



PART C.

Boiler Operation & Maintenance Manual

Table of Contents

TAB

C.1	Boiler System Overview -----	C.1
C.2	Boiler Operation Manual (MHI) -----	C.2
C.3	Boiler Maintenance Manual (MHI) -----	C.3
C.4	Boiler Balance of Plant Equipment (Vendor O&M manual) -----	C.4



Tab C.2

Boiler Operation Manual

Table of Contents

TAB

C.2.1	Design Data Sheet for Major Equipment -----	C.2.1
C.2.2	Boiler Control Concept -----	C.2.2
C.2.3	Startup and Shutdown Procedure -----	C.2.3
C.2.4	Interlock and Protection -----	C.2.4
C.2.5	Emergency Operation -----	C.2.5
C.2.6	Preservation Procedure -----	C.2.6
C.2.7	Sub-system P&I Diagram -----	C.2.7



Tab C.2.1

Design Data Sheet for Major Equipment

Table of Contents

1 Purpose and Scope

2 Design data sheet for Major Equipment

- 2.1 General Boiler details**
- 2.2 Furnace**
- 2.3 Water separator Header**
- 2.4 Safety valves**
- 2.5 Boiler recirculation pump**
- 2.6 Screen tubes**
- 2.7 Superheater**
- 2.8 Reheater**
- 2.9 Economizer**
- 2.10 Feeders and risers**
- 2.11 Attemperatores**
- 2.12 Burners**
- 2.13 Regenerative air heater**
- 2.14 Steam air heater**
- 2.15 Sootblowers**
- 2.16 Forced draft fan**
- 2.17 Induced draft fan**
- 2.18 Gas recirculation fan**
- 2.19 Air and flue gas ducts**
- 2.20 Flash tank**
- 2.21 Electrostatic precipitator**

3 Reference

1. Purpose and Scope

This operation manual is intended to familiarize Shuqaiq Steam Power Plant operating personnel with the Boiler and assist operating group in developing detailed operating instructions.

It is not intended to cover all possible variations in equipment and not to provide for specific operating problems which may arise. Should additional information be required, Hyundai Heavy Industries, Ltd. Or its field representatives should be contacted

It must be recognized that no amount of written instructions can replace intelligent thinking and reasoning on the part of the boiler operators, especially when coping with unforeseen operating conditions. It is the operator's responsibility to become thoroughly familiar not only with the immediate steam generating equipment but also with all pertinent control equipment. Satisfactory performance and safety depend on a great extent on proper functioning of controls and auxiliary equipment.

2. Design Data sheet for Major Equipment

Item No	Description	Particulars
1.	General boiler details	
1.1	Type of boiler	Mitsubishi Supercritical sliding Pressure Operation Once-Through Boiler (MO-SSRR)
1.2	Sub-critical or super-critical	Super-critical
1.3	Number of boilers	4
1.4	Manufacturer	MHPS and HHI
1.5	Pressure part design code	ASME

Item No	Description		Particulars
1.6	Maximum continuous rating	kg/s	615.0
1.7	Rated pressure at superheater outlet	barg	256.3
1.8	Rated temperature at superheater outlet	°C	540.0
1.9	Rated temperature of feed-water	°C	306.1
1.10	Rated reheat steam flow	kg/s	476.7
1.11	Rated pressure at reheat outlet	barg	47.3
1.12	Rated temperature at reheat outlet	°C	540.0
1.13	Rated pressure at reheat inlet	barg	49.8
1.14	Rated temperature at reheat inlet	°C	299.9
1.15	Main (overall) dimensions:		
1.15.1	Height	m	52.7
1.15.2	Width	m	16.6
1.15.3	Depth	m	14.3
2.	Furnace		
2.1	Type		Radiant
2.2	Mean furnace height	mm	52,713.8
2.3	Spiral furnace height	mm	24,140
2.4	Furnace width	mm	16,598.5
2.5	Furnace depth (front to rear walls)	mm	14,284.5

Item No	Description	Particulars			
2.6	Furnace volume	m ³	12,126		
2.7	Projected area of furnace	m ²	4,537		
2.8	Tube outside diameter	mm	31.8 / 38.1		
2.9	Tube thickness	mm	6.1 / 9.3, 8.0		
2.10	Tube corrosion allowance	mm	1.6		
2.11	Tube pitching	mm	44.5 / 59.33		
2.12	Tube material		SA-213T12 / SA-213T22		
2.13	Tube design temperature	°C	459 / 500		
2.14	Furnace exit gas temperature	°C	1245		
2.15	Lower header outside diameter and thickness	mm x mm	381 x 79		
2.16	Lower header corrosion allowance	mm	0		
2.17	Lower header material		SA-106C		
2.18	Upper header outside diameter and thickness	mm x mm	Rear	Front	Side
			711x129	323.8x67	273x55
2.19	Upper header corrosion allowance	mm	0		
	Upper header material		SA-335P12		
3.	Water separator Header				
3.1	Type of construction and quantity / boiler		WELDED / 2		

Item No	Description		Particulars
3.2	Design pressure	barg	299
3.3	Design temperature	°C	457
3.4	Material		SA-336F12
3.5	Internal diameter	mm	760.0
3.6	Thickness of shell	mm	128
3.7	Corrosion allowance	mm	3.2
3.8	Overall length	m	3.3
3.9	Finished weight	kg	16414 x 2
3.10	Separator volume:		
3.10.1	Full (for hydro test)	m3	3

Item No	Description	Water Separator Header	Superheater	Reheater
4.	Safety valves			
4.1	Manufacturer	DRESSER	DRESSER	DRESSER
4.2	Type	Spring	Spring/ERV	Spring
4.3	Capacity (each)	ton/h	344.3	154.4 / 118.8 189.2 in 189.2 out
4.4	Size	mm	DN80	DN65 DN150
4.5	Number		6 2/2	Inlet - 8 Outlet - 2
4.6	Lift	barg	328.2 322.6	321.2 283.0 65.9 64.0 62.0
4.7	Close	barg	315.1 309.7	308.4 277.3 63.3 61.4 59.5

Item No	Description	Particulars	
5.	Boiler recirculation pump		
5.1	Manufacturer	Torishima	
5.2	Type	Vertical wet motor	
5.3	Number per boiler/capacity	N/%	1 / 100
5.4	Duty flow	kg/s	164.5
5.5	Absorbed power at pump shaft	kW	212.1
5.6	Motor rating	kW	320.0
5.7	Materials		
5.7.1	Casing	SA266 Gr.2	
5.7.2	Impeller	SCSI-T2	
5.7.3	Shaft	SUS420J2-HCrP	
5.8	Method of cooling	Cooling Water	
6.	Screen tubes (convective evaporative heating surface)		
6.1	Effective heating surface	m ²	450.5
6.2	Gas flow area	m ²	168.1
6.3	Steam/water mixture flow area	m ²	0.1
6.4	Tube outside diameter	mm	38.1
6.5	Tube thickness	mm	7.0,9.3
6.6	Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6
6.7	Tube material	SA-213T12	
6.8	Tube pitch across gas flow	mm	178

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Item No	Description	Particulars	
6.9	Tube pitch parallel to gas flow	mm	75
6.10	Number of tubes in a single row		93
6.11	Number of tubes in direction of gas flow		3
6.12	Design metal temperature	°C	468,454
6.13	Maximum gas velocity	m/s	20
7.	Superheater		
7.1	Superheater - first stage		Primary
7.1.1	Type		Panel Type
7.1.2	Gas flow area	m ²	243
7.1.3	Steam flow area	m ²	0.31
7.1.4	Tube outside diameter	mm	50.8
7.1.5	Tube thickness	mm	7.7,5.7,6.3
7.1.6	Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6,10%(CASE 2328-2)
7.1.7	Tube material		SA-213T12, CASE 2328-2 (High)
7.1.8	Tube pitch across gas flow	mm	1780
7.1.9	Tube pitch parallel to gas flow	mm	60.3
7.1.10	Number of elements wide		8
7.1.11	Number of parallel steam flows		40
7.1.12	Number of tubes in direction of gas flow		80
7.1.13	Metal Design temperature	°C	530
7.1.14	Headers:		Inlet Outlet
7.1.14.1	Outside diameter	mm	381 457

Item No	Description	Particulars		
7.1.14.2	Thickness	mm	84	87
7.1.14.3	Corrosion allowance	mm	0	0
7.1.14.4	Material		SA-335P12	SA-335P12
7.2	Superheater – second stage			Secondary
7.2.1	Type		Platen Type	
7.2.2	Gas flow area	m ²	200	
7.2.3	Steam flow area	m ²	0.69	
7.2.4	Tube outside diameter	mm	45.0 / 50.8	
7.2.5	Tube thickness	mm	7.4, 5.6, 5.1 / 8.4, 5.7, 6.3	
7.2.6	Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6,10%(CASE 2328-2)	
7.2.7	Tube material		SA-213T12, CASE 2328-2 (High) / SA-213T12, CASE 2328-2 (High)	
7.2.8	Tube pitch across gas flow	mm	222.5	
7.2.9	Tube pitch parallel to gas flow	mm	54.5	
7.2.10	Number of elements wide		72	
7.2.11	Number of parallel steam flows		12	
7.2.12	Number of tubes in direction of gas flow		24	
7.2.13	Design metal temperature	°C	494, 527, 549 / 496, 544, 532	
7.2.14	Headers:		Inlet	Outlet
7.2.14.1	Outside diameter	mm	406.4	508
7.2.14.2	Thickness	mm	82	120
7.2.14.3	Corrosion allowance	mm	0	0

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Item No	Description	Particulars	
7.2.14.4	Material	SA-335P12	SA-335P12
7.3	Superheater – third stage	Tertiary	
7.3.1	Type	Pendant	
7.3.2	Gas flow area	m ²	186
7.3.3	Steam flow area	m ²	0.82
7.3.4	Tube outside diameter	mm	45.0
7.3.5	Tube thickness	mm	5.0, 5.6, 5.4
7.3.6	Corrosion allowance	mm	10%
7.3.7	Tube material	CASE 2328-2 (High)	
7.3.8	Tube pitch across gas flow	mm	222.5
7.3.9	Tube pitch parallel to gas flow	mm	54.5
7.3.10	Number of elements wide	72	
7.3.11	Number of parallel steam flows	14	
7.3.12	Number of tubes in direction of gas flow	28	
7.3.13	Design metal temperature	°C	543, 569, 587
7.3.14	Headers:		
7.3.14.1	Outside diameter	mm	508
7.3.14.2	Thickness	mm	108
7.3.14.3	Corrosion allowance	mm	0
7.3.14.4	Material	SA-335P12	SA-335P91

Item No	Description	Particulars	
8.	Reheater		
8.1	Reheater - first stage		
8.1.1	Type	Horizontal / Terminal	
8.1.2	Gas flow area	m ²	144 / 141
8.1.3	Steam flow area	m ²	1.81
8.1.4	Tube outside diameter	mm	50.8 / 63.5
8.1.5	Tube thickness	mm	3.5 / 4.0, 6.1
8.1.6	Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6,10%(CASE 2328-2)
8.1.7	Tube material	SA-210C, SA-213T12, T22, case 2328-2(high)	
8.1.8	Tube pitch across gas flow	mm	111.25 / 222.5
8.1.9	Tube pitch parallel to gas flow	mm	100 / 100
8.1.10	Number of elements wide	148 / 74	
8.1.11	Number of parallel steam flows	6 / 12	
8.1.12	Number of tubes in direction of gas flow	29 / 12	
8.1.13	Design metal temperature	°C	554 / 359, 453, 550
8.1.14	Headers:		
	a. Outside diameter	mm	508
	b. Thickness	mm	33
	c. Corrosion allowance	mm	3.2
	d. Material	SA-106C	SA-335P12

Item No	Description	Particulars	
8.2	Reheater - second stage		
8.2.1	Type	Pendant	
8.2.2	Gas flow area	m ²	164
8.2.3	Steam flow area	m ²	1.3
8.2.4	Tube outside diameter	mm	50.8
8.2.5	Tube thickness	mm	3.5
8.2.6	Corrosion allowance	mm	10%(CASE 2328-2)
8.2.7	Tube material	CASE 2328-2(high)	
8.2.8	Tube pitch across gas flow	mm	222.5
8.2.9	Tube pitch parallel to gas flow	mm	90
8.2.10	Number of elements wide	72	
8.2.11	Number of parallel steam flows	12	
8.2.12	Number of tubes in direction of gas flow	24	
8.2.13	Design metal temperature	°C	596
8.2.14	Headers:		
	a. Outside diameter	mm	610
	b. Thickness	mm	33
	c. Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6
	d. Material	SA-335 P12	
9.	Economizer		
9.1	Type	Bare Tube	

Item No	Description	Particulars	
9.2	Gas flow area	m ²	57
9.3	Water flow area	m ²	0.573
9.4	Tube outside diameter	mm	45
9.5	Tube thickness	mm	7.1, 8.6
9.6	Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6
9.7	Tube material		SA-210C
9.8	Tube pitch across gas flow	mm	222.5 / 85
9.9	Tube pitch parallel to gas flow	mm	100 / 85
9.10	Number of elements wide		74 Vertical / 194 Horizontal
9.11	Number of parallel water flows		3/4
9.12	Number of tubes in direction of gas flow		3 Vertical / 51 Horizontal
9.13	Fouling factor – oil/gas firing		N/A
9.14	Method of support		Stringer Tubes
9.15	Material of supports		SA-210C
9.16	Headers:		
9.16.1	Outside diameter	mm	Inlet 406.4 Outlet 457
9.16.2	Thickness	mm	82 77
9.16.3	Corrosion allowance	mm	3.2 0
9.16.4	Material		SA-106C SA-106C
10.	Feeders and risers		
10.1	Feeders:		

Item No	Description	Particulars	
10.1.1	Number		16
10.1.2	Outside diameter	mm	168.3
10.1.3	Thickness	mm	32
10.1.4	Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6
10.2	Risers:		
10.2.1	Number		4
10.2.2	Outside diameter	mm	406.4
10.2.3	Thickness	mm	67
10.2.4	Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6
11.	Attemperators	Superheater 1RY / 2RY	Reheater emergency
11.1	Nozzle diameter	mm	168.3 / 219.1
11.2	Sleeve diameter	mm	355.6 / 355.6
11.3	Sleeve length	mm	2600 / 2600
11.4	Sleeve material		SA-335P12
11.5	Water source	Eco. outlet	BFP Bleeding
11.6	Maximum design water flow rate	kg/h	116,223
			37,800
12.	Burners		
12.1	Number of burners		24
12.2	Manufacturer		MHPS
12.3	Turn-down ratio of each burner		
12.3.1	HFO		5 : 1

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Item No	Description	Particulars	
12.3.2	Distillate	5 : 1	
12.4	Furnace excess air at full output	%	
12.4.1	HFO		5.0
12.4.2	Distillate		N/A
12.5	Maximum oil capacity of each burner	kg/h	7000
12.6	Oil pressure at burner at MCR	barg	21
12.7	Atomizing steam flow	kg/h	350 (Per Burner)
12.8	Atomizing steam pressure	barg	10.3
12.9	Method of cooling burners when not in use		Cooling air fan
12.10	Location of burners in furnace		Corner
12.11	Vertical pitch of burners	mm	2517.6
12.12	Life expectancy of burner tips in operating hours	hrs	Variable – Depends on Oil Properties
12.13	Life expectancy of burner swirler in operating hours	hrs	Variable-Depends on Oil Properties
12.14	Number of burners per level	No.	4
12.15	Number of burner levels	No.	6
12.16	Type of igniter		High Energy Ark (Direct Spark)
12.17	Manufacturer		HHI
12.18	Maximum distillate oil capacity per igniter	kg/h	N/A

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Item No	Description	Particulars	
12.19	Type of main flame viewing device	Scanners	
12.20	Manufacturer	Fireye	
12.21	Type of ignition flame viewing device	N/A(Ignition Single Only)	
12.22	Manufacturer	N/A	
13.	Regenerative air heater		
13.1	Type	Regenerative, Bi-sector, Vertical shaft	
13.2	Heating surface (both sides of plates)	m ²	27,519
13.2.1	Hot end	m ²	12,953
13.2.2	Cold end	m ²	14,566
13.3	Diameter of rotor	mm	11,300
13.4	Depth of hot end heating surface	mm	863.6
13.5	Depth of cold end heating surface	mm	1067
13.6	Main drive:		
13.6.1	Type	Gearbox w/ electric AC motor	
13.6.2	Speed	rpm	1.16
13.7	Method of lubrication		Oil
13.8	Number of sootblowers		2 per A/H
13.9	Type of water washing facility	Sodium Hydroxide + Hot water	
13.10	Increase in excess air due to leakage at BMCR – oil/gas firing	%	5
13.11	Material of hot end elements	Carbon Steel	

Item No	Description	Particulars	
13.12	Material of cold end elements	Decarburized steel with enamel	
13.13	Material of rotor	Corten or Similar	
13.14	Material of casing	Carbon Steel	
13.15	Life expectancy of cold end elements in operating hours	hrs	43,800
14.	Steam air heater		
14.1	Type	Fin Tube	
14.2	Heating surface	m ²	4084.87
14.3	Tube diameter	mm	25.4
14.4	Tube thickness	mm	2.11
14.5	Corrosion allowance	mm	1.6
14.6	Tube material	Carbon Steel (A179)	
14.7	Fin material	Aluminum	
15.	Sootblowers		
15.1	Number of sootblowers	No.	42
15.2	Manufacturer	Bergemann	
15.3	Total time required for automatic for one (1) cycle of sootblowing sequence including pipe heating and draining	min	173 (excl. warm-up)
15.4	Total steam consumption for the above	kg/cycle	15,913 (excl. condensate & drain losses)

Operation & Maintenance Manual

	Section		Superheater	Reheater	Economizer	SCR	Air heater
15.5	Number	No.	12	10	12	8	2 per A/H
15.6	Type		Long Retractable	Long Retractable	Short Retractable	Rake Type	Retractable
15.7	Duration of cycle	min	5.51 / Unit	5.51 / Unit	2.62 / Unit	2.56 / Unit	58.5
15.8	Steam pressure before blower	barg	16.6 & 16.3	16.2 & 11.7	12.1	12.1	25
15.9	Steam pressure in lance	barg	11.2 & 10.8	10.6 & 7.5	7.0	5.6	13.8
15.10	Steam consumption for cycle	kg	516.4 / Unit	516.4 / Unit & 386.5 / Unit	239.0 / Unit	242.9 / Unit	4510
15.11	Maximum steam consumption rate	kg/h	5,868 / Unit	5,868 / Unit & 4362 / Unit	5,760 / Unit	5,760 / Unit	4630

Item No	Description	Particulars				
16.	Forced draft fan					
16.1	Manufacturer	Howden Axial Fan				
16.2	Type	Axial				
16.3	Number per boiler	No.	2			
16.4	Type of coupling	Flexible				
16.5	Method of control	Variable blade pitch				
16.6	Motor rating	kW	2,400 kW			
16.7	Maximum noise level at 1 m from fan	dB(A)	85 when insulated and lagged to vendors requirements			
16.8	Duty per fan:		Boiler MCR	Fan design values		
16.8.1	Volume of air at fan inlet	Nm ³ /s	233	280		
16.8.2	Temperature of air at fan inlet	°C	40	55		
16.8.3	Static pressure	mbar	42.3	42.9		
16.8.4	Fan speed	rpm	1190	1190		
16.8.5	Fan efficiency	%	88.3	85.5		
16.8.6	Fan shaft power input	kW	1,316 kW	2,051 kW		
16.9	Materials:					
16.9.1	Casing	EN10025-S235JRG2				
16.9.2	Impeller	EN10025-S355J2				
16.9.3	Shaft	EN10083-1-42CrMo4QT				
16.10	Bearing:					

