

## **4 Times Square**

Location: Broadway and 42nd Street, New York City, New York

Owner: Durst Corporation

Date Completed: September 1999

**Architect & Designer:** Fox & Fowle Architects, building architects;

Kiss + Cathcart Architects, PV system designers

PV Structural Engineers: FTL/Happold Electrical Engineers: Engineers NY

Tradesmen Required: PV glazing done by shop labor at curtain wall fabricator

Applicable Building Codes: New York City Building Code

Applicable Electric Codes: New York City Electrical Code and National Electric Code

**PV Product:** Custom-sized BIPV glass laminate

Size: 14 kWp

Projected System Electrical Output: 13,800 kWh/yr

Gross PV Surface Area:  $3,095 \text{ ft}^2$  PV Weight:  $13.5 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ 

PV Cell Type: Amorphous silicon

PV Module Efficiency: 6%

**PV Module Manufacturer:** Energy Photovotaics, Inc.

Inverter Number and Size: Three inverters; two 6 kW (Omnion Corp.), one 4 kW (Trace Engineering)

Inverter Manufacturers: Omnion Corp. and Trace Engineering

Interconnection: Utility-Grid-Connected



Close-up view of curtain wall illustrates that BIPV panels (dark panels) can be mounted in exactly the same way as conventional glazing (lighter panels).



#### **Thoreau Center for Sustainability**

#### Presidio National Park, Building 1016

Presidio National Park, Building 1016, San Francisco, California Location:

U.S. Department of Interior, National Park Service Owner:

May 1996 **Date Completed:** 

Tanner, Leddy, Maytum, Stacy **Architect & Designer:** 

Structural and Electrical Engineers: Equity Builders

Glaziers **Tradesmen Required:** 

**Applicable Building Codes:** California structural and seismic codes

**Applicable Electric Codes:** National Electric Code

Roof-integrated, translucent glass-laminate skylight **PV Product:** 

1.25 kWp Size:

Projected System Electrical Output: 716.4 kWh/yr/AC

215 ft<sup>2</sup> **Gross PV Surface Area:** 8 lb/ft<sup>2</sup> **PV Weight:** 

Polycrystalline silicon **PV Cell Type: PV Efficiency:** 11% cell, 7% module

Solar Building Systems, Atlantis Energy **PV Module Manufacturer:** 

4 kW **Inverter Size:** 

Trace Engineering Model 4048 **Inverter Manufacturer and Model:** 

Utility-Grid-Connected Interconnection:

The first application for integrating photovoltaics into a Federal building is the skylighted entryway of the **Thoreau Center in Presidio** 

**National Park.** 



# **National Air and Space Museum**

Dulles Center, Washington, DC Location:

**Smithsonian Institution** Owner:

Construction begun in 2000, scheduled for completion in 2003 **Date Completed:** 

HOK, Building Architects; Kiss + Cathcart Architects, PV System Designers; **Architect & Designer:** 

Satish Shah, Speigel, Zamel, & Shah, Inc.

N/A **Structural Engineers:** N/A **Electrical Engineers:** 

Building tradesmen **Tradesmen Required:** 

BOCA, Metropolitan Washington Airport Authority **Applicable Building Codes:** 

**Applicable Electric Codes:** National Electric Code Various BIPV systems **PV Product:** 

To be determined for BIPV curtain wall, facades, and canopy Size:

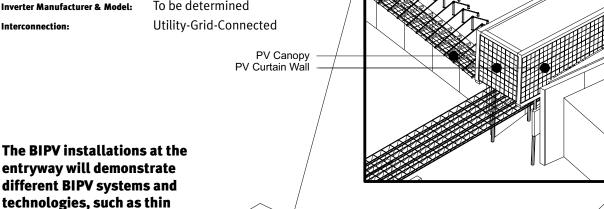
Projected System Electrical Output: 15.12 kWh for the canopy system 223 m<sup>2</sup> for the canopy system **Gross PV Surface Area:** 5 lb/ft2 for the canopy system **PV** Weight:

Polycrystalline cells, amorphous silicon film for various systems **PV Cell Type:** 

**PV Efficiency:** Systems will range from 5% to 12%

Energy Photovoltaics, Inc., for the **PV Module Manufacturer:** canopy system

To be determined **Inverter Number and Size:** To be determined Inverter Manufacturer & Model: Interconnection:



entryway will demonstrate different BIPV systems and technologies, such as thin films and polycrystalline solar cells.



