

# AI Working Group

2nd Session:

Model Context Protocol (MCP) –  
Build & Secure Your MCP Servers

By Gregory

26/09/2025

# > % whoami



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- > area of interest : AIOps, AI-Gateway (Observability, Evaluation, ...)

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# AI Agents



# What is AI Agents???



“

AI Agents are self-contained execution unit designed to act autonomously to achieve specific goals.

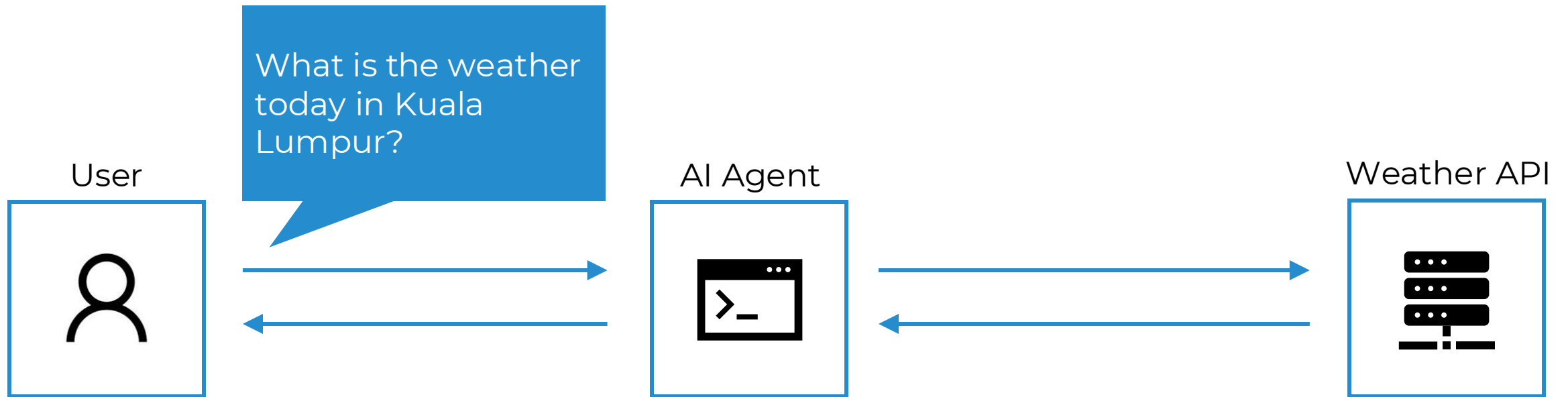
- (1) Perform tasks,
- (2) Interact with users,
- (3) Utilize external tools, and
- (4) Coordinate with other agents.

”

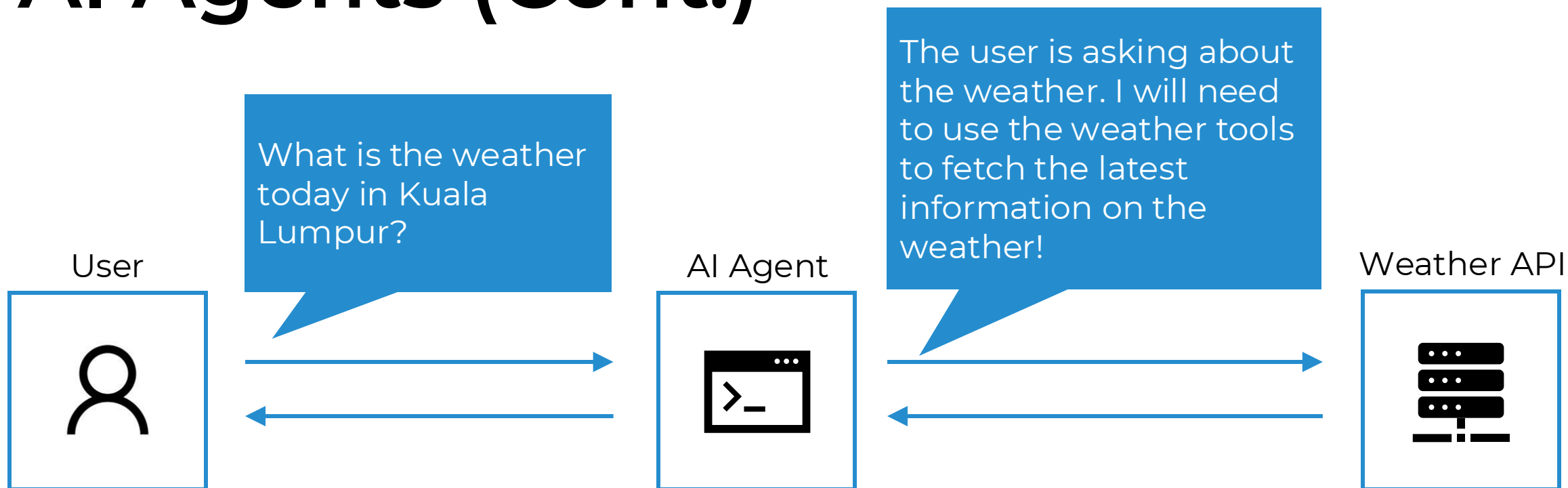
Source:

