

Forward School

Program Code: J620-002-4:2020

Program Name: FRONT-END SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Title : Exercise 07 Getting Knowing Your Data with Pandas

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Introduction : Doing more exercises with Pandas to get more familiarized with it.

Conclusion : This exercise has certainly helped with my progress in mastering Pandas usage.

Ex07 Getting and Knowing your Data with Pandas

This time we are going to pull data directly from the internet. Special thanks to: <https://github.com/justmarkham> (<https://github.com/justmarkham>) for sharing the dataset and materials.

Step 1. Import the necessary libraries

```
In [8]: ▶ import pandas as pd
```

Step 2. Import the dataset from this [address](https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/DAT8/master/data/u.user)
(<https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/DAT8/master/data/u.user>)

```
In [9]: path = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/justmarkham/DAT8/master/data/u.user"
```

Step 3. Assign it to a variable called users and use the 'user_id' as index

```
In [18]: users = pd.read_csv(path, delimiter="|", index_col=0)
```

Step 4. See the first 25 entries

```
In [42]: users.head(25)
```

Out[42]:

	age	gender	occupation	zip_code
user_id				
1	24	M	technician	85711
2	53	F	other	94043
3	23	M	writer	32067
4	24	M	technician	43537
5	33	F	other	15213
6	42	M	executive	98101
7	57	M	administrator	91344
8	36	M	administrator	05201
9	29	M	student	01002
10	53	M	lawyer	90703

Step 5. See the last 10 entries

```
In [20]: users.tail(10)
```

```
Out[20]:
```

	age	gender	occupation	zip_code
user_id				
934	61	M	engineer	22902
935	42	M	doctor	66221
936	24	M	other	32789
937	48	M	educator	98072
938	38	F	technician	55038
939	26	F	student	33319
940	32	M	administrator	02215
941	20	M	student	97229
942	48	F	librarian	78209
943	22	M	student	77841

Step 6. What is the number of observations in the dataset?

```
In [22]: users.shape[0]
```

```
Out[22]: 943
```

Step 7. What is the number of columns in the dataset?

```
In [23]: users.shape[1]
```

```
Out[23]: 4
```

Step 8. Print the name of all the columns.

```
In [24]: users.columns
```

```
Out[24]: Index(['age', 'gender', 'occupation', 'zip_code'], dtype='object')
```

Step 9. How is the dataset indexed?

```
In [25]: users.index
```

```
Out[25]: Index([ 1,  2,  3,  4,  5,  6,  7,  8,  9, 10,
                ...
                934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943],
              dtype='int64', name='user_id', length=943)
```

Step 10. What is the data type of each column?

```
In [26]: users.dtypes
```

```
Out[26]: age          int64
gender          object
occupation      object
zip_code        object
dtype: object
```

Step 11. Print only the occupation column

```
In [27]: users['occupation']
```

```
Out[27]: user_id
1         technician
2             other
3             writer
4         technician
5             other
...
939         student
940  administrator
941         student
942         librarian
943         student
Name: occupation, Length: 943, dtype: object
```

Step 12. How many different occupations are in this dataset?

```
In [31]: len(users['occupation'].unique())
```

```
Out[31]: 21
```

Step 13. What is the most frequent occupation?

In [36]: `users['occupation'].value_counts().head(1)`

Out[36]: occupation
student 196
Name: count, dtype: int64

Step 14. Summarize the DataFrame.

In [32]: `users.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 943 entries, 1 to 943
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   age         943 non-null    int64
1   gender      943 non-null    object
2   occupation  943 non-null    object
3   zip_code    943 non-null    object
dtypes: int64(1), object(3)
memory usage: 36.8+ KB
```

Step 15. Summarize all the columns

In [44]: `users.describe(include='all')`

Out[44]:

	age	gender	occupation	zip_code
count	943.000000	943	943	943
unique	NaN	2	21	795
top	NaN	M	student	55414
freq	NaN	670	196	9
mean	34.051962	NaN	NaN	NaN
std	12.192740	NaN	NaN	NaN
min	7.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN
25%	25.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN
50%	31.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN
75%	43.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN
max	73.000000	NaN	NaN	NaN

Step 16. Summarize only the occupation column

```
In [45]: ▶ users['occupation'].describe()
```

```
Out[45]: count          943  
         unique          21  
         top      student  
         freq         196  
         Name: occupation, dtype: object
```

Step 17. What is the mean age of users?

```
In [47]: ▶ users['age'].mean()
```

```
Out[47]: 34.05196182396607
```

Step 18. What is the age with least occurrence?

```
In [56]: ▶ users['age'].value_counts().sort_values()
```

```
Out[56]: age  
         73      1  
         7       1  
         10      1  
         11      1  
         66      1  
         ..  
         27     35  
         28     36  
         22     37  
         25     38  
         30     39  
         Name: count, Length: 61, dtype: int64
```