CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

Cambridge International Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2015 series

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/42

Paper 4 (A2 Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 100

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2015	9701	42

Question	Marking point	Marks
1 (a)	Ca $3s^23p^64s^2$ and Ca^{2+} $3s^23p^6$	1
(b)	$Ca(OH)_2 + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2 + 2H_2O$	1
	or CaO + $2HNO_3 \rightarrow Ca(NO_3)_2 + H_2O$	
(c) (i)	CaO and brown gas	1
(ii)	the (cat)ion size/radii increases	2
	decreasing its ability to polarise the nitrate ion/N-O bond	
(d) (i)	(energy change when) 1 mole of ions	2
	gaseous (ions) dissolve in water (to form an infinitely dilute solution) or gaseous (ions) form an aqueous solution	
(ii)	$\Delta H^{\text{e}}_{\text{latt}} \text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2 + \Delta H^{\text{e}}_{\text{sol}} \text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2 = \Delta H^{\text{e}}_{\text{hyd}} \text{Ca}^{2+} + 2\Delta H^{\text{e}}_{\text{hyd}} \text{NO}_3^-$ $\Delta H^{\text{e}}_{\text{latt}} - 19 = -1650 + (2x - 314)$	3
	-2259 kJ mol ⁻¹	
1	$Ca^{(2+)}$ is a smaller (ion) \emph{or} $Ca^{(2+)}$ has a larger charge density $Ca^{(2+)}$ has a stronger attraction/bond to H_2O	2
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Page 3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Markin	Marking point								
2 (a)	Na	Mg	Al	Si	Р	S	Cl	Ar		
	1	0	1	2	3	2	1	0		
(b) (i)					ite / steam pH 0–3	y fumes p	oH 0–3			
(ii)	SiCl ₄ +	l_5 misty/white/steamy fumes pH 0–3 l_4 + 2H ₂ O \rightarrow SiO ₂ + 4HC l								

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking point					Marks		
3 (a)	forms (one or more) with incomple	ions ete d orbital(s))/sub-shells	/shells		1		
(b) (i)	dative (covalent) or	dative (covalent) or co-ordinate						
(ii)	species	can act as a	a ligand	cannot act as a ligand		2		
	NO ₃	✓						
	BF ₃			✓				
	H ₂ NCH ₂ CH ₂ NH ₂	✓	1					
	NH ₄ ⁺			✓				
(c) (i)				a of manganese ecies formed	type of reaction	5		
	Mn ²⁺ (aq) + NaOH	I (aq)	Mr	Mn(OH) ₂ n(H ₂ O) ₄ (OH) ₂	precipitation			
				Mn(OH) ₃				
	Mn ²⁺ (aq) + conce	ntrated HC1		MnCl ₄ ²⁻ MnCl ₆ ⁴⁻	ligand exchange/substitution			
	Mn ²⁺ (aq) + aqueo	ous H ₂ O ₂		Mn ³⁺	redox/oxidation			
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Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking point	Marks
4 (a)	M1: dipole on C–C1 bond	3
	M2: curly arrow breaking C-C1 bond	
	M3: curly arrow from the oxygen on ${}^{-}$ OH (lone pair needs to be shown) to carbon in C–C l bond and C l (ion) formed in the mechanism	
	H_3C $S+$ $S C$ H_3C OH H_3C OH OH OH OH OH OH OH OH	
(b) (i)	time taken for the concentration of a reactant(s) to fall to half its original value	1
(ii)	evidence of a pair of construction lines on graph and $t_{1/2}$ = 49–53 s	1
(iii)	no effect/change	1
(c) (i)	evidence of tangent at 80 s and data used, e.g. 0.42/152 = 0.00263	2
	units mol dm ⁻³ s ⁻¹	
(ii)	correct use of answer to (i)/0.19 and s ⁻¹	1
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Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking point	Marks
5 (a) (i)	M1: salt bridge and voltmeter/	4
	M2: method of H ₂ gas delivery	
	M3: X and Pt electrode labelled	
	M4: solution H ⁺ /HC1(aq)/H ₂ SO ₄ and X ²⁺ labelled	
(ii)	25°C/298 K and 1 atm/101 kPa pressure and 1 mol dm ⁻³ (solution)	1
(iii)	solution – ions or H ⁺ and X ²⁺ and wires – electrons/e ⁻	1
(b) (i)	$X + 2Ag^{+} \rightarrow 2Ag + X^{2+}$	1
(ii)	moles Ag = $1.30/107.9 = 0.0120$ 1 moles of X react with 2 moles Ag ⁺ moles of X lost = $0.012 \times 0.5 = 0.00602$ A_r of X = $0.67/0.006 = 111-112$ and X = Cd	4
		<u>11</u>