<https://google.github.io/adk-docs/agents/>

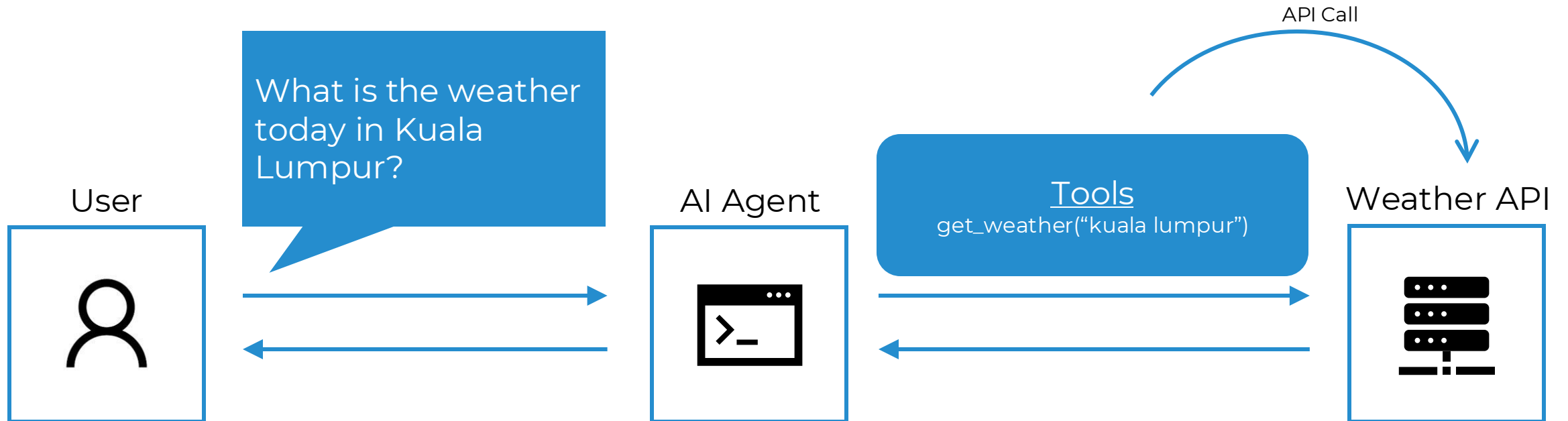
# AI Agents (Cont.)