02527218m

**Project Overview:** Axonometric



#### Ford Island

#### **Building 44, Pearl Harbor Naval Station**

Location: Honolulu, Hawaii

Owner: U.S. Navy, Department of Defense, and Hawaiian Electric Company

Date Completed: September 1999

Architect & Designer: Victor Olgyay, Fred Creager, and Stephen Meder, University of Hawaii, School of

Architecture

Structural Engineers: Hawaiian Electric Co.

Electrical Engineers: Hawaiian Electric Co.; Peter Shackelford, Renewable Energy Services, Inc., system integrator

Tradesmen Required: Roofers, electrical contractors

Applicable Building Codes: Uniform Building Code
Applicable Electric Codes: National Electric Code

**PV Product:** Integrated standing seam metal roof

size: 2.8 kW DC

Projected System Electrical Output: 9,720 kWh per month

Gross PV Surface Area: 571 ft<sup>2</sup>

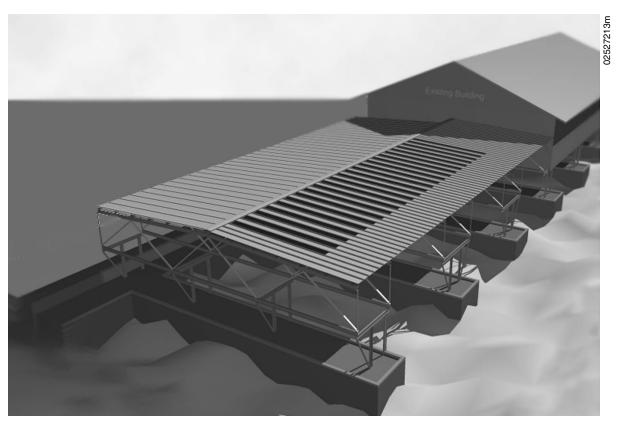
**PV Weight:** 4 lb/ft², with the roof

PV Cell Type: Multijunction amorphous silicon

PV Module Efficiency: 5%-6%
PV Module Manufacturer: Uni-Solar
Inverter Number and Size: One, 4-kW

Inverter Manufacturer and Model: Trace SW 4048PV

Interconnection: Utility-Grid-Connected



This illustration is a view of the building from the southwest corner; the dark areas represent the photovoltaic standing-seam metal roofing material.

design briefs: **Ford Island** 



#### **Western Area Power Administration**

# Elverta Maintenance Facility, Phases I and II Phase I

Location: Elverta, California

Owner: U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Western Area Power Administration

Date Completed: May 1996

Architect & Designer: DOE Western Area Power Administration, PowerLight Corporation

System Integrator: PowerLight Corporation

Structural Engineers: DOE Western Area Power Administration

Electrical Engineers: DOE Western Area Power Administration

Tradesmen Required: Roofers, electrical contractors

Applicable Building Codes: Standard California building codes

Applicable Electric Codes: National Electric Code

**PV Product:** PowerGuard™ BIPV roof tiles

Size: 40 kW DC

Projected System Electrical Output: 70,000 kWh/year

Gross PV Surface Area:  $5,400 \text{ ft}^2$ PV Weight:  $4 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ 

PV Cell Type: Polycrystalline silicon

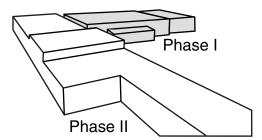
PV Efficiency: 12%
PV Module Manufacturer: Solarex

Inverter Number and Size: 8 inverters, 6 kW each

Inverter Manufacturer: Omnion Corp.

