Assignment #9: dfs, bfs, & dp

Updated 2107 GMT+8 Nov 19, 2024

2024 fall, Complied by <mark>陈张涵、工学院</mark>

说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora https://typoraio.cn,或者用word)。AC或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2) 提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

1. 题目

18160: 最大连通域面积

dfs similar, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18160

思路:和矿工差不多思路,加个计数就可以了

```
step = 0
directions = [[-1,-1],[-1,0],[-1,1],[0,-1],[0,1],[1,-1],[1,0],[1,1]]
def dfs(x,y,N,M):
    global step
    poal[x][y]='.'
    for d in directions:
        nx, ny=x+d[0], y+d[1]
        if 0 \le nx \le N and 0 \le ny \le M and poal[nx][ny] == 'W':
             step+=1
             poal[nx][ny]='.'
            dfs(nx,ny,N,M)
n=int(input())
ans=[0]
aw=[]
for 11 in range(n):
    N,M=map(int,input().split())
    poal=[]
    for k in range(N):
        poal.append(list(str(input())))
    for i in range(0,N):
        for j in range(0,M):
             if poal[i][j]=='w':
                 step=0
```

```
状态: Accepted
                                                                              基本信息
源代码
                                                                                    #: 47309945
                                                                                  题目: 18160
 step = 0
                                                                                提交人: 24n2400010996
 \texttt{directions=[[-1,-1],[-1,0],[-1,1],[0,-1],[0,1],[1,-1],[1,0],[1,1]]}
                                                                                  内存: 3812kB
 def dfs(x,y,N,M):
    global step
                                                                                  时间: 92ms
     poal[x][y]=
                                                                                  语言: Python3
     for d in directions:
                                                                               提交时间: 2024-11-21 16:58:17
         nx, ny=x+d[0], y+d[1]
         if 0<=nx<N and 0<=ny<M and poal[nx][ny]=='W':</pre>
             step+=1
             poal[nx][ny]='.'
             dfs(nx,ny,N,M)
 n=int(input())
 ans=[0]
 aw=[]
 for 11 in range(n):
     N, M=map(int,input().split())
     poal=[
     for k in range(N):
        poal.append(list(str(input())))
     for i in range (0, N):
         for j in range (0, M):
             if poal[i][j]=='W':
                 step=0
                 dfs(i,j,N,M)
                 ans.append(step+1)
     aw.append(max(ans))
     ans=[0]
 for i in aw:
     print(i)
```

19930: 寻宝

bfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/19930

思路:直接bfs

```
from collections import deque

directions=[[1,0],[-1,0],[0,1],[0,-1]]
step=0
anwser='NO'
def bfs(x,y):
    global step
    global anwser
    if x==y==0:
        step=0
        anwser='YES'
        return
```

```
else:
        inqueue = set()
        q = deque()
        q.append((0, 0))
        inqueue.add((0, 0))
        while q:
            step += 1
            for _ in range(len(q)):
                dx, dy = q.popleft()
                for i in directions:
                    nx, ny = dx + i[0], dy + i[1]
                    if (nx, ny) == (x, y):
                        anwser = 'YES'
                        return
                    if 0 \le nx < m and 0 \le ny < n and (nx, ny) not in inqueue
and field[nx][ny] != 2:
                        inqueue.add((nx, ny))
                        q.append((nx, ny))
m,n=map(int,input().split())
field=[list(map(int,input().split())) for i in range(m)]
for i in range(m):
    for j in range(n):
        if field[i][j]==1:
            x,y=i,j
            break
bfs(x,y)
if anwser=='YES':
    print(step)
else:
    print('NO')
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

状态: Accepted

```
源代码
 from collections import deque
 directions=[[1,0],[-1,0],[0,1],[0,-1]]
 step=0
 anwser='NO'
 def bfs(x, y):
     global step
      global anwser
      if x==y==0:
         step=0
          anwser='YES'
          return
          inqueue = set()
          q = deque()
          q.append((0, 0))
          inqueue.add((0, 0))
          while a:
               step += 1
               for _ in range(len(q)):
    dx, dy = q.popleft()
                    for i in directions:
                        nx, ny = dx + i[0], dy + i[1]
                         if (nx, ny) == (x, y):
                             anwser = 'YES'
                          \mbox{if} \ 0 \ \mbox{$<=$} \ \mbox{$nx$} \ \mbox{$<$m$} \ \mbox{$and$} \ \ 0 \ \mbox{$<=$} \ \mbox{$ny$} \ \mbox{$ny$} \ \mbox{$not$ in} 
                             inqueue.add((nx, ny))
                             q.append((nx, ny))
 m, n=map(int,input().split())
 field=[list(map(int,input().split())) for i in range(m)]
 for i in range(m):
      for j in range(n):
          if field[i][j]==1:
              x,y=i,j
               break
 bfs(x,y)
 if anwser=='YES':
     print(step)
     print('N0')
```

题目: 19930 提交人: 24n2400010996 内存: 3732kB 时间: 29ms 语言: Python3 提交时间: 2024-11-21 17:25:33

#: 47311716

基本信息

04123: 马走日

dfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04123

思路:加个路径变量,把每个路径都存一下

