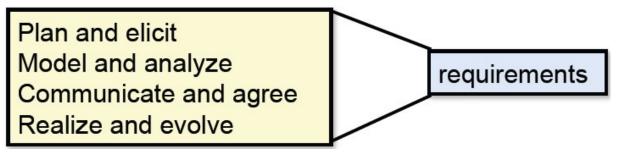


Creativity in RE and Its Measurement

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Mississippi State University

Requirements engineering (RE)

Requirements engineering (RE)

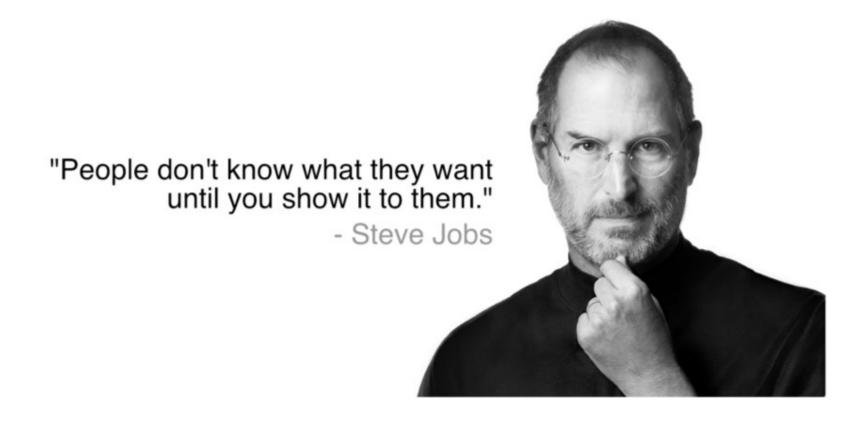


Involves interaction among multiple stakeholders

Traditional RE

- Requirements exist in the stakeholders' minds in an implicit manner [Lemos et al., 2012]
- Customer driven

Requirements engineering (RE)



Requirements engineering (RE)











- More critical in modern software industry
 - Competition in the industry
 - Multiple system in the same application domain

- Modern RE
 - Creative requirements
 - Improve sustainability

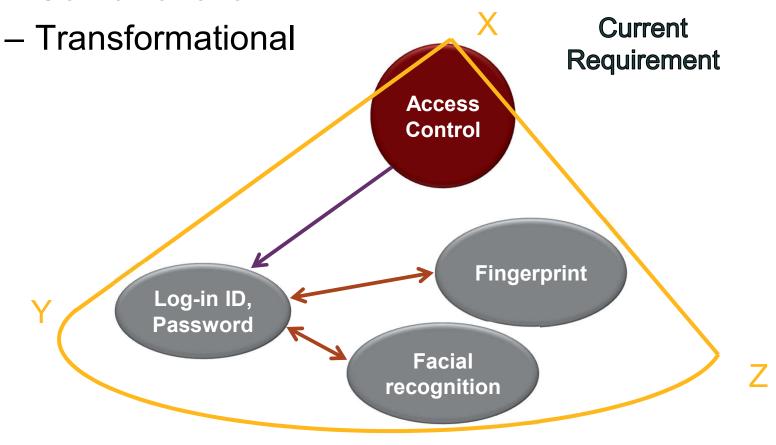
- Creativity [Sternberg, 1999]
 - Ability to produce work that is both
 - Novel
 - original and unexpected
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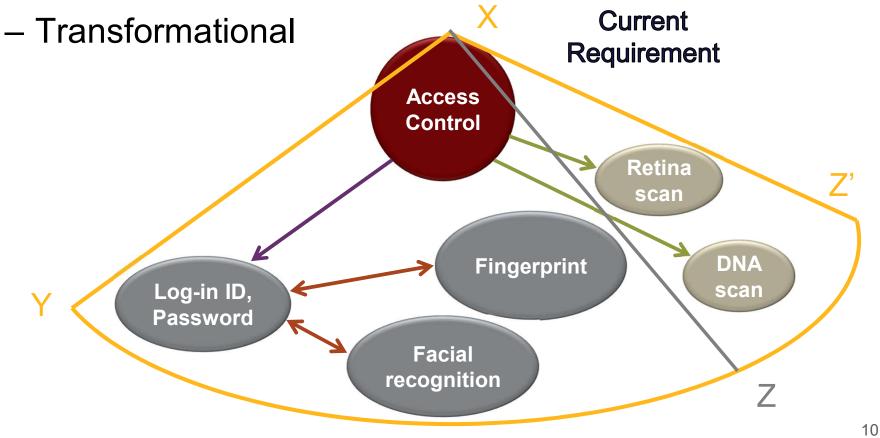
- In RE [Maiden et al., 2010]
 - Capture of requirements
 - New to the stakeholders
 - May not be historically new to humankind