Interconnection: Utility-Grid-Connected

#### A 38-kW BIPV system supplements a 40-kW system installed in 1996.







# **Photovoltaic Manufacturing Facility**

Location: Fairfield, California

Owner: BP Solar
Date Completed: 1993

Architect & Designer: Kiss Cathcart Anders, Architects

Structural Engineers:Ove Arup & PartnersElectrical Engineers:Ove Arup & PartnersTradesmen Required:Glaziers, electricians

Applicable Building Codes: BOCA and California Title 24

Applicable Electric Codes: National Electric Code

PV Product: Glass laminates as curtain wall spandrel, skylight, and awning

Size: 9.5 kWp Projected System Electrical Output: 7.9 kW Gross PV Surface Area: 1,975 ft<sup>2</sup> PV Weight: 3 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

PV Cell Type: Amorphous silicon

PV Efficiency: 5%
PV Module Manufacturer: APS
Inverter Number and Size: 6 kW

Inverter Manufacturer:Omnion CorporationInterconnection:Utility-Grid-Connected

Views looking north (top) and south show how BIPV is integrated into both the facade and the canopy that runs the length of the building.







# **Sun Microsystems Clock Tower**

**Location:** Burlington, Massachusetts

Owner: Sun Microsystems

Date Completed: October 1998

Architect & Designer: HOK Architects and ASE Americas, Inc.

**Structural Engineers:** Whiting-Turner Contracting Co.

Electrical Engineers: Enertech Engineering

Tradesman Required: Glaziers, electricians

Applicable Building Codes: Uniform Building Code

Applicable Electrical Codes: National Electric Code Section 620

**PV Product:** BIPV curtain wall

Size: 2.5 kWp Projected System Electrical Output: 2.5 kWp Gross PV Surface Area:  $827 \text{ ft}^2$  PV Weight:  $8.3 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ 

**PV Cell Type:** Polycrystalline silicon manufactured by ASE Americas, Inc.

PV Efficiency: 12.8%

**PV Module Manufacturer:** Pilkington Solar International

Inverter Number and Size:
One 2.5 kWp inverter
Inverter Manufacturer and Model:
Omnion Power Corp.
Utility-Grid-Connected



North-facing view of the clock tower at Sun Microsystems facility.

design briefs: Sun Microsystems Clock Tower



#### State University of New York, Albany

Location: Albany, New York

**Owner:** State University of New York, Albany

Date Completed:Summer 1996Architect:Cannon ArchitectsElectrical Engineer:Cannon Architects

**Solar Consultant:** Solar Design Associates, Inc.

**Tradesmen Required:** Beacon Sales Corporation, roofing contractors **Applicable building codes:** New York State Building Code and ANSI Z97.1

Applicable electrical codes: National Electric Code

PV product: Nawneer 1600 PowerWall™

Size: 15 kWp

Project System Electrical Output: 19,710 kWh / yr.

Gross PV Surface Area:  $1,500 \text{ ft}^2$ PV Weight:  $1.93 \text{ lb} / \text{ft}^2$ 

**PV Cell Type:** Polycrystalline silicon

PV Cell Efficiency: 12%
PV Module Manufacturer: Solarex
Inverter Number and Size: AES 250 watt

Inverter Manufacturer and Model: Advanced Energy Systems Micro Inverter

Interconnection: Utility-Grid Connected



Looking southeast at the Center for Environmental Sciences and Technology Management

design briefs: State University of New York, Albany



#### **Navajo Nation Outdoor Solar Classroom**

Location: Seba Dalkai, Navajo Reservation, Arizona

**Owner:** Seba Dalkai Boarding School

Scheduled Completion Date: Fall 1999

Architect: Kiss + Cathcart, Architects

Electrical Engineer: Energy Photovoltaics, Inc.

Solar Consultant: Kiss + Cathcart, Architects

Tradesmen Required: Electricians, laborers

Applicable Building Codes: Standard building codes

**PV Product:** Energy Photovoltaics EPV-40 modules

National Electric Code

Size: 4.0 kWp

**Applicable Electrical Codes:** 

Projected System Electrical Output: 5,818 kWh/yr

Gross PV Surface Area:  $625 \text{ ft}^2$ PV Weight:  $3.75 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ 

PV Type: Amorphous silicon

PV Efficiency: 6%

PV Module Manufacturer: Energy Photovoltaics, Inc.
Inverter Number and Size: Four 2.5 kW inverters
Inverter Manufacturer: Trace Engineering
Interonnection: Stand-Alone System



Each new BIPV structure at the Seba Dalkai School will serve as an open-air classroom supported by timber columns in a concrete foundation.





