Ex. No. 2	Implementation of Arrays
Date of Exercise	01-12-2017

Aim:

To develop Java programs for the following problems:

- 1. Write a Java program to print summation of odd numbers and even numbers in an array.
- 2. Write a Java program to merge two arrays into third array.

Note:

Declare three one dimensional array.

Get input for first two arrays from user.

Use any loop (for/while) to merge first two arrays into third array.

- 3. Write a java program to sort the array and find second minimum and second maximum value in an array.
- 4. Write a java program to find common elements between two arrays.
- 5. Write a java program to sum of diagonal of matrix (multidimensional array).

Algorithm:

1.To print summation of odd numbers and even numbers in an array.

- 1) Start.
- 2) Declare three integer variables i, sumev=0 and sumod=0. Also declare an integer array.
- 3) Get the array elements from the user using scanner class.
- 4) Initialize a for loop which starts from i = 0 till i < 5.
- 5) Inside the loop, using if check whether a[i] % 2==0, if it is so add that number to sumev, else add it to sumod.
- 6) Display the result.
- 7) End.

```
Source Code:
package exp2;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class arrsum {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int i;
     int sumev=0;
     int sumod=0;
    int a[]=new int[5];
    Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the array elements: ");
    for(i=0;i<5;i++){
      a[i]=s.nextInt();
    System.out.println();
    System.out.println("The array elements are: ");
    for(i=0;i<5;i++){
       System.out.print(a[i]);
       System.out.print(" ");
    System.out.println();
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
       if(a[i]\%2==0)
```

```
sumev+=a[i];
else
sumod+=a[i];
}
System.out.println();
System.out.println("The sum of even numbers are: "+sumev);
System.out.println();
System.out.println("The sum of odd numbers are: "+sumod);
}
```

```
Output-exp2(run) ×

run:
Enter the array elements:
1 4 2 5 9

The array elements are:
1 4 2 5 9

The sum of even numbers are: 6

The sum of odd numbers are: 15
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 16 seconds)
```

Algorithm:

2.To merge two arrays into third array.

- 1) Start.
- 2) Read two arrays from the user and third array to display the merged array.
- 3) Initialize two for loops and pass the values to the third array.
- 4) Display the result.
- 5) End.

```
package exp2;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class mergearr {
  public static void main(String args[]){
     int i;
     int a [] = new int [5];
    int b[]=new int[5];
     int c[]=new int[10];
     Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter the first array elements: ");
     for(i=0;i<5;i++)
       a[i]=s.nextInt();
     System.out.println("Enter the second array elements: ");
     for(i=0;i<5;i++)
       b[i]=s.nextInt(); }
     System.out.println();
```

```
for(i=0;i<5;i++){
    c[i]=a[i];}
int j;
for(j=0,i=5;i<10;j++,i++){
    if(j==5)
        break;
    c[i]=b[j];}
System.out.println("The merged array elements: ");
for(i=0;i<10;i++){
        System.out.print(c[i]);
        System.out.print(" ");
}}}</pre>
```

```
Output-exp2(run) ×

run:
Enter the first array elements:
1 4 6 8 2
Enter the second array elements:
1 2 3 4 5

The merged array elements:
1 4 6 8 2 1 2 3 4 5 BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 14 seconds)
```

Algorithm:

3.To sort the array and find second minimum and second maximum value in an array.

- 1) Start.
- 2) Declare an array and get the array elements from the user. Initialize a variable count=0.
- 3) Initialize a for loop from i=0 till i<5 and another for loop from j=1 till j<5.
- 4) Inside the loop check if a[i] > a[j], if it is so swap a[i] and a[j].
- 5) Display the sorted elements.
- 6) To display the second minimum print a[3] and for second maximum value print a[1].
- 7) End.

```
package exp2;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class sortarr {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int temp;
     int i, j;
     int a[]=new int[5];
     Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter the array elements: ");
     for(i=0;i<5;i++)
       a[i]=s.nextInt();
     System.out.println();
     System.out.println("The array elements are: ");
     for(i=0;i<5;i++)
       System.out.print(a[i]);
```

```
System.out.print(" ");
System.out.println();
int count=0;
for(i=0; i<5; i++)
  for(j=i; j<5; j++)
    if(a[i] > a[j])
       temp=a[i];
       a[i]=a[j];
       a[j]=temp;
        } }
System.out.println("The sorted elements are: ");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
  System.out.print(a[i]);
  System.out.print(" ");
System.out.println();
System.out.println("The second minimum element is: "+a[1]);
System.out.println("The second maximum element is: "+a[3]);
```

}

```
Output-exp2(run) ×

run:

Enter the array elements:

1 9 6 3 8

The array elements are:

1 9 6 3 8

The sorted elements are:

1 3 6 8 9

The second minimum element is: 3

The second maximum element is: 8

BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 7 seconds)
```

Algorithm:

4.To to find common elements between two arrays.

