

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper
for the guidance of teachers

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/32

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Page 2	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9701	32

Question 1

Supervisor's Report

Calculate, correct to 2 d.p., the titre if the Supervisor had diluted 42.75 cm³ of **FB 2**.

This is given by the expression $\frac{42.75}{\text{volume diluted}} \times \text{titre}$

Candidate scripts

Calculate the scaled titre for 42.75 cm³ of **FB 2**.

Record the scaled value against the titration table and calculate the difference to Supervisor.

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
1 (a)	PDO Layout	(i) Tabulates initial and final burette readings and volume added in each of the tables. <i>Do not award this mark if any final and initial burette readings are inverted or 50 is used as the initial burette reading.</i>	1	
	PDO Recording	(ii) <u>Both</u> burette readings in the dilution table and <u>final and initial</u> burette readings for all accurate titres in the titration table recorded to the nearest 0.05 cm ³ .	1	
	MMO Collection	(iii) Follows instructions: dilutes 42.50 cm ³ to 43.00 cm ³ and has <u>any</u> two titres, which may include a rough titre, within 0.20 cm ³	1	
	MMO Decisions	(iv) Has at least two titres within 0.1 cm ³ . <i>Do not include any titre labelled "rough"/"trial" unless the candidate has ticked that value or used it in an expression when calculating the average in (b).</i>	1	
		(v) and (vi) Accuracy Give (v) and (vi) if difference to Supervisor is 0.3 or less Give (vi) only for a difference of 0.3+ to 0.5 Give neither for a difference greater than 0.5	2	

[6]

Page 3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9701	32

(b)	ACE Interpretation	<p>Working must be shown in this section or the selected titres ticked in the titration table</p> <p>Candidate selects/calculates appropriate “average” from any titre values within 0.20 cm³. <i>Candidate is permitted to use a titre labelled “rough” or “trial”.</i></p> <p>Where all titres are given to 1 decimal place the average should be calculated correct to 1 or 2 decimal places. Where any titre is recorded to 2 decimal places, the average should be calculated to 2 decimal places or rounded to the nearest 0.05 cm³.</p>	1	[1]
(c)	ACE Interpretation	<p>(i), (ii) and (iii)</p> <p>Check each step of the calculation. Award three marks if all steps are chemically correct, ignore evaluation errors. Withhold 1 mark for each chemical error – no negative marks. (Count non-completed steps as chemical errors.)</p> <p>step 1 $\frac{\text{titre}}{1000} \times 0.023$</p> <p>step 2 5 e⁻ in 1st eqn; 2 e⁻ in 2nd eqn</p> <p>step 3 × candidate's ratio from step 2 The expected ratio is $\frac{5}{2}$</p> <p>step 4 × $\frac{1000}{25}$</p> <p>step 5 × $\frac{250}{\text{volume diluted}}$ [or (10 × step 3) × $\frac{1000}{\text{volume diluted}}$]</p> <p>step 6 × 126</p>	3	
	PDO Display	<p>(iv) Working shown in at least three of steps 1 & 3–6.</p> <p>(v) Answers to 3 or 4 significant figures in final answer to each step attempted from steps 1 & 3–6 (minimum of three steps required).</p>	1	
			1	
				[5]
				[Total: 12]

Page 4	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9701	32

Question 2 Round all thermometer readings to the nearest 0.5 °C

Supervisor's Report

Calculate $\Delta T/m$ correct to 2 d.p. for each experiment.

Candidate's scripts

Calculate $\Delta T/m$ correct to 2 d.p. for each experiment.

Record values of $\Delta T/m$ on script and use in assessing accuracy marks.

Where a candidate has performed one or both of the experiments a number of times (as distinct from adding in portions and recording the increasing temperature on each addition):

Calculate (unrounded) the $\Delta T/m$ value for each experiment, then

Take the average of the closest pair, rounded to 2 d.p.