- Categories of Creativity [Boden, 2003]
 - Exploratory
 - Combinational



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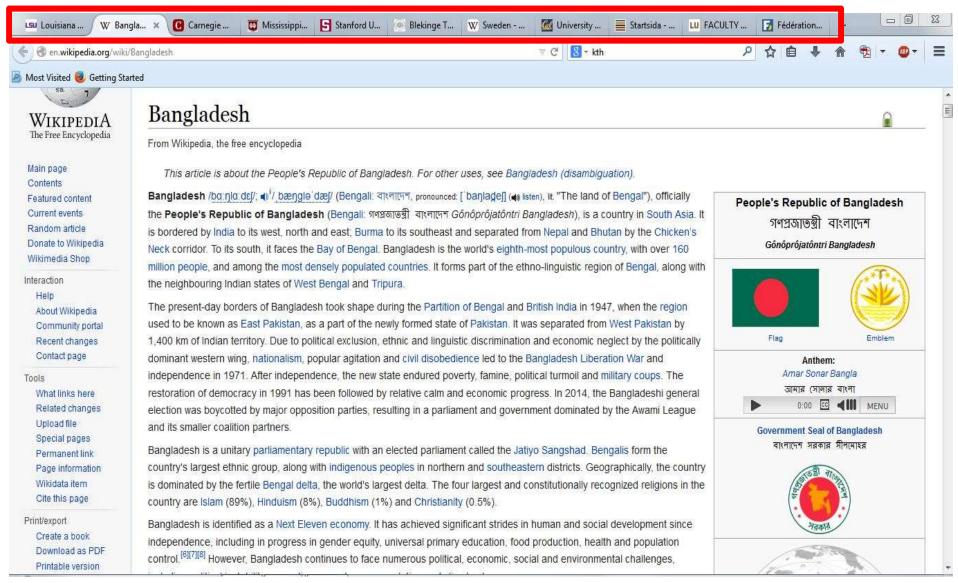


COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

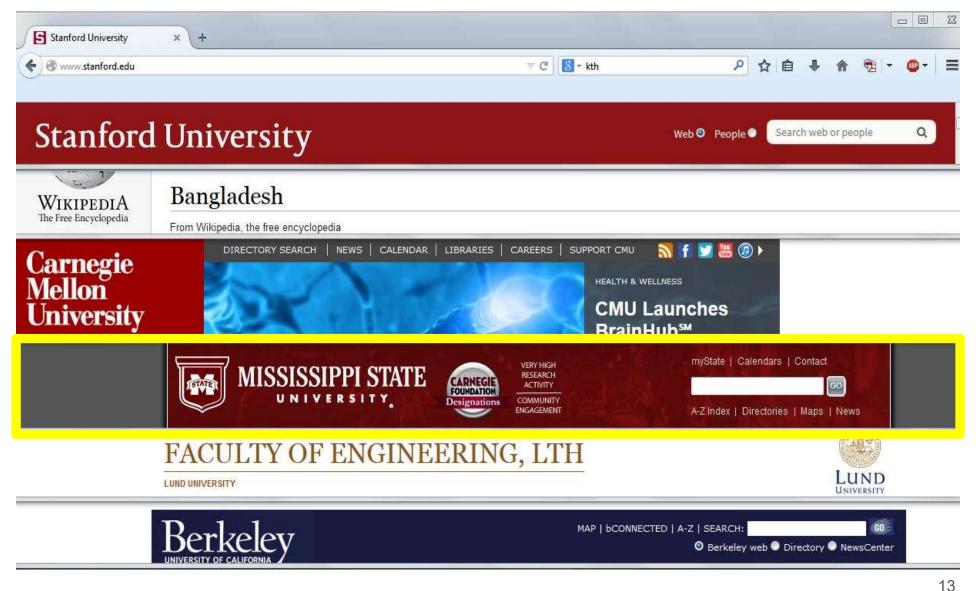
System	New Requirement
Firefox	F1: Firefox should provide floating tab-view
	F2: Firefox should provide button for saving all tabs
	F3: Firefox should inform users the count of open tabs
	F4: Firefox user can select text saving directly into files
	F5: Firefox should provide arrow to browse tabs
	F6: Firefox users can zoom in/out by a dragging slider
	F7: Firefox user can text phone number from the web page
	F8: Firefox can parallel tab- view

