

Low-Rank Constraints for Fast Inference in Structured Models



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Structured Models

- ▶ Explicitly model output associations
 - ▶ Directly or through latent variables
- ▶ Focus on combinatorially large latent discrete structures
 - ▶ Complementary to distributed representations

Scaling Structured Models

- ▶ Prior work demonstrated: Size  Performance 
 - ▶ Hidden Markov Models (HMM)
 - ▶ Probabilistic Context-Free Grammars (PCFG)
- ▶ Prior work scaled via
 - ▶ Sparsity for HMMs¹
 - ▶ Low-rank tensor decompositions for PCFGs²
- ▶ This work: low-rank matrix constraints
 - ▶ More general
 - ▶ Less speedup

¹Chiu and Rush, *Scaling Hidden Markov Language Models*.

²Yang, Zhao, and Tu, 'PCFGs Can Do Better: Inducing Probabilistic Context-Free Grammars with Many Symbols'.

Inference as Matrix-Vector Products

- ▶ Inference: sequence of matrix-vector products
- ▶ Speed up via fast mat-vecs
- ▶ Applies to a large family of structured models

Fast Matrix-Vector Products

- ▶ Mat-vecs take $O(L^2)$ computation
- ▶ Various fast methods
 - ▶ Sparsity (nnz entries)
 - ▶ Fast Fourier Transform ($L \log L$)
 - ▶ Low-Rank factorization (LR)
- ▶ Connected to work in efficient attention and low-dimensional kernel approximations³

³Choromanski et al., *Rethinking Attention with Performers*; Peng et al., *Random Feature Attention*; Blanc and Rendle, *Adaptive Sampled Softmax with Kernel Based Sampling*.

Roadmap

- ▶ Speeding up HMM inference
- ▶ Speeding up PCFG inference
- ▶ Generalization to hypergraph inference
- ▶ Experiments

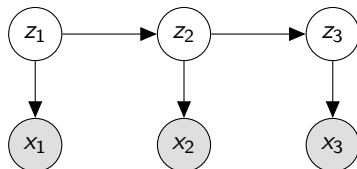
Two Examples

some text here some text here
some text here some text here
some text here

► Blah

Hidden Markov Models (HMMs)

For times t , model states $z_t \in [Z]$, and tokens $x_t \in [X]$,



with joint distribution

$$p(x, z) = \prod_t p(x_t \mid z_t) p(z_t \mid z_{t-1})$$

Inference

Given observed $x = (x_1, \dots, x_T)$ We wish to maximize

$$p(x) = \sum_{z_1} \cdots \sum_{z_T} p(x, z) = \alpha_1^\top \Lambda_2 \Lambda_3 \cdots \Lambda_T \mathbf{1},$$

where we have the

$$\begin{aligned} \text{start,} \quad & [\alpha_1]_{z_1} = p(x_1 \mid z_1)p(z_1), \\ \text{and transition operators,} \quad & [\Lambda_t]_{z_{t-1}, z_t} = p(x_t \mid z_t)p(z_t \mid z_{t-1}) \end{aligned}$$

Inference: Backward Algorithm

- ▶ Performing multiplications from right to left

$$p(x) = \alpha_1^\top (\Lambda_2(\Lambda_3 \mathbf{1}))$$

- ▶ Recursively

$$\beta_t = \Lambda_t \beta_{t+1}$$

- ▶ Requires $O(TZ^2)$ operations in total

Low-Rank Factorization

Factor matrices $\Lambda \in \mathbb{R}^{Z \times Z}$ into product of $U, V \in \mathbb{R}^{Z \times R}$

$$\boxed{\Lambda} \times \boxed{\beta} = \boxed{U} \times \left(\boxed{V^T} \times \boxed{\beta} \right)$$