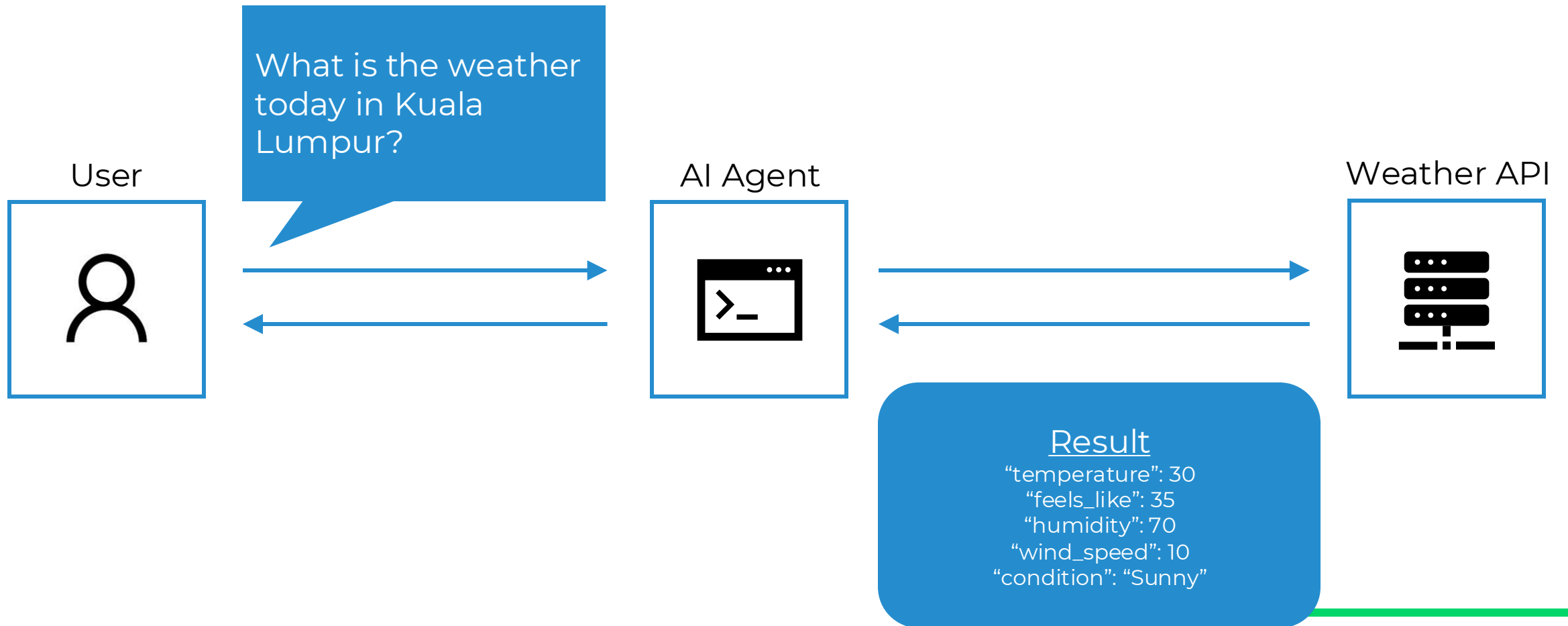
# AI Agents (Cont.)



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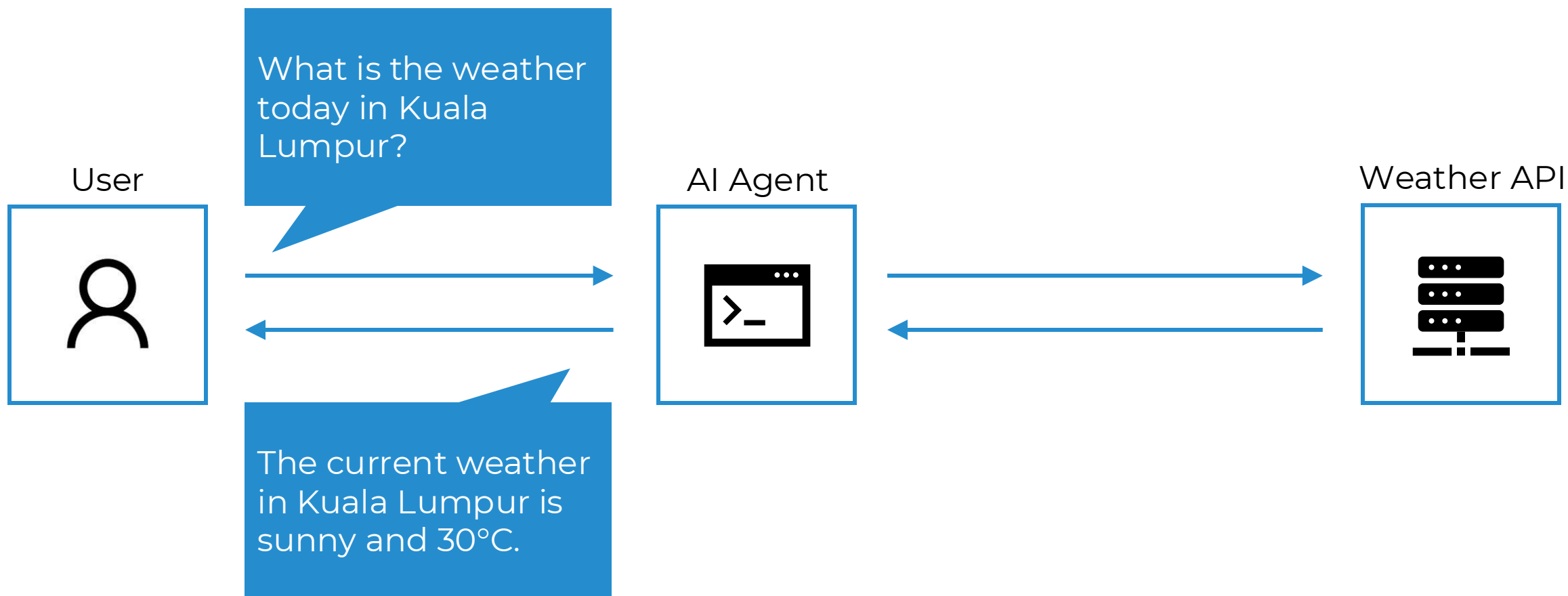