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Item No	Description	Particulars		
16.10.1	Type	Anti-friction		
16.10.2	Cooling method	Oil/ Water		
16.11	Hydraulic drive			
16.11.1	Manufacturer	Hyunbo		
16.11.2	Type	N/A		
16.11.3	Design code/standard	N/A		
16.11.4	Rated power	kW	N/A	
16.11.5	Rated Torque	Nm	N/A	
16.11.6	Slip at MCR conditions	%	N/A	
16.11.7	Range of slip	%	N/A	
16.11.8	Power loss at MCR conditions	kW	N/A	
16.12	Oil pumps:		Main	Auxiliary
16.12.1	Type		Gear	Gear
16.12.2	Number off x rating	N x %	2x100	2x100
16.13	Oil filters:			
16.13.1	Number off x rating	N x %	2x100	2x100
16.13.2	Type		Duplex	Duplex
16.14	Oil coolers:		Lubrication	Working oil
16.14.1	Type		Water/Oil	
16.14.2	Number off x rating	N x %	2x100*	
16.14.3	Cooling fluid		Water	

Item No	Description	Particulars				
17.	Induced draft fan					
17.1	Manufacturer	Howden Axial Fan				
17.2	Type	Axial				
17.3	Number per boiler	No.	2			
17.4	Type of coupling	Flexible				
17.5	Method of control	Variable pitch				
17.6	Motor rating	kW	5800 kW			
17.7	Maximum noise level at 1 m from fan	dB(A)	85 when insulated and lagged to vendors requirements			
17.8	Duty per fan:		Boiler MCR	Fan design values		
17.8.1	Volume of air at fan inlet	Nm ³ /s	257.2	314.4		
17.8.2	Temperature of air at fan inlet	°C	160	175		
17.8.3	Static pressure	mbar	65.9	90.8		
17.8.4	Fan speed	rpm	890	890		
17.8.5	Fan efficiency	%	91.3	86.7		
17.8.6	Fan shaft power input	kW	2916	5400		
17.9	Materials:					
17.9.1	Casing	EN10025-S235JRG2				
17.9.2	Impeller	EN10025-S355J2				
17.9.3	Shaft	EN10083-1-42CrMo4				
17.10	Bearing:					

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Item No	Description		Particulars		
17.10.1	Type		Antifriction		
17.10.2	Cooling method		Oil cooled		
17.11	Hydraulic drive:				
17.11.1	Manufacturer		Hyunbo		
17.11.2	Type/model reference		N/A		
17.11.3	Design code/standard		N/A		
17.11.4	Rated power	kW	N/A		
17.11.5	Rated Torque	Nm	N/A		
17.11.6	Slip at MCR conditions	%	N/A		
17.11.7	Range of slip	%	N/A		
17.11.8	Power loss at MCR conditions	kW	N/A		
17.12	Oil pumps:		Main	Auxiliary	Working oil
17.12.1	Type		Gear	Gear	ISO VG068
17.12.2	Number off x rating	N x %	2 x 100	2 x 100	
17.13	Oil filters:		2 x 100	2 x 100	
17.13.1	Number off x rating	N x %	Duplex	Duplex	
17.13.2	Type				
17.14	Oil coolers:		Lubrication	Working oil	
17.14.1	Type		Plate		
17.14.2	Number off x rating	N x %	2x100*		
17.14.3	Cooling fluid		Water		

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Item No	Description	Particulars				
18.	Gas recirculation fan					
18.1	Manufacturer	HOWDEN SPAIN				
18.2	Type	Centrifugal				
18.3	Number per boiler	No.	2			
18.4	Type of coupling	Flexible – RENOLD RD 5.5				
18.5	Method of control	Damper				
18.6	Motor rating	kW	1620			
18.7	Maximum noise level at 1 m from fan	dB(A)	85 when insulated and lagged to vendors requirements			
18.8	Duty per fan:		Boiler MCR	Fan design values		
18.8.1	Volume of gas at fan inlet	Nm ³ /s	67.5	137.8		
18.8.2	Temperature of gas at fan inlet	°C	378	400		
18.8.3	Static pressure	mbar	26.5	35.3		
18.8.4	Fan speed	rpm	710	710		
18.8.5	Fan efficiency	%	48.2	82.8		
18.8.6	Fan shaft power input	kW	890	1460		
18.9	Materials:					
18.9.1	Casing	S235 JR G2 (A570 GR 33)				
18.9.2	Impeller	S690QL (A514)				
18.9.3	Shaft	25 CrMo4 (4130)				
18.10	Bearing:	Renk				

Item No	Description		Particulars		
18.10.1	Type		Sleeve		
18.10.2	Cooling method		Oil cooled		
18.11	Hydraulic drive:		Lube unit		
18.11.1	Manufacturer		ATC OIL & GAS		
18.11.2	Type/model reference		N/A		
18.11.3	Design code/standard		N/A		
18.11.4	Rated power	kW	N/A		
18.11.5	Rated Torque	Nm	N/A		
18.11.6	Slip at MCR conditions	%	N/A		
18.11.7	Range of slip	%	N/A		
18.11.8	Power loss at MCR conditions	kW	N/A		
18.12	Oil pumps:		Main	Auxiliary	Working oil
18.12.1	Manufacturer		Marzocchi	Marzocchi	ISO VG068
18.12.2	Type		Gear type	Gear type	
18.12.3	Number off x rating	N x %	2 x 100	1 x 100	
18.13	Oil filters:		Duplex		
18.13.1	Number off x rating	N x %	1 x 100		
18.14	Oil coolers:		Lubrication	Working oil	
18.14.1	Manufacturer		ALFA LAVAL		
18.14.2	Type		Welded plates		
18.14.3	Number off x rating	N x %	2 x 100		

Item No	Description	Particulars	
19.	Air and flue gas ducts		
19.1	Materials:		
19.1.1	Flue gas ducts		Carbon steel & Low alloy steel
19.1.2	Air ducts		Carbon steel
19.2	Thickness (plate):		
19.2.1	Flue gas ducts	mm	6
19.2.2	Air ducts	mm	6
19.3	Damper type:		
19.3.1	Flue gas ducts		Motor operated shut-off & control
19.3.2	Air ducts		Motor operated shut-off
19.4	Insulation thickness:		
19.4.1	Flue gas ducts	mm	Refer to the approval document (Doc. No. : S-04-HBB-M-31-600-001)
19.4.2	Air ducts	mm	Refer to the approval document (Doc. No. : S-04-HBB-M-31-600-001)
19.5	Maximum velocity:		
19.5.1	Flue gas ducts	m/s	18
19.5.2	Air ducts	m/s	18 / 10
19.6	Design pressure:		
19.6.1	Flue gas ducts:		
19.6.1.1	Air heater outlet	mbar	-49.13

Item No	Description	Particulars
19.6.1.2	GR fan inlet	mbar -17.36
19.6.2	Air ducts:	
19.6.2.1	FD fan outlet	mbar 42.85
20.	Flash Tank	
20.1	Design pressure	barg 8
20.2	Design temperature	°C 400
20.3	Size of flash tank	mm x mm 2,500 x 4,500
20.4	Capacity	m ³ 26.2
20.5	Type of silencer	Vertical
21.	Electrostatic precipitator	
21.1	Electrostatic precipitator general details	
21.1.1	Number of zones with independent electrical supplies	12
21.1.2	Number of collecting plate electrodes	1800 [5 (CE/row) X 30 (CE rows/Bus Section) X 12 (Bus Sections/Boiler)]
21.1.3	Number of discharge wire electrodes	15660 [9 DE/CE X 5 (CE/row) X 29 (DE Rows/Bus Section) X 12 (Bus Sections/Boiler)]
21.1.4	Number of discharge wires per collecting plate	9 [3 Wires X 3 Levels]
21.1.5	Maximum draught loss at BMCR	mbar 3

Item No	Description	Particulars	
21.1.6	Gas velocity at BMCR:		
21.1.6.1	Zone 1	m/s	1.2
21.1.6.2	Zone 2	m/s	1.2
21.1.6.3	Zone 3	m/s	1.2
21.1.7	Treatment time at BMCR:		
21.1.7.1	Zone 1	sec	10
21.1.7.2	Zone 2	sec	10
21.1.7.3	Zone 3	sec	10
21.2	Electrostatic precipitator Electrodes		
21.2.1	Collecting electrode type		Plate
21.2.2	Collecting electrode thickness	mm	1.25
21.2.3	Collecting electrode material		EN10130-FeP01Am
21.2.4	Collecting electrode width	mm	800
21.2.5	Collecting electrode length	mm	15000
21.2.6	Collecting electrode spacing	mm	400
21.2.7	Total collecting electrode projected area	m ²	41760
21.2.8	Discharge electrode type		Spiral
21.2.9	Discharge electrode cross-sectional area	m ²	Dia 2,75 mm
21.2.10	Discharge electrode length	mm	5000 (between fixings)
21.2.11	Discharge electrode material		904L

Item No	Description	Particulars
21.2.12	Total effective discharge electrode length	mm 15000
21.2.13	Distance between ties on supporting assembly	mm 270
21.3	Electrostatic precipitator hoppers	
21.3.1	Type	Pyramid
21.3.2	Angle of repose of hopper walls	° 30
21.3.3	Capacity for zone 1	kg 24x61200
21.3.4	Capacity for zone 2	kg 24x61200
21.3.5	Capacity for zone 3	kg 24x61200
21.3.6	Volume for zone 1	m ³ 24x68
21.3.7	Volume for zone 2	m ³ 24x68
21.3.8	Volume for zone 3	m ³ 24x68
21.4	Electrostatic precipitator casings and supports	
21.4.1	Material of supports	S355
21.4.2	Material of casings	S355
21.4.3	Material of hoppers	S355
21.4.4	Thickness of casing	mm 6.0
21.4.5	Thickness of hoppers	mm 6.0
21.4.6	Method of supporting casing	Steel support fixed

Item No	Description	Particulars	
21.4.7	Type of expansion joints for casing to supports	Slide bearings, 1 fix point per casing	
21.4.8	Type of expansion joints for casing to ducts	Fabric	
21.4.9	Thickness of insulation for roof	mm	125
21.4.10	Thickness of insulation for walls	mm	125
21.4.11	Thickness of insulation for hoppers	mm	150
21.4.12	Method of ensuring uniform flue gas distribution in ESP (flow model etc)	Inlet screens with rappers.	
21.5	Electrostatic precipitator rapping gear		
21.5.1	Collecting electrodes:		
21.5.1.1	Type	Tumbling hammer, staggered	
21.5.1.2	Number	No.	1680
21.5.1.3	Plate area per rapper	m ²	2x60 (both sides)
21.5.1.4	Plates per rapper		5
21.5.1.5	Method of actuation	Tumbling	
21.5.1.6	Type of drive	Electric motor geared	
21.5.1.7	Frequency range	stroke/min	Adjustable
21.5.1.8	Power consumption	kW	0.37
21.5.2	Discharge electrodes:		
21.5.2.1	Type	Tumbling hammer	
21.5.2.2	Number	No.	15660

Item No	Description	Particulars	
21.5.2.3	Electrodes per rapper		93
21.5.2.4	Method of actuation		Tumbling hammer
21.5.2.5	Type of drive		Electric motor geared
21.5.2.6	Frequency range	stroke/min	Adjustable
21.5.2.7	Power consumption	kW	0.37
21.6	Electrostatic precipitator electrical equipment		
21.6.1	Type of transformer/rectifier		Conventional roof mounted ONAN
21.6.2	Number of transformer/rectifiers		12 per boiler
21.6.3	Type of control		Microprocessor based EPIC III
21.6.4	Peak voltage (no load) for each unit	kV	95
21.6.5	Mean voltage into precipitator for each unit	kV	~61
21.6.6	Arithmetic mean current for each unit	mA	1800
21.6.7	Effective rms current for each unit	mA	~2500
21.6.8	Collecting electrode current density per field	mA/m ²	0.517
21.6.9	Discharge electrode current density per field	mA/m ²	0.28
21.6.10	Number of earthing switches		24
21.6.11	Are 'KEY' interlocks provided for control cabinets?	yes/no	Yes

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Item No	Description		Particulars
21.6.12	Are 'KEY' interlocks provided for T/R sets?	yes/no	Yes
21.6.13	Are 'KEY' interlocks provided for access doors?	yes/no	Yes
21.6.14	Total power consumption of T/R sets (continuous)	kW	1,050 per boiler
21.6.15	Total power consumption of rappers (intermittent)	kW	10 per boiler
21.6.16	Total power consumption of insulator heaters (intermittent)	kW	140 per boiler
21.6.17	Total power consumption of hopper heaters (intermittent)	kW	76 per boiler

3. References

3.1 Piping and Instrument Diagrams

<u>Dwg. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>
S-01-HA_-S-20-001-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER WATER SYSTEM (1/4)
S-01-HA_-S-20-001-002	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER WATER SYSTEM (2/4)
S-01-HA_-S-20-001-003	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER WATER SYSTEM (3/4)
S-01-HA_-S-20-001-004	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER WATER SYSTEM (4/4)
S-01-HA_-S-20-002-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER WATER SYSTEM (1/2)
S-01-HA_-S-20-002-002	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER WATER SYSTEM (2/2)

Operation & Maintenance Manual

S-01-HA_-S-20-003-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER REHEAT SYSTEM
S-01-HA_-S-20-004-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER DRAIN SYSTEM
S-01-HC_-S-20-001-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER SOOTBLOWING SYSTEM
S-01-HC_-S-20-001-002	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER SEALING AIR SYSTEM (1/2)
S-01-HC_-S-20-001-003	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER SEALING AIR SYSTEM (2/2)
S-01-HC_-S-20-002-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER WATER WASHING SYSTEM
S-01-HH_-S-20-001-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER BURNING SYSTEM (1/5)
S-01-HH_-S-20-001-002	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER BURNING SYSTEM (2/5)
S-01-HH_-S-20-001-004	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER BURNING SYSTEM (3/5)
S-01-HH_-S-20-001-005	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER BURNING SYSTEM (4/5)
S-01-HH_-S-20-001-006	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER BURNING SYSTEM (5/5)
S-01-HH_-S-20-001-007	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER OILY WATER DRAIN SYSTEM
S-01-HL_-S-20-001-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER COMBUSTION AIR SYSTEM (1/2)
S-01-HL_-S-20-001-002	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER COMBUSTION AIR SYSTEM (2/2)
S-01-HL_-S-20-002-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER STEAM AIR HEATER SYSTEM (1/2)
S-01-HL_-S-20-002-002	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER STEAM AIR HEATER SYSTEM (2/2)
S-01-HN_-S-20-001-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER FLUE GAS SYSTEM (1/2)
S-01-HN_-S-20-001-002	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER FLUE GAS SYSTEM (2/2)
S-01-HN_-S-20-002-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER INSTRUMENTATION
S-01-HS_-S-20-001-001	P&I DIAGRAM - FLUE GAS SELECTIVE CATALYTIC REDUCTION SYSTEM (1/2)
S-01-HS_-S-20-001-002	P&I DIAGRAM - FLUE GAS SELECTIVE CATALYTIC REDUCTION SYSTEM (2/2)
S-01-HS_-S-20-002-001	P&I DIAGRAM - UREA DISSOLVER SYSTEM (1/2)
S-03-HS_-S-20-002-002	P&I DIAGRAM - UREA DISSOLVER SYSTEM (2/2)

S-01-HS_-S-20-003-001	P&I DIAGRAM - UREA SUPPLY SYSTEM (1/3)
S-03-HS_-S-20-003-002	P&I DIAGRAM - UREA SUPPLY SYSTEM (2/3)
S-00-HS_-S-20-003-003	P&I DIAGRAM - UREA SUPPLY SYSTEM (3/3)
S-01-HX_-S-20-001-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM (1/3)
S-01-HX_-S-20-001-002	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM (2/3)
S-01-HX_-S-20-001-003	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM (3/3)
S-01-HX_-S-20-002-001	P&I DIAGRAM - BOILER SERVICE WATER SYSTEM
S-01-LA_-S-20-001-001	P&I DIAGRAM – FEEDWATER SYSTEM (1/3) DEAERATOR
S-01-LA_-S-20-001-002	P&I DIAGRAM - FEED WATER SYSTEM (2/3) BFP
S-01-LA_-S-20-001-003	P&I DIAGRAM - FEED WATER SYSTEM (3/3) HP FEEDWATER HEATERS

3.2 PROCESS FLOW Diagrams

<u>Dwg. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>
S-01-MA_-S-12-001-001	MAIN AND REHEAT STEAM SYSTEM
S-01-HA_-S-12-001-001	BOILER AIR AND GAS SYSTEM

3.3 Heat balance diagrams

<u>Doc. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>
S-00-TA_-S-21-001-001	HEAT BALANCE DIAGRAM

3.4 DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER

<u>Doc. No.</u>	<u>Title</u>
S-00-TA_-S-45-001-001	MECHANICAL DESIGN CRITERIA
S-00-TA_-S-45-002-001	DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER

S-00-QH_-S-45-001-001 DESIGN CRITERIA FOR AUXILIARY BOILER

3.5 BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA

Doc. No. Title

S-00-TA_-S-48-001-001 BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA

3.6 EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY

Doc. No. Title

S-00-HA_-S-48-101-001 EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY

3.7 Control and Logic Diagrams

Doc. No. Title

S-00-CAD-I-18-001-001 CONTROL LOGIC DIAGRAM FOR BMS & BPS

S-00-CUA-I-22-002-001 FUNCTIONAL CONTROL LOOP DIAGRAM FOR POWER BLOCK

S-00-CBA-I-22-003-001 FUNCTIONAL CONTROL LOGIC DIAGRAM FOR POWER BLOCK

S-00-CUA-I-22-005-001 APS CONTROL LOGIC DIAGRAM

Tab C.2.2

Boiler Control Concept

Table of Contents

1 Feed Water Control

1.1 Related P&ID

1.2 Feed Water Master

2 Water Separator Drain Header Control

2.1 Related P&ID

2.2 Water Separator Drain Header Level Control

2.3 Boiler Recirculation Water Flow Control

2.4 WDC Valve Control

2.5 BCP Warming Water Discharge Control

2.6 BCP Injection Water Control

3 Fuel Control

3.1 Related P&ID

3.2 Fuel Flow Demand

3.3 Water/Fuel Ratio Demand

3.4 Heavy Oil Control

3.5 Distillate Oil Control

4 Burner Control

4.1 Related P&ID

4.2 Fire Circle Concept

4.3 Burner Control

5 Air Flow Control

5.1 Related P&ID

5.2 Air Fuel Ratio Control (O2 Control)

5.3 Air Flow Demand

5.4 FDF Blade Pitch Control

5.5 Overfire Air Control

6 Furnace Draft Control

6.1 Related P&ID

6.2 General

7 Main Steam Temperature Control

7.1 Related P&ID

7.2 General

7.3 1ry De-superheater Spray Control

7.4 2ry De-superheater Spray control

8 Reheat Steam Temperature Control

8.1 Related P&ID

8.2 General

8.3 Gas Recirculation Fan Damper Control

8.4 Reheater Spray Control

9 Steam Air Heater Control

9.1 Related P&ID

9.2 Steam Air Heater Temperature Control

9.3 Steam Air Heater Drain Tank Level Control

The following paragraphs give a description of the overall boiler operating philosophy, details of special loops within the boiler control philosophy, and a brief description of the instruments installed, for a detailed overall description for boiler control.