#### **General Services Administration, Williams Building**

Location: 408 Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts

Owner: U.S. General Services Administration

Date Completed: September 30, 1999

Project Developers: Enron Energy Services and U.S. General Services Administration

Electrical Engineer: PowerLight Co.

Solar Consultant: PowerLight Co.

Tradesmen Required: Electricians and roofers

Applicable Building Codes: Standard building codes

Applicable Electrical Codes: National Electric Code, Boston Electric Interconnection Guidelines, and IEEE

Specifications

**PV Product:** PowerLight, using ASE Americas, Inc., solar panels

PV Weight: 4 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>

PV Cell Type: Amorphous silicon

PV Efficiency: 12%

PV Module Manufacturer: ASE Americas, Inc.

Inverter Number and Size: 1 30 kVa

Inverter Manufacturer: Trace Engineering
Interconnection: Utility-Grid-Connected



The nine-story Williams Building in Boston (at right in photo above) has a new BIPV roof (bottom, lower right photo) rather than a conventional one.





## **Academy of Further Education**

Location: Herne, North Rhine-Westphalia, Germany

Owner: EMC, Ministry of Interiors of North Rhine-Westphalia, City of Herne

Date Completed: May 1999

Architect & Designer: Jourda et Perraudin Architects, HHS Architects

Structural Engineers: Schleich, Bergermann and Partner

Electrical Engineers: HL-Technik

Tradesmen Required: Glaziers, electricians

PV Product: BIPV roof
Size: 1 MWp

Projected System Electrical Output: 750,000 kWh/yr

Gross PV Surface Area: 10,000 M<sup>2</sup>

**PV Weight:** 130 kg per each 3.2 m<sup>2</sup> module

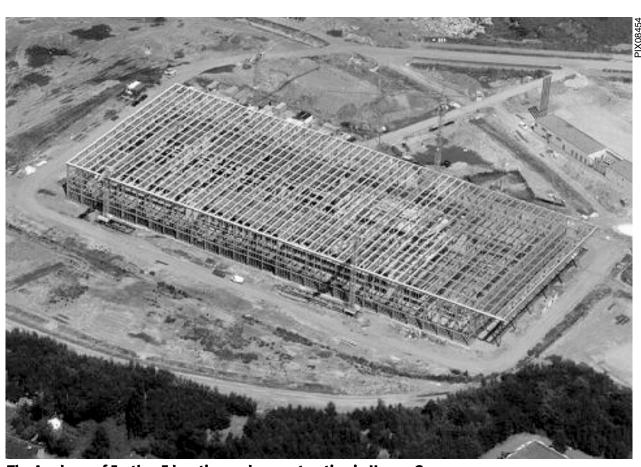
PV Cell Type: Polycrystalline and monocrystalline silicon

**PV Efficiency:** 12.8% to 16%

PV Module Manufacturer: Pilkington Solar International, Cologne

Inverter Number and Size: 600, 1.5 kW
Inverter Manufacturer and Model: SMA, Kassel

Interconnection: Utility-Grid-Connected



The Academy of Further Education under construction in Herne, Germany



#### **Discovery Science Center**

Location: Santa Ana, California

Scheduled Completion Date: November 1999

Architect & Designer: Arquitectonica for the cube, Solar Design Associates for the PV system

Structural Engineers:Advanced Structures, Inc.Electrical Engineers:Solar Design Associates, Inc.

Tradesmen Required: Electricians

Applicable Building Codes: Building Administrators Code Administrators International (BOCA)

Applicable Electrical Codes: National Electric Code

**PV Product:** Thin-film photovoltaic system

Size: 20 kWp

Projected System Electrical Output: 30,000 kWh/yr

Gross PV Surface Area:  $4,334 \text{ ft}^2$ PV Weight:  $3 \text{ lb/ ft}^2$ 

**PV Cell Type:** Thin-film technology

PV Efficiency (%): 5.1% PV Module Manufacturer: BP Solarex

Inverter Number and Size: 4

Inverter Manufacturer and Model: Omnion 2400, Model 5015
Interconnection: Utility Grid-Connected



Architect's rendering of the Discovery Science Center Cube in Santa Ana, California

#### **Solar Sunflowers**

Location: Napa, California

Date Completed: N/A

Architect & Designer: Solar Design Associates, Inc.