# AI Agents (Cont.)





# AI Agents (Cont.)



# Define Your Tool

- What the tool does.
- When to use it.
- What arguments it requires (city: str).
- What information it returns.

```
def get_weather (city: str) -> dict:

    """Fetches current weather for a given city.
    Args:
        city (str): The name of the city
                    (e.g., "New York", "London", "Tokyo").

    Returns:
        dict: A dictionary containing the weather information.
              Includes a 'status' key ('success' or 'error').
              If 'success', includes a 'report' key with weather details.
              If 'error', includes an 'error_message' key.
    """

    url = f"http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q={city}"
    response = requests.get(url)
    weather = response.json()

    if response.status_code == 200: # Success
        return {
            "status": "success",
            "report": f"The weather in {city} is {weather}."
        }
    else: # Failed
        return {
            "status": "error",
            "error_message": f"Sorry, I don't have weather information
                             for {city}."
        }
```

# Define Your Agent

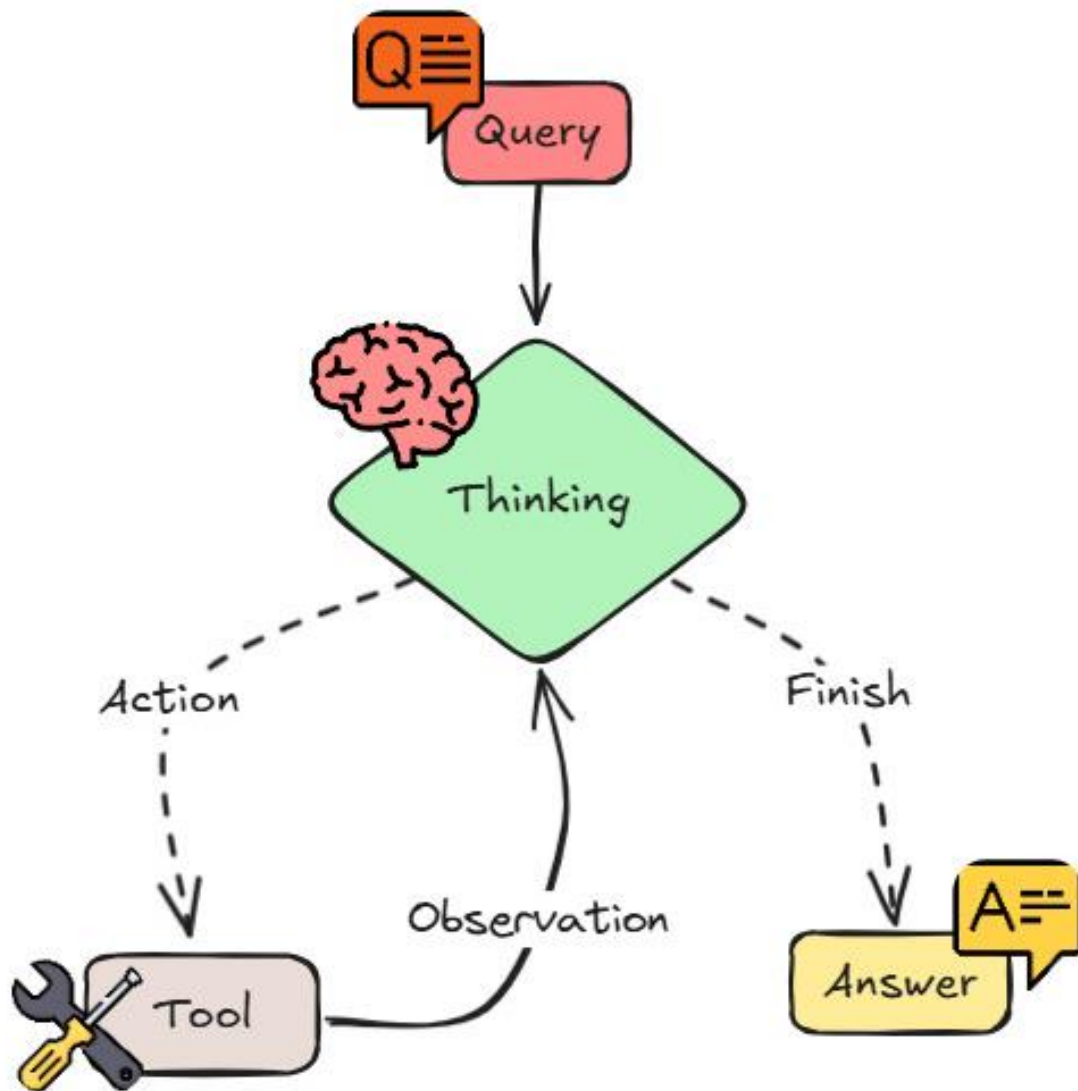
- What kind of behavior and goal of the AI Agent.
- How to use its tools effectively.
- How to handle errors.

```
from google.adk.agents import Agent

weather_agent = Agent(
    name="weather_agent_v1",
    model="gemini-2.5-pro",
    description="Provides weather information for specific cities.",
    instruction="You are a helpful weather assistant. When the user asks for the weather in a specific city, use tools to find the information. If the tool returns an error, inform the user politely. If the tool is successful, present the report clearly.",
    tools=[get_weather]
)
```

