

# Low-Rank Constraints for Fast Inference in Structured Models

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# Structured Models

- ▶ Explicitly model output associations
  - ▶ Directly or through latent variables
- ▶ Focus on combinatorially large latent discrete structures
  - ▶ Complementary to distributed representations

# Scaling Structured Models

- ▶ Prior work demonstrated: Size  Performance 
  - ▶ Hidden Markov Models (HMM)
  - ▶ Probabilistic Context-Free Grammars (PCFG)
- ▶ Prior work scaled via
  - ▶ Sparsity for HMMs<sup>1</sup>
  - ▶ Low-rank tensor decompositions for PCFGs<sup>2</sup>
- ▶ This work: low-rank matrix constraints
  - ▶ More general
  - ▶ Less speedup

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<sup>1</sup>Chiu and Rush, *Scaling Hidden Markov Language Models*.

<sup>2</sup>Yang, Zhao, and Tu, 'PCFGs Can Do Better: Inducing Probabilistic Context-Free Grammars with Many Symbols'.

# Inference as Matrix-Vector Products

- ▶ Inference: sequence of matrix-vector products
- ▶ Speed up via fast matvec methods
- ▶ Applies to a large family of structured models

# Fast Matrix-Vector Products

- ▶ Matvecs take  $O(L^2)$  computation
- ▶ Various fast methods
  - ▶ Sparsity (nnz entries)
  - ▶ Fast Fourier Transform ( $L \log L$ )
  - ▶ Low-Rank factorization ( $LR$ )
- ▶ Connected to efficient attention and kernel approximations<sup>3</sup>

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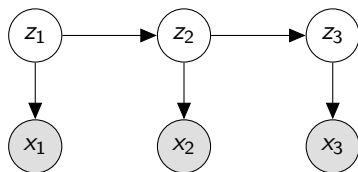
<sup>3</sup>Choromanski et al., *Rethinking Attention with Performers*; Peng et al., *Random Feature Attention*; Blanc and Rendle, *Adaptive Sampled Softmax with Kernel Based Sampling*.

# Roadmap

- ▶ Inference in HMMs
- ▶ Inference in PCFGs
- ▶ Low-rank matvec inference
- ▶ Generalization to hypergraph inference
- ▶ Experiments

# Hidden Markov Models (HMMs)

For times  $t$ , model states  $z_t \in [L]$ , and tokens  $x_t \in [X]$ ,



with joint distribution

$$p(x, z) = \prod_t p(x_t \mid z_t) p(z_t \mid z_{t-1})$$

# Inference in HMMs

Given observed  $x = (x_1, \dots, x_T)$  We wish to maximize

$$p(x) = \sum_{z_1} \cdots \sum_{z_T} p(x, z) = \mathbf{1}^\top \psi_1 \psi_2 \cdots \psi_T \mathbf{1},$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} [\psi_t]_{z_t, z_{t+1}} &= p(z_{t+1}, x_t \mid z_t) \\ [\psi_1]_{z_1, z_2} &= p(z_2, x_1 \mid z_1) p(z_1) \end{aligned}$$



# Probabilistic Context-Free Grammars (PCFGs)

# Matvec Inference in HMMs and PCFGs

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## Algorithm HMM Inference

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```
for  $t \leftarrow (t + 1)$  in right-to-left order do  
  for  $z_{t+1} \in \mathcal{L}$  do  
     $[\beta_{t+1}]_{z_{t+1}} = [\alpha_{t+1}]_{z_{t+1}}$   
     $\alpha_t \stackrel{+}{\leftarrow} \Psi_t \beta_{t+1}$   
return  $\alpha_0^\top \mathbf{1}$ 
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## Algorithm PCFG Inference

