

Toronto's Uptick in Hate Crime: Time and Group Trends*

My subtitle if needed

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Using data from Open Data Toronto, this paper tracks the evolution of hate crime in Toronto from 2018 to the end of 2023. Third sentence. Fourth sentence.

1 Introduction

In 1988 the Canadian Parliament passed the Canadian Multiculturalism Act, an act that served to recognize and preserve Canada's multicultural heritage (Government of Canada 2024). Toronto serves as a shining example of Canada's multiculturalism, with over half of the population of Toronto being foreign-born (McNeil). Yet, despite Toronto's reputation as an international city with large widespread cultural heterogeneity, hate crimes have seen an uptick in recent times. Hate crimes in Toronto have increased nearly 55% in 2024 in comparison to 2023. A hate crime is defined as a "criminal act done by a person who is motivated by an extreme bias or hatred towards a particular social group" (Government of Canada 2023). Acts like these are fundamentally at odds with the sentiment expressed by the Canadian Multiculturalism Act and raise questions about Toronto's history with hate crimes and its multicultural status. In this paper, I explore the dynamics of Toronto's Hate Crimes from 2018 to 2023, before the current uptick. In particular, I describe how the types of hate crimes, the types of victims, and the quantity of victims have changed over time.

The rest of the paper is as follows: I first describe the data set, how it is used, and how it was generated in (**data?**). Then in the (**results?**) section, I plot the data to highlight COVID's role in elevating hate crime counts and show how the 'average victim' has changed over time. In the (**discussion?**) section, I interpret these results and what they mean in terms of policy implications. Then, in the (**limitations-and-next-steps?**) section, I explain what this paper lacks and what future research in this field could focus on.

*Code and data are available at: https://github.com/justinklip/hate_crime_toronto_paper.

2 Data

To run my analysis, data was collected from Open Data Toronto's Open Data Portal, through the R library ([opendatatoronto?](#)). The data source used is their Hate Crimes Open Data data set. This data of about 1400 observations has every crime that has been classified as a 'hate crime' by Toronto Police.

2.1 Measurement

The data is compounded

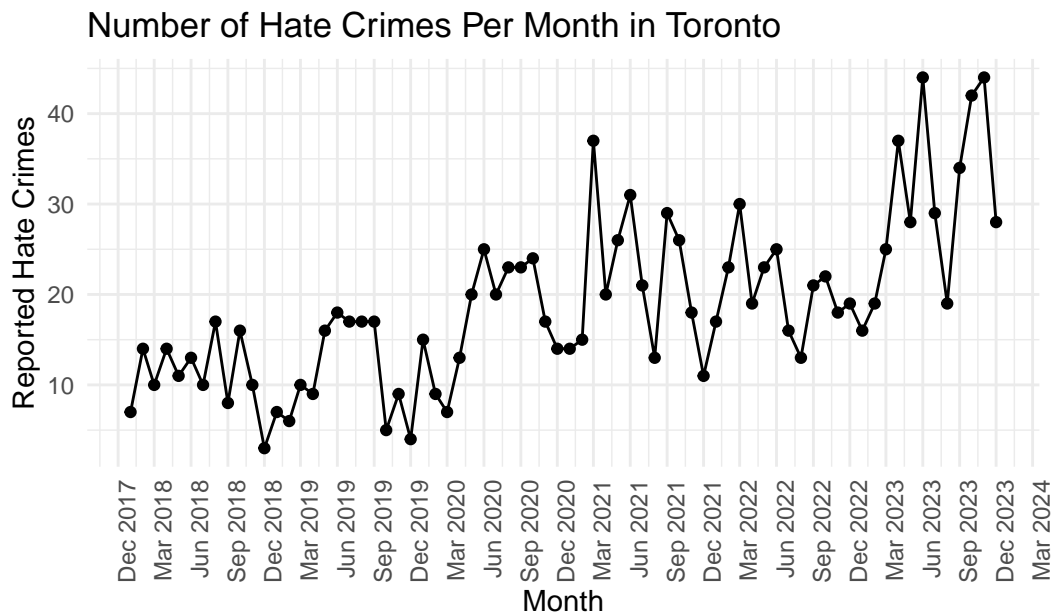


Figure 1: Monthly Hate Crime Data from 2018 to 2024

Figure 1: Number of reported hate crimes from month to month in Toronto

Figure [1](#)

Talk way more about it.

3 Results

4 Discussion

4.1 First discussion point

If my paper were 10 pages, then should be at least 2.5 pages. The discussion is a chance to show off what you know and what you learnt from all this.

4.2 Second discussion point

4.3 Third discussion point

4.4 Limitations

Weaknesses and next steps should also be included.

Appendix

.1 Diagnostics

A References