

Assignment #A: dp & bfs

Updated 2 GMT+8 Nov 25, 2024

2024 fall, Compiled by 陈张涵、工学院

说明:

- 1) 请把每个题目解题思路（可选），源码Python, 或者C++（已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC），截图（包含Accepted），填写到下面作业模版中（推荐使用 typora <https://typoraio.cn>，或者用 word）。AC 或者没有AC，都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2) 提交时候先提交pdf文件，再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧“作业评论”。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、“作业评论”区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业，请写明原因。

1. 题目

LuoguP1255 数楼梯

dp, bfs, <https://www.luogu.com.cn/problem/P1255>

思路：简单dp

代码：

```
N= int(input())
if N ==1:
    print(1)
else:
    dp=[0]*(N+1)
    dp[0]=1
    dp[1]=1
    for i in range(2,N+1):
        dp[i]=dp[i-1]+dp[i-2]
    print(dp[N])
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

题目提供者

洛谷

难度

普及-

历史分数

100

 提交记录

 查看题解

27528: 跳台阶

dp, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27528/>

思路: 简单dp

代码:

```
N=int(input())
if N ==1:
    print(1)
elif N ==2:
    print(2)
else:
    dp = [0]*N
    dp[0]=1
    dp[1]=2
    for i in range(2,N):
        dp[i]=2*dp[i-1]
    print(dp[-1])
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

状态: Accepted

源代码

```
N=int(input())
if N==1:
    print(1)
elif N==2:
    print(2)
else:
    dp=[0]*N
    dp[0]=1
    dp[1]=2
    for i in range(2,N):
        dp[i]=2*dp[i-1]
    print(dp[-1])
```

基本信息

#: 47409554
题目: 27528
提交人: 24n2400010996
内存: 3624kB
时间: 30ms
语言: Python3
提交时间: 2024-11-26 16:47:36

474D. Flowers

dp, <https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/474/D>

思路: dp 但稍微有点难想, 不超时还需要一些小技巧

代码:

```
t,k = map(int,input().split())
list1=[]
ans=[]
maxv=0
mode=10**9+7
for i in range(t):
    a,b=map(int,input().split())
    list1.append([a,b])
    maxv=max(maxv,b)
dp=[0]*(maxv+1)
sums=[0]
ss=0
dp[0]=1
for i in range(1,maxv+1):
    if i<k:
        dp[i]=1
    else:
        dp[i]=(dp[i-1]+dp[i-k])%mode
    ss+=dp[i]
    ss%=mode
    sums.append(ss)

for i in list1:
    print((sums[i[1]]-sums[i[0]-1]+mode)%mode)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

PROBLEMS
SUBMIT CODE
MY SUBMISSIONS
STATUS
HACKS
ROOM
STANDINGS
CUSTOM INVOCATION

General	#	Author	Problem	Lang	Verdict	Time	Memory	Sent	Judged		
	293337945	Practice: chaain	474D - 15	PyPy 3-64	Accepted	359 ms	20908 KB	2024-11-26 13:00:01	2024-11-26 13:00:01	☆	Compare

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```

t, k = map(int, input().split())
list1=[]
ans=[]
maxv=0
mode=10**9+7
for i in range(t):
    a, b=map(int, input().split())
    list1.append([a, b])
    maxv=max(maxv, b)
dp = [0]*(maxv+1)
sums=[0]
ss=0
dp[0]=1
for i in range(1, maxv+1):
    if i%k:
        dp[i]=1
    else:
        dp[i]=(dp[i-1]+dp[i-k])%mode
    ss+=dp[i]
    ss%=mode
    sums.append(ss)
for i in list1:
    print((sums[i[1]]-sums[i[0]-1]*mode)%mode)

```

LeetCode5.最长回文子串

dp, two pointers, string, <https://leetcode.cn/problems/longest-palindromic-substring/>