resulting in two matrix-vector products of cost $O(ZR)$ each

Hypergraph Marginalization



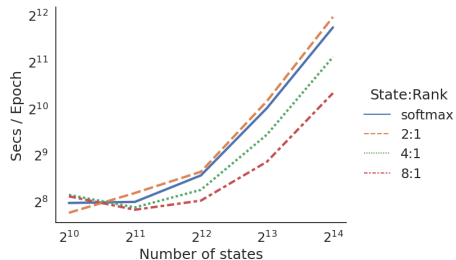
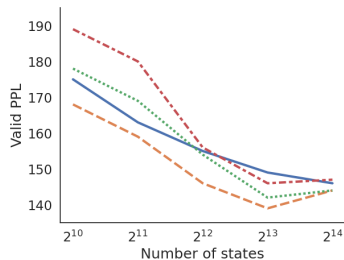
Hypergraph Marginalization Algorithm

Experiments

Experiments

- ▶ Language modeling on PTB
- ▶ Feature map $\phi(U) = \exp(UW)$, with learned $W \in \mathbb{R}^{R \times R}$
- ▶ Baseline: Softmax HMM

HMM Performance

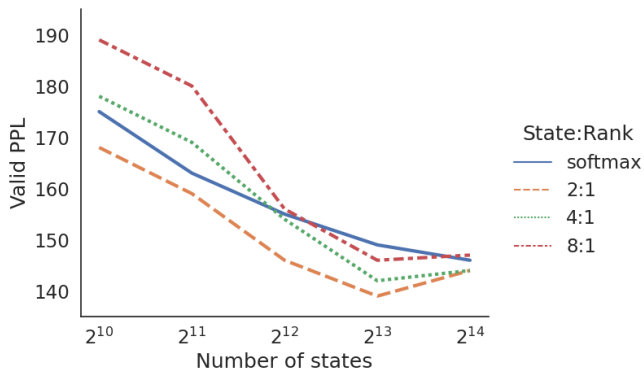


HMM Accuracy

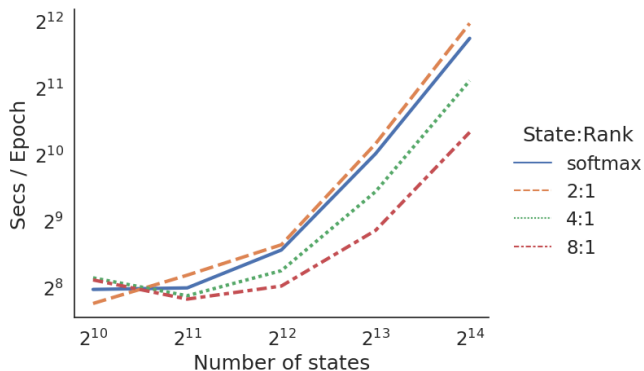
Model	Val	Test
AWD-LSTM	60.0	57.3
VL-HMM	128.6	119.5
HMM	144.3	136.8
LHMM	141.4	131.8

HMM Speed vs Accuracy Frontier

HMM Accuracy vs Rank



HMM Speed vs Rank








HMM Music Results

HSMM Results

PCFG Results

Citations

-  Blanc, Guy and Steffen Rendle. *Adaptive Sampled Softmax with Kernel Based Sampling*. 2018. [arXiv: 1712.00527 \[cs.LG\]](#).
-  Chiu, Justin T. and Alexander M. Rush. *Scaling Hidden Markov Language Models*. 2020. [arXiv: 2011.04640 \[cs.CL\]](#).
-  Choromanski, Krzysztof et al. *Rethinking Attention with Performers*. 2021. [arXiv: 2009.14794 \[cs.LG\]](#).
-  Peng, Hao et al. *Random Feature Attention*. 2021. [arXiv: 2103.02143 \[cs.CL\]](#).
-  Yang, Songlin, Yanpeng Zhao, and Kewei Tu. 'PCFGs Can Do Better: Inducing Probabilistic Context-Free Grammars with Many Symbols'. In: *CoRR* [abs/2104.13727 \(2021\)](#). [arXiv: 2104.13727](#). URL: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.13727>.