## Planning & Reflection

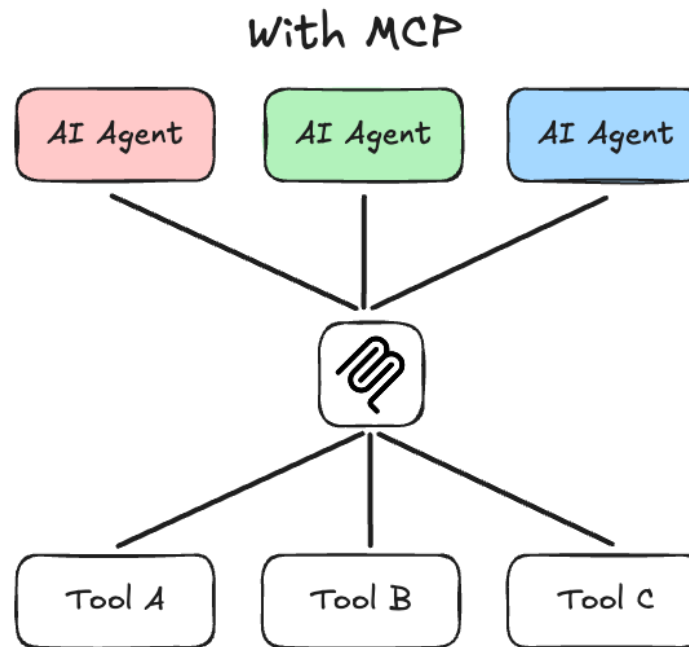
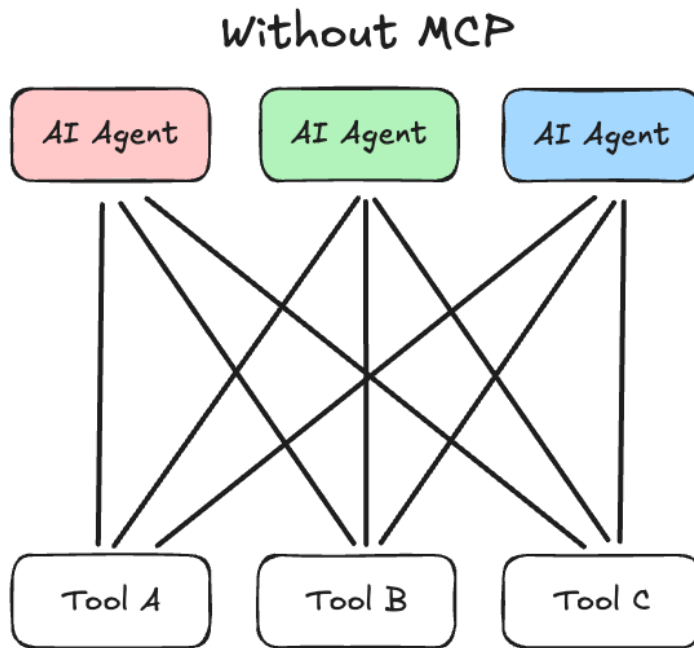
- Uses reasoning to understand user intent.
- Chooses the appropriate tool
- Combines information from multiple tools and prompts
- Responds back accordingly





# Model Context Protocol (MCP)

# What is MCP???



## Unified Integration

Standardized way for agents to connect with different tools.