Page 7	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Qu	estion	Marking point	Marks
6	(a)	$4BF_3 + 3NaBH_4 \rightarrow 2B_2H_6 + 3NaBF_4$	1
	(b)	δ ⁻ [1] dipoles (M1) δ ⁺ [1] intermediate (M3) [1] both curly arrows (M2) arrow <u>must</u> come from lone pair	3
	(c) (i)	(electrophilic) addition	1
	(ii)	H_3C CH_3 CH_3	1

Page 8	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking point	Marks
(d) (i)	any four of	3
	M1: σ-bonds between C–C or C–H	
	M2: π -bonds formed from overlap of p-orbitals	
	M3: (π-bonds/electrons) above and below the ring	
	M4:bonds/electrons are delocalised	
	M5: bond angle 120°	
	M6: intermediate C–C bond length/all C–C same length/strength	
	M7: carbons are sp ² hybridised	
(ii)	correct delocalised structure of borazine	1
	$B \longrightarrow B$	
		<u>10</u>

Page 9	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking point	Marks
7 (a) (i)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3
(ii)	Sn + HC l HNO $_2$ or NaNO $_2$ + HC l step 1 (linked to a reduction) reflux/heat/>50 °C or conc/6M (HC l) and step 2 \leq 10 °C	3
(iii)	diazonium (group)	1
(b) (i)	σ -bonds = 14 π -bonds = 2	2

Page 10	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking poin	t		Ma
7	reagent	structure of product	type of reaction	
	HC1	H ₃ N ⁺ O	acid-base or neutralisation	
	CH₃CH₂Br	CH ₃ CH ₂ NH ₂ Br ⁻ O	(nucleophilic) substitution	
				<u>1</u>

Page 11	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking point	Marks
8 (a) (i)	A = mRNA B ₁ and B ₂ , etc. = tRNA or tRNA-amino acid complex	2
(ii)	stage 1 = transcription and stage 3= translation	1
(b) (i)	$C_5H_5N_5$	1
(ii)	cytosine, thymine, guanine	1
(iii)	covalent hydrogen bonding	2
(c)	hydrolysis	1
(d) (i)	Phosphorus/P	1
(ii)	H atoms have insufficient electron density <i>or</i> electrons (to show up) <i>or</i> H atoms contain one e ⁻	1
		<u>10</u>

Page 12	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking point	Marks
9 (a)	iron/Fe (= haemoglobin)	2
	sodium/Na or potassium/K (= transmission of nerve impulses)	
	Zn or Cu or Mg or Mn or Mo or Ni or Fe or Co (= enzyme co-factor)	
(b)	any three of: M1: substrate binds to/fits into the active site of the enzyme	3
	M2: Interaction with site causes a specific bond to be weakened, (which breaks)	
	M3: lowers activation energy	
	M4: products released from the enzyme/active site	
(c) (i)	Tertiary	1
(ii)	$2 - SH \longrightarrow -S - S - (+ 2H)$	1
(iii)	oxidation	1
(d) (i)	E = CH and F = CH ₂	1
(ii)	E = triplet and adjacent 2H F = doublet and adjacent 1H	2
		<u>11</u>
10 (a) (i)	CH ₃ OH NH ₂ OH	1

Page 13	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Question	Marking point	Marks
(ii)	CH ₃ OH NH ₂ O	2
(iii)	HO NH ₂ OH CH ₃ -OH	3
(b)	M1: hydrogen bonding M2: between the NH ₂ groups and water or CO ₂ /C=O/–OH groups and water (allow names) or lone pair on N/O with water	2
(c)	allow range 1–200 nm or 1–200 × 10 ⁻⁹ m	1
		<u>9</u>