Source: Bhowmik et al., 2020

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING





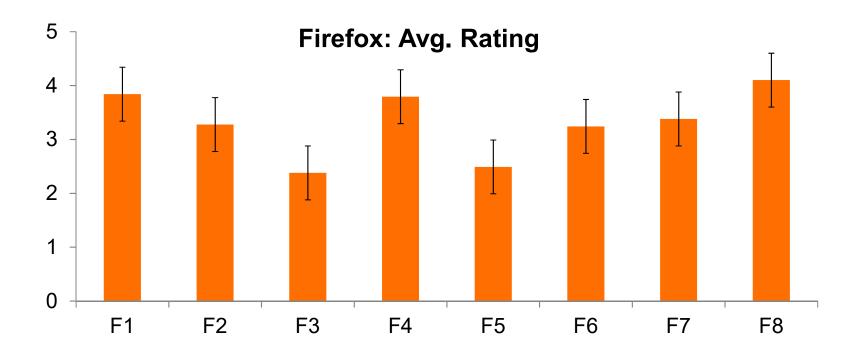


- Creativity [Sternberg, 1999]
 - Ability to produce work that is both
 - Novel
 - original and unexpected
 - Appropriate
 - useful and adaptive to task constraints
- Rate the requirements at a 5-point Likert Scale
 - 1 = least innovative
 - 2 = not innovative
 - 3 = neutral
 - 4 = innovative
 - 5 = most innovative



 Kappa statistic is used to show the level of agreement among participants [Manning et al. 2008]

- Firefox: 0.79



Source: Bhowmik et al., 2020

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Is such a single rating sufficient?



\$149.7 M







\$103.4 M

\$300 M







\$112.5 M

Picture source: Internet

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- In Recent Years
- Clarity
 - Unambiguous, provides an appropriate level of detail
- Novelty
 - Users find it original and unexpected
 - something that is not common place, mundane, or conventional
- Usefulness
 - Useful & implementable
 - Provides value or utility to the users



- Clarity
- Novelty
- Usefulness

Rate the requirements at a 5-point Likert Scale

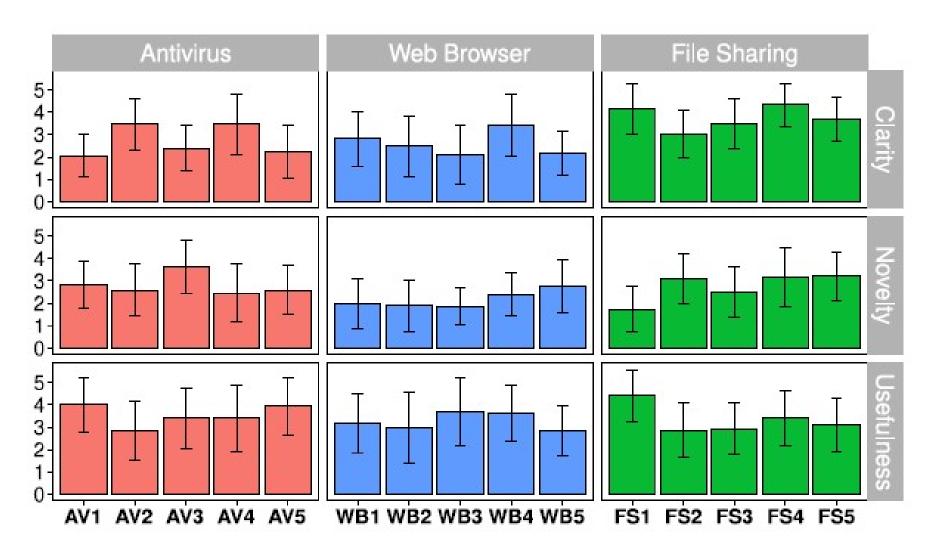
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1 = \text{very low}
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2 = low

3 = medium

4 = high

5 = very high



Picture source: Do et al., 2020



- Facet-Level-Measurement Approach [Batey, 2012]
- Facet: What is being measured?
 - The 4 Ps
 - Person (trait)
 - Process
 - Press (environment)
 - Product

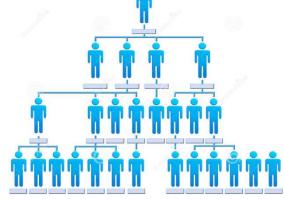
Person X Process X Press = Product

Level: We are measuring the facet at what

level?

