Ш	any	order,

- (a) P(X < 2),
- (b) the value of a,

/ \	C()	
(0)	+ (v)	
(c)	f(x)	

[5]

(ii)	Find the median of X .	[3]

(i)	Find the probability that exactly 2 televisions arrive in a 2-day period.	
(ii)	Use an appropriate approximating distribution to find the probability that at least arrive in a 50-day period.	55 televi

Independently of televisions, old computers arrive randomly and independently at the same recycling centre at an average rate of 4 per 7-day week.

centre in a 3-day period is less than 4.		
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(b)	Each candidate's overall score for an essay is calculated as follows. The mark for creativity is denoted by C , the penalty mark for spelling errors is denoted by S and the overall score is defined by $C - \frac{1}{2}S$. The variables C and S are independent and have distributions $N(29, 105)$ and $N(17, 15)$ respectively. Find the proportion of candidates receiving a negative overall score. [5]

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