## Separated Codebase

Agents and tools can live in separate codebases, making development modular, scalable, and easier to maintain.

# Separated Codebase

(AI Agent Code)

```
from google.adk.agents import Agent
from google.adk.tools import MCPToolset, SseServerParams
```

```
tools = await MCPToolset.from_server(
    connection_params=SseServerParams(
        url="http://localhost:8001/mcp",
    )
)
```

```
weather_agent = Agent(
    name="weather_agent_v1",
    model="gemini-2.5-pro",
    description="Provides weather information for specific cities.",
    instruction="You are a helpful weather assistant. When the user asks for the weather in a specific city, use tools to find the information. If the tool returns an error, inform the user politely. If the tool is successful, present the report clearly.",
    tools=[get_weather],
    tools=tools,
)
```

# Separated Codebase

(MCP Code)

```
from mcp.server.fastmcp import FastMCP
import requests, os
```

```
mcp = FastMCP("Weather MCP Server")
```

```
@mcp.tool()
def get_weather (city: str) -> dict:

    """Fetches current weather for a given city.
    Args:
        city (str): The name of the city
                    (e.g., "New York", "London", "Tokyo").

    Returns:
        dict: A dictionary containing the weather information.
              Includes a 'status' key ('success' or 'error').
              If 'success', includes a 'report' key with
              weather details.
              If 'error', includes an 'error_message' key.

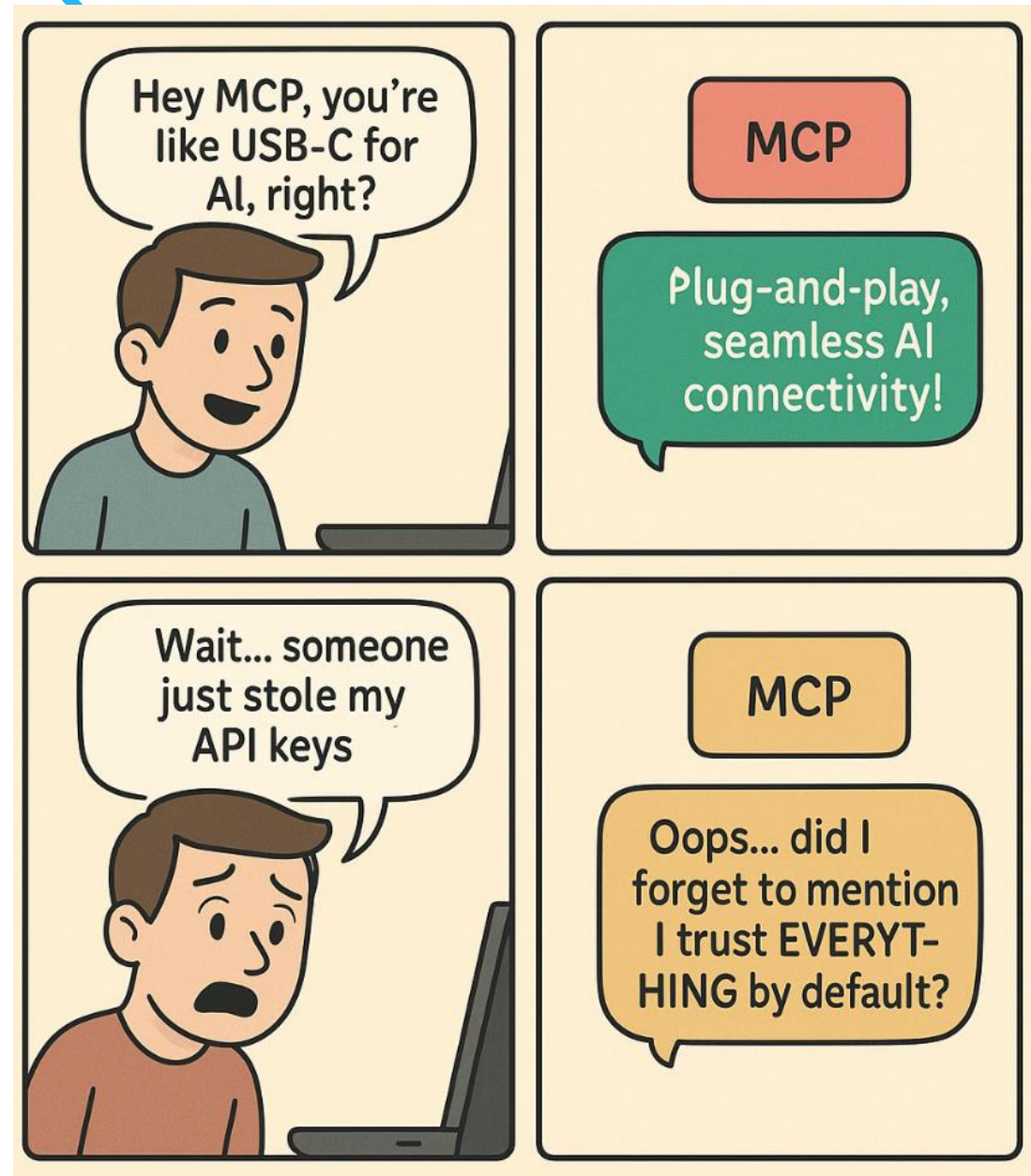
    """
```

```
<< code logic goes here ... >>
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    mcp.run(transport="streamable-http")
```