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	
2 (a)	PDO Layout	Tabulates or lists all experimental readings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • mass of tube + FB 4 • mass of tube + residue • mass, m₁, of FB 4 • initial temperature • final temperature • ΔT 	1	[1]
(b)	MMO Quality	Calculate the difference between the Supervisor and candidate values of $\Delta T/m$. Give two marks for a difference up to 0.1 °C g ⁻¹ Give one of these two marks for a difference of +0.1 °C g ⁻¹ to 0.3 °C g ⁻¹ .	2	[2]
(c)		No mark		
(d)	ACE Interpretation	Calculates (0.15 × 84) or has 12.6 g NaHCO ₃	1	[1]
(e)	ACE Interpretation	Gives the maximum error as <u>1.0</u> °C. <i>Do not award this mark for an answer of 1.</i>	1	[1]
(f)	ACE Interpretation	Calculates $\frac{\text{candidates answer to (e)}}{1.50} \times 100\%$ correct to: 2 significant figures (67%) or 3 significant figures (66.7%) or 4 significant figures (66.67%) Accept 66 ² / ₃ .	1	[1]
(g)	MMO Decisions	Selects a mass between 8.0 and < mass of NaHCO₃ calculated in (d). (If the candidate's answer to (d) is < 8.0 g; the mass selected should be in the range: $\frac{2}{3} \times \text{mass in (d)}$ and < mass in (d)) and estimates (mass × 1.5) correctly If no mass has been calculated/given in (d), this mark cannot be awarded.	1	[1]

Page 6	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9701	32

Question	Sections	Indicative material	Mark																
FB 6 is NaBr; FB 7 is NaI; FB 8 is ZnSO ₄ (aq), FB 9 is MgSO ₄ (aq)																			
3 (a)		No mark																	
(b)	Reagents available: HCl; NaOH(aq); NH ₃ (aq); BaCl ₂ /Ba(NO ₃) ₂ (aq); Pb(NO ₃) ₂ (aq); AgNO ₃ (aq); K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ (aq); Br ₂ (aq); concentrated H ₂ SO ₄																		
	MMO Decisions	(i) Selects AgNO ₃ as one reagent and NH ₃ (aq) added <u>to the ppt produced with AgNO₃</u> or Pb(NO ₃) ₂ / K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ added as <u>fresh</u> reagents. <i>The reagent must be named or the formula of the reagent given.</i>	1																
	MMO Collection	(ii) Correct observations for an appropriate pair of reagents for FB 6 (iii) Correct observations for an appropriate pair of reagents for FB 7 <i>Expected observations:</i> <table><tr><td></td><td>FB 6 (Br⁻)</td><td>FB 7 (I⁻)</td></tr><tr><td>AgNO₃</td><td>cream ppt (off-white ppt is NOT acceptable)</td><td>yellow ppt</td></tr><tr><td>NH₃(aq)</td><td>ppt insoluble or partially soluble</td><td>ppt insoluble</td></tr><tr><td>Pb(NO₃)₂</td><td>white ppt</td><td>yellow ppt</td></tr><tr><td>K₂Cr₂O₇</td><td>no change</td><td>brown solution</td></tr></table> <i>One of the observation marks can be awarded for correct observations on adding AgNO₃ to FB 6 and FB 7 if this is to the candidate's advantage.</i>		FB 6 (Br⁻)	FB 7 (I⁻)	AgNO ₃	cream ppt (off-white ppt is NOT acceptable)	yellow ppt	NH ₃ (aq)	ppt insoluble or partially soluble	ppt insoluble	Pb(NO ₃) ₂	white ppt	yellow ppt	K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	no change	brown solution	1	1
	FB 6 (Br⁻)	FB 7 (I⁻)																	
AgNO ₃	cream ppt (off-white ppt is NOT acceptable)	yellow ppt																	
NH ₃ (aq)	ppt insoluble or partially soluble	ppt insoluble																	
Pb(NO ₃) ₂	white ppt	yellow ppt																	
K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇	no change	brown solution																	
	ACE Conclusion	(iv) Makes appropriate <u>consequential</u> conclusions from observations given (FB 6 contains Br ⁻ and FB 7 contains I ⁻ but Cl ⁻ may be given from white ppt with Ag ⁺ . <i>Allow Br⁻ from off-white ppt insoluble or partially soluble in ammonia.</i>	1																

[4]