1. Feed water Control

1.1 Related P&ID

S-01-LA_-S-20-001-002 P&ID for Feed Water System (2/3) (for Unit 1)

S-01-LA_-S-20-001-003 P&ID for Feed Water System (3/3) (for Unit 1)

S-01-HA_-S-20-001-001 P&ID for Boiler Water System (1/4)

1.2 Feed water master

The purpose of the feed water flow control is to control the total feed water flow to satisfy the current boiler input demand. The total feed water flow is measured by sum of the feed water discharge flow (FT-01LAB20CF001A/B/C) with temperature compensation and BCP recirculation flow (FT-01HAG10CF001A/B/C) with temperature compensation.

The feed water control scheme is based on two (2) motor driven boiler feed water pumps (01LAC11/12AP001 are duty, 01LAC13AP001 is standby) with feed water control valve (FCV-01LAB20AA551 (duty), FCV-01LAB20AA552 (standby), and FCV-01LAB20AA553 (30%TMCR)).

The feed water flow control system will control the boiler feed pump speed and flow control valve. The feedwater flow signal should be used as the primary signal to control the feed water control valves to keep the steam production at a corresponding firing level. The resultant change in differential pressure across the feed regulating station will provide the control input to modulate the frequency of the VSD (Variable Speed Drive), consequently to modulate speed of the boiler feed pumps to maintain a predetermined pressure differential across the feed water flow control valves.

The feedwater demand is generated from boiler demand and scaled in a function generator and then delayed. The delay is a critical value because it matches steam generation with feedwater supply. The scaled demand is corrected by adding the feed water flow BIR. The demand for feedwater is also compared in a maximum selector with the minimum flow setpoint. The maximum selector ensures that the feedwater demand is never below minimum flow through economizer.

Minimum feed water flow control

In once- through boiler, it is necessary to maintain the feed water flow rate at the minimum required flow rate in order to protect water wall tubes, and therefore, a minimum feed water flow rate setting logic is provided.

In addition, compensation (increasing) of the minimum feed water flow which is feed water flow plus total SH spray water flow during boiler wet mode operation is added.

The purpose of this function is to provide the compensation bias for feed water flow in order to secure the minimum feed water flow of the furnace pass which could invite the furnace overheat when the Superheater spray water flow rate is much increased because the superheater spray line (01HAC20BR001) is branched off from the boiler economizer outlet header.

Economizer steaming protection

In order to avoid economizer steaming phenomenon, plus bias is also added on the feed water flow demand to increase feed water flow.

If boiler pressure suddenly decreased due to load runback, rapid load down and so on, there is possibility of evaporation of economizer inside water because economizer water temperature becomes greater than saturated temperature of its water pressure.

Economizer steaming must be prevented since it causes unstable flow of water wall.

To prevent occasion of economizer steaming phenomenon, following measure will be taken if economizer outlet temperature (TE-01HAC11CT001A/B and TE-01HAC16CT001A/B) exceeded the

<Saturate temperature at Eco. outlet pressure minus 5°C>.

- 5% TMCR flow rate is added to the normal feed water flow demand : This is to decrease economizer outlet temperature
- Flue gas bypass by the economizer bypass dampers (FZ-01HNA10AA001/FZ-01HNA20AA001)

Cross limit function

Purpose of the cross-limited function is to give limit on feed water flow demand in order to ensure that the unbalance never exceed the regulated limits.

During steady and constant load operation of the boiler with automatic mode of feed water, fuel and air, each boiler input is responded in parallel with Boiler Input Demand (BID), and kept its balance to each other.

Under above steady situation, if mutual relation between feed water and fuel exceeded allowable limit due to some reason, corresponding feed water flow demand shall be forcibly operated to safety side, and feed water will be adjusted within allowable limit. This function is so called cross limit function.

Further unbalance of boiler input could be avoided if cross limit function is correctly activated. However, unbalance itself once occurred cannot be cancelled. Therefore operator should monitor boiler operating condition and take necessary action to cancel remaining unbalance of boiler input by their operation like load demand hold, changing the control mode from CC to BI and so on.

➤ Cross limit function between fuel and feed water

Following action shall be taken to avoid large discrepancy of feed water/fuel ratio since steam temperature of one through boiler would be determined thru feed water/fuel ratio.

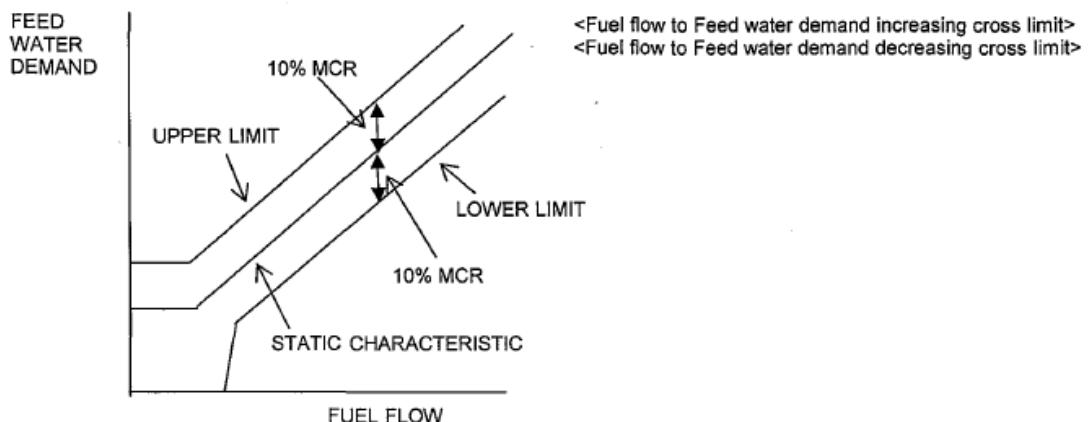
- a. Fuel flow to Feed water demand increasing cross limit: To avoid abnormal rise of steam temperature, feed water flow demand is to be increased.
- b. Fuel flow to Feed water demand decreasing cross limit: To avoid abnormal drop of steam temperature,

feed water flow demand is to be decreased.

- Set-point for allowable limit

Ten (10) % allowable upper and lower limit is usually given as shown below.

Five (5) % bias is also considered. This will allow transient unbalance due to over/under firing demand generated by 80iler Input Rate demand (8IR) during load changing.



2. Water Separator drain HEADER Control

2.1 Related P&ID

S-01-HA_-S-20-001-003 P&ID for Boiler Water System (3/4)

S-01-HA_-S-20-001-004 P&ID for Boiler Water System (4/4)

2.2 Water separator drain header level control

The purpose of water separator drain header (WSDH) level control is to maintain the WS drain header level below the regulated level by the boiler recirculation water flow control valve (BR, FCV-01HAG10AA551), WS drain header level control valves (WDC, LCV-01HAG21AA551 / LCV-01HAG22AA551) and the boiler recirculation pump (BCP) warming water discharge valve (LCV-

01HAG12AA551). WS drain will be generated during boiler clean-up operation and wet mode operation in principle.

2.3 Boiler recirculation (BR) water flow control

The purpose of the boiler recirculation water flow control is to achieve heat recovery by means of recirculation of generated drain during wet mode operation and to improve boiler efficiency.

Set point of the boiler recirculation water flow is given and generated by a function of the WS drain header level. If WS drain header level is reached at higher than preset level, and if BCP is started, BR flow PI control will be started so that BR flow is matched with WS drain header level. After that, when boiler steam flow becomes high and WS drain header level goes down, BR flow will also be decreased. Finally, BR valve will be closed, and BCP will be stopped. Namely, in Dry mode operation, BR flow will be zero.

When the boiler recirculation pump is stopped, the BR valve is forced to close.

2.4 WDC control

WDC valves (LCV-01HAG21AA551 / LCV-01HAG22AA551) are controlled as a function of the WS Drain header Level. The program functions are prepared for the individual WDC valves, so the two valves are used as a split range control. The functions are set as the WDC, LCV-01HAG22AA551 will be opened next to the WDC, LCV-01HAG21AA551.

In addition, the differential of the level is added to the WDC control to operate earlier in a case of rapid level change. WDC valves will be used as emergency back-up for BR valve (LCV-01HAG10AA551) during wet mode operation and for BCP warming water discharge valve (LCV-01HAG12AA551) during dry mode operation at low load.

The WDC valves will be forced to close when the WDC valve outlet valves (MOV-01LCM11AA801 / MOV-01LCM12AA801) are closed.

WDC outlet valves (MOV-01LCM11AA801 / MOV-01LCM12AA801) are forced closed at high load as follows;

- WDC outlet valve, MOV-01LCM11AA801 is closed when change over to dry operation.
- WDC outlet valve, MOV-01LCM12AA801 is closed when the water separator outlet pressure (PT-01HAG10CP001A/B/C) is higher than pre-set value (Initial value: 165barg).

2.5 BCP warming water discharge control

The BCP warming water discharge control valve (LCV-01HAG12AA551) is controlled as a function of the WS Drain header Level, too. This valve is opened only in the boiler Dry mode operation to discharge the level growth by the BCP warming water to the 2ry SH side. This valve is fully closed during wet mode operation.

During dry operation, the boiler circulation pump is stopped and boiler circulation is not carried out. However, once boiler circulation is started by switching between dry and wet operations, etc., a high temperature fluid flows in and causes the temperature to change (go up) suddenly, thereby having a bad effect on the piping and equipment on the downstream side.

In order to prevent this situation from happening, WS warming line (01HAC30BR001) from economizer outlet header is installed. However, because a phenomenon occurs in which the water level in the WS drain header is pushed up by warming water, the WS warming water discharge line (01HAG12BR001) is provided and control is done by in such a way that drain within the WS drain header is released to the SH spray line. Control is programmed control by the WS drain header level only during dry operation. In a state in which WS pressure (PI-01HAG10CP901) > 117 bara is reached, the BCP warming water discharge control valve (LCV-01HAG12AA551) is set to the specified opening (Initial value: 40%). During wet operation, the WS warming water discharge valve is completely closed.

2.6 BCP injection water control

During wet mode operation, injection water flow of 1-2 % MCR will be maintained by this control valve (FCV-01HAG11AA551) for sub cooling of the drain. During dry mode operation, this valve will be closed. However, warming line is kept by by-pass orifice (01HAG11BP001).

EQUIPMENT		CONTROL METHOD		KIND OF CONTROL
No.	NAME	WET OPERATION	DRY OPERATION	
①	BCP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BCP START AT WSDH PRESET LEVEL • BCP STOP AT WSDH LOW OR BOILER LOAD HIGH 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • STOP 	ON/OFF CONTROL
②	BR VALVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • BCP RECIRCULATION FLOW CONTROL (FLOW SET IS GIVEN BY A WSDH LEVEL) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLOSE 	FLOW CONTROL
③	BCP INJECTION WATER CONTROL VALVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • INJECTION FLOW CONTROL (1~2% MCR) TO MAINTAIN SUB-COOLING OF DRAIN 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLOSE WARMING LINE IS KEPT BY BY-PASS ORIFICE 	FLOW CONTROL
④	BCP MINIMUM FLOW VALVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OPEN TO MAINTAIN MINIMUM WATER FLOW FROM BCP OUTLET TO WSDH DISCHARGE 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLOSE 	ON/OFF CONTROL
⑤	BCP WARMING LINE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LINE WARMING BETWEEN BCP AND WSDH WHILE BCP IS STOPPED
⑥	WDC VALVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LEVEL CONTROL IN PROPORTION TO WSDH LEVEL 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EMERGENCY BACK-UP FOR WSDH LEVEL CONTROL AT LOW LOAD 	LEVEL CONTROL
⑦	BCP WARMING WATER DISCHARGE VALVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLOSE 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LEVEL CONTROL IN PROPORTION TO WSDH LEVEL PRODUCED BY WARMING WATER INJECTION 	LEVEL CONTROL

<Abbreviation>

WDC : Water Separator Drain Header Control valve

BR : Boiler Recirculation Flow Control Valve

BCP : Boiler Circulation Pump

3. Fuel Control

3.1 Related P&ID

S-01-HH_-S-20-001-001 P&ID for Boiler Burning System (1/5) (D.O for Warm-up)

S-01-HH_-S-20-001-002 P&ID for Boiler Burning System (2/5) (Heavy Fuel Oil)

3.2 Fuel flow demand

Total Fuel flow control

The purpose of Fuel Flow control is to control the total fuel Flow to satisfy the current Boiler Input Demand.

Total fuel flow demand

The total fuel flow demand is made based on the Boiler Input Demand provided for different start-up mode. Water/Fuel ratio demand is added on total fuel flow demand. Cross-limited function and RH protection function is also considered.

The heat absorption condition of the boiler depends on kinds of fuel and burner elevations.

The actual heating value of the main fuel may vary, and the heat absorption condition of the boiler depends on kinds of fuel and burner elevations.

To compensate for this, the Water/Fuel ratio bias (WFR) demand is added to the total fuel flow demand. In addition, to improve the responsiveness of the boiler during a load changing, the Boiler Input Ratio demand (BIR-FF) is added as the feed forward signal.

Cross-limit

Purpose of the cross-limited function is to give some limit on fuel flow demand in order to ensure that

the unbalance never exceed the regulated limits.

During steady and constant load operation of the boiler with automatic mode of feed water, fuel and air, each boiler input is responded in parallel with Boiler Input Demand (BID), and kept its balance to each other.

Under above steady situation, if mutual relation between feed water and fuel or air and fuel exceeded allowable limit due to some reason, corresponding fuel flow demand shall be forcibly operated to safety side, and fuel will be adjusted within allowable limit. This function is so called cross limit function.

Cross limit function between feed water and fuel & between fuel and air;

- Following action shall be taken to avoid large discrepancy of feed water/fuel ratio since steam temperature of one through boiler would be determined through feed water/fuel ratio.

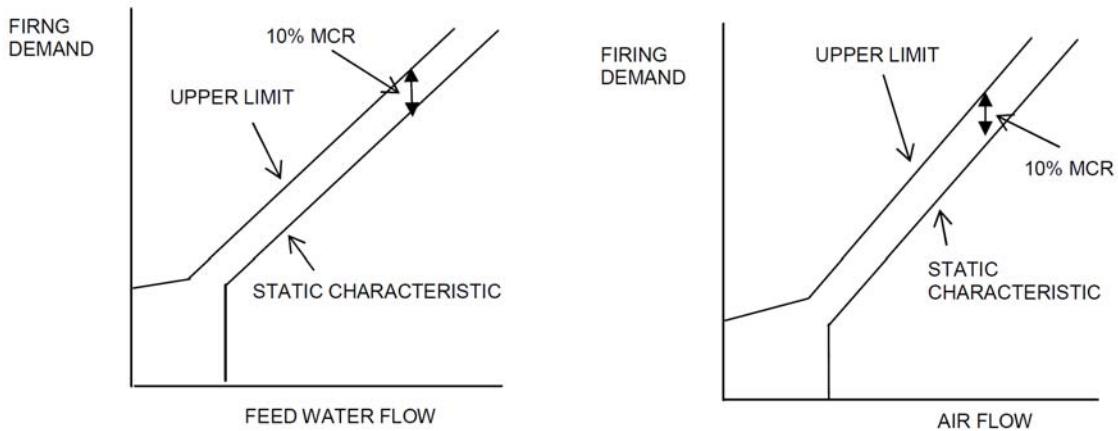
Feed water flow to Firing demand decreasing cross limit: To avoid abnormal rise of steam temperature, firing demand (fuel and air) is to be decreased.

- Following action shall be taken to avoid incomplete combustion due to lack of O₂ (excess air ratio low).

Air flow to Fuel demand decreasing cross limit: To avoid lack of O₂, fuel flow demand is to be decreased.

Ten (10) % allowable upper and lower limit is usually given as shown below.

Five (5) % bias is also considered for feed water flow / fuel flow demand cross limit. This will allow transient unbalance due to over/under firing demand generated by Boiler Input Rate demand (BIR) during load changing. However, for air flow / fuel flow demand cross limit, upper and lower limit cannot be expanded to protect combustion condition.



<Feed water flow to Firing demand decreasing cross limit>

<Air flow to Fuel demand decreasing cross limit>

RH protection function

Upper limitation is provided so that the fuel flow demand becomes lower than limited value when steam entering into the RH is not established.

3.3 Water/Fuel ratio demand

The Water/Fuel Ratio (WFR) demand is generated by the following method.

When the boiler is in WET mode, the main steam pressure is controlled by the fuel flow (same as Drum type boiler). Therefore in this case, the WFR demand is adjusted to control the main steam pressure.

When the boiler is in DRY mode, the WFR demand controls the 2ry SH outlet steam temperature.

Upper and/or lower limitation to the Water/Fuel ratio control demand is given since allowable operation width is different at low load range and high load range.

Water separator header inlet temperature compensation circuits for WFR demand signal is also considered.

Purpose of WFR forced decrease function is to decrease the Feed Water/Fuel Flow ratio when the following main process of boiler exceeds a restriction value, in order to protect boiler tube;

- Water separator header inlet temperature (TWSI) Super heat rate High

(Saturation temperature calculated based on the water separator equalizing pipe pressure (PI-01HAH10CP901))

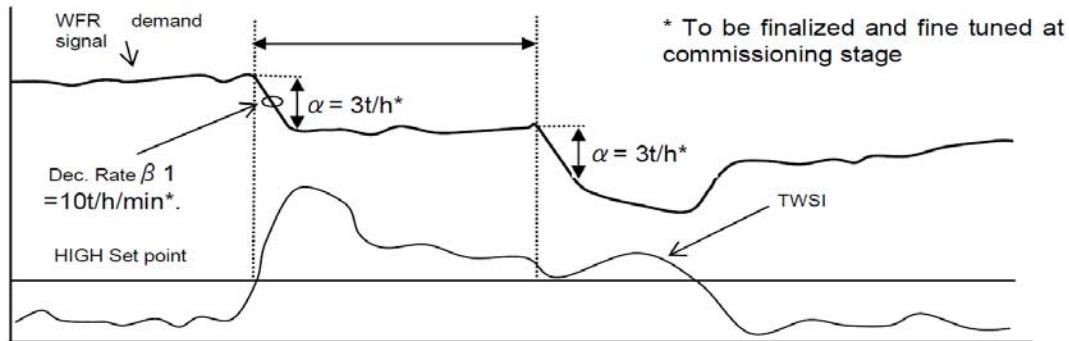
- TWSO High
- 1ry superheater outlet temperature (T1SHO) High

Actually, it is to reduce fuel flow.

Function provided;

- TWSI Super heat rate High.

If TWSI Super heat rate high detects, $-\alpha$ t/h reduction with β_1 decreasing rate will be carried out from present WFR demand signal. If TWSI Super heat rate high condition still continued after some minutes, then further $-\alpha$ t/h reduction with β_1 decreasing rate will be carried out. This reduction will be continued until TWSI Super heat rate high condition is reset.