思路：难想，询问ai才有的思路

代码：

```

class Solution(object):
    def longestPalindrome(s:str)->str:
        """
        :type s: str
        :rtype: str
        """
        if not s:
            return ''
        n = len(s)
        start = 0
        mlength = 1

        def expansion(left, right):
            nonlocal start, mlength
            while left >= 0 and right < n and s[left] == s[right]:
                length = right - left + 1
                left -= 1
                right += 1
            if length >= mlength:
                mlength = length
                start = left + 1

        for i in range(n - 1):
            expansion(i, i)
            expansion(i, i + 1)
        expansion(n - 1, n - 1)
        return s[start:start + mlength]

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



12029: 水淹七军

bfs, dfs, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/12029/>

思路：太复杂了，其实题目本身倒没什么难度，代码难写

代码：

```
import sys
sys.setrecursionlimit(200000)
input = sys.stdin.read
def isvalid(a,b,m,n):
    return 0<=a<m and 0<=b<n
def dfs(a,b,s,w,m,n,l):
    nx = [-1, 1, 0, 0]
    ny = [0, 0, -1, 1]
    for i in range(4):
        dx,dy=a+nx[i],b+ny[i]
        if isvalid(dx,dy,m,n) and s[dx][dy]<=l:
            if w[dx][dy]<1:
                w[dx][dy]=1
                dfs(dx,dy,s,w,m,n,l)
def main():
    data = input().split()
    idx = 0
    k = int(data[idx])
    idx += 1
    results = []
    for _ in range(k):
        m, n = map(int, data[idx:idx + 2])
        idx += 2
        h = []
        for o in range(m):
            h.append(list(map(int, data[idx:idx + n])))
            idx += n
```

```

i, j = map(int, data[idx:idx + 2])
idx += 2
i, j = i - 1, j - 1
w=[0]*n for _ in range(m)]

p = int(data[idx])
idx += 1

for t in range(p):
    x, y = map(int, data[idx:idx + 2])
    idx += 2
    x, y = x - 1, y - 1
    if h[x][y] <= h[i][j]:
        continue
    dfs(x,y,h,w,m,n,h[x][y])
    results.append("Yes" if w[i][j]>h[i][j] else "No")
sys.stdout.write("\n".join(results) + "\n")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#47456364提交状态

[查看](#) [提交](#) [统计](#) [提问](#)

状态: Accepted

源代码

```

import sys
sys.setrecursionlimit(200000)
input = sys.stdin.read
def isvalid(a,b,m,n):
    return 0<=a<m and 0<=b<n
def dfs(a,b,s,w,m,n,l):
    nx = [-1, 1, 0, 0]
    ny = [0, 0, -1, 1]
    for i in range(4):
        dx,dy=a+nx[i],b+ny[i]
        if isvalid(dx,dy,m,n) and s[dx][dy]<=l:
            if w[dx][dy]<l:
                w[dx][dy]=l
                dfs(dx,dy,s,w,m,n,l)
def main():
    data = input().split()
    idx = 0
    k = int(data[idx])
    idx += 1
    results = []
    for _ in range(k):
        m, n = map(int, data[idx:idx + 2])
        idx += 2
        h = []
        for o in range(m):
            h.append(list(map(int, data[idx:idx + n])))
            idx += n
        i, j = map(int, data[idx:idx + 2])
        idx += 2
        i, j = i - 1, j - 1
        w=[0]*n for _ in range(m)]

        p = int(data[idx])
        idx += 1

        for t in range(p):
            x, y = map(int, data[idx:idx + 2])
            idx += 2
            x, y = x - 1, y - 1
            if h[x][y] <= h[i][j]:
                continue
            dfs(x,y,h,w,m,n,h[x][y])
            results.append("Yes" if w[i][j]>h[i][j] else "No")
    sys.stdout.write("\n".join(results) + "\n")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

基本信息

#: 47456364
 题目: 12029
 提交人: 24n2400010996
 内存: 16020kB
 时间: 295ms
 语言: Python3
 提交时间: 2024-11-29 00:49:33

02802: 小游戏

bfs, <http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02802/>

思路：思路容易有，写对代码难

代码：

