MATH 3940 Assignment 1 Solutions - Matlab Fall 2021

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Question 2: (a) >> A=[-1\ 2\ 2\ 5\ 1; 0\ 3\ 1\ 2\ 1; 1\ -4\ 1\ 0\ -2; 0\ 5\ 3\ 1\ 1; 3\ -6\ 0\ 4\ 3];
>> det(A)
ans = 282.0000
>> inv(A)
ans = -0.4929 1.2234 0.3475 -0.1950 0.0532
      0.1738 -0.7766 0.0142 0.4716 0.0532
      0.0638 0.5106 0.1277 -0.2553 -0.0213
      0.1241 -0.8404 -0.4184 0.3369 0.1809
(b) >> B=[7592-1]';
>> x=A\backslash B
x = 5.3511
     1.9787
    -1.6489
     3.6596
    -6.6064
Question 3: (b) Using the Matlab command lu, we find that
>> A=[0 0 -1 1; 1 1 -1 2; 1 1 0 3; 1 2 -1 3];
>> [L U P]=lu(A)
L = 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0
    1 1 0 0
    1 0 1 0
    0 0 -1 1
U = 1 1 -1 2
    0 1 0 1
    0 0 1 1
    0 0 0 2
```

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P = 0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0
      0 0 0 1
      0 0 1 0
      1 0 0 0
After finding the L U and P, we have to find PB
>> B=[-1 -1 2 1]';
>> PB=P*B;
We write this forward substitution program in M file
function X=forsub(A,B)
\% A is an n x n lower triangular nonsingular matrix and B is n x 1 matrix
n=length(B);
X=zeros(n,1);
X(1)=B(1)/A(1,1);
for k=2:n
X(k)=(B(k)-A(k,1:k-1)*X(1:k-1))/A(k,k);
end
>> Y=forsub(L,PB)
Y =
     -1
      2
      3
      2
Then we use the backward substitution program in M file
>> X=backsub(U,Y)
X =
    -2
     1
     2
      1
```