

#### **Cambridge International Examinations**

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

COMPUTER SCIENCE  Paper 4 Further Problem-solving and Programming Skill	le.	9000/4 I
COMPLITED SCIENCE		9608/41
CENTRE NUMBER	CANDIDATE NUMBER	
CANDIDATE NAME		

Paper 4 Further Problem-solving and Programming Skills

2 hours

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

No calculators allowed.

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO **NOT** WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

No marks will be awarded for using brand names of software packages or hardware.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.

The maximum number of marks is 75.



1 A declarative language is used to represent facts and rules about flights.

```
01 direct(edinburgh, paris).
02 direct(palma, rome).
03 direct(glasgow, palma).
04 direct(glasgow, vienna).
05 direct(glasgow, salzburg).
06
07 flies(paris, fly_jet).
08 flies(mumbai, british_air).
09 flies(palma, ciebe).
10 flies(vienna, fly_jet).
11 flies(salzburg, ciebe).
12
13 can fly(X, Y) IF direct(X, Z) AND direct(Z, Y).
```

These clauses have the following meaning:

Clause	Explanation	
01	There is a direct route from Edinburgh to Paris.	
07	Fly Jet operates flights to Paris.	
13	It is possible to fly from X to Y if there is a direct flight from X to Z and a direct flight from Z to Y.	

(a) More facts need to be included.

There is a direct flight from London to Rome and British Air flies to Rome.

14	 
15	 
	[2]

(b) Using the variable Q, the goal

```
flies(Q, fly jet).
```

returns

```
Q = paris, vienna
```

Write the result returned by the goal

```
flies(K, ciebe).
```

```
K = .....[2]
```

(c)	Use the variable $\ensuremath{\mathbb{M}}$ to write the goal to find where you can fly direct from Glasgow.	
		.[2]
(d)	If an airline flies to an airport, that airline also flies every direct route out of that airport.	
	Write a rule to represent this condition.	
	flies(Y, X)	
	IF	
		.[3]
(e)	State what the following goal returns.	
	<pre>can_fly(glasgow, rome).</pre>	
		[1]

			4
2	The	arra	y ItemList[1:20] stores data. A bubble sort sorts these data.
	(a)	Cor	mplete the pseudocode algorithm for a bubble sort.
		01	MaxIndex ← 20
		02	NumberItems ←
		03	FOR Outer ← 1 TO
		04	FOR Inner $\leftarrow$ 1 to NumberItems
		05	<pre>IF ItemList[Inner] &gt;</pre>
		06	THEN
		07	Temp ← ItemList[]
		08	<pre>ItemList[Inner] ← ItemList[]</pre>
		09	$ItemList[Inner + 1] \leftarrow \dots$
		10	ENDIF
		11	ENDFOR
		12	NumberItems ←
		13	ENDFOR [7]
	(b)	The	e algorithm in <b>part (a)</b> is inefficient.
	( )	(i)	Explain why the algorithm in <b>part (a)</b> is inefficient.
		.,	
			[2]
		(ii)	Explain how you would improve the efficiency of this algorithm.

Explain how you would improve the efficiency of this algorithm.

(c) An insertion sort is another sorting algorithm.

State ${\bf two}$ situations when an insertion sort is more efficient than a bubble sort. Give a reason for each.
Situation 1
Reason
Situation 2
Reason

[4]

**3** An internet based music streaming service provides access to an unlimited number of songs for members to play.

The following pseudocode represents the operation of the service.

(a) Complete the JSP structure diagram for this music service from the pseudocode given.

Music Service

- **(b)** The service needs extending so that members can download songs to play offline.
  - When a member selects a song, the service checks if the song has already been downloaded.
  - If the member has already downloaded the song, the member has the option to delete or play it.
  - If the member has not already downloaded the song they have the option to download or stream it.

Complete the following JSP structure diagram to represent these new requirements.

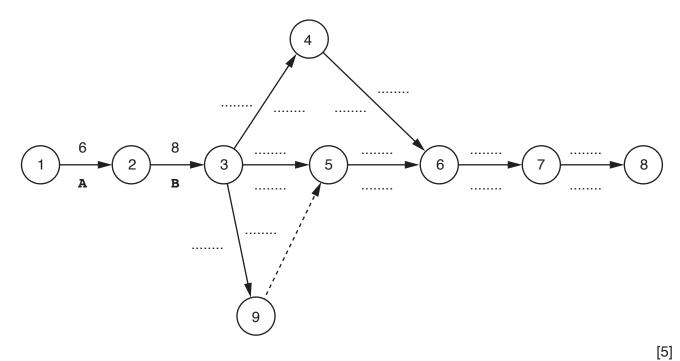
Select Song

[4]

4 A software company is developing a new application. The project manager has created a work breakdown structure, as shown in the following table.