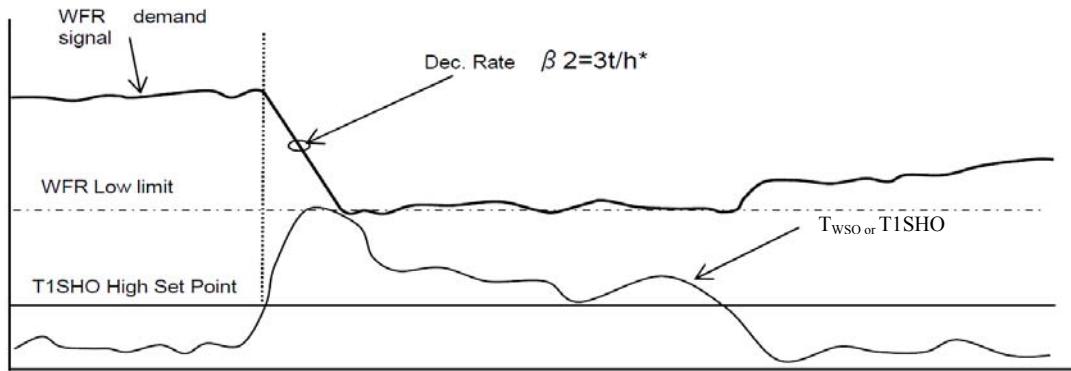


- TWSO High.

When TWSO high detects, WFR demand is decreased from present value to WFR low limit with decreasing rate β_2 .

- T1SHO High.

Similar to the function of TWSO High.



3.4 Heavy oil control

The heavy oil is controlled by Heavy oil flow control valve (FCV-01HHF10AA551), and the heavy oil flow demand is given as “Fuel Flow Demand –Distillate Oil Flow”.

The heavy oil header pressure (PT-01HHF10CP001A/B) override function is used for keeping heavy oil header pressure within stable combustion level to avoid unstable continuous operation and boiler trip. This is so-called “Heavy oil minimum pressure control”.

There are following preset opening position in Heavy oil flow control valve;

- Initial firing position
- Leak test position
- Shut down position
- FCB position

HFO header pressure control mode is also prepared for boiler initial light off in consideration of boiler stable operation. (Flow control will be difficult under the condition that HFO flow value is small.)

3.5 Distillate oil control

The distillate oil is controlled by Distillate oil pressure control valve (PCV-01HHJ10AA551) as pressure (PT-01HHJ10CP001) control mode. During boiler start-up, pressure set value is prepared in each start-

up mode (Cold / Warm / Hot / Very hot).

There are following preset opening position in Distillate oil pressure control valve;

- Initial firing position
- Leak test position
- Shut down position

The distillate oil is distributed to the burners at the elevation – 1 around four (4) corners described in the section 2.2.11. When the burner is required to start, the burner is permitted to ignite over the permissible range of distillate oil pressure at the distillate oil common header pipe.

4. Burner Control

4.1 Related P&ID

01-HH_-S-20-001-001 P&ID for Boiler Burning System (1/5) (D.O for Warm-up)

01-HH_-S-20-001-002 P&ID for Boiler Burning System (2/5) (Heavy Fuel Oil)

01-HH_-S-20-001-004 P&ID for Boiler Burning System (3/5) (Burner Unit)

01-HH_-S-20-001-005 P&ID for Boiler Burning System (4/5) (Ignitor Unit)

01-HH_-S-20-001-006 P&ID for Boiler Burning System (5/5) (Burner Detail)

01-HL_-S-20-001-002 Boiler Combustion Air System (2/2)

4.2 Fire circle concept

In the corner firing boilers, burners are located at four corners of the furnace.

The flames from burners are directed to an imaginary circle at the center of the furnace, and these flames together produce a vortex of fire assisting each other to stabilize the combustion in the furnace. We call this vortex a “fire circle”.

This combustion looks like a huge flame when viewed from a side of the furnace. In this condition, the furnace is considered one huge burner, with each burner serving merely as a fuel feeding device.

It is remarkable feature of the corner firing system that the fire circle makes very stable combustion in the furnace.

Therefore the flame monitoring and protection system concentrates its attention on the condition of this huge fire circle rather than on the condition of each burner flame.

4.3 Burner Control

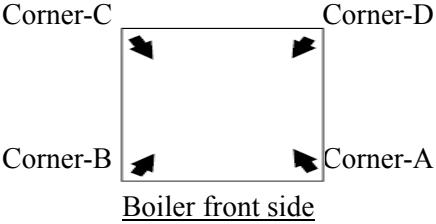
In the corner firing boilers, controlling actions such as ignition and shutdown of burners, operation of air dampers attached to the burners are as a rule performed for respective elevations separately from a viewpoint of maintaining the fire vortex in the furnace.

The ignition sequence for burners is started by depressing a corresponding button on the operator station when the conditions for ignition are established, or by the command from load program in BMS.

The shutdown sequence for the same is started by depressing a corresponding button on the operator station or by command from load program in BMS.

The ignition and shut down sequences are shown on the Table 5.4.3.1“Burner Ignition and Shut down Sequence”.

Table 5.4.3.1 Burner Ignition and Shut down Sequence

Item	Guideline															
1) Simultaneous on / off burner number	The one stage is ignition or shut down as pair of burners which is located at opposite side each other (refer to the sketch of pair of burners as below).  <u>Boiler front side</u> Pair of burners : A, C burners / B, D burners															
2) Ignition / Shut down sequence for each elevation	<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left; width: 30%;">Ignition</th> <th style="text-align: right; width: 30%;">Shutdown</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Elev.-6</td> <td style="text-align: right;">6</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Elev.-5</td> <td style="text-align: right;">5</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Elev.-4</td> <td style="text-align: right;">4</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Elev.-3</td> <td style="text-align: right;">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Elev.-2</td> <td style="text-align: right;">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Elev.-1</td> <td style="text-align: right;">2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Ignition	Shutdown	Elev.-6	6	Elev.-5	5	Elev.-4	4	Elev.-3	3	Elev.-2	1	Elev.-1	2	
Ignition	Shutdown															
Elev.-6	6															
Elev.-5	5															
Elev.-4	4															
Elev.-3	3															
Elev.-2	1															
Elev.-1	2															

3) Burner operation sequence per boiler load

	Start-up	20%	30%	50%	75%	100%
Elev.-6	-	-				Used (HFO)
Elev.-5	-					Used (HFO)
Elev.-4	-				Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)
Elev.-3	-	-	-	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)
Elev.-2	-	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)
Elev.-1	Used* (DFO)	Used* (DFO)	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)	Used (HFO)

Note)

*: DFO burner capacity of Elev.-1 is up to 17% TMCR

(Note)

Ignition/shutoff sequence as above shall be decided during commissioning considering the boiler characteristics, such as the fluid temperature at furnace outlet, ECO outlet, boiler outlet and so on.

Each burner is provided with air dampers, which are adjusted to match the firing conditions of the burner.

When they are on the control mode, the damper opening is analogously controlled to be proportional to the burner load program (a ratio of fuel oil pressure to design maximum pressure through the burner), furnace-vertical duct difference pressure and fuel oil pressure at common header line as shown as Table 5.4.3.2“Air Damper Control” and Table 5.4.3.3 “Control Philosophy of Air Damper”.

The oil burner load program is a function that ensures the correct number of burners are brought into service or taken out of service to meet the requirement of oil header pressure.

The oil header pressure demand is used as index for determining the required number of burners to be operated.

Table 5.4.3.2 Air Damper Control

Item	Guideline	Remarks
CONC damper	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Unused stage:</u> Minimum opening (10% for initial setting) • <u>Used stage:</u> Program in function to the fuel oil pressure(DO : PT-01HHN10CP001 / HFO/HCO : PT-01HHF10CP001A/B) at header pipe 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The minimum opening shall be adjusted to the load program after commissioning. • CONC damper of each corner shall be controlled separately for direct ignition.
WEAK damper	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Unused stage:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) < 30%MCR: the furnace-vertical duct difference pressure (PDT-01HAD10CP051A/B/C/D) constant (b) > 30%MCR: Minimum opening (10% for initial setting) • <u>Used stage:</u> Program in function to the fuel oil pressure (DO : PT-01HHN10CP001 / HFO/HCO : PT-01HHF10CP001A/B) at header pipe 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The minimum opening shall be adjusted to the load program after commissioning. • WEAK damper of each corner shall be controlled separately for direct ignition.

| Operation & Maintenance Manual

SGR damper	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• <u>Unused stage:</u> Minimum opening (10% for initial setting)• <u>Used stage:</u> Program in function to the fuel oil pressure(DO : PT-01HHN10CP001 / HFO/HCO : PT-01HHF10CP001A/B) at header pipe	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The minimum opening shall be adjusted to the load program after commissioning.• SGR damper of each corner shall be controlled separately for direct ignition.
------------	--	--

Operation & Maintenance Manual

Table 5.4.3.3 Control Philosophy of Air Damper

	MFT and/or Both fans	MFT & Banking mode	Furnace Purge	→ Synch roniza tion	Initial load	→ 20%T wet	20%T →30%T change over (we)	30%T dry min.	100%T	30%T dry min.	30%T →20%T change over (dry)	10%T → Shut down
Burner	-	-	-	DFO	DFO → HFO	HFO	HFO	HFO	HFO	HFO	HFO	Shut Off
OFA	Open				Close				Load Program			
6-OIL	CONC	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Min.	Min.
	WEAK	Open	Close	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	ΔP control	ΔP control
	SGR	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Min.	Min.
5-OIL	CONC	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Min.	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Min.
	WEAK	Open	Close	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	ΔP control
	SGR	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Min.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Min.
4-OIL	CONC	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO
	WEAK	Open	Close	ΔP control	ΔP control	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO	Prog, for PHFO
	SGR	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.
3-OIL	CONC	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Prog, for PHFO	Min.	Min.	Min.
	WEAK	Open	Close	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	Prog, for PHFO	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control
	SGR	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Load Prog.	Min.	Min.	Min.
2-OIL	CONC	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Prog, for PHFO	Min.	Min.	Min.
	WEAK	Open	Close	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control	Prog, for PHFO	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control
	SGR	Open	Close	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Min.	Load Prog.	Min.	Min.	Min.
1-OIL	CONC	Open	Close	Min.	Prog, for PDo	Prog, for PDo	Min.	Min.	Prog, for PHFO	Min.	Min.	Min.
	WEAK	Open	Close	ΔP control	Prog, for PDo	Prog, for PDo	ΔP control	ΔP control	Prog, for PHFO	ΔP control	ΔP control	ΔP control
	SGR	Open	Close	Min.	Load Prog.	Load Prog.	Min.	Min.	Load Prog.	Min.	Min.	Min.
LGR	Open	Close	Open	Load Program								

Operation & Maintenance Manual

(NOTE)

All of dampers shall be decided during commissioning considering the boiler characteristics.

Legend

Min	: Minimum opening (10% for initial setting)
ΔP control	: Furnace-vertical duct difference pressure constant
Prog. for P_{HFO}	: Program in function to HFO pressure at the HFO common header Also, the PHFO is replaced with P_{HCO} in case of HCO firing instead of HFO.
Prog. for P_{DO}	: Program in function to DO pressure at the DO common header
Load Prog.	: Load Program

5. Air Flow Control

5.1 Related P&ID

01-HL_-S-20-001-001 Boiler Combustion Air System (1/2)

01-HN_-S-20-001-001 Boiler Flue Gas System (1/2)

5.2 Air fuel ratio control (O2 control)

This control is intended to indirectly control the amount of air required for combustion by controlling the economizer outlet gas O2 concentration so that an optimum excess air ratio will be reached.

Economizer outlet gas O2 signal

Three O2 measurements (AT-01HNA10CQ001A/B/C and AT-01HNA20CQ001A/B/C) are installed on right and left side gas duct respectively. Measured average O2 at each gas duct are compared and lower value is selected to maintain stable combustion.

Set value of economizer outlet gas O2

The O2 demand signal is derived as function of firing rate demand (FRD), with bias signal by an operator setting.

Economizer outlet gas O2 alarm

If the Economizer outlet exhaust gas O₂ reaches a value equal to or below the specified value, an alarm for low economizer outlet exhaust gas O₂ is sent to the operation station. While if the high range is used, alarm for low excess air ratio are excluded.

Air fuel ratio control (O₂ control)

O₂ is controlled, in the automatic mode, by a P + I controller that receives an error signal from the comparison of O₂ demand and measured O₂.

As for the air fuel ratio, the air flow demand is for a minimum air flow rate when the firing rate demand (FRD) is at 30% MCR or less, and therefore, the air fuel ratio control is on standby mode for automatic operation (The air fuel ratio signal is 1.0.). In addition, when any FDF is stopped, a shift is also made to standby mode for automatic operation.

When both FDF control mode are changed to “Manual” during normal operation, O₂ control is also changed to “Manual”, and O₂ control is tracked with actual air fuel ratio.

Integral (I) action of O₂ control is interrupted during load change in order to avoid unstable operation, i.e. O₂ control is not available during load change due to late response time of O₂ analyzer.

During a load change, O₂ deviations continue to come out and response time of O₂ analyzer is late. If integral action is left active, integral output will go too far, and after the load change is completed, it takes long time to return to the original normal balance point. During a load change, therefore, integral output is put on hold by setting the O₂ integral input at 0%, and then, after the load change is completed, integral action is effectively utilized again.

5.3 Air flow demand

Air flow demand (AFD) is calculated as a function of firing rate demand (FRD) and Boiler Input Ratio (BIR-Air) and corrected to insure complete combustion by monitoring for flue gas oxygen. The AFD is cross-limited with total fuel flow to prevent fuel rich condition in the furnace. Limitation of minimum air flow (Including the air flow during start-up of unit / during forced cooling of boiler / during furnace purge) is also provided.

5.4 FDF blade pitch control

The air flow is controlled by modulating the pitch position of the moving blade installed at the FDF inlet through the control drive (FCD-01HLB10AA001/ FCD-01HLB20AA001). In the automatic mode, FDF blade pitch are controlled by a proportional-integral controller that receives an error signal from the comparison of an air flow demand and an actual total measured air flow. In order to compensate load imbalance between FDF-A (01HLB10AN001) and FDF-B (01HLB20AN001), the FDF bias station is provided for arbitrary adjustments. The FDF blade demand is fed through a direction block interlock which blocks demand change. The direction block interlock prevents the FDF demand increase when the Surging block function detects an impending FDF Surging condition.

5.5 Overfire air (OFA) control

Overfire Air Port supplying air control damper will be controlled in proportion to boiler load up to 75%TMCR, and maintain the position for higher load. Below than 30%TMCR, OFA control damper will be fixed as minimum opening position.

6. Furnace draft control

6.1 Related P&ID

S-01-HN_-S-20-001-002 Boiler Flue Gas System (2/2)

S-01-HN_-S-20-002-001 Boiler Instrumentation

6.2 General

This unit is an oil fired boiler and controlled by the induced draft fan (IDF, 01HNC10AN001 / 01HNC20AN001) moving blade pitch to maintain the furnace draft at a constant negative pressure value through the control drive (FCD-01HNC10AA001/ FCD-01HNC20AA001) .

Furnace pressure (PT-01HAD10CP052A/B/C) signals have large ripples, and therefore, time lag on the measured signal and a function generator to give some dead band on the deviation are provided. In

addition, compensations are provided based on the number of IDFs to be operated to optimize the proportional-integral gains and enhance the follow-up property of the furnace pressure control.

In order to compensate load imbalance between IDF-A and IDF-B, IDF bias station for arbitrary adjustments are provided. And the boiler load goes down a runback up to 40% TMCR when one between IDFs or FDFs or RAHs is tripped.

In addition, the following functions are also provided to enhance the controllability.

1) Feed forward signals from FDF moving blade position

There is a correlation between IDF moving blade position and FDF moving blade position. The FDF moving blade position is used as the feed forward signal to improve response during a load change.

2) Correction of IDF opening during MFT

In the event of a Master Fuel Trip (MFT), sudden variations in the amount of gas in a furnace are anticipated, and thus, furnace pressure goes down suddenly. In order to prevent this, the IDF blade demands are forced to minimum position by the Furnace Pressure control high-limits. This is so called furnace implosion protection.

3) Override action of furnace draft control

In the event of a large furnace draft excursion, appropriate overrides are automatically taken.

4) Direction block interlock

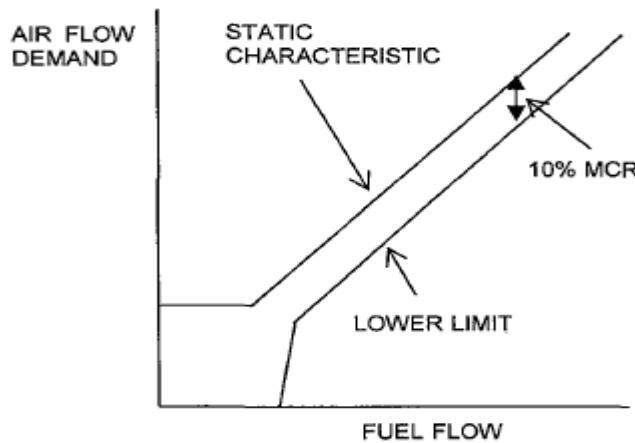
The IDF blade demand is fed through a direction block interlock which blocks demand change which could cause furnace pressure extremes. The direction block interlock also prevents the IDF demand increase when the Surging block function detects an impending IDF Surging condition.

5) Cross limit function between fuel and air

Following action shall be taken to avoid incomplete combustion due to lack of O₂ (excess air ratio low)

Fuel flow to Air demand increasing cross limit: To avoid lack of O₂, air flow demand is to be increased.

Ten (10) % allowable upper and lower limit is usually given as shown below.



<Fuel flow to Air demand increasing cross limit>

6) Stall protection

Stall phenomenon for IDF and FDF is protected by stall warning system. At actual flow, the fan stall pressure is calculated and then calculated stall pressure is compared to the actual pressure. If the actual pressure is larger than stall warning pressure, fan will reduce blade pitch. If it is larger than stall trip pressure, fan will shut off.

7. Main Steam Temperature Control

7.1 Related P&ID

S-01-HA_-S-20-001-001 P&ID for Boiler Water System (1/4)

S-01-HA_-S-20-001-003 P&ID for Boiler Water System (3/4)

S-01-HA_-S-20-002-001 P&ID for Boiler Steam System (1/2)

S-01-HA_-S-20-002-002 P&ID for Boiler Steam System (2/2)

7.2 General

Accurate and stable control of the Main Steam Temperature is important to maximize the efficiency of the steam cycle.

7.3 1ry de-superheater spray control

The 1ry de-superheater spray control uses PID controller to adjust the 2ry SH outlet temperature (TE-01HAH21CT001A/B/C and TE-01HAH26CT001A/B/C). The set point is programmed based on load demand, and is compared with measured 2ry SH outlet temperature. Feed forward demand programmed by load demand is also added in order to achieve the planned 1ry spray water flow based on boiler static performance.

The primary stage attemperation control will also adjust spray control valves so that pre-determined temperature difference between inlet and outlet of the primary stage attemperator could be kept during steady state operation.

A steam saturation protection function is incorporated to prevent the 1ry SH spray control valves (TCV-01HAC41AA551 / TCV-01HAC43AA551) from driving the 1ry de-superheater outlet temperature (TE-01HAH11CT003A/B & TE-01HAH16CT003A/B) below the steam saturation point by the spray water block valve (MOV-01HAC40AA801).

