

# [CS 11] Prac 7c – Increasing Counts

## Problem Statement

Given a sequence of integers give the same sequence but with the  $k$ th element appearing  $k$  times.

## Task Details

Your task is to implement a function called `increasing_appearances`. This function has a single parameter: an iterable of `int`s.

The function must return a *generator* that generates `int`s, as described in the problem statement.

Note that your generator must be **as lazy as possible**. It should yield each resulting next element as soon as it has enough information, and it should produce these results while advancing the input generators for as little as possible.

## Restrictions

(See 7a for more restrictions)

For this problem:

- Loops and lists are allowed.
- Up to 8 function definitions are allowed.
- Recursion is **disallowed**. (The recursion limit has been greatly reduced.)
- Sets and dictionaries are allowed.
- Generators and comprehensions are allowed.
- The source code limit is 300.

## Example Calls

### Example 1 Function Call

```
[*increasing_appearances((3, 1, 4))]
```

### Example 1 Return Value

```
[3, 1, 1, 4, 4, 4]
```

### Example 2 Function Call

```
print(*increasing_appearances(iter((3, 1, 4))))
```

### Example 2 Output


```
3 1 1 4 4 4
```

## Constraints

When your program is run:

- The function `increasing_appearances` will be called at most 200 times.
- At most 500 elements will be consumed from the returned generator.
- Each element of the input sequence is a positive integer at most  $10^{10}$ .

## Scoring

- You get 120  points if you solve all test cases.


## Clarifications


No clarifications have been made at this time.

Report an issue

Submit solution

[CS 11]

Practice 7 

My submissions 

✓ Points: 120 (partial)

🕒 Time limit: 6.0s

📦 Memory limit: 1G

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➤ Problem type

✓ Allowed languages ~~NONE~~, py3