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```
for  $(i, k) \leftarrow (i, j), (j, k)$  in span-size order do  
  for  $z_1, z_2 \in \mathcal{L}_{i,j} \times \mathcal{L}_{j,k}$  do  
     $[\beta_{i,j,k}]_{(z_1, z_2)} = [\alpha_{i,j}]_{z_1} [\alpha_{j,k}]_{z_2}$   
     $\alpha_{i,k} \stackrel{+}{\leftarrow} \Psi_{i,j,k} \beta_{i,j,k}$   
return  $\alpha_{1,T}^\top \mathbf{1}$ 
```

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# Low-Rank Factorization

- ▶ Factor matrices  $\Psi \in \mathbb{R}^{L \times L}$  into product of  $U, V \in \mathbb{R}^{L \times R}$

$$\boxed{\Psi} \times \boxed{\beta} = \boxed{U} \times \left( \boxed{V^T} \times \boxed{\beta} \right)$$

- ▶ Two matrix-vector products of cost  $O(LR)$  each
- ▶ Also holds for rectangular  $\Psi$

# Hypergraph Marginalization

- ▶ Hypergraph represents dynamic program for exact inference
- ▶ Hyperedge consists of head node  $u$  and tail nodes  
 $v = (v_1, v_2, \dots)$
- ▶ PICTURE



# Hypergraph Marginalization Algorithm

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**Algorithm** Hypergraph marginalization

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**for**  $u \leftarrow v$  hyperedge  $e$  topologically **do**

$$\alpha_u \stackrel{+}{\leftarrow} \Psi_e \beta_v \quad \triangleright O(L^{|e|+1})$$

**return**  $\alpha_S^\top \mathbf{1}$

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**Algorithm** Low-rank marginalization

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**for**  $u \leftarrow v_1, v_2$  hyperedge  $e$  topologically **do**

$$\gamma \leftarrow V_e^\top \beta_v$$

$$\alpha_u \stackrel{+}{\leftarrow} U_e \gamma \quad \triangleright O(LN)$$

**return**  $\alpha_S^\top \mathbf{1}$

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# Experiments

# Experiments

- ▶ Language modeling on PTB
- ▶ Feature map  $\phi(U) = \exp(UW)$ , with learned  $W \in \mathbb{R}^{R \times R}$
- ▶ Baseline: Softmax HMM

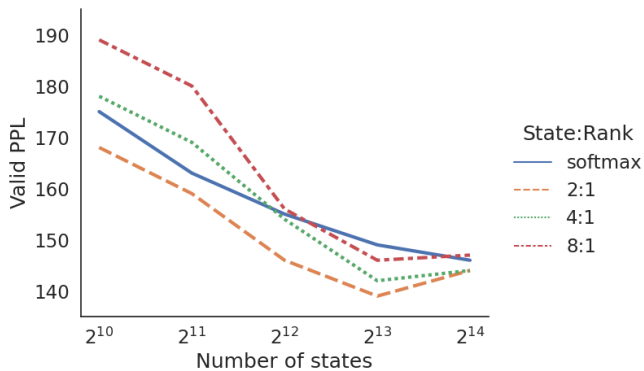


## HMM Accuracy

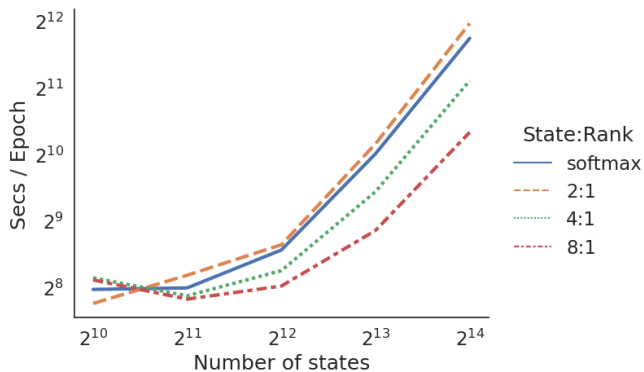
Model	Val	Test
AWD-LSTM	60.0	57.3
VL-HMM	128.6	119.5
HMM	144.3	136.8
LHMM	141.4	131.8

# HMM Speed vs Accuracy Frontier

# HMM Accuracy vs Rank



# HMM Speed vs Rank



# HMM Music Results

Model	Nott	Piano	Muse	JSB
RNN-NADE	2.31	<b>7.05</b>	<b>5.6</b>	5.19
R-Transformer	<b>2.24</b>	7.44	7.00	8.26
LSTM	3.43	7.77	7.23	8.17
LV-RNN	2.72	7.61	6.89	<b>3.99</b>
SRNN	2.94	8.20	6.28	4.74
TSBN	3.67	7.89	6.81	7.48
HMM	2.43	8.51	7.34	5.74
LHMM	2.60	8.89	7.60	5.80



# PCFG Results

$ \mathcal{N} $	$ \mathcal{P} $	Model	$N$	PPL	Batch/s
30	60	PCFG	-	252.60	4.37
		LPCFG	8	247.02	3.75
		LPCFG	16	250.59	3.74
60	120	PCFG	-	234.01	2.99
		LPCFG	16	217.24	3.55
		LPCFG	32	213.81	3.35
100	200	PCFG	-	191.08	0.98
		LPCFG	32	203.47	1.56
		LPCFG	64	194.25	1.24

# HSMM Results

Model	$L$	$N$	NLL	Batch/s
HSMM	$2^6$	-	1.428e5	1.28
HSMM	$2^7$	-	1.427e5	0.45
HSMM	$2^8$	-	1.426e5	0.13
LHSMM	$2^7$	$2^7$	1.427e5	0.24
LHSMM	$2^8$	$2^6$	1.426e5	0.20
LHSMM	$2^9$	$2^5$	1.424e5	0.18
LHSMM	$2^{10}$	$2^4$	1.423e5	0.10

# Citations

-  Blanc, Guy and Steffen Rendle. *Adaptive Sampled Softmax with Kernel Based Sampling*. 2018. arXiv: 1712.00527 [cs.LG].
-  Chiu, Justin T. and Alexander M. Rush. *Scaling Hidden Markov Language Models*. 2020. arXiv: 2011.04640 [cs.CL].
-  Choromanski, Krzysztof et al. *Rethinking Attention with Performers*. 2021. arXiv: 2009.14794 [cs.LG].
-  Peng, Hao et al. *Random Feature Attention*. 2021. arXiv: 2103.02143 [cs.CL].
-  Yang, Songlin, Yanpeng Zhao, and Kewei Tu. 'PCFGs Can Do Better: Inducing Probabilistic Context-Free Grammars with Many Symbols'. In: *CoRR* abs/2104.13727 (2021). arXiv: 2104.13727. URL: <https://arxiv.org/abs/2104.13727>.