Provision to maintain minimum opening of 1ry SH spray control valves (TCV-01HAC41AA551 / TCV-01HAC43AA551) is considered to avoid thermal stress of the 1ry de-superheater (01HAH11AH101 / 01HAH16AH101) due to repetition of opening/closing of 1ry SH spray control valve. Set point of minimum opening will be made based on load demand, and to be finalized during commissioning stage.

While a master Fuel Trip condition or Steam block condition or Boiler load low condition (fuel flow demand low), the 1ry SH spray control valves are forced to close to limit possibility of the thermal influence at the downstream of the 1ry de-superheater.

7.4 2ry de-superheater spray control

| Operation & Maintenance Manual

The main steam temperature (TE-01LBA11CT001A/B/C and TE-01LBA12CT001A/B/C) control uses Cascade control (upstream controller adjusts the Final SH inlet temperature set point which is downstream controller set point.).

The set point is programmed based on load demand, and is compared with measured Final SH outlet temperature (main steam temperature). Feed forward demand programmed by load demand is also added in order to achieve the planned 2ry spray water flow based on boiler static performance.

The 2ry de-superheater spray control will also adjust the 2ry SH spray control valves (TCV-01HAC51AA551 / TCV-01HAC53AA551) so that pre-determined temperature difference between inlet and outlet of the 2ry de-superheater (01HAH21AH101 / 01HAH26AH101) could be kept during steady state operation.

A steam saturation protection function is incorporated to prevent the 2ry SH spray control valves (TCV-01HAC51AA551 / TCV-01HAC53AA551) from driving the 2ry de-superheater outlet temperature (TE-01HAH21CT002A/B & TE-01HAH26CT002A/B) below the Steam Saturation point.

In order to enhance the controllability during a load change, boiler input rate (BIR) demand for secondary spray flow control is provided.

Provision to maintain minimum opening of 2ry SH spray control valves (TCV-01HAC51AA551 / TCV-01HAC53AA551) is considered to avoid thermal stress of the 2ry de-superheater (01HAH21AH101 / 01HAH26AH101) due to repetition of opening/closing of 2ry SH spray control valve. Set point of minimum opening will be made based on load demand, and to be finalized during commissioning stage.

While a master Fuel Trip condition or Steam block condition or Boiler load low condition (fuel flow demand low), the 2ry SH spray control valves are forced to close to limit possibility of the thermal influence at the downstream of the 2ry de-superheater.

8. Reheat Steam Temperature Control

8.1 Related P&ID

S-01-HA_-S-20-003-001 P&ID for Boiler Reheat System

8.2 General

Accurate and stable control of the Hot Reheat Steam Temperature is important to maximize the efficiency of the steam cycle.

The A line and the B line shall be controlled separately by each corresponding drive.

8.3 Gas recirculation fan damper control

The set point of the hot reheat steam temperature is programmed by the load demand with some restriction by change rate limiter. The set point bias function is also provided for operator manipulation.

The reheater outlet temperature is measured, and compared with set point.

The difference between the measured value and the set point, i.e. the error signal, is fed to a PI controller through process gain compensation loop. Feed forward signal programmed by the load demand is added on output signal from a PI controller.

The recirculation gas flow demand from the PI controller is fed to the Gas recirculation fan suction damper actuator drives (FCD-01HNF10AA002 for GR Fan-A, FCD-01HNF20AA002 for GR Fan-B) to control the recirculation gas flow for the GR fan. Finally the discharged recirculation gas from gas recirculation fan is distributed to the 4 LGRs (Lower Gas Recirculation) located at the below lowest level burner on the four (4) corners of boiler furnace bottom side. Each LGR has two (2) dampers and these dampers has modulating operation to have even recirculation gas flow to the four (4) LGRs

8.4 Reheater spray control

Being installed on the upstream of the 2ry reheater (between 1ry RH and 2ry RH), the RH de-superheater(01HAJ11AH101 / 01HAJ16AH101) controls the reheater outlet steam temperature (TE-01LBB11CT001A/B/C & TE-01LBB12CT001A/B/C) by adjusting the RH spray control valve (TCV-01LAF51AA551 / TCV-01LAF53AA551) to change the amount of spray water.

The Reheat Steam Temperature controller maintains the RH Steam Temperature to an operator adjustable set point by primary modulating flue gas recirculation and secondary, by controlling the Reheater spray control valves (TCV-01LAF51AA551 / TCV-01LAF53AA551).

Therefore, during normal operation, the RH spray control valve is kept complete closing, and it is used for emergency purposes in case where the boiler outlet reheat steam temperature goes up abnormally.

A steam saturation protection function is incorporated to prevent the RH spray control valves from driving the RH de-superheater outlet temperature (TE-01HAJ11CT002A/B & TE-01HAJ16CT002A/B) below the steam saturation point by the spray water block valve (MOV-01LAF50AA801).

While a Master Fuel Trip condition or Steam Block condition or Boiler load low condition (fuel flow demand low), the RH spray control valves are forced to close to limit possibility of the thermal influence at the downstream of the RH de-superheater.

9. Steam Airheater Control

9.1 Related P&ID

S-01-HL_-S-20-001-001 P&ID for Boiler Combustion Air System (1/2)

S-01-HL_-S-20-002-001 P&ID for Steam Air Heater System (1/2)

S-01-HL_-S-20-002-002 P&ID for Steam Air Heater System (2/2)

S-01-HN_-S-20-001-001 P&ID for Boiler Flue Gas System (1/2)

9.2 Steam air heater (SAH) temperature control

SAH temperature (TE-01HLC10CT001A/B/C and TE-01HLC20CT001A/B/C) is controlled by modulating the Auxiliary steam flow into SAH. Steam input to SAH-A (01HLC10AC001) and SAH-B (01HLC20AC001) is modulated by temperature control valve (TCV-01LBG31AA551 / TCV-01LBG32AA551) at the inlet of respective SAH.

SAH is used to keep the regenerative air heater metal temperature above the acid dew point at the gas exhaust side and thus avoid regenerative air heater corrosion. Therefore, average of regenerative air heater inlet air temperature (TE-01HLC10CT001A/B/C and TE-01HLC20CT001A/B/C) and regenerative air heater outlet gas temperature (TE-01HNA10CT003A/B and 01HNA20CT003A/B) is considered for SAH temperature control.

The set value of SAH temperature is constant. However, operator will have the provision to vary the temperature set value of both SAH individually using set value.

When SAH steam is provided, SAH TCVs (TCV-01LBG31AA551 / TCV-01LBG32AA551) will open up to initial opening position to prevent Temperature (Process variable) overshoot. SAH TCV starts controlling temperature when any of the following conditions is established:

- Deviation between the temperature set Value and Actual Process Value is within some specified range.
- SAH TCV remains at initial opening position for specified period of time.

9.3 SAH drain tank level control

SAH drain tank level is controlled by SAH drain tank level control valve (LCV-01LCN15AA551/LCV-01LCN25AA551) located at downstream of SAH Drain Tank. Set value of drain tank level is constant. However, operator will have the provision to vary the Level set value of both SAH individually using set value bias loop plate.

Condensate of the SAH drain tank flows to the deaerator to recover by the SAH drain pump. But, if measured quality of condensate by the conductivity analyzer is not met, this condensate will be drained

Operation & Maintenance Manual

to the flash tank.

Flash steam in the SAH drain tank is vented to aux. steam inlet line of the SAH though vent line.

SAH drain tank level control valves will be fully closed (0 % open) if respective SAH drain pumps stop, as there will not be any water flow through the valve when pump stops. Each SAH drain pump has the minimum flow line connected to the SAH drain tank.

Tab C.2.3

Boiler Startup and Shutdown Procedure

Table of Contents

1 General

1.1 Tag numbers

1.2 Abbreviations

2 Boiler Start-up Procedures

2.1 Cold Start-up

2.2 Warm, Hot and Very Hot Start-up

3 Boiler Shutdown

3.1 Normal Shut down

3.2 Forced Cooling Shut down

1 General

This document outlines the required actions in order to bring the Boiler and its associated auxiliary equipments in service for Shuqaiq Steam Power Plant.

1.1 Tag numbers

The described Tag numbers in this document are only for Boiler #11.

Tag numbers for Boilers #12, #13, and #14 are the same as Tag numbers for Boiler #11 except the following prefix:

Boiler #11 : 11 mentioned in this document as typical

Boiler #12 : replace with 12

Boiler #13 : replace with 13

Boiler #14 : replace with 14

1.2 Abbreviations

APC	Auto Plant Control
Approx.	Approximate
APS	Auto Plant Start-up
BCP	Boiler Circulation Pump
BFP	Boiler Feedwater Pump
BMS	Burner Management System
BOP	Balance of Plant
BR valve	Boiler Recirculation valve
CW	Cooling Water
CWT	Combine Water Treatment
DCS	Distributed Control System
ESP	Electrostatic Precipitator

FCV	Flow Control Valve
FDF	Forced Draft Fan
FGD	Flue Gas Desulphurization
GM	Gas Mixture
GRF	Gas Recirculation Fan
HP	High Pressure
HTR	Heater
IDF	Induced Draft Fan
LCV	Level Control Valve
LGR	Low Gas Recirculation
LP	Low Pressure
MOV	Motor Operated Valve
MFT	Master Fuel Trip
NWL	Normal Water Level
OFA	Over Firing Air
PB	Push Button
PCV	Pressure Control Valve
RAH	Regenerative Air Heater
SAH	Steam Air Heater
SAT	Saturated condition
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction
SDS	Sensor Driver System
Seq.	Sequence
SGR	Side Gas Recirculation
SH	Superheater
TB	Turbine Bypass
TCV	Temperature Control Valve
VSD	Variable Speed Driver
WDC	Water Separator Header Drain Control
WS	Water Separator Header
WSDH	Water Separator Drain Header

2 Boiler start-up procedure

2.1 Cold Start-up

2.3.1 Preparation for cold start-up

(1) Before starting unit, following condition should be established.

- 1) Power supply should be turned on.
 - All auxiliary equipment required to be in operation
 - Automatic plant control system
 - Burner management system (BMS)
 - All pneumatic shut-off valves and Motor operated valves (MOV)
 - RAH SDS (Sensor Drive System)
 - RAH Fire Detector & Rotation Detector System
 - HP & LP TB valves oil units (High pressure & low pressure turbine bypass valves oil unit)
- 2) All monitoring instruments and supervisory equipment is in service
- 3) Line up of all systems should be completed.

For example,

- Feedwater system lined up and in service.
- Put the burner atomizing steam into service.
- Put the atomizing air for warming oil in to service.
- Line-up of warming oil line and it is ready for service operation
- All low temperature reheat steam pipe drain valves and high temperature reheat steam pipe drain valves are opened

(2) The following system should be taken in service at least (and other system should be taken in-

service if required);

- Deaerator ready for service.
- Feedwater storage tank at normal water level.
- Boiler feed pump sets and auxiliaries with VSD system ready for service.
- Condensate system lined up and ready for service.
- Gland steam condenser ready for service.
- Condenser air removal system ready for service.
- Instrument air system
- Make-up water system in service.
- Circulation water system
- Service air system
- Service water system
- Closed Cooling water system (CCW system)
- Sampling system in service.
- Chemical dosing system available for service.
- Auxiliary boiler and aux. Steam system
- Seal water supply

(3) Boiler inspection

- 1) Confirm there is no person inside the boiler.
- 2) Close all the manholes of the boiler and the ducts.
- 3) Retract all soot blowers and the furnace temperature probe.
- 4) Confirm the repair works have been completed if it was done.

2.3.2 Boiler filling-up

3) Condensate make-up water pump (A),(B),and(C) isolating valve

- MOV-00GHC31AA801 : AUTO
- MOV-00GHC32AA801 : AUTO
- MOV-00GHC33AA801 : AUTO

4) Boiler / Deaerator filling pump (A),and (B)

- 00GHC61AP001 : AUTO
- 00GHC62AP001 : AUTO

5) Boiler / Deaerator filling pump pressure control valve

- PCV-00GHC70AA551 : AUTO

6) Boiler / Deaerator filling pump (A),and(B) isolating valve

- MOV-00GHC61AA801 : AUTO
- MOV-00GHC62AA801 : AUTO

7) BCP Injection control valve

- FCV-01HAG11AA551 : AUTO

8) BCP warming discharge control valve

- LCV-01HAG12AA551 : AUTO

9) WDC outlet MOV to condenser –A /B and CW discharge seal weir

- MOV-01LCM11AA801 : AUTO
- MOV-01LCM21AA801 : AUTO
- MOV-01LCL20AA801 : AUTO

10) WDC Valve

- LCV-01HAG21AA551 : AUTO
- LCV-01HAG22AA551 : AUTO

11) BCP Inlet MOV

- MOV-01HAG10AA801 : AUTO

12) BCP Outlet MOV

- MOV-01HAG10AA802 : AUTO

13) BR Valve

- FCV-01HAG10AA551 : AUTO

14) BCP Min. Flow Valve

- MOV-01HAG13AA801 : AUTO / OPEN

15) Manual valve position

- Economizer drain valve, 01LAB30AA401 / 402 : Lock Closed

- Furnace water wall inlet drain valve,

- 01HAC11AA401 / 402, 01HAC16AA401 / 402 : Lock Closed

- Economizer outlet vent valve, 01HAC20AA501 / 502 : OPEN

- Front wall outlet vent valve, 01HAD10AA501 / 502 : OPEN

- Side wall outlet vent valve, 01HAD10AA503 / 504 : OPEN

- 2ry pass outlet vent valve, 01HAD20AA501 / 502 / 503 / 504

: OPEN

- WS outlet vent valve, 01HAH10AA501 / 502 : OPEN

16) 2ry pass inlet pipe drain MOV

- MOV-01HAD16AA801 : AUTO

- MOV-01HAD16AA802 : AUTO

17) 2ry pass bypass MOV

- MOV-01HAD12AA801 : AUTO

- MOV-01HAD17AA801 : AUTO

(3) Boiler water filling start-up seq.

- 1) Condensate make-up water pump isolating valve shall be opened.
 - MOV-00GHC31AA801 : OPEN
 - MOV-00GHC32AA801 : OPEN
 - MOV-00GHC33AA801 : OPEN
- 2) Boiler / Deaerator filling pump isolating valve shall be opened.
 - MOV-00GHC61AA801 : OPEN
 - MOV-00GHC62AA801 : OPEN
- 3) Boiler filling water shall be provided to the boiler.
 - Filling water flow : Approx. 150 t/h
 - Expected water filling up time : Approx. 2 hour
- 4) When WSDH level becomes more than pre-set value (Initial value: 10m, control system judges that level is established).
- 5) After WSDH level is established, WSDH level shall be controlled by WDC Valve, LCV-01HAG21AA551 and LCV-01HAG22AA551.
- 6) After completion of water filling, following vent valves shall be CLOSED.
 - Economizer outlet vent valve, 01HAC20AA501 / 502
 - Front wall outlet vent valve, 01HAD10AA501 / 502
 - Side wall outlet vent valve, 01HAD10AA503 / 504
 - 2ry pass outlet vent valve, 01HAD20AA501 / 502 / 503 / 504
 - W/S outlet vent valve, 01HAH10AA501 / 502

2.3.3 Boiler cold clean-up blow

(1) Following mode shall be selected before use of APS;

- 1) APS mode of BMS
- 2) APC-APS mode
- 3) APS mode selection : AUTO
- 4) APS : IN
- 5) APS mode : SU(Start-up)
- 6) Start-up mode

(2) Confirm that the following conditions are satisfied:

- 1) Boiler filling-up is completed.
- 2) Pre-Boiler Clean up (Condensate water line, LP feed water line & HP feed water line) is completed.
- 3) Close vent valves and drain valves attached to a boiler.
- 4) BCP, 01HAG10AP001 : STOP
- 5) BR valve, FCV-01HAG10AA551 : AUTO
- 6) BFP A or B or C, 01LAC11AP001 / 01LAC12AP001 : RUNNING

(3) Operation procedure of STEP-1.

- 1) WDC outlet MOV condensers A and B
 - MOV-01LCM11AA801 : AUTO (CLOSED)

- MOV-01LCM21AA801 : AUTO (CLOSED)
- 2) WDC outlet MOV to CW discharge seal weir
- MOV-01LCL20AA801 : AUTO (OPEN)
- 3) Open BCP inlet valve, MOV-01HAG10AA801.
- 4) Check BCP outlet valve, MOV-01HAG10AA802 is closed.
- 5) BCP injection valve will start to control injection water flow.
- 6) Check BR valve, FCV-01HAG10AA551 is closed.
- 7) Start a blow while controlling water level of Water separator drain header (WSDH) controlled by WDC valves, LCV-01HAG21AA551 / LCV-01HAG22AA551.
- Total feed water flow : 475 t/h(20% of BMCR)
 - Boiler circulation flow : 0 t/h
- * BCP can be operated according to the BFP discharge flow.
- 8) When the water quality at the Water separator drain header (WSDH) outlet satisfies the following condition, go to the boiler circulation sequence.
- Fe < 0.5 ppm

2.3.4 Boiler cold clean-up circulation

(1) Operation procedure.

- 1) Open WDC outlet valves to condenser, MOV-01LCM11AA801 / 01LCM21AA801.
- 2) Close WDC outlet valve to CW discharge seal weir, MOV-01LCL20AA801.
- 3) Boiler water is return to condenser and recirculation is started.
- 4) Maintain feedwater flow rate at 25%BMCR.
- 5) Start the BCP sub-cooling water flow control valve, FCV-01HAG11AA551
- 6) Open the BCP minimum flow valve, MOV- 11HAG13AA801.
- 7) Open the BCP outlet valve, MOV-01HAG10AA802.
- 8) BCP start permission

- WSDH level > 4m
- BR valve, FCV-01HAG10AA551 : AUTO (<15%)
- BCP motor cooling water flow, FIS-01PGB36CF101 : $\geq 15\text{m}^3/\text{h}$.
- BCP Heat barrier temperature, TE-01HAG10CT012A/B/C : $< 60^\circ\text{C}$
 - High Trip $\geq 65^\circ\text{C}$
 - High ANN. $\geq 60^\circ\text{C}$

- 9) Start BCP.

- 10) BR valve, LCV-01HAG10AA551 controls boiler circulation flow at approx. 20 % BMCR flow to the Economizer inlet. : 465 t/h
 - Total feedwater flow at Economizer inlet : 581 t/h (25% BMCR)

- Economizer inlet feedwater flow rate shall be kept to approx. 25% BMCR, balance (i.e. approx. 5%BMCR: 116 t/h) will be supplied by BFP through WDC valves.
 - WDC valves, LCV-01HAG21AA551 / LCV-01HAG22AA551 control the WSDH level.
- (2) When the water qualities at the Water separator drain header (WSDH) outlet satisfies the following condition, the boiler cold clean-up circulation is completed.
- Fe < 0.3 ppm

2.3.5 Preparation for boiler light-off

(1) Preparation for Feedwater System

- 1) Re-confirm that the following is established.
 - BFP outlet flow control valve Start Sequence : AUTO
 - VSD Start Sequence : AUTO
 - BR valve Start Sequence : AUTO
 - BFP -A or B or C will be taken in-service.
- 2) Confirm that the total feedwater flow (BFP discharge flow, FT-01LAB20CF001A/B/C + BCP circulation flow, FT-01HAG10CF001A/B/C) is controlled at 581 t/h (=25%BMCR)
- 3) Confirm that BCP is running and the boiler circulation flow (FT-01HAG10CF001A/B/C) is controlled at 465 t/h by BR valve.

