# COMP 322/L—Introduction to Operating Systems and System Architecture Assignment #3—Banker's Algorithm

# **Objective:**

To implement resource requests and resource releases and demonstrate deadlock avoidance using the Banker's algorithm.

# **Specification:**

The program simulates resource requests/releases to/from processes and demonstrates deadlock avoidance with the Banker's algorithm. A menu controls the operations, and each choice calls the appropriate procedure, where the choices are:

- 1) Enter claim graph
- 2) Request resource
- 3) Release resource
- 4) Determine safe sequence
- 5) Quit program and free memory

## **Assignment:**

- The program uses a claim graph consisting of processes, multi-unit resources, request edges, allocation edges, and claim edges to represent the state of allocated resources to processes.
- The graph can be represented by a set of arrays:
  - Resource vector: an m-element vector, where m is the number of resources and each entry resource[j] records the total number of units of resource j
  - o Available vector: an m-element vector, where m is the number of resources and each entry available [j] records the number of units of resource j that are available
  - Max claims array: an nxm-element array, where m is the number of resources and n is the number of processes, and each entry maxclaim[i][j] records the maximum number of units of resource j that process i may claim
  - Allocated array: an nxm-element array, where m is the number of resources and n is the number of processes, and each entry allocated[i][j] records the number of units of resource j that process i has been allocated
  - o **Need array:** an  $n \times m$  array, where m is the number of resources and n is the number of processes, and each entry  $\mathbf{need}[i][j]$  records the number of units of resource j that process i may need in the future

### What NOT to do:

- Do NOT modify the choice values (1,2,3,4,5) or input characters and then try to convert them to integers—the test script used for grading your assignment will not work correctly.
- Do NOT turn in an alternate version of the assignment downloaded from the Internet (coursehero, chegg, reddit, github, ChatGPT, etc.) or submitted from you or another student from a previous semester—the test cases from this semester will not work on a previous semester's assignment.
- Do NOT turn in your assignment coded in another programming language (C++, C#, Java).

#### What to turn in:

- The source code as a C file uploaded to Canvas by the deadline of 11:59pm PST. Please check the syllabus for the late submission policy.—note 1-minute late counts as a day late, 1 day and 1 minute late counts as 2 days late, etc.)
- As a note, even though your code may compile on a compiler you have installed on your computer, I do not have access to your computer. I will be using the following free online compiler for testing, so make sure your code compiles with the following online C compiler before submitting: <a href="https://www.onlinegdb.com/online\_c\_compiler">https://www.onlinegdb.com/online\_c\_compiler</a> If it does not compile with the above compiler, the default grade is 0 points since I cannot run it.

#### Sample output

0

2

р1

1

0

0

0

```
Banker's Algorithm
1) Enter claim graph
2) Request resource
3) Release resource
4) Determine safe sequence
5) Quit program
Enter selection: 1
Enter number of resources: 3
Enter number of units for resources (r0 to r2): 10 5 7
Enter number of processes: 5
Enter maximum number of units process p0 will claim from each resource (r0 to r2): 7 5 3
Enter maximum number of units process p1 will claim from each resource (r0 to r2): 3 2 2
Enter maximum number of units process p2 will claim from each resource (r0 to r2): 9 0 2
Enter maximum number of units process p3 will claim from each resource (r0 to r2): 2 2 2
Enter maximum number of units process p4 will claim from each resource (r0 to r2): 4 3 3
Enter number of units of each resource (r0 to r2) currently allocated to process p0: 0 1 0
Enter number of units of each resource (r0 to r2) currently allocated to process p1: 2 0 0
Enter number of units of each resource (r0 to r2) currently allocated to process p2: 2 0 2
Enter number of units of each resource (r0 to r2) currently allocated to process p3: 2 1 1
Enter number of units of each resource (r0 to r2) currently allocated to process p4: 0 1 2
Resources:
       r0
              r1
                       r2
               5
Available:
       r0
               r1
                       r2
        4
               2
Max Claim:
               r1
                       r2
       r0
ρO
        7
               5
                       3
p1
       9
               0
                       2
p2
       2
               2
                       2
p3
p4
       4
               3
                       3
Allocated:
       r0
               r1
                      r2
p0
               1
                       0
p1
       2
               Ω
                       0
        2
               0
                       2
p2
рЗ
       2
               1
                       1
p4
        0
               1
                       2
Need:
       r0
               r1
                     r2
рO
       7
               4
                       3
               2
                       2
p1
p2
       7
                      0
               0
рЗ
        0
               1
                       1
p4
        4
Banker's Algorithm
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1) Enter claim graph
2) Request resource
3) Release resource
4) Determine safe sequence
5) Quit program
Enter selection: 2
Enter requesting process: p2
Enter requested resource: r0
Enter number of units process p2 is requesting from resource r0: 1
Available:
               r1
                       r2
       r0
       3
               2
                       2
Allocated:
                       r2
    r0
               r1
p0
```

p2	3	0	2
р3	2	1	1
p4	0	1	2
Need:			
	r0	r1	r2
p0	7	4	3
p1	1	2	2
p2	6	0	0
р3	0	1	1
p4	4	2	1

# Banker's Algorithm

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- 1) Enter claim graph
- 2) Request resource
- 3) Release resource
- 4) Determine safe sequence
- 5) Quit program

Enter selection: 3

Enter releasing processor: p4 Enter released resource: r1

Enter number of units process p4 is releasing from resource r1: 1

#### Available:

	r0	r1	r2
	3	3	2
Alloca	ated:		
	r0	r1	r2
p0	0	1	0
p1	2	0	0
p2	3	0	2
р3	2	1	1
p4	0	0	2
Need:			
	r0	r1	r2
p0	7	4	3
p1	1	2	2
p2	6	0	0
р3	0	1	1

#### Banker's Algorithm

p4

4. – . . . . . . . .

- 1) Enter claim graph
- 2) Request resource
- 3) Release resource
- 4) Determine safe sequence

3

1

5) Quit program

Enter selection: 4

Comparing: < 7 4 3 > <= < 3 3 2 > : Process p0 cannot be sequenced Comparing: < 1 2 2 > <= < 3 3 2 > : Process p1 can be sequenced Comparing: < 6 0 0 > <= < 5 3 2 > : Process p2 cannot be sequenced Comparing: < 0 1 1 > <= < 5 3 2 > : Process p3 can be sequenced Comparing: < 1 1 > <= < 5 3 2 > : Process p3 can be sequenced Comparing: < 4 3 1 > <= < 7 4 3 > : Process p4 can be sequenced Comparing: < 7 4 3 > <= < 7 4 5 > : Process p0 can be sequenced Comparing: < 6 0 0 > <= < 7 5 5 > : Process p2 can be sequenced Safe sequence of processes: p1 p3 p4 p0 p2

Banker's Algorithm

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- 1) Enter claim graph
- 2) Request resource
- 3) Release resource
- 4) Determine safe sequence
- 5) Quit program

Enter selection: 5
Quitting program...