Structural Engineers: Solar Design Associates, Inc.

Electrical Engineers: Solar Design Associates, Inc.

Tradesmen Required: Electricians

Applicable Building Codes: Building Officials Code Administrators International (BOCA)

Applicable Electrical Codes: National Electric Code

PV Product: BP Solarex Size: 36,000 Wp

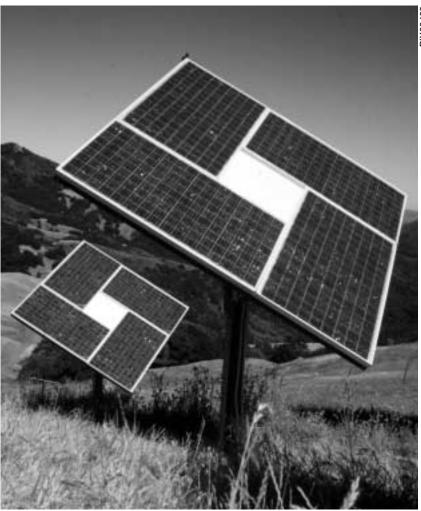
Projected System Electrical Output:  $\,N/A\,$ 

PV Efficiency: 11.1%
PV Module Manufacturer: BP Solarex

Inverter Number and Size: 6

Inverter Manufacturer and Model: Omnion Series 2400, Model 6018

Interconnection: Utility-Grid-Connected



These Solar Sunflowers track the sun to produce electricity.

design briefs: Solar Sunflowers



### **Ijsselstein Row Houses**

Location: Ijsselstein Zenderpark, Ijsselstein, The Netherlands

Date Completed: Scheduled for completion in late 2000

Architect & Designer: Han Van Zwieten, Van Straalen Architecten, co-designer; Gregory Kiss, Kiss + Cathcart

Architects, co-designer

Structural Engineers: N/A Electrical Engineers: N/A

Tradesmen Required: Building tradesmen

Applicable Building Codes: Dutch Building Code

Applicable Electrical Codes: Dutch Electrical Code

**PV Product:** Standard-size BIPV glass laminate panels

size: 1.6 kWp per housing unit

Projected System Electrical Output: 1150 kWh/year per housing unit

Gross PV Surface Area: 30 m² per housing unit

**PV Weight:**  $3.75 \text{ lb/ft}^2$ 

PV Cell Type: Amorphous silicon, both opaque and 15% translucent

PV Efficiency: 6%PV Module Manufacturer: EPV
Inverter Number and Size: N/A
Inverter Manufacturer and Model: N/A

Interconnection: Utility-Grid-Connected



Fourteen planned new row-house units in the Netherlands demonstrate the aesthetic use of building-integrated photovoltaics: front (above) and back views.





#### **Denver Federal Courthouse**

Location: Denver, Colorado

Owner: U.S. General Services Administration

Date Completed: Scheduled for completion in 2002

Architect & Designer: Anderson Mason Dale (Architects); Hellmuth, Obata, & Kassabaum, St. Louis

(Designers); Architectural Energy Corporation (Energy Consultants)

System Integration: Altair Energy (PV Consultant)

Structural Engineers: Martin/Martin, Inc.
Electrical Engineers: The RMH Group, Inc.

Tradesman Required: Building tradesmen/glaziers

Applicable Building Codes: Uniform Building Code (1997)

Applicable Electric Codes: National Electric Code (1999)

PV Product: Custom-sized BIPV glass laminate

Size: 15 kWp (roof); 3.4 kWp (skylight)

Projected System Electrical Output: 20,150 kWh per year (roof); 4,700 kWh per year (skylight)

Gross PV Surface Area: 172 m² (roof); 59 m² (skylight)

PV Module Weight: 4,661 kg (roof); 2,749 kg (skylight)

PV Cell Type: Single- or polycrystalline silicon

PV Efficiency: 10% or greater
PV Module Manufacturer: Pilkington Solar

Inverter Number & Size: One 20-kW and one 3.4-kW inverter

 $\textbf{Suggested Inverter Manufacturers:} \ \ Trace\ Technologies, Trace\ Engineering, Omnion$ 

Interconnection: Utility-Grid-Connected



The U.S. Court House expansion in Denver will be a showcase for sustainable building design.