Bat Flight Presentation Quantitative Methods in Ecology and Evolution

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2024-04-08

Introduction

- ► Little brown bats (*Myotis lucifugus*)
- ► Held in captivity at McMaster
- Previous work found they couldn't/not willing to fly so this is a simulation of a new experiment to adress that.

Introduction continued

► Introduction continued here

Hypothesis and predictions

- Hypothesis: Keeping bats active in captivity ensures better flight ability
- Predictions: Exercised bats will be more willing to fly and have longer flight time than non-exercised bats.

Study design

- ▶ 30 bats measured for 60 days
- Mass before and during
- ► Treatment of exercise or no exercise as a control
- ► Measure flight time

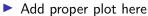
Simulation process

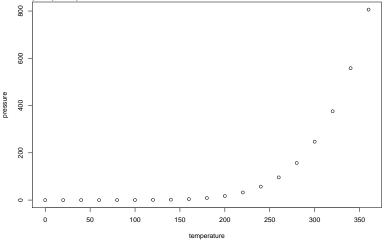
Add proper code here

summary(cars)

```
speed
                     dist
##
   Min. : 4.0
##
                Min. : 2.00
##
   1st Qu.:12.0
                1st Qu.: 26.00
##
   Median:15.0
                Median: 36.00
   Mean :15.4 Mean : 42.98
##
   3rd Qu.:19.0
                3rd Qu.: 56.00
##
##
   Max. :25.0 Max. :120.00
```

Preliminary results





Preliminary results continued

► Add plot here

Preliminary results cont

Next steps

- ► Running the simulation more times
- ► Power analysis