(2) Preparation for combustion air and flue gas draft system

- 1) Confirm that the manhole of boiler each section and all observation port has been closed.
- 2) Make sure that the draft transmitters (PT-01HAD10CP052A/B/C and PT-01HAD10CP053A/B/C) of each section have been checked out and are available for service.
- 3) When Air & Gas path start, Urea system will start for Hydrolyzer filling and heating (It will take about 2 hours)
- 4) Confirm that ESP is ready for start up.

* For ESP service, ESP inlet temperature should be satisfied.
- 5) Confirm that RAH is ready for start up.
- 6) Confirm that FGD is ready for start up.

- 7) FGD by-pass damper or FGD inlet & outlet damper must be open.
- 8) Confirm that the following "Start Sequence" and equipment should be placed into "auto" position.
 - Air & Gas system start up sequence
 - Furnace purge sequence
 - All air & gas system dampers
 - FDF outlet dampers (FZ-01HLB10/20AA002)
 - SAH inlet dampers (FZ-01HLB10/20AA003)
 - RAH inlet air dampers (FZ-01HLC10/20AA001)
 - RAH outlet air dampers (FZ-01HLD10/20AA001)
 - RAH air bypass dampers(FZ-01HLC10/20AA002)
 - IDF outlet dampers (FZ-01HNA10/20AA008)
 - Economizer outlet dampers (FZ-01HNA10/20AA002)
 - SCR inlet dampers (FZ-01HNA10/20AA003)
 - Economizer bypass dampers (FZ-01HNA10/20AA001)
 - SCR bypass dampers (FZ-01HNA10/20AA004)
 - RAH inlet gas dampers (FZ-01HNA10/20AA005)
 - RAH gas bypass dampers(11HNA/1020AA006)
 - IDF inlet dampers (FZ-01HNA10/20AA007)
 - GRF outlet dampers (FZ-01HNF10/20AA003)
 - A,B-IDF moving blades (UZ-01HNC10/20AA009) Start Sequence
 - A,B-FDF moving blades (FCD-01HNB10/20AA001) Start Sequence
 - A,B-GRF moving dampers (FCD-01HNF10/20AA002) Start Sequence
 - A,B-GM Dampers (FZ-01HNF30AA001/002) Start Sequence

- All wind box dampers Start Sequence
- A,B-AH Main Motor & Aux. Motor
- A,B-IDF (11HNC10/20AN001)
- A,B-IDF control oil pumps (No.1 & No.2)
- A,B-IDF seal air fans (No.1 & No.2)
- A,B-FDF (11HLB10/20AN001)
- A,B-FDF control oil pumps (No.1 & No.2)
- A,B-GRF (11HNF10/20AN001)
- A,B-GRF Lub. Oil Pump (No.1 & No.2)
- A,B-GRF Turning Gear
- Cooling air fan (11HHQ10AN001/002)

* Main Motor of RAH, which drives RAH by direct coupling , should be used in normal operation.

(3) Preparation of Fuel System

- 1) Following "Start Sequence" and equipment should be put into "Auto"
 - Warm up Oil Supply System
 - Warm up oil start up sequence
 - Warm up oil leak test
 - Shut-off valve of warm up burner (XV-01HJF10AA851/852)
 - Pressure control valve of warm up burner (PCV-01HJF10AA551)
 - Warm up burner atomizing air pressure control valve (PCV-01HJN10AA551)
 - Fuel Oil Supply System
 - Fuel oil start-up sequence
 - Fuel oil leak test

- Fuel oil supply pump
 - Shut-off valve of fuel oil burner header (XV-01HHF10AA851/852)
 - Leak check valve of fuel oil burner header (XV-01HHF10AA853)
 - Fuel oil flow control valve (FCV-01HHF10AA551/552)
 - Fuel oil strainer (11HHF10AR001/002) isolation MOV-01HHF10AA801/802/803/804)
 - Warm up MOV-01HHF10AA805
 - Recirculation MOV-01HHF10AA806
 - Fuel oil burner atomizing steam pressure control valve (PCV-01HJM10AA551)
- Water Fuel Ratio : AUTO

2) Recommendation

- After shutdown period, the local position indication of moving blade for each fan shall be confirmed as in the same position of the control room demand prior to ‘Air & Gas system start up’ to make sure moving blade is working smoothly.

(4) Preparation for TB (Turbine By-pass) System

Following condition should be established.

- HP & LP TB System oil unit has been taken in service and they should be placed into Auto.
- Line up of HP & LP TB spray system is completed
- HP & LP TB valves : AUTO
- HP-TB spray shut-off valve : AUTO
- HP-TB spray control valves : AUTO
- LP-TB spray control valves : AUTO
- LP-TB inlet shut-off valves : AUTO

(5) Preparation for steam line

- 3ry Super heater outlet header drain valve, MOV-01HAH30AA801/802 : AUTO
- Main steam drain valve : AUTO
- Reheat steam line drain valve : AUTO (Open)

(6) Start up of sequence ‘Boiler Light-off preparation on APS.

- 1) Press ‘button of ‘Boiler Light-off preparation’ on APS.

(Refer to flow chart on next page.)

- 2) After starting first IDF, furnace draft will drop to -50 mmH₂O approx.

If furnace draft drops to less than -400 mmH₂O, IDF will be tripped. If open signal of more than 80% of all burner wind box dampers, including LGR, does not come on control system, IDF start will not be permitted.

- 3) After first FDF is started, air flow shall be controlled at 813 T/H

- 4) After one side of Air & Gas system is completely started up and air flow is higher than 30% of total air flow, Distillate oil pump will be started by warm up burner start up sequence and discharge pressure will be controlled at 30 bar.

- 5) Heavy fuel oil pump will be started after five minutes from starting second FDF.

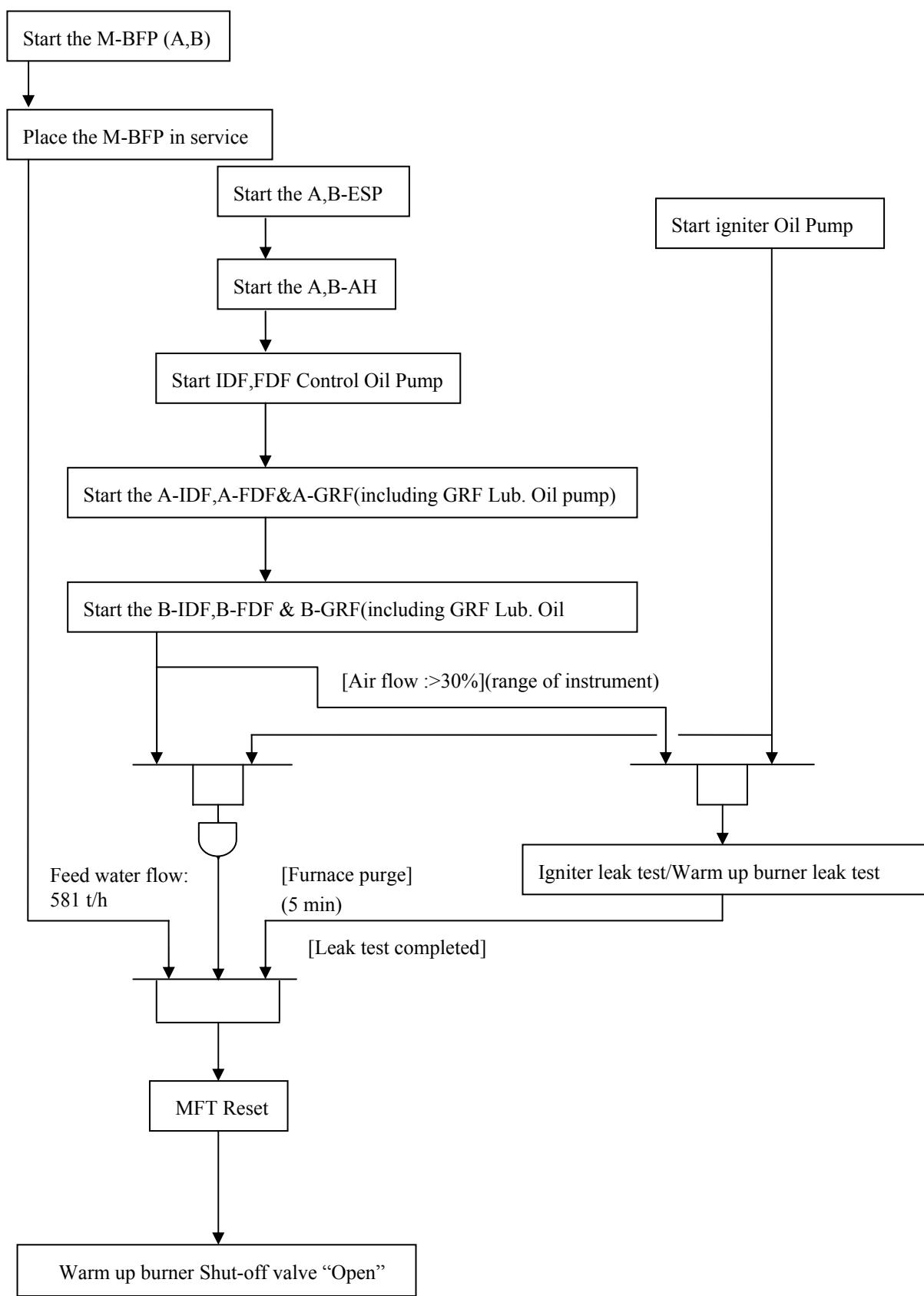
- 6) Furnace draft will drop to -150 mmH₂O approx. just after starting second IDF.

- 7) After starting both FDF, Air flow shall be controlled at 813 T/H of total air flow. Furnace draft shall be controlled at -10 mmH₂O by IDF moving blade.

- 8) After Air & Gas system is started up, furnace purge will be started.

- 9) When warm up oil leak test and furnace purge is successfully completed, MFT will be reset and shut-off valve (warm up oil) will open.

- 10) Heavy fuel oil shut-off valve will open when fuel oil leak test is successfully completed.



2.3.6 Light off and pressure rising

(1) Light off preparation

- 1) Start up mode shall be selected automatically judging from the following condition when APC-APS mode is "Auto"
 - Boiler water separator inlet temperature, TE-HAD21/22/26/27CT001
- 2) BMS shall be put in "APS" mode
- 3) Confirm that the following light off permission is satisfied.
 - Warm up oil burner light off permission
 - Igniter light off permission completed.
 - Distillate oil shut-off valve, 11HJF10AA851/852 : OPEN
 - Atomizing air / steam press., PSLL-01HJN10CP101A/B/C : NORMAL
 - Light oil header press., PSLL-01HJF10CP101A/B/C : NORMAL

CAUTION

OFA & Windbox differential pressure control Start Sequence MUST be placed into “Auto” to avoid unstable combustion.

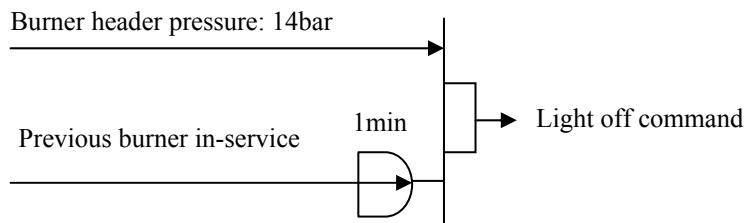
(2) Light off

- 1) Warm up oil flow control valve (PCV-01HJF10AA551) will open to light off position (32%) automatically.
- 2) Press “Light off” on APS.
- 3) The first warm up burner (B-1) at elevation -1 shall be taken in service after its igniter is

sparking.

- 4) The warm up control valve will change to light off pressure control.
- 5) The next warm-up burner (D-1) at elevation-1 shall be in service after 30 sec. from B-1 burner in service.
- 6) The warm control valve will change to flow control after 1 burner valves opened.
- 7) The warm up control valve will be increased gradually to hot clean-up flow rate for each mode.
- 8) When burner pressure is increased to 14 bar and 1 minute has passed since previous burner in-service, additional burner will be taken in-service. 4 burners of elevation -1 will be taken in-service as per following sequence.

- Burner light off level : 14 bar



- Check firing condition (flame length , flame brightness) through the TV camera at the control room or observation port at local.
- Confirm the burner damper position and differential pressure between wind box and burner is normal.

Damper	In service burner	Out of service burner
OFA	Opening VS. Load	Min. opening (20%)

Operation & Maintenance Manual

CONC	Opening VS. Oil pressure	Min. opening (10%)
WEAK	Opening VS. Oil pressure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Min. opening (10%) @ 30%TMCR~ • ΔP (7 mbar) control @ ~ 30% TMCR
SGR	Opening VS. Oil pressure	Min. opening (10%)
LGR	Opening VS. Load	Min. opening (70%)

(3) Hot clean-up

When water wall outlet temperature (TE-01HAD21/22/25/27CT001) reaches 140°C, 1 pair burners will be shut-down and hot clean-up will be started as follows.

- 1) Warm up oil flow will be changed the set point as per water wall outlet temperature to keep 120~170 °C.
- 2) Two Burner will be in-service for Hot clean-up
- 3) BR valve, LCV-01HAG10AA551 controls boiler circulation flow at approx. 20 % BMCR flow to the Economizer inlet. : 465 t/h
 - Total feedwater flow : 581 t/h (25% BMCR)
 - Economizer inlet feedwater flow rate shall be kept to approx. 25% BMCR, balance (i.e. approx. 5%BMCR: 116 t/h) will be supplied by BFP through WDC valves.
 - WDC valves, LCV-01HAG21AA551 / LCV-01HAG22AA551 control the WSDH level.
- 4) Turbine bypass valves are to be kept as closed position.
- 5) When the water quality at water separator drain header outlet satisfies the following condition, boiler hot clean-up is completed.

- Fe < 0.1 mg/l
- SiO₂ < 0.03 mg/l

6) Press water quality confirmation button.

(4) Pressure rising and temperature rising

After the completion hot clean up, pressure rise shall be carried out as follows.

- 1) Boiler re-circulation flow shall be maintained as 465t/h.
- 2) Fuel flow shall be increased to Pre-set value (Value: 22 t/h) when hot clean up finished.
- 3) Additional one pair burners will be taken in service with the increment of burner pressure.
- 4) HP-TB valve inlet shut-off valves(HV-11/12/13/14LBA11/12AA851) will open when the control valve is opened more than 2%
- 5) HP-TB valve when open to minimum position and warming of reheat line will be started, when any burner light-off is performed
- 6) Confirm that LP HTR and HP HTR drains, which are connected to the condenser, are open.
- 7) When hot reheat line pressure gets 2 barg, LP-TB valves will open to minimum position.
- 8) When HTR pressure gets 12 barg, LP-TB valves will start to control the pressure at 12 barg.
- 9) SAH and SAH drain pump start Sequence.
 - ① When following condition is established, SAH drain recovery to the deaerator can be started.
 - Deaerator is in-service condition
 - Water quality is satisfied the criteria for recovery
 - ② Select [Deaerator] case before starting the recovery.
 - Case 1 [SAH to Deaerator]
 - SAH drain MOV-01LCN15/25AA802 will open.

- SAH drain MOV-01LCN16/26AA802 will close.
 - Case 2 [SAH to Boiler Flash tank]
 - SAH drain MOV-01LCN16/26AA802 will open.
 - SAH drain MOV-01LCN15/25AA802 will close.
- 10) When main steam pressure reaches 85 bara, HP-TB valves will start to control the main steam pressure at 85 bara. At the same time, pressure rise is completed.

Note) Furnace outlet gas temperature < 540 °C, before HP bypass and LP bypass operation

(5) Fuel change over from Distillate oil to Heavy fuel oil

Before charging over to Heavy fuel oil, FGD and SAH should be taken in service according to manufacturer's operation procedure. Heavy fuel oil up to heavy fuel oil shut-off valve leakage test also should be finished before this step.

- 1) Confirm that the lineup of Heavy fuel oil systems and warming is complete.
 - Judgment of warming completion
 - Temperature of burner return line, TE-HHF10CT003 > 65 °C
- 2) Confirm that the following Heavy fuel oil light off permission condition is satisfied.
 - Heavy fuel oil header shut-off valve, XV-01HHF10AA851 / 852 : OPEN
 - Heavy fuel oil header press., 11HHF10CP102A/B/C : NORMAL > 9.0 bar
 - Heavy fuel oil header temp., 11HHF10CT101 : NORMAL > 110 °C
 - Atomizing steam pressure, 11HHM10CP101A/B/C : NORMAL > 8.0 bar
- 3) APS send the command on warm up oil / Heavy fuel oil change over.
- 4) One pair of Heavy fuel oil burners at "elevation – 2" will be lighted off for the time interval 15 seconds between two burners which are controlled simultaneously as one pair.
- 5) Warm up oil flow will be reduced automatically to keep the same total fuel flow.

- 6) When one pair of Heavy fuel oil is taken in service total fuel flow is controlled by Heavy fuel oil control valve, FCV-01HHF10AA551.
- 7) When one pair of Heavy fuel oil burners are established, one pair of warm up burners will be shutdown
- 8) After one pair of Warm up burners is shutdown, warm up burner header pressure will be decreased automatically by closing pressure control valve.
- 9) When all warm up burners are shutdown, warm up burner shut-off valve will be closed.
(After burner purge will be carried out for 6 min, changeover will be finished.)
- 10) When four (4) Heavy fuel oil burners are taken in service, burner re-circulation valve, MOV- 01HHF10AA805 will start to close gradually.
- 11) Check Heavy fuel oil burner firing condition (flame length, flame brightness) by the TV camera at the control room.
 - Wind box damper opening position is shown as below.
(Under turbine no-load operation)

Damper	In service burner	Out of service burner
OFA	Opening VS. Load	Min. opening (20%)
CONC	Opening VS. Oil pressure	Min. opening (10%)
WEAK	Opening VS. Oil pressure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Min. opening (10%) @ 30%TMCR~ • ΔP (7 mbar) control @ ~ 30% TMCR
SGR	Opening VS. Oil pressure	Min. opening (10%)
LGR	Opening VS. Load	Min. opening (70%)

2.3.7 Turbine start

Start the turbine according to the turbine start up procedure when the minimum permissible turbine inlet steam temperature and pressure is satisfied.

(Refer to turbine manufacturer's instructions.)

2.3.8 Synchronization (0~5%TMCR)

(1) Synchronization

- 1) Confirm that steam turbine, generator and power network are ready for synchronization.

Follow steam turbine and generator start up procedure.

- 2) Following valves should be placed into AUTO.