# However...



Source:

<https://www.docker.com/blog/mcp-security-issues-threatening-ai-infrastructure/>

# Securing MCP (Cont.)



← → ↺

https://www.darkreading.com/vulnerabilities-threats/2000-mcp-servers-security

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## Nearly 2,000 MCP Servers Possess No Security Whatsoever

Authentication in MCP — the backbone of agentic AI — is optional, and nobody's implementing it. Instead, they're allowing any passing attackers full control of their servers.



**Nate Nelson**, Contributing Writer  
July 19, 2025

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# Securing MCP (Cont.)



← → ↻

https://gbhackers.com/critical-github-mcp-server-vulnerability/

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# Critical GitHub MCP Server Vulnerability Allows Unauthorized Access to Private Repositories

By Aman Mishra | May 27, 2025

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A critical vulnerability in the widely-used GitHub MCP integration, boasting over 14,000 stars on GitHub, has been uncovered by Invariant Labs, posing a severe risk to users' private repository data.

This flaw, identified through Invariant's automated security scanners, enables attackers to manipulate a user's agent via a malicious GitHub Issue, coercing it into leaking sensitive information from private repositories.

As the tech industry accelerates the adoption of coding agents and IDEs, this discovery highlights the urgent need for robust security measures to protect critical software development tools from

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# Mitigation Strategies



## (01) Authentication

Only Agents with valid credentials & permissions can access the MCP server.

## (02) Authorization (RBAC)

Ensure agents can only access tools allowed by their assigned role. Should follow the **Least Access Principle**.

## (03) Sandboxed Code Execution

Environment Sandboxing — Run tools in a isolated container to limit the blast radius of bugs, misuse, or malicious behavior.

Source:

<https://www.redhat.com/en/blog/model-context-protocol-mcp-understanding-security-risks-and-controls>

# Authentication

## (MCP Code)

```
from mcp.server.fastmcp import FastMCP
from mcp.server.auth.settings import AuthSettings
from pydantic import AnyHttpUrl
from src.auth import SimpleTokenVerifier
import requests, os

# MCP Server with Auth
mcp = FastMCP(
    "Weather MCP Server",
    token_verifier = SimpleTokenVerifier(),
    auth = AuthSettings(
        issuer_url = AnyHttpUrl("https://auth.example.com"),
        resource_server_url = AnyHttpUrl("http://localhost:3001"),
        required_scopes=["user"],
    ),
)

@mcp.tool()
def get_weather (city: str) -> dict:
    ...
```



# Getting Started

# How to get started?



## Agent Building Frameworks



LangGraph



Agent Development Kit



Microsoft  
AutoGen



OpenAI Agents SDK

*crewai*

Source:

<https://www.datacamp.com/blog/best-ai-agents>



# Demo Session



```
git clone https://github.com/justinwkUKM/paynet-aiwg.git
cd paynet-aiwg/AIWorkingGroup_02_MCP
```





# Question & Answer

Thank you