Page 7	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9701	32

(c)	MMO Collection	Look for the following marking points:																						
		<table><tr><th colspan="2">FB 6</th><th colspan="2">FB 7</th></tr><tr><td>(i)</td><td>yellow/orange/red solid, solution, liquid or mixture (not colour alone) or orange/red/brown gas or vapour</td><td>(i)</td><td>brown/grey/black (not blue-black) solid or purple gas/vapour (gas can be awarded in either of the first two boxes)</td></tr><tr><td>(ii)</td><td>white or steamy fumes (in either of the first two boxes)</td><td>(ii)</td><td>“bad-egg” smell or (smell of) H₂S or test for H₂S (including dichromate turning green)</td></tr><tr><td>(iii)</td><td>positive test for SO₂</td><td>(iii)</td><td>Orange/dark red/red-brown/ brown solution (no solid) on adding distilled water</td></tr><tr><td>(iv)</td><td>no change (but not no ppt) with starch</td><td>(iv)</td><td>blue/blue-black/ purple/purple-black/black colour (of solution or solid)</td></tr></table>	FB 6		FB 7		(i)	yellow/orange/red solid, solution, liquid or mixture (not colour alone) or orange/red/brown gas or vapour	(i)	brown/grey/black (not blue-black) solid or purple gas/vapour (gas can be awarded in either of the first two boxes)	(ii)	white or steamy fumes (in either of the first two boxes)	(ii)	“bad-egg” smell or (smell of) H ₂ S or test for H ₂ S (including dichromate turning green)	(iii)	positive test for SO ₂	(iii)	Orange/dark red/red-brown/ brown solution (no solid) on adding distilled water	(iv)	no change (but not no ppt) with starch	(iv)	blue/blue-black/ purple/purple-black/black colour (of solution or solid)		
		FB 6		FB 7																				
		(i)	yellow/orange/red solid, solution, liquid or mixture (not colour alone) or orange/red/brown gas or vapour	(i)	brown/grey/black (not blue-black) solid or purple gas/vapour (gas can be awarded in either of the first two boxes)																			
		(ii)	white or steamy fumes (in either of the first two boxes)	(ii)	“bad-egg” smell or (smell of) H ₂ S or test for H ₂ S (including dichromate turning green)																			
(iii)	positive test for SO ₂	(iii)	Orange/dark red/red-brown/ brown solution (no solid) on adding distilled water																					
(iv)	no change (but not no ppt) with starch	(iv)	blue/blue-black/ purple/purple-black/black colour (of solution or solid)																					
	Give one mark for two out of four correct marking points for FB 6	1																						
	Give one mark for three out of four correct marking points for FB 7	1																						
			[2]																					
(d)	MMO Collection	Observes: yellow/orange/red/brown colour on adding Br ₂ (aq), providing there is no precipitate or solid and blue/blue-black/purple/purple-black/black colour (of solution or solid)	1																					
				[1]																				
(e)	ACE Conclusions	Conclusions for halide/sulfuric acid reaction Any reference to Br ₂ or I ₂ being produced or halide oxidised Sulfuric acid is an oxidising agent. <i>H₂SO₄ oxidises halide scores both marks.</i> Conclusions for bromine water/iodide reaction Correct description of displacement or redox reaction involving both of the halogens/halides: e.g. (i) halogen/halide <i>Bromine oxidises iodide ions.</i> (ii) halogen/halogen <i>Br₂ displaces I₂.</i> <i>Iodine is displaced by bromine.</i> <i>There is no suitable statement linking halide and halide.</i>	1 1 1																					
				[3]																				

Page 8	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2009	9701	32

(f)	MMO Collection	FB 8 Observes white ppt soluble/dissolving/disappearing (in excess) for each reagent.	1	
		FB 9 Observes white ppt insoluble/not dissolving/remaining (in excess) for each reagent	1	
	ACE Conclusions	Mark consequentially on observations involving white precipitates only. Expected ions are Zn^{2+} in FB 8 and Mg^{2+} in FB 9 Symbol and ion charge must be correct in any deduction or the name of the ion given: <i>e.g. Zn^{2+} or zinc but not Zn</i>	1	
				[3]
				[Total: 13]