	Activity	Days to complete	Predecessor
A	Gather user requirements	6	
В	Design work	8	A
С	Develop server code	4	В
D	Develop application code	5	В
E	User interface development	6	В
F	Test server code	2	С
G	Test application	2	D,E
н	Test application/server integration	5	F,G
I	Roll out mobile application	3	Н

(a) Use the data in the table to complete the following Program Evaluation Review Technique (PERT) chart.



**(b)** Calculate the critical path (CP). State the:

activities that form the CP .....

duration of the CP ......[2]

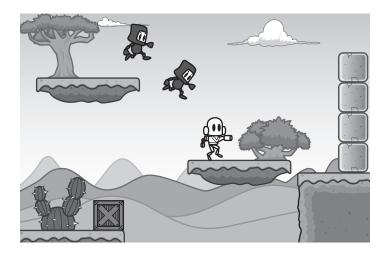
(c) For activity  $\mathbb{F}$ , state the:

earliest start time .....

latest finish time ......[2]

Question 5 begins on the next page.

**5** A computer game is being developed using object-oriented programming. The following image is a screenshot from the game.



There are scenery elements and animated elements. The player's character is one of the animated elements.

Each game element has the attributes:

Attribute	Description	Example value
PositionX	The x coordinate of the game element.	92
PositionY	The y coordinate of the game element.	106
Width	The width of the game element.	150
Height	The height of the game element.	200
ImageFilename	The filename of the image file for the game element.	GameElementFrame1.png

Each game element has a method, <code>GetDetails()</code> that returns a string containing all the element's attributes.

The player's character is one of a number of animated elements. All animated elements have the attributes:

Attribute Description		Example value
AnimationFrames An array of GameElement		
Direction	A string giving the direction the object is travelling in.	"Left"
Strength	A value for the strength that indicates the power of the object.	2000
Health	A value for the health that indicates the health of the object.	100

The player's character can either move left or right, or jump.

(a) Complete the following class diagram for the game.

You do not need to include any additional get or set methods.

GameElement
PositionX: INTEGER PositionY: INTEGER Width: INTEGER Height: INTEGER ImageFilename: STRING
<pre>Constructor() GetDetails()</pre>

AnimatedElement			
AnimationFrames:	ARRAY	OF	GameElement
Constructor()			
AdjustHealth()			
AdjustStrength()			
DisplayAnimation	()		

Scenery
CauseDamage: BOOLEAN DamagePoints: INTEGER
<pre>Constructor() GiveDamagePoints()</pre>

Player		

[3]

(D)	write program code to define the GameElement class.
	Programming language
	Program code

(c) The Scenery() class has two attributes, CauseDamage and DamagePoints.

If the attribute CauseDamage is TRUE, then the scenery element can cause damage.	
The method ${\tt GiveDamagePoints}$ () checks whether the object can cause damage object can cause damage, the method returns the integer value of the Damage attribute.	
Write program code for the Scenery class.	
Programming language	
Program code	
	[6]

- (d) A new scenery object, GiftBox, is to be created.
  - (i) The attributes of GiftBox are as follows:

Attribute	Value
PositionX	150
PositionY	150
Width	50
Height	75
ImageFilename	"box.png"
CauseDamage	TRUE
DamagePoints	50

Write program code to create an instance of GiftBox.

Programming language	
Program code	
ı	[2]

(ii) An additional method, GetScenery(), returns all the attributes of the Scenery	
	Write program code for the GetScenery() method.
	You should use the <code>GetDetails()</code> method that the <code>Scenery</code> class inherits from the <code>GameElement</code> class.
	Programming language
	Program code
	[3]

6 An Abstract Data Type (ADT) is used to create a linked list. The linked list is created as an array of records. The records are of type ListNode.

An example of a record of ListNode is shown in the following table.

Data Field	Value
Player	"Alvaro"
Pointer	1

(a)	(i)	Use <b>pseudocode</b> to write a definition for the record type, ListNode.	
		[3]	
		[5]	
	(ii)	An array, Scorers, will hold 10 nodes of type ListNode. Use pseudocode to write an array declaration for this array. The lower bound subscript is 0.	
		[2]	

(b) The linked list stores ListNode records in alphabetical order of player. The last node in the linked list always has a Pointer value of -1. The position of the first node in the linked list is held in the variable ListHead.

After some processing, the array and variables are in the state as follows:

# ListHead

### Scorers

	Player	Pointer
0	"Alvaro"	1
1	"Antoine"	3
2	"Dimitri"	7
3	"Cristiano"	2
4	"Gareth"	5
5	"Graziano"	6
6	"Olivier"	8
7	"Erik"	4
8	"Yaya"	9
9	"Zoto"	-1

A **recursive** function traverses the linked list to search for a player.

An example of calling the function, using pseudocode, is:

Position ← SearchList("Gareth", ListHead)

Complete the following pseudocode to implement the function SearchList().

The function will return a value of 99 when a player is not found.

[5]

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