



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary Level

CANDIDATE NAME			
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER	
MATHEMATICS			9709/23
Paper 2 Pure Mathem	natics 2 (P2)		May/June 2018
			1 hour 15 minutes
Candidates answer or	the Question Paper.		
Additional Materials:	List of Formulae (MF9)		

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions in the space provided. If additional space is required, you should use the lined page at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 50.



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(i)	Find the <i>x</i> -coordinate of the stationary point.	
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i)	Determine whether the stationary point is a maximum or minimum point.	
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$x^{4} - 2x^{3} + 8x^{2} - 12x + 13$	
is divided by $x^2 + 6$ and show that the remainder is 1.	[3]
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	x^4 –	$-2x^3 + 8x^2$	-12x + 12	= 0	
has no real roots.					
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(ii)	Hence	solve	the	equation
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$2\ln(2^{m+1}) - \ln(2^m + 3) = 4\ln 2,$	
giving the value of u correct to 4 significant figures.	[2]

5	A	curve	has	eq	uation

v^3	sin	2x	+	4ν	=	8.
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Find the equation of the tangent to the curve at the point where it crosses the <i>y</i> -axis.	[6]

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Show th	$at a = 2 \ln \left(\frac{15}{4} + \frac{15}{$	$\left(\frac{-a}{e^{\frac{1}{2}a}}\right)$.				
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Use an iterative formula based on the equation in part (i) to find the value of a correct 3 significant figures.		Use the equation in part (i) to show by calculation that $1.5 < a < 1.6$.	
) Use an iterative formula based on the equation in part (i) to find the value of a correc			
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Use an iterative formula based on the equation in part (i) to find the value of a correct 3 significant figures. Give the result of each iteration to 5 significant figures.			••••••
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(ii)	Solve the equation $2\csc^2 2x(1-\cos 2x) = \tan x + 21$ for $0 < x < \pi$, giving your to 3 significant figures.	answers co
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(iii)	Find $\int [2\csc^2(4y+2) - 2\csc^2(4y+2)\cos(4y+2)] dy$.	3]
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(iii)	Find $\int [2\csc^2(4y+2) - 2\csc^2(4y+2)\cos(4y+2)] dy$. [3]	
(iii)		

Additional Page

If you use the following lined page to complete the answer(s) to any question(s), the question number(s) must be clearly shown.			

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