- 1ry De-superheater spray control valves
 - TCV-01HAC41AA551
 - TCV-01HAC43AA551
- 1ry De-superheater spray shut-off MOV-01HAC40AA801
- 2ry De-superheater spray control valves
 - TCV-01HAC51AA551
 - TCV-01HAC53AA551
- 2ry De-superheater spray shut-off MOV-01HAC50AA801
- RH De-superheater spray control valves
 - TCV-01LAF51AA551
 - TCV-01LAF53AA551

- RH De-superheater spray main shut-off MOV-01LAF50AA801
- 3) During the Turbine Speed-up, LP Heater will be in-service.(Turbine RPM at 2000)
- 4) APS send the command on ‘Synchronization’ after turbine start.
- 5) After synchronizing, main steam drain pipe will close.
- 6) Initial Load will be followed according to the Turbine start up procedure

2.3.9 Load up-1 (5% TMCR→20% TMCR)

- (1) Start the load-up to 20% TMCR.
 - 1) APS send the command on ‘Load up-1’.
 - 2) Load variation rate will be set to 1.5% TMCR/min.
 - 3) Unit load will be increased to BID-140MW. Burner will be taken in-service with increment of fuel flow.
 - 4) When the load reaches 70MW, HP Heaters will be in-service.
 - 5) HP/LP Bypass valve will be closed at this stage.
 - 6) After HP Bypass close, Turbine IPC mode will be ON

2.3.10 Load up-2 (20% TMCR → 35% TMCR)

- (1) Preparation
 - 1) Following valves should be placed into ‘Auto’
 - Aux. steam supply isolation MOV-01LCB16/17AA801 from cold reheat.
 - Aux. steam pressure control valve, PCV-01LCB16/17AA551 from cold reheat.
- (2) Load up-2

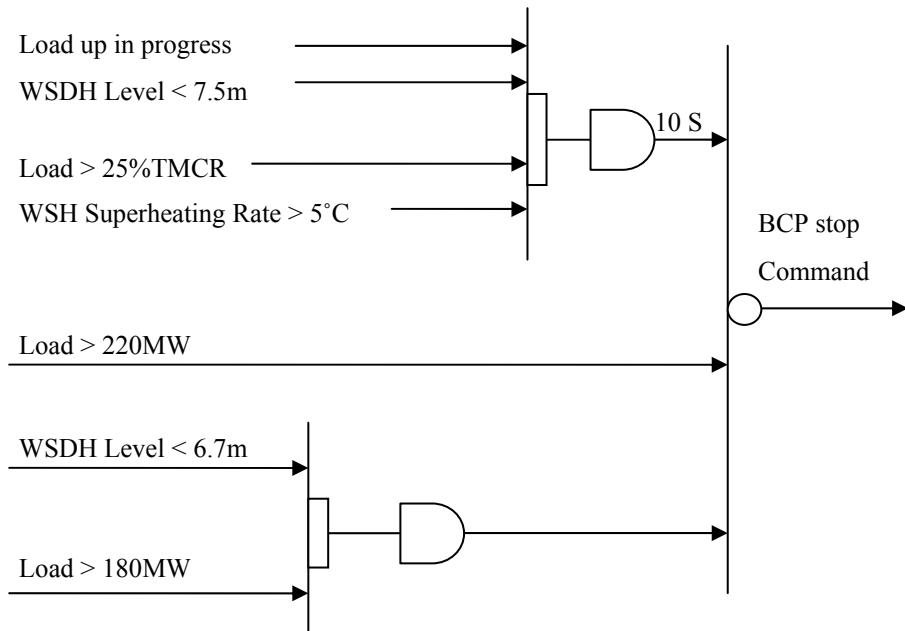
APS send the command on 'Load up-2'.

- 1) Load variation rate will be set to 1.5 %/min.
- 2) Load up will be started with BI operation (Set : BID-250MW)

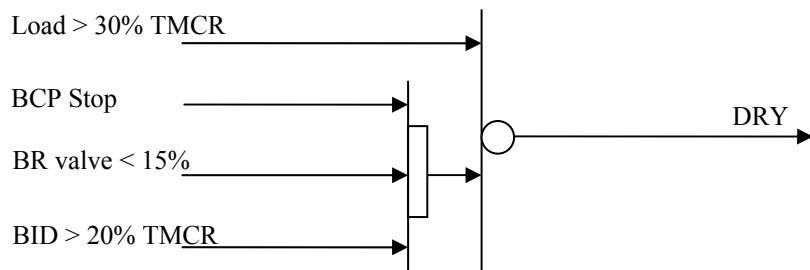
(3) Wet/Dry Change-over

When the following conditions is established the BCP will be stopped, then boiler control mode will be changed from [WET] mode to [DRY] mode.

- 1) BCP stop command

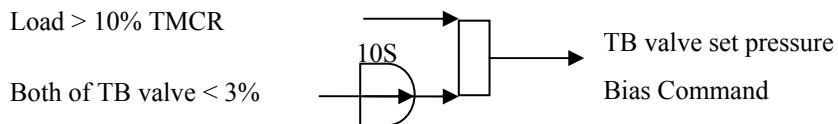


- 2) [DRY] mode command.



- 3) When the following conditions is established, pressure set point of TB valve goes Up to

30 bar over main steam pressure set point of boiler master.



- 4) A-WDC valve outlet MOV-01LCM11AA801 will close after changing over to dry mode.
- 5) BCP warming line discharge control valve, LCV-01HAG12AA551 & MOV-01HAG12AA801 will open after changing over to dry mode.

2.3.11 Load-up-3 (35% of TMCR → 100% of TMCR)

- (1) Load up-3
 - 1) Mode will be changed from BI to CC before the load up
 - 3) Load variation rate will be set to 1.5 %/min.
- (2) When water separator (WS) pressure reaches 165 bar, B-WDC valve, LCV-01HAG21AA551 and B-WDC outlet MOV-01LCM21AA801 will close.
- (3) Set the target load as per load dispatch center demand.

2.2 Warm, hot and very hot start-up

2.2.1 Preparation

- (1) Confirm that the all [APC s/s] place into "AUTO"

Refer to section 2.3.2 (2), 2.3.5 (2)(3)(4)(5) of cold start up procedure. Valve status of section 2.3.2 (2) (whether valve is open or not) is not applicable for this section.

- (2) Confirm that 'lock out' of all auxiliary equipment is released.
- (3) The following auxiliary equipment should be running during boiler hot banking.

- 1) AH
- 2) GRF turning motor
- 3) Cooling fan.
- 4) Control oil & Lub. Oil pumps of IDF & FDF, Lub. oil pump of GRF
- 5) IDF seal air fans

(4) Unit Start up

- 1) Select the following item.
 - Start-up mode
 - Aux. steam selection
 - (Another operating boiler or auxiliary boiler)
- 2) When the start-up after condenser vacuum break or warm start-up, following LP clean up procedure will be carried out.
 - Confirm LP clean up termination sequence is Auto.
 - After confirmation of water quality of LP- clean up circulation, boiler can be started up. Press "Water quality confirmation PB".

(5) Start up of sequence of 'Boiler Light-off Preparation'

- 1) Air & Gas system will be started.
- 2) M-BFP will be taken in-service 5 minutes after starting both FDF.
⇒ Feed water flow will be increased to 450 t/h.
- 3) Furnace purge, warm-up oil leak test and will be carried out. (Please refer to cold start up procedure.)
- 4) Heavy fuel oil pump will be started
- 5) When the following condition is satisfied, BCP will be started.
 - WS drain header level > 7.5 m
 - Feed water flow shall be controlled at 593 t/h (25% BMCR)
 - Boiler water re-circulation flow shall be controlled at 465 t/h, and feed water flow is more than 25% BMCR.
- 6) When warm up oil leak test & furnace purge is successfully completed, MFT will be reset and warm up oil shut-off valve will open.
- 7) When MFT is reset, start-up mode shall be determined and recommended by APS.

2.2.2 Light-off

(1) Light off and pressure rise

- 1) Basic operation procedure is the same as the one of cold start up mode.
- 2) Refer to section 2.3.6 (1),(2),(4) of cold start up procedure.
- 3) When BMS is APS mode, following burners will be taken in-service.
 - Oil start up : Elevation-1 burner will be lighted-off
- 4) Fuel flow will be increased to following flow according to judgment of start-up mode in

APC.

Note) Final oil flow set point & increasing rate will be decided during the commissioning stage.

- 5) When the following conditions is satisfied, HP-TB valve will open to minimum position automatically. Refer to section 6-4)-(4) of cold start up procedure.
 - 6 minute passes after lighted off.
 - Main Steam pressure goes up to 2 barg higher pressure from initial burner light-off.
 - Main Steam pressure is more than 10 bar.
- 6) When the main steam pressure reaches 85 barg, HP-TB valve will start to control main steam pressure at 85 barg.
- 7) When re-heat line pressure reaches 2 barg, LP-TB valve will open minimum position. When re-heat line pressure reaches 12 barg, LP-TB valve will start to control re-heat line pressure at 12 barg.
- 8) The next steps are same as the steps from the 7) Turbine start of cold start-up procedure.

3 Boiler shut down

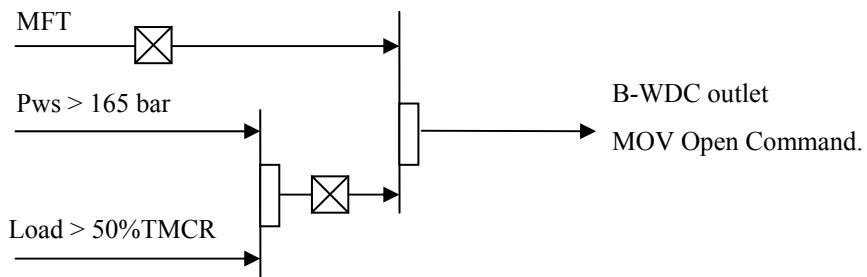
3.1 Normal shut down

3.1.1 Preparation for unit shut down

- (1) Confirm unit is operated under the following condition
 - 1) APS mode of BMS : ON
 - 2) APC-APS mode : ON
 - 3) APS mode selection : AUTO
 - 4) APS : IN
 - 5) APS : SD(Shutdown)
 - 6) Shut-down mode
 - 7) Aux. steam selection
(Another operating boiler or auxiliary boiler)
 - 8) All “Start Sequence” : AUTO
 - 9) Refer to section 2.3.2(2), 2.3.5(2) (3) (4) (5), 2.3.11(1) of cold start-up.
 - 10) BMS---“auto”

3.1.2 Load down (100% load (TMCR) → 20% load or certain load → 20% load)

- (1) Load down-1 (Load down to 50%)
 - 1) Load variation rate will be set to (-) 1.5%/min.
 - 2) Load will start to go down to 50%.
- (2) B-WDC outlet MOV-01LCM21AA801 will open when W.S. steam pressure becomes less than 165 bar.



(3) Load down to 35%

Load variation rate will be set to (-)1.0%/min. from unit load 50%TMCR. Target load will be set to 35 %TMCR. The operation mode will be changed from CC to BI after 30 minutes from the load is 250MW

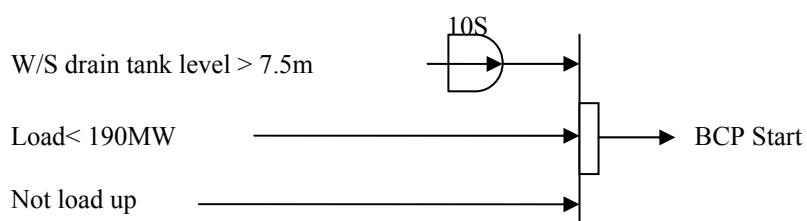
(4) Load down to 20% (Minimum load)

Target load will be set to 20%TMCR and load variation rate will be set to (-)0.5%/min.

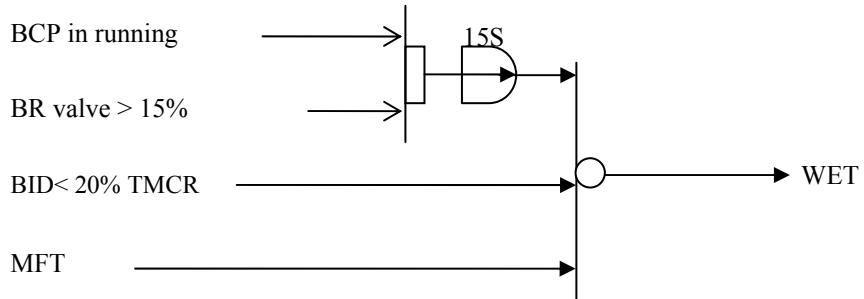
(5) Dry/Wet change-over

When the following condition is satisfied, BCP will be started, then unit operation mode will be changed-over from “dry” to “wet”.

1) BCP start command



2) Dry/Wet change-over permissive conditions



3.1.3 Load down-2 (20% of TMCR → 5% of TMCR)

(1) Preparation for load down

The feed water flow rate from the both BFPs shall be more than 590t/h.

If auxiliary steam is not able to be supplied by another operating main boiler, start auxiliary boiler and pressurize it to prepare for change over of auxiliary steam supply.

(2) Load down

Select ‘Load down-2’ on APS

1) Lower load limit will be set to 0 %TMCR.

2) Load variation rate will be set to (-)0.5%/min.

3) Load target will be set 5% TMCR.

(3) HP, LP Heater out of service.

HP, LP healer will be out of service when the turbine trip.

(4) BMS manual mode

When number of in-service burner is four, automatic start-up & shutdown function of BMS

is not available any more. However, burner will be shutdown automatically if 'APS mode of BMS' is selected and 'Boiler shut down' sequence of APS is started.

3.1.4 Line off (De- synchronization)

(1) Line off (De- synchronization)

(Follow the generator manufacturer's procedure)

Select 'line off' button on APS.

(2) Turbine trip

Turbine will be tripped.

Refer to turbine operation procedure.

(3) Boiler operation

After de- synchronization, boiler should be operated as follows.

- 1) HP-TB valves will open to maintain main steam pressure at 108 bar. LP-TB valves will open as well to maintain reheat steam pressure at 7 bar.
- 2) Re-heat line drain valves, which are connected to condenser, will open. -Superheat and reheater spray control valves and spray shut-off MOV will close.
- 3) Boiler operation mode will be changed over to BI mode (Boiler Input mode)

3.1.5 Boiler Shutdown

(1) Boiler Shutdown

APS send the command on 'Boiler Shutdown'

- 1) Fuel flow set will be decreased to 10t/h with the rate of 3t/min. When following condition is established, one pair of burners will be shutdown.
 - Burner header pressure 9 bar [oil firing]
- 2) After shutdown of one pair of burners, fuel flow control valve will go to close gradually. When burner pressure reaches the following value, remaining burners will be shutdown.
 - Burner header pressure 9 bar [oil firing]
- 3) After burner gun purge completed, MFT is set.
- 4) After MFT is set, Air & gas System should be operated for 5 minutes for post-furnace-purge.
- 5) When MFT is set, BFP will be stopped. Shut-off valve of fuel oil burner header should be closed automatically. After post purge completed, GRF, FDF and IDF will be stopped. After GRF are stopped, GRF turning gear will be started.
- 6) Fuel oil re-circulation valve should be opened after shut-off valve for fuel oil header closed and maintain for a couple of minutes to relief oil pressure on Boiler fuel oil ring header.
- 7) After closed the fuel oil re-circulation valve, first return MOV will be opened to maintain the recirculation of HFO
- 8) If boiler banking mode selected, Air & gas system will be operated in boiler banking.
- 9) ESP & SAH will trip when the Draft system shutdown.

(2) Operating of drain valves

- 1) Following valve shall be closed position.
 - Main steam drain MOV
 - Super heater outlet drain MOV
- 2) Following valves should be open.

- Reheat line drain valves, which are connected to condenser.

(3) Fuel oil pump stop

- 1) Fuel oil pump will be stopped
- 2) Fuel oil heater heating steam pressure control valve and temperature control valve will close.

3.1.6 Unit Shutdown

(1) Feed Water System

- 1) BCP will be stopped.

(2) Air & Gas System

- 1) “Air & gas system shutdown sequence” should be Auto to avoid excessive furnace draft fluctuation.
- 2) Air & Gas System will be shut down one side by one side.
- 3) Following condition should be established.

• IDF	STOP
• FDF	STOP
• GRF	STOP
• GRF Turning Gear	RUNNING
• IDF Seal Air Fan	RUNNING
• AH	RUNNING
• Cooling fan	RUNNING
• IDF control and Lub. Oil pump	RUNNING
• FDF control and Lub. Oil pump	RUNNING

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| • GRF Lub. Oil pump | RUNNING |
| • FDF outlet damper | CLOSED |
| • AH inlet gas damper | CLOSED |
| • IDF outlet gas damper | CLOSED |
| • GRF outlet damper | CLOSED |
| • Windbox damper (conc. Week, SGR) | CLOSED |

3.2 Forced Cooling Shut-down

3.2.1 Forced Cooling Shutdown of Boiler

Press 'Forced Cooling Shutdown' button of APS.

- 1) Fuel flow set will be decreased to 10t/h with the rate of 3t/min. When following condition is established, one pair of burners will be shutdown.
 - Burner header pressure 9 bar [oil firing]
- 2) After shutdown of one pair of burners and burner gun purge completed, fuel flow control valve will go to close gradually. When burner pressure reaches the following value, remaining burners will be shutdown.
 - Burner header pressure 9 bar [oil firing]
- 3) After shutdown of all burners, MFT is set.
- 4) When MFT is set, BFP will stopped. Shut-off valve of fuel oil burner header should be closed automatically. Compare to normal shut down, BFP will be started to boiler cooling.
- 5) When following condition is satisfied, Equipment will be tripped.

Water wall outlet temperature < 90 °C

Economizer outlet water temperature < 100 °C

RAH outlet gas temperature < 100 °C

- 6) Equipment stop procedure will be followed same as normal shutdown procedure.

Tab C.2.4**Interlocks and Protection**

Table of Contents

1 General

1.1 Two out of three protection

1.2 Median value selection

1.3 Unit protection system

2 Boiler Protection

2.1 Function

2.2 Master fuel trip

3 Master fuel trip Condition Detail

3.1 Reheater protection

3.2 Turbine trip

3.3 All flame loss

3.4 Unstable fuel supply

3.5 Both Forced draft fan stop

3.6 Both Induced draft fan stop

3.7 All Boiler feed water pump stop

3.8 Feed water flow low low

3.9 Main steam pressure high high

3.10 Furnace draft pressure high high

3.11 Furnace draft pressure low low

3.12 Water separator drain header level high high

3.13 Main steam temperature high high

3.14 Reheat steam temperature high high

3.15 Instrument air pressure low low

3.16 Cold reheat steam temp high high / condenser pressure high high / condenser level high high

3.17 Boiler / Steam turbine emergency trip pushbutton

3.18 Total air flow low low

3.19 All fuel loss

3.20 Boiler major control system serious trouble

1 General

This section provides the guideline for the boiler protection interlock. The objects of this section are the items within the scope of the boiler. The items included in the auxiliary equipment or plant system are not concerned in this section.

1.1 Two out of three protection

The thermal power plant has a substantial number of potential plant major equipment trips. To achieve the high level of plant reliability, it is necessary to avoid trips due to single sensor or wiring faults. To achieve acceptable results, two out of three protective logic is provided for critical protection. Two out of three protective logic requires three (3) process devices with three input cards to the process control system. This logic initiates the trip if any two of the three inputs activate a trip stage. Failure of one device will not initiate a trip.

1.2 Median value selection

The control, alarming and protective tripping input value are determined from the median selection of the three transmitter inputs. If the transmitter would fail, it is identified by the control system and its value is not counted in the median determination. This will typically be very high or low value depending upon the application. While the median selection block continues to select the median value, it is effectively based on the two remaining transmitters. The median selected output is utilized for the control, alarm and trip function. By the careful selection of the substitute value, at least two of the three transmitter values are required to be in the trip state or failed before a protective plant trip is initiated.

