Project 4

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Packages, data, etc.

```
#import libraries and data
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ---
                                                   ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.4
                       v readr
                                    2.1.5
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.1
## v ggplot2 3.5.1
                      v tibble
                                    3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                        v tidyr
                                    1.3.1
## v purrr
              1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                  masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(dplyr)
library(reshape2)
##
## Attaching package: 'reshape2'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       smiths
library(ggplot2)
hrdata_df <- read.csv("/Users/justinwilliams/Code/9050advresearch/Project 4/HRData.csv")
```

1.Report the full covariance and correlation matrix for the following variables: GenderID, PerfScoreID, Salary, Age, EngagementSurvey, EmpSatisfaction, and Absences.

```
#select the columns
selected_columns <- hrdata_df[, c("GenderID", "PerfScoreID", "Salary", "Age", "EngagementSurvey", "EmpS</pre>
```

```
#covariance matrix
cov_matrix <- cov(selected_columns)</pre>
print("Covariance Matrix:")
## [1] "Covariance Matrix:"
print(cov_matrix)
                                   PerfScoreID
##
                        GenderID
                                                      Salary
                                                                        Age
## GenderID
                      0.24644746
                                   -0.01600456 7.005695e+02 -5.871715e-02
## PerfScoreID
                                    0.34465304 1.933267e+03 4.219337e-01
                     -0.01600456
## Salary
                    700.56948449 1933.26707810 6.328564e+08 2.116953e+04
## Age
                     -0.05871715
                                    0.42193372 2.116953e+04 7.910491e+01
                                    0.25270968 1.291017e+03 4.450113e-01
## EngagementSurvey -0.01422581
## EmpSatisfaction
                     -0.02013277
                                    0.16204751 1.434585e+03 -5.131745e-01
## Absences
                                    0.16021160 1.212926e+04 -1.905516e+00
                     -0.01329738
##
                    EngagementSurvey EmpSatisfaction
                                                           Absences
## GenderID
                         -0.01422581
                                          -0.02013277 -1.329738e-02
## PerfScoreID
                          0.25270968
                                           0.16204751 1.602116e-01
## Salary
                       1291.01690323
                                       1434.58479411 1.212926e+04
## Age
                          0.44501129
                                          -0.51317446 -1.905516e+00
## EngagementSurvey
                                           0.13438710 -4.054839e-02
                          0.62400129
## EmpSatisfaction
                          0.13438710
                                           0.82671922 4.002904e-01
## Absences
                         -0.04054839
                                           0.40029043 3.425288e+01
#correlation matrix
cor matrix <- cor(selected columns)</pre>
```

[1] "Correlation Matrix:"

print("Correlation Matrix:")

print(cor_matrix)

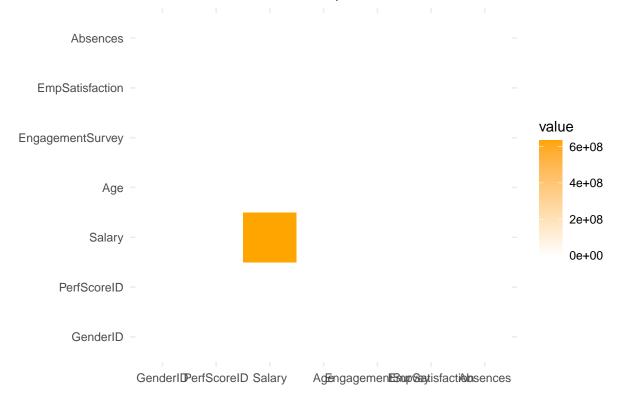
```
##
                       GenderID PerfScoreID
                                              Salary
                                                             Age
## GenderID
                    1.000000000 -0.05491495 0.05609659 -0.01329845
## PerfScoreID
                  -0.054914952 1.00000000 0.13090258 0.08080746
## Salary
                   0.056096589 0.13090258 1.00000000
                                                      0.09461433
## Age
                  -0.013298450 0.08080746 0.09461433 1.00000000
## EngagementSurvey -0.036276216  0.54492668  0.06496607  0.06333978
## EmpSatisfaction -0.044602814 0.30357938 0.06271835 -0.06345770
## Absences
                  ##
                  EngagementSurvey EmpSatisfaction
                                                      Absences
## GenderID
                      -0.036276216
                                      -0.04460281 -0.004576729
## PerfScoreID
                       0.544926678
                                       0.30357938 0.046628812
## Salary
                       0.064966071
                                        0.06271835 0.082382156
## Age
                       0.063339782
                                       -0.06345770 -0.036606847
## EngagementSurvey
                       1.000000000
                                        0.18710518 -0.008770661
## EmpSatisfaction
                       0.187105180
                                        1.0000000 0.075222480
## Absences
                      -0.008770661
                                        0.07522248 1.000000000
```

2. Visualize the correlations you have computed. There are a few different ways to do this (including scatterplots, heat maps, etc.). Use the visualization method that you think best conveys the relations.

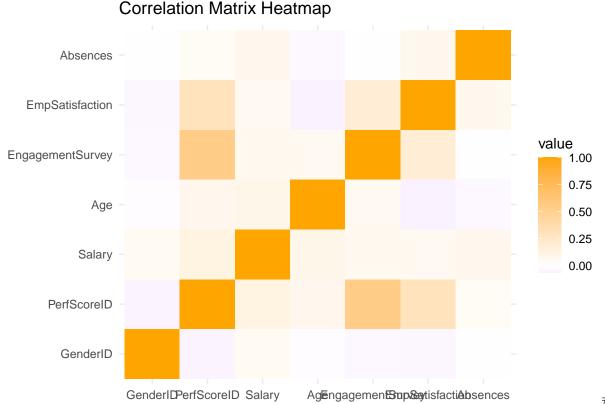
```
#converting matrices to long format for ggplot
cov_melt <- melt(cov_matrix)
cor_melt <- melt(cor_matrix)

#heatmap for covariance matrix
ggplot(data = cov_melt, aes(Var1, Var2, fill = value)) +
    geom_tile() +
    scale_fill_gradient2(low = "purple", high = "orange", mid = "white", midpoint = 0) +
    theme_minimal() +
    labs(title = "Covariance Matrix Heatmap", x = "", y = "")</pre>
```

Covariance Matrix Heatmap



```
# heatmap for correlation matrix
ggplot(data = cor_melt, aes(Var1, Var2, fill = value)) +
    geom_tile() +
    scale_fill_gradient2(low = "purple", high = "orange", mid = "white", midpoint = 0) +
    theme_minimal() +
    labs(title = "Correlation Matrix Heatmap", x = "", y = "")
```



Provide a summary of what you see in these results. Explain the nature of the bivariate relations (or lack thereof) in these data. Write this summary like you might see reported in a journal article.

Create a subset of the data in which you only include employees who are from the Production Department. Also, create a subset of everyone NOT in Production.

4. Run correlations separately for each of these two subsamples. Report the results for each and provide an interpretation of what you see as you did in Questions 2 and 3. Are the correlations the same across the subsamples and/or from the entire sample? I'm not asking for a test of statistical significance, but your own interpretation based on the values you compute.