```
directions=[[-1,2],[-1,-2],[1,2],[1,-2],[2,1],[2,-1],[-2,1],[-2,-1]]
ans=[]
jieshu=[]
def dfs(x,y,n,m,path,field):
    global ans
    if len(path)==n*m:
        ans.append(path)
        return
    else:
        for i in directions:
             dx, dy=x+i[0], y+i[1]
             if 0 \le dx \le n and 0 \le dy \le m and field[dx][dy] == 0:
                 field[dx][dy]=1
                 path.append([dx,dy])
                 dfs(dx,dy,n,m,path,field)
                 field[dx][dy]=0
```

```
path.pop()

t = int(input())
for k in range(t):
    N,M,a,b=map(int,input().split())
    field1=[[0]*M for _ in range(N)]
    field1[a][b]=1
    ans=[]
    dfs(a,b,N,M,[[a,b]],field1)
    jieshu.append(len(ans))
for i in jieshu:
    print(i)
```



sy316: 矩阵最大权值路径

dfs, https://sunnywhy.com/sfbj/8/1/316

思路: dfs, 因为需要输出路径

```
fpath=[]
maxv=-9999
directions=[[-1,0],[1,0],[0,-1],[0,1]]
def dfs(x,y,path,shuzhi,visited):
    global fpath
```

```
global maxv
    if x==n-1 and y==m-1:
        if shuzhi>maxv:
            maxv=shuzhi
            fpath=path[:]
        return
    else:
        for i in directions:
            dx, dy=x+i[0], y+i[1]
            if 0 \le dx \le n-1 and 0 \le dy \le m-1 and visited[dx][dy] ==0:
                 path.append([dx+1,dy+1])
                shuzhi+=juzhen[dx][dy]
                visited[dx][dy]=1
                dfs(dx,dy,path,shuzhi,visited)
                path.pop()
                shuzhi-=juzhen[dx][dy]
                visited[dx][dy]=0
n,m=map(int,input().split())
juzhen=[list(map(int,input().split())) for i in range(n)]
visited=[[0]*m for _ in range(n)]
visited[0][0]=1
dfs(0,0,[[1,1]],juzhen[0][0],visited)
for i in fpath:
    print(' '.join(map(str,i)))
```

| 提交时间 | 结果 | 时长(ms) | 语言 | |
|---------------------|------|--------|--------|----|
| 2024-11-22 18:05:28 | 完美通过 | 0 | Python | 查看 |

LeetCode62.不同路径

dp, https://leetcode.cn/problems/unique-paths/

思路:

感觉直接当数学题做就完了, 算个组合数

```
shang=1
xia=1
for i in range(m+n-2,n-1,-1):
    shang*=i
for j in range(1,m,1):
    xia*=j
return(shang//xia)
```

sy358: 受到祝福的平方

```
dfs, dp, <u>https://sunnywhy.com/sfbj/8/3/539</u>
思路:
dfs, 判断一下终点
```

```
from math import sqrt
import math
def isaqrt(a):
   buffer = sqrt(a)
    if a==0:
        return False
    elif math.ceil(buffer)==buffer:
        return True
    else:
        return False
ans = 'No'
def isblessed(strings):
    global ans
    if strings==[]:
        ans='Yes'
        return
    else:
        for i in range(0,len(strings)):
            if isaqrt(int(strings[0:i+1]))==True:
                if i!=len(strings)-1:
                    isblessed(strings[i+1:])
                else:
                    isblessed([])
nums=str(input())
isblessed(nums)
print(ans)
```

| 提交时间 | 结果 | 时长(ms) | 语言 | |
|---------------------|------|--------|--------|----|
| 2024-11-22 21:16:27 | 完美通过 | 0 | Python | 查看 |

2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网 站题目。

这周作业感觉总体不难,基本都是课上讲过的内容,稍微模仿,巩固即可。

感觉做题速度上来了, 但还是容易犯一些小错误, 但同时也在积累经验教训。

oj题目正在跟进