```
import sys
sys.setrecursionlimit(30000001)
mlength=float('inf')
lists=[]
h=w=c=d=0
dire=[0,0]
directions=[[-1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,-1]]
def minpath(a,b,dire,current_length,h,w,lists,c,d):
    global mlength
    if [a,b]==[c,d]:
        if current_length<mlength:
            mlength=current_length
        return
    if current_length>=mlength:
        return
    for i in directions:
        nx,ny=a+i[0],b+i[1]
        if 0<=nx<=h+1 and 0<=ny<=w+1 and lists[nx][ny]==' ':
            lists[nx][ny]='X'
            if dire==i:
                minpath(nx,ny,i,current_length,h,w,lists,c,d)
            else:
                minpath(nx,ny,i,current_length+1,h,w,lists,c,d)
        lists[nx][ny]=' '

A=[]
while True:
    w,h=map(int,input().split())
    if w==0 and h==0:
        break
    else:
        ass=[]
        lists1 = [[' ']*(w+2)]
        for i in range(h):
            lists1.append([' ']+list(str(input()))+[' '])
        lists1.append([' ']*(w+2))
        t = 0
        while True:
            t += 1
            b, a, d, c = map(int, input().split())
            if a == b == c == d == 0:
                break
            else:
                lists1[c][d] = 'X'
                mlength = float('inf')
                minpath(a, b,[0,0], 0,h,w,lists1,c,d)
```

```

        lists1[c][d] = 'X'
        if mlength == float('inf'):
            ass.append(f'Pair {t}: impossible.')
        else:
            ass.append(f'Pair {t}: {mlength} segments.')
    A.append(ass)

for i in range(len(A)):
    print(f'Board #{i + 1}:')
    for z in A[i]:
        print(z)
    print()

```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

状态: Accepted

源代码

```

import sys
sys.setrecursionlimit(30000001)
mlength=float('inf')
lists=[]
h=w=c=d=0
dire=[0,0]
directions=[[-1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,-1]]
def minpath(a,b,dire,current_length,h,w,lists,c,d):
    global mlength
    if [a,b]==[c,d]:
        if current_length<mlength:
            mlength=current_length
        return
    if current_length>=mlength:
        return
    for i in directions:
        nx,ny=a+i[0],b+i[1]
        if 0<=nx<=h+1 and 0<=ny<=w+1 and lists[nx][ny]!=' ':
            lists[nx][ny]='X'
            if dire==i:
                minpath(nx,ny,i,current_length,h,w,lists,c,d)
            else:
                minpath(nx,ny,i,current_length+1,h,w,lists,c,d)
            lists[nx][ny]=' '

A=[]
while True:
    w,h=map(int,input().split())
    if w==0 and h==0:
        break
    else:
        ass=[]
        lists1 = [[' ']*(w+2)]
        for i in range(h):
            lists1.append([' ']*w+list(str(input())) + [' '])
        lists1.append([' ']*(w+2))
        t = 0
        while True:
            t += 1
            b, a, d, c = map(int, input().split())
            if a == b == c == d == 0:
                break
            else:
                lists1[c][d] = ' '
                mlength = float('inf')

```

基本信息

#: 47456489
 题目: 02802
 提交人: 24n2400010996
 内存: 6372kB
 时间: 55ms
 语言: Python3
 提交时间: 2024-11-29 02:28:43

2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单，有否额外练习题目，比如：OJ“计概2024fall每日选做”、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站题目。

其实这周作业除了回文是个新类型的题，其他都是之前见过的思路，但是这周对代码复杂性的要求一下子就上来了，发现其实题目很容易

就有思路，核心代码其实都不难，但把整个代码写好写对就很困难了，很容易就会出一些小错误，而且改错往往耗费大量时间，很让人抓狂，现在最担心的就是考试也出现这样的问题