- 1) Start.
- 2) Initialize two arrays and get the input from the user. Declare a variable cnt and initialize it as 0.
- 3) Initialize two for loops from i=0, j=0 till i<5, j<5.
- 4) Inside the loop, check if a[i]=b[j], if so increment cnt and display the element.
- 5) Then check if cnt=0, if it is so display "No common elements found".
- 6) End.

```
package exp2;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class commonarr {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int i, j;
     int a[]=new int[5];
     int b[]=\text{new int}[5];
     Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.print("Enter the first array elements: ");
     for(i=0;i<5;i++)
       a[i]=s.nextInt();
     System.out.print("Enter the second array elements: ");
     for(i=0;i<5;i++)
       b[i]=s.nextInt();
```

```
System.out.println("");
System.out.print("The first array elements are: ");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
  System.out.print(a[i]);
  System.out.print(" ");
System.out.println("");
System.out.print("The second array elements are: ");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
  System.out.print(b[i]);
  System.out.print(" ");
System.out.println();
System.out.println("");
int cnt=0;
System.out.print("Common elements between two arrays: ");
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
  for(j=0;j<5;j++)
    if(a[i]==b[j])
```

```
cnt++;
System.out.print(a[i]);
System.out.print(" ");
}

if(cnt==0)
System.out.println("Not Found!!!");
}
```

```
Output-exp2(run) ×

run:
Enter the first array elements: 1 2 3 4 5
Enter the second array elements: 4 5 8 9 6

The first array elements are: 1 2 3 4 5
The second array elements are: 4 5 8 9 6

Common elements between two arrays: 4 5 BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 15 seconds)
```

Algorithm:

5.To find the sum of diagonal of matrix (multidimensional array).

- 1) Start.
- 2) Initialize two-dimensional array and get the number of rows and column from the user.
- 3) Get the array elements from the user.
- 4) Initialize two variables sum1=0 and sum2=0, initialize a for loop j=0 till j<a.length and calculate the sum1 as sum1 + =a[j][j].
- 5) Now, initialize k=a.length-1, then initialize another for loop from j=0 till j<a.length and if k>=0 calculate sum2 as sum2 + =a[j][k], then decrement k inside the loop.
- 6) Display the result as sum1 and sum2.
- 7) End.

```
package exp2;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class diagsum {
  public static void main(String args[]){
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner (System.in);
     int rows;
     int columns;
     System.out.print("Enter number of rows: ");
     rows = scanner.nextInt();
     System.out.print("Now enter the number of columns: ");
     columns = scanner.nextInt();
     System.out.println("");
     int a[][] = new int [rows] [columns];
     for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
       for (int i = 0; i < \text{columns}; i++) {
          System.out.print("Enter the number for row " + i + " and column " + j + " : ");
```

```
a[i][j] = scanner.nextInt();
       }}
     int k=0;
     int j=0;
       int sum1=0,sum2=0;
       for(j=0; j < a.length; j++){
       for(k=0; k < a.length; k++){
          System.out.print(a[j][k] + " ");}
       System.out.println();}
       for(j=0; j<a.length; j++) {
       sum1=sum1+a[j][j];
       k=a.length-1;
for(j=0; j<a.length; j++) {
       if(k \ge 0)
          sum2=sum2+a[j][k];
               k--;
       System.out.println("Sum of Diagonal elements are :" +sum1+ " and "+sum2);
```

```
Output-exp2(run) ×

run:
Enter number of rows: 2
Now enter the number of columns: 2

Enter the number for row 0 and column 0: 9
Enter the number for row 0 and column 1: 1
Enter the number for row 1 and column 0: 2
Enter the number for row 1 and column 1: 5
9 1
2 5
Sum of Diagonal elements are :14 and 3
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 11 seconds)
```

Video URL:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3mJr1CwWSOs&feature=youtu.be

Result:

The program to do the implement array programs is implemented successfully and the output is verified.