## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/33

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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Question Sections		Sections	Indicative material		
1	(a)	PDO Recording	I Thermometer readings for all experiments recorded to 0.0 or 0.5°C.  (At least one recorded to 0.5°C.)	1	
		ACE Interpretation	II Calculation of all temperature changes correct.	1	
	MMO Quality		Award <b>III</b> for a temperature rise followed by constant temperature (within 0.5°C).		
			Award <b>IV</b> and <b>V</b> for a <b>maximum</b> rise within 0.5°C of supervisor.		
			Award <b>IV</b> for a <b>maximum</b> rise within 1.0°C of supervisor.		
			Award VI and VII for the experiment 3 temperature rise within 0.5°C of supervisor.	1	
			Award <b>VI</b> for the experiment <b>3</b> temperature rise withir 1.0°C of supervisor.		[7]
<b>(b)</b> PI	PDO Layout	I Axes correct and labelled: temperature change/ T change/∆T and volume/vol/V (of) sodium hydroxide/NaOH/ <b>FA 1</b> and correct units /°C or (°C) or 'in °C'; /cm³ or (cm³) (allow NaOH in cm³)	1		
			II Scales chosen so that graph occupies at least half the available length for <i>x</i> - and <i>y</i> -axes.	1	
			III Plotting – all points accurate to within half a small square and in the correct square.	1	
			IV Draws two straight lines of best fit which intersect.	1	[4]
	(c)	ACE Interpretation	Reads to nearest $\frac{1}{2}$ square to 1 or 2 dp volume of <b>FA 1</b> and temperature rise from intercept. Do <b>not</b> award if $\Delta T$ at intercept (or point) < max $\Delta T$ from table unless candidate has clearly indicated the max $\Delta T$ is anomalous.		[1]

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(d)	ACE Conclusions	I	The temperature/temperature change increases as <b>more</b> reaction/more hydrochloric acid/sodium hydroxide reacts/as more water formed.	1	
		II	The temperature/temperature change stays constant/decreases when all acid/limiting reagent has reacted/excess NaOH is added.	1	[2]
(e)	ACE Interpretation	I	Volume used in calculation is 65 cm <sup>3</sup>	1	
		II	Heat energy change calculated using candidate's value for $\Delta \text{T}$ correct to 3 or 4 sf	1	[2]
(f)	ACE Interpretation		$\frac{25 \times 2}{1000} = $ <b>0.05</b>	1	[1]
(g)	ACE Interpretation	I	Candidate's answer to (e) Candidate's answer to (f)	1	
	PDO Display	II	Correct calculation, conversion J to kJ and negative sign to 3 or 4 sf	1	[2]
(h)	ACE Conclusions	in e cha incr	that rise in temperature is proportional to increase nergy produced/change in volume gives different nge in temperature for same energy produced/ease in volume requires increase in energy for temperature rise.	1	[1]
(i)	PDO Display	I	Number moles NaOH = number moles HC <i>l</i> (stated or clearly shown)	1	
	ACE Interpretation	II	Calculates or expression for Concentration = 0.05 (ecf from (f)) answer to (c)/1000	1	
			If answer only, award mark if correct to 3 or 4 sf		[2]
(j)	ACE Improvements	(allo	e more <b>concentrated</b> solutions. bw use <b>≤ 5</b> cm³ water each time) ore all references to heat energy losses.	1	[1]
(k)	ACE Conclusions	I	Two straight intersecting lines (positive followed by zero gradient).	1	
		II	Same $\Delta T$ and V shown as in <b>(b)</b> .	1	[2]
				-	
				[Total	: 25]

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2 (a)	MMO Decisions	(i)	I	Any named mineral acid or formula or (acidified) potassium dichromate Do <b>not</b> allow any reagent suitable for testing cations or more than one reagent.	1	
	PDO Recording	(ii)	II	Tabulates evidence of 3 tests carried out with no repeat headings.  Only consider observations with acid or dichromate.	1	
	MMO Collection		III	Bubbles/effervescence in <b>FA 4</b> .	1	
				Slower effervescence in <b>FA 3</b> than <b>FA 4</b> or <b>FA 3</b> turns green <b>and FA 5</b> stays orange if dichromate used.	1	
	MMO Decisions			Appropriate test with positive result used to test for either gas.	1	
	ACE Conclusions			All three ions correct from suitable observations.  FA3 is a sulfite.  FA4 is a carbonate.  FA5 is a sulfate.  (or correct formulae)	1	[6]
(b)	MMO Collection	(i)	I	FA 4 + FA 6 white ppt and FA 5 + FA 6 white ppt.	1	
				<b>FA 6</b> + NaOH white ppt, soluble in excess sodium hydroxide.		
			III	Brown gas		
			IV	Gas relights glowing splint.		
			$\mathbf{V}$	Yellow residue or crackling/decrepitating.		
	ACE Conclusions			Gas identified as oxygen or as NO <sub>2</sub> from observations.		[6]
	ACE Conclusions	(ii)		nd/Pb <sup>2+</sup> provided correct observations with <b>FA 6 +</b> NaOH <b>and 6 + FA 5</b> (sulfate).	1	[1]
	MMO Decisions	(iii)	I	Add HC1/H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> /KI/K <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub> /NH <sub>3</sub> *	1	
	MMO Collection		II	white ppt/white ppt/yellow ppt/yellow ppt/white ppt insoluble in excess.	1	
			allo NH	not $Pb^{2+}$ in <b>(ii)</b> but one of $Al^{3+}$ , $Ba^{2+}$ , $Ca^{2+}$ , $Zn^{2+}$ w suitable reagent mark: $K_2CrO_4$ for $Ba^{2+}$ and $R_3$ for the other three.		[2]
			1 100	vever, observation must be confect to i i b .		اے