- The 4 levels
 - Culture
 - Organization
 - Team
 - Individual



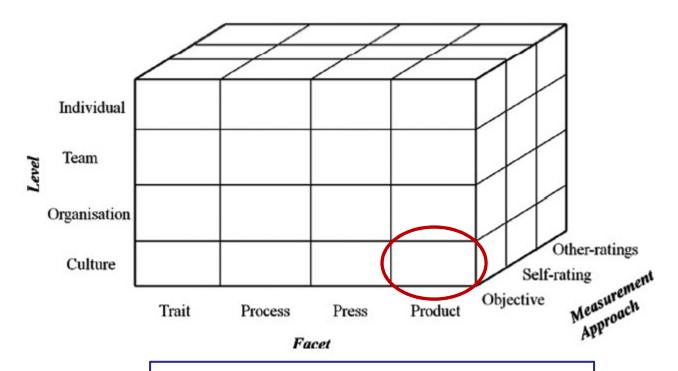






- Measurement Approach: How to measure a facet at a specific level?
 - Objective measure
 - # of patents for an inventor, # of exhibitions for an artist
 - Subjective measure
 - From the focal point of analysis, done internally
 - E.g., self-rating, rating from the team members about the product they built
 - Other-ratings
 - Rating provided by an external subject matter expert

 A three dimensional heuristic framework by Mark Batey [Batey, 2012]



Product = Requirement Ratings: Objective, Expert

 Levels and kind of creativity in products [Cropley & Cropley, 2005]

	Kind of Product					
Criterion	Routine	Original	Elegant	Innovative	Aesthetic	
Effectiveness	+	+	+	+	e=	
Novelty	-	+	+	+	+	
Elegance	(= 0)	-0	+	+	?	
Genesis	:=:	-	-	n+1	?	

 The Creative Solution Diagnosis Scale (CSDS) with 30 attributes [adapted from Cropley et al., 2011]

Relevance & Effectiveness	Novelty			Elegance		
	Problematization	Existing Knowledge	New Knowledge	External	Internal	Genesis
Correctness	Diagnosis	Replication	Redirection	Recognition	Completeness	Foundationality
Performance	Prescription	Combination	Reconstruction	Convincingness	Gracefulness	Transferability
Appropriateness	Prognosis	Incrementation	Reinitiation	Pleasingness	Harmoniousness	Germinality
Operability	8		Redefinition		Sustainability	Seminality
Safety			Generation			Vision
Durability						Pathfinding

27 different attributes



The question we would like to ask

Can we adapt CSDS to measure creativity in RE?

Defining the attributes in RE

Attribute	General Definition	Redefine in RE
Correctness	The solution accurately	The requirement accurately reflects
	reflect conventional	conventional knowledge and/or
	knowledge and/or	technique about the application
	technique	domain
Appropriateness	The solution fits within task	The requirement fits within the task
	constraints	constraints. That is, given the
		constraints/limitations of resources
		(e.g., time, money, technology, etc.)
		in hand, a successfully
		implementation of the requirement
		is possible.

adapted from Cropley et al., 2011

How to evaluate creativity in RE?

- 27 creativity attributes that should be used to assess creativity merit of a requirement
 - Correctness: The requirement accurately reflects conventional knowledge and/or technique about the application domain
 - Operability: The requirement is easy to use. That is, the requirement does not have any negative effect on the usability of the software system (it can be implemented in such a way)
 - Prognosis: The requirement helps the requirements engineer (or stakeholder) anticipate likely effects of changes that will take place in the software



Exercise

Firefox can parallel tab-view				
Attribute	Rate 5-Strongly Agree 4-Agree 3-Neutral 2-Disagree 1-Strongly disagree			
1. Correctness: The requirement accurately reflects conventional knowledge and/or technique about the application domain.				
2. Performance: The requirement does what it is supposed to do. That is, the requirement has a positive impact on the overall functionality of the software system. Or, the requirement improves the overall functionality (or, performance) of the software system. In other words, the requirement makes the software more attractive to the users.				
3. Appropriateness : The requirement fits within the task constraints. That is, given the constraints/limitations of resources (e.g., time, money, technology, etc.) in hand, a successfully implementation of the requirement is possible.				



Summary

- Creativity in RE
 - Why it is important?
- How to measure creativity?
- How to measure creativity in RE?
 - Do we need a more sophisticated measurement approach?
- Next
 - Requirements-Based Testing

THANK YOU

