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Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE 9608/22

Paper 2 Written Paper May/June 2017

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 75

Published

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Question		Ans	swer				Marks
1(a)	Item	Statement		Input	Process	Output	6
	1	SomeChars = "Hello World"			✓		
	2	OUTPUT RIGHT(String1,5)			✓	✓	
	3	READFILE (MyFile, String2)		✓			
	4	WRITEFILE (MyFile, "Data is	" & String2)		✓	✓	
1(b)(i)	Row 1 a Row 2 r Row 3 a Row 4 r	es follows: as shown no marks if tick in Input column, other as shown no marks if tick in Input column, other eger / Real / Single / Double / Floation	erwise 1 mark per				2
1(b)(ii)		Expression	Evaluates to				3
	(Flag	A AND FlagB) OR FlagC	TRUE				
	FlagA	AND (FlagB OR FlagC)	TRUE				
	(NOT	FlagA) OR (NOT FlagC)	FALSE				
	1 mark	per answer					
1(c)	MyCour	nt ← 101					4
	MyC UNTIL 1 mark • Col • Rel • Me	TPUT MyCount Count ← MyCount + 2 MyCount > 199 for each of the following: unter initialisation peat Until loop thod for choosing (correct range of) tput all odd numbers in the range	odd numbers				
		•	intont				
	Note: C	ounter variable name must be cons	sistent				

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Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	 to increase the level of detail of an algorithm / design // breaking down a problem / module / task into smaller parts from which the task may be programmed 	2
	1 mark per underlined phrase or equivalent	
2(b)	mark for first 3 data types – String mark for last data type – Boolean mark for each description:	5
	FileUserID Stores (User) ID from file FilePreferredName Stores (preferred) name from file IDFoundFlag True if (User) ID found in file // False if (User) ID not found in file // If SearchUserID matches FileUserID	
2(c)	 LOOP through the file until EOF() OR SearchUserId is found READ text line from UserNames.txt file in a loop EXTRACT FileUserID in a loop IF SearchUserId matches FileUserID THEN in a loop SET FilePreferredName to the name from the file Check if User ID found not in a loop OUTPUT appropriate message for both conditions 	Max 8
	1 mark per functional equivalent of each numbered statement.	

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Question	Answer	Marks
3	FUNCTION ExCamel (InString: STRING) RETURNS STRING DECLARE NextChar: CHAR DECLARE OutString: STRING DECLARE n: INTEGER OutString ← "" // initialise the return string // loop through InString to produce OutString FOR n ← 1 TO LENGTH(InString) // from first to last NextChar ← MID(InString, n, 1) // get next character IF NextChar >= 'A' AND NextChar <= 'Z' // check if upper case // NextChar = UCASE(NextChar) THEN	Max 11
	IF n > 1	
	to OutString ENDIF NextChar ← LCASE(NextChar) // make NextChar lower case ENDIF	
	OutString ← OutString & NextChar // add Nextchar to OutString ENDFOR	
	RETURN OutString // return value ENDFUNCTION 1 mark per underlined word / expression	

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Question	Answer		
4(a)	 Functions Procedures Global / Local variables 1 mark per item 		
4(b)	Name of parameter passing method Value output Explanation	6	
	(Call) by reference • The <u>address of</u> the variable is passed. • <u>Original value is changed</u> when parameter changed in called module.		
	(Call) by value • A copy of the variable itself is passed. • Original value not changed when parameter changed in called module.		
	Mark as follows: • 1 mark for each name and value • 1 mark per bullet in explanation		

Question	Answer	Marks
5(a)(i)	 Any character <u>except</u> colon, space or any alpha-numeric Reason: character is not in the login information strings 	2
5(a)(ii)	DECLARE LogArray : ARRAY[1 : 20] OF STRING	2
	1 mark per underline	

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(b)	Pseudocode solution included here for development and clarification of mark scheme. Programming language example solutions appear in the Appendix .	8
	PROCEDURE LogEvents()	
	DECLARE FileData : STRING	
	DECLARE ArrayIndex : INTEGER	
	OPENFILE "LoginFile.txt" FOR APPEND	
	FOR ArrayIndex ← 1 TO 20 //	
	<pre>IF LogArray[ArrayIndex]<> "****"</pre>	
	THEN	
	FileData ← LogArray[ArrayIndex]	
	WRITEFILE ("LoginFile.txt", FileData)	
	ENDIF	
	ENDFOR	
	CLOSEFILE("LoginFile.txt")	
	ENDPROCEDURE	
	1 mark for each of the following:	
	 Procedure heading and ending Declare ArrayIndex as integer // commented in python Open file 'LoginFile' for append Correct loop extract data from array in a loop check for unused element in a loop write data to file in a loop Close the file outside the loop 	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	Pseudocode solution included here for development and clarification of mark scheme. Programming language example solutions appear in the Appendix.	Max 9
	FUNCTION ValidateRegistration (Registration : STRING) RETURNS BOOLEAN	
	DECLARE UCaseChar, NumChar: INTEGER DECLARE NextChar: CHAR DECLARE ReturnFlag: BOOLEAN DECLARE n: INTEGER	
	ReturnFlag ← TRUE	
	ValidateRegistration ← True	
	<pre>IF LEN(Registration) < 6 OR LEN(Registration) > 9 //check</pre>	
	THEN ReturnFlag ← False	
	ELSE	
	FOR n ← 1 TO 3 //check for 3 upper case alpha NextChar ← MID(Registration, n, 1) IF NextChar < 'A' AND NextChar > 'Z' THEN	
	ReturnFlag ← False ENDIF ENDFOR	
	FOR n \leftarrow 4 TO 5 //check for 2 numeric	
	NextChar ← MID(Registration, n, 1) IF NextChar < '0' AND NextChar > '9 THEN	
	ReturnFlag ← False ENDIF ENDFOR	
	FOR n ← 6 TO LEN(Registration) //check remaining characters	
	NextChar ← MID(Registration, n, 1) IF NextChar < 'A' AND NextChar > 'Z' THEN	
	ReturnFlag ← False ENDIF	
	ENDFOR ENDIF RETURN (ReturnFlag) ENDFUNCTION	

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Question	Answer	Marks
6(a)	1 mark for each of the following:	
	Correct Function heading and ending	
	2. Check for correct length	
	3. Extract first three characters	
	Check first three characters are capitals Extract characters four and five	
	6. Check characters four and five are numeric	
	7. Extract remaining characters	
	8. Check remaining characters are capitals	
	Combine all four tests results into a single Boolean value	
	10. Return a Boolean value	
6(b)	String1: (for example, "ABC12XYZ")	5
	One mark for a valid string having:	
	Correct length (between 6 and 9 characters)	
	3 capital letters followed by	
	2 numeric characters followed by	
	between 1 and 4 capital letters	
	String2 to String5:	
	1 mark for each string and explanation (testing different rules of the function)	
	Test strings breaking one different rules:	
	Incorrect length	
	With incorrect number of capital letters at the start	
	With non-numeric characters in positions 4 and 5	
	With incorrect number of capital letters at the end	
	Containing an invalid character (not alpha-numeric)	

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