1.3 Unit protection system

The unit protection system is incorporated within the plant DCS. It is to monitor the operating status of the boiler, steam turbine/generator and auxiliary system and to initiate a master fuel trip (MFT) and/or steam turbine trip on the occurrence of any conditions under which continued operation of the unit shall be hazardous to plant personnel or damaging to equipment. The unit protection system interfaces with

the following systems,

- 1) Burner management system (including Boiler protection function)
- 2) Steam turbine/generator control system
- 3) Auxiliary control system related with plant trip

For the each systems detail description and specification, please refer to the each system's P&ID and System description.

2 Boiler Protection

2.1 Function

Boiler protection system shall be provided to assure safe operation of the Boiler. When serious accident or trouble of the boiler occurs, all the fuel input to the boiler shall be cut off immediately. This function is so called Master Fuel Trip (herein after MFT).

2.2 Master fuel trip

Master fuel trip command is initiated by any one of the following conditions being present

- 1) Reheater protection
- 2) Turbine trip (in case of Bypass valve not operating)
- 3) All flame loss
- 4) Unstable fuel supply
- 5) Both Forced draft fan stop
- 6) Both Induced draft fan stop
- 7) All Boiler feed water pump stop
- 8) Feed water flow low low (When boiler is being fired)
- 9) Main steam pressure high high
- 10) Furnace draft high high
- 11) Furnace draft low low

- 12) Water separator drain header level high high
- 13) Main steam temperature high high
- 14) Reheat steam temperature high high
- 15) Instrument air pressure low low
- 16) Cold reheat steam temp high high/ condenser pressure high high/ condenser level high high & Turbine trip
(* No. 16) is related with steam turbine trip only)
- 17) Boiler/ Steam turbine emergency trip pushbutton
- 18) Total air flow low low
- 19) All fuel loss
- 20) Boiler major control system serious trouble.

3 Master fuel trip condition detail

3.1 Reheater protection

Mater fuel trip is initiated to protect the reheater against burning in the case that excessive boiler heat input is charged longer than specified time in the state that the steam flow in the reheater line is blocked.

If the following condition is established, reheater protection will be activated.

Steam block condition and total fuel flow more than specified rate of BMCR (Boiler maximum continuous rating) for more than specified seconds.

3.2 Turbine trip (in case of Bypass valve not operating)

In the event of a turbine trip and the failure of the bypass valve opening, a master fuel trip will be initiated to prevent steam pressure from exceeding piping design limits. The tripping of the boiler will allow from a minimum of wear and tear on the boiler vent and safety valves that will need to be operated for an extended period to allow the boiler to cool. If HP an LP turbine bypass valves can be operated in time, the boiler will continue to fire and a mater fuel trip will not be initiated.

3.3 All flame loss

In boiler, adjacent burners on each burner elevation of the furnace support the combustion of each other. During normal operation, the operation is performed by each elevation (4 corners). Whether combustion is stable or not is judged by each elevation. When the safe combustion is not maintained in all elevations, master fuel trip is initiated.

If the burners on all of elevations are not operated, continued operation of the boiler is determined to be inappropriate.

3.4 Unstable fuel supply

In case of heavy fuel oil or atomizing steam pressure is dropped below the limit of burner safe operation , master fuel trip will be initiated judging the unstable combustion.

Also in case of distillate oil or atomizing air / steam pressure is dropped below the limit of burner safe operation, master fuel trip will be initiated judging the unstable combustion.

3.5 Both Forced draft fan stop

Generally in case of critical auxiliary equipment failure, it is not possible to continue the boiler operation. Especially the stopping of both forced draft fans need to stop of combustion and block of the fuel charge immediately. Since it means the impossibility of continuous operation of boiler, master fuel trip is initiated.

3.6 Both Induced draft fan stop

Generally in case of serious auxiliary equipment failure, it is not possible to continue the boiler operation. Especially the stoppage of both induced draft fans cause the accumulation of unburned fuel in the furnace or furnace explosion. Therefore master fuel trip is initiated.

3.7 All Boiler feed water pump stop

In once-through boiler the stopping of feed water during operation means boiler output is stopped, namely the impossibility of continuous operation. The master fuel trip due to stoppage of all boiler feed water pump is to prevent overheating and damage to water wall tubes caused by extreme unbalance of

water/fuel ratio.

3.8 Feed water flow low low

It is provided to prevent the damage to water wall. The low flow condition generally will initiate a timer to allow for corrective actions prior to the initiation of the master fuel trip. An excessively low flow or no flow indication will result in an instantaneous master fuel trip to prevent overheating and damage to the boiler water wall tubes.

3.9 Main steam pressure high high

When high pressure alarm for main steam line is initiated, it will be provided to alert the operator. The operator is required to take immediate action to restore the unit condition to the normal state.

If main steam pressure at boiler outlet continues to be higher than set point for some time period, the master fuel trip is initiated to prevent the over-pressurization of the boiler pressure part.

3.10 Furnace draft high high

When furnace draft pressure is high high, master fuel trip is initiated to minimize the damage due to abnormal combustion such as furnace explosion. The causes of furnace pressure abnormal rise are as follows,

- Explosion combustion attributable to abnormally high fuel/air ratio
- Closure of the combustion gas exhaust system such as erroneous closing of airheater inlet/outlet damper

In the event of exceeding the furnace design pressure, furnace wall and flue gas duct may be deformed abnormally. Therefore master fuel trip is provided to cut the fuel charge into the furnace immediately to ensure the safety of boiler.

The forced draft (FD) fans are also tripped if furnace draft pressure is beyond pressure set point.

3.11 Furnace draft low low

When furnace draft pressure is low low, master fuel trip is initiated to minimize the damage due to

abnormally low furnace pressure. The main cause of abrupt and abnormal drop of furnace pressure is the malfunction of furnace draft control system. Also abnormal combustion may result with the abnormal furnace pressure drop. In the event of exceeding furnace strength design pressure, furnace wall and flue gas duct may be deformed abnormally.

3.12 Water separator drain header level high high

The water separator drain header level high high trip is installed to prevent any water to turbine through the superheater header and steam tubes. This could result in steam line of superheater damage. Therefore a high level alarm and a high high level trip are provided to prevent it.

3.13 Main steam temperature high high

A high temperature alarm for main steam line will be provided to alert the operator to take corrective action. The operator is required to take immediate action to restore the unit condition to the normal state either by reducing his firing rate or utilizing desuperheater. If the corrective actions are not sufficient, a master fuel trip will be initiated to prevent the over heat of the superheater section

3.14 Reheat steam temperature high high

A high temperature alarm for reheat steam line will be provided to alert the operator to take corrective action. The operator is required to take immediate action to restore the unit condition to the normal state either by reducing his firing rate or utilizing desuperheater. If the corrective actions are not sufficient, a master fuel trip will be initiated to prevent the over heat of the reheat section

3.15 Instrument air pressure low low

When instrument air pressure reaches a low low level, a master fuel trip is initiated to prevent a major misoperation due to the lack of control air.

3.16 Cold reheat steam temp high high/ condenser pressure high high/ condenser level high high

When one of follow condition is occurred, steam turbine trip command is initiated.

- Cold reheat steam temp high high

- : The high high temperature protection is required to prevent the possibility of steam turbine damage due to overheating.
- Condenser pressure high high
 - : The high high pressure protection is required to minimize the possibility of last stage bucket fatigue damage and bucket or exhaust hood damage due to overheating.
- Condenser hotwell level high high
 - : The protection is required to assure that water does not reach the steam turbine last stage buckets while in operation. This could result in steam turbine equipment damage.

3.17 Boiler/ Steam turbine emergency trip pushbutton

These pushbuttons are for an emergency trip of the plant by the operator for the prevention of an incident that could result in a fatality or significant equipment damage and usually for an incident that would not have an inherent trip device built in.

3.18 Total air flow low low

The minimum total air flow to the furnace is set at 25% MCR. Boiler trip is initiated when the total air flow is below the specified setting to ensure enough air is provided to completely burn all of the fuel and prevent the accumulation of uncombusted fuel inside the furnace.

3.19 All fuel loss

When any burner valve is once opened and then all the burner valves are closed regardless of the plant condition, MFT is initiated to require the furnace purging of the charged fuel and leak test before burner re-firing.

3.20 Boiler major control system serious trouble

In order to continue safe and stable boiler operation, it is fundamental that the major control system functions normally. If any abnormal case occurs that the major control system is not manually operated continuously, MFT is initiated.

Tab C.2.5**Emergency Operation**

Table of Contents

1 General

- 1.1 Internal Causes**
- 1.2 Judgment and Shutdown Pattern**

2 Emergency Shutdown-Internal Cause

- 2.1 Master Fuel Trip (MFT)**
- 2.2 Tube Leakage**
- 2.3 Loss of Feedwater**
- 2.4 Sea Water Leakage into condenser**
- 2.5 Desuperheater Trouble**
- 2.6 Furnace Explosion**

3 Emergency Shutdown-External Cause

- 3.1 Blackout**
- 3.2 Earthquake**
- 3.3 Fire in the Plant**

4 Restart after Emergency shutdown

- 4.1 Decision of Restart**
- 4.2 Restart**

5 Loss of AC Power

- 5.1 BCP**
- 5.2 Motor Operated Valves**

6 Operation under Fault conditions

- 6.1 List of Fault conditions**
- 6.2 Description of Response under fault conditions**

1 General

It is quite normal to come across some emergency conditions during boiler plant operation. There are some cases which warrant an emergency shutdown of the plant. The cause of an emergency can be internal or external. Some of the most common emergency conditions that arise in a power plant are :

1.1 Internal Causes

- 1) Actuation of Master Fuel Trip
- 2) Tube Leakage
- 3) Loss of Feedwater
- 4) Sea Water Leakage into Condenser
- 5) Desuperheater Trouble
- 6) Furnace Explosion

MFT is a protective function, which is initiated due to various malfunctions in the plant system, which warrants a shutdown. Reasons for MFT are detailed in section C.2.4 Interlocks and Protections.

Items 2 to 6 are associated with Boiler Pressure Parts, Main and Reheat Steam System and are described in this manual.

- 1) Blackout
- 2) Earthquake
- 3) Fire in Plant

All items under this category are of general nature and are described in this manual.

1.2 Judgment and Shutdown Pattern

There are two kinds of emergency shutdown patterns. One is automatic shutdown and the other is

manual shutdown.

The automatic shutdown is designed for protection of the equipment or system of the Boiler. If some problem occurs on the equipment and it exceeds operational limit, the protection systems stops the equipment. The largest protection systems are BIR (Boiler Interlock System) and TIR (Turbine Interlock System)

BIR is generally called MFT (Master fuel Trip). Exactly saying, BIR generate MFT signal and transfer it to APC System, Sequence Logics, etc.

If some dangerous conditions for example, Feed water flow low, is detected during normal operation and that condition is continued, the boiler may be damaged seriously. To protect the boiler, BIR actuate MFT and all fuel input is shut off immediately. As long as the boiler is shutdown by MFT, the boiler is not damaged and can be restarted after removal of cause of the trouble.

As a case for manual shutdown, if fire occurs for example at the boiler burner area and it is spreading quickly, (the fire is out of BIR scope and boiler continues in operation) the boiler must be shutdown and all fuel system are also to be shutdown by manual MFT actuation from CCR to avoid more severe danger /damage and then fire fighting must be started.

For this example, manual push button is provided in the BIR system. In an emergency, a responsible person such as "Shift Charge Engineer" must decide whether or not to make manual trip or not by checking seriousness of trouble.

The responsible person must decide whether or not evacuation of personnel to the safe area from the power house is necessary. The operators and maintainers must follow with the order given by responsible person.

2 Emergency Shutdown-Internal Cause

2.1 Master Fuel Trip (MFT)

The MFT is the most important protective function of the boiler. The MFT is provided to protect the boiler itself from overpressure caused by steam rejection of steam turbine and protected from overheating caused by unbalance of fuel input against feed water flow. It also protects the boiler from explosion by unstable firing condition by detecting several items concerning fuel and combustion air.

When MFT is actuated, the following occurs.

- 1) All BFPs are stopped
- 2) All burner valves and emergency shut off valve are closed. Oil pump is kept running.
- 3) Main steam turbine is tripped by MFT.
- 4) SH and RH desuperheater spray water valves are closed.
- 5) FDF, RAH, IDF are kept running at 30 % air flow.
- 6) Condenser system is operated keeping vacuum in condenser shell.

If MFT actuates, the operator must take following action:

- 1) The operator must check that operating equipments are running steady and plant area is safe for persons for action to next step.
- 2) The operator must investigate the cause of the trip and report to the responsible persons.
- 3) For investigation of trip cause, use the event recorder and trend recorder of DCS.
- 4) The responsible person must decide to restart or shutdown of the plant as soon as possible.

2.2 Tube Leakage

- 1) Steam leaking from the boiler tube may damage the adjacent tubes or pressure part assemblies via steam cutting. When a tube leak is found, the boiler must be shutdown immediately and repair work must be done after forced cooling of the unit. The following conditions indicate that a significant proportion of tube leak has occurred:
 - Increase of feed water flow rate or make up water flow rate
 - Drop in the economizer outlet flue gas temperature

- Existence of loud sounds resulting from steam leaking
 - Existence of water leakage from casing or furnace bottom
 - Fluctuation of furnace draft
 - Increase of white smoke from chimney
 - Increase of IDF blade pitch position.
- 2) Check the damaged portion for the conditions mentioned above. Observation port must not be unnecessarily opened.
- 3) In case that WS level can be maintained with effective feed water control and firing condition is stable, perform normal shutdown.
- 4) In case that WS level cannot be maintained with feed water control ineffective and firing condition is unstable, all fuel input and feed water system must be shutdown or cutoff.
- 5) After furnace purge, forced cooling will be performed.
- 6) When WS inlet temperature and ECO outlet flue gas temperature reach required temperature levels, air and gas draft system could be shutdown.
- 7) The draft system equipment must be de-energized and/or isolated.
- 8) The boiler may be drained, if necessary in order to perform the repair works.
- 9) The furnace and boiler must be properly cooled before personnel enter into the boiler for either inspection or repair activities. O₂ concentration in the furnace, secondary pass and working space must be more than 21 %.

2.3 Loss of Feedwater

When the feed water stops, stop supplying the fuel completely by actuating MFT.

2.4 Sea Water Leakage into Condenser

The condenser tube does not leak a large amount of water, and the leak is normally found by checking the water analysis data on the feed water and/or condensate water.

The salinity matter in the sea water deposits on internal surface of the boiler tube. The deposit increases the pressure drop of the boiler system and also it causes corrosion on inside surface of the boiler tubes. Therefore, it is very important to keep water quality as specified and always check for abnormal indication. If it becomes clear that the leakage of sea water occurred, quick decision must be done for shutting down of the boiler to reduce the influence of salty water in the main cycle.

If salty water entry to boiler is suspected and confirmed by water analysis, then it is recommended to stop the unit and then do water washing of the boiler pressure parts including the SH and RH DeSH spray water lines. Boiler to be restarted after ensuring water quality has reached back to the normal standard values.

2.5 Desuperheater Trouble

Desuperheater (DSH) for SH and RH are important equipment to control steam temperature during boiler operation.

In a case that one of the desuperheater control valves leak or malfunction, this may cause a much lower steam temperature due to excessive spray injection or it may be a too high steam temperature due to shorter spray injection, downstream of the desuperheater.

Water injection to SH/RH heating surface due to excessive spray injection may lead to temperature imbalance among tube panels and deformation of tube panels.

Higher metal temperatures of SH/RH, due to shorter spray injection, may lead to overheat or consumption of tube life.

As a countermeasure, the input demand and feedback signal of desuperheater control valve are monitored continuously by DCS. When the deviation exceeds the preset value alarm and changeover from auto mode to manual mode are executed.

In case of desuperheater control valve leak, gland packing should be tightened additionally. If required, the gland packing may be replaced in accordance with the vendor manual.

If it becomes clear that trouble in the desuperheater line have occurred, a quick decision must be made for shutting down the boiler.

2.6 Furnace Explosion

In general, furnace explosion may be caused by any one of the following conditions.

- 1) Ignition is imperfect or unburned fuel is in furnace without ignition.
- 2) The mixed ratio of unburned fuel and air is within an explosive limit
- 3) There is a sufficient heating source in furnace that raises the temperature of mixed gas above their ignition point.

Furnace explosion can be avoided during boiler operation by means of paying attention to the following items:

- 1) Inlet valves of unused burner to be fully closed and properly seated so that possible leakage of fuel into furnace is eliminated.
- 2) Combustion conditions should be constantly monitored so that in the event of an unexpected flameout, fuel to the boiler can be quickly shut off
- 3) In case of flameout, airflow rate must be maintained and a furnace purge must be completed prior to re-ignition
- 4) In case that fuel ignition is not proven within a few seconds, the fuel supply should be cut off and a furnace purge initiated prior to attempting a re-ignition sequence.

The Boiler should be immediately shutdown following a furnace explosion, after cutting off fuel. Boiler shall be cooled by running FD/ID fans following forced cooling procedure. Inspection shall be carried out after temperatures are down for the safe entry of personnel and repairs done. All areas of the boiler shall be checked for possible damages caused by the explosion.

3 Emergency Shutdown-External Cause

3.1 Blackout

Black out of the plant occurs due to grid fault and all running generators trip. This means all power supplies to the plant are lost completely.

Three (3) emergency diesel generators (EDG) of 8.7MW are connected directly to the 13.8kV Emergency switchgear. The EDG Switchgear will be constantly energized from Common Station Switchgear and will allow the Emergency Diesel Gen sets to be pre-warmed and pre-lubricated and the starting air bottle to be pressurized constantly. In the event of blackout, two of three sets of emergency generator will be started automatically through programmable sequence to provide power to the essential loads for both unit and common electrical loads in case of overall main power has failed.

The bus tie circuit breakers of the 13.8kV emergency SWGR will be normally closed condition. One of the emergency generator will energize the 13.8kV emergency SWGR bus with dead bus condition first and another emergency generator will engage by the synchronizing function to the 13.8kV emergency SWGR bus.

After the EDG output voltage reaches more than 90% of nominal value, the outgoing circuit breaker of the EDG will be closed to the emergency switchgear sequentially. The EDG will feed power supply to essential loads connected to the switchgears in power plant area through the 13.8kV emergency switchgears.

When blackout occurs, DC EOP starts automatically since it is always connected to 220V battery system. The battery system is always supplying AC power to control system through inverter to avoid any influences of normal AC current around the power plant and additionally supplies DC power to following DC motors during an emergency.

- Emergency oil pump for main turbine

- Emergency oil pump for BFPT
- Emergency seal oil pump for generator
- Furnace TV camera & Flame detector cooling air fan
- Vacuum breaker valve

The batteries are continuously charged when the battery system is in service by battery charger even getting AC power from emergency diesel generator during black out.

The EOP supplies lubricating oil to the turbine bearings, until the TOP is started after EDG starts feeding the essential power.

The EDG starts automatically detecting low voltage of the system and supplies power to following equipment :

- BCP cooling water pump
- PAF lubrication oil pump
- FDF control oil pump
- AH motor
- AH lubrication oil pump
- AH sector plate drive motor
- IDF seal oil pump
- IDF seal air fan
- IDF control oil pump

- Main turbine turning gear
- Jacking oil pump
- Main oil tank vapor extractor fan
- Loop seal vapor extractor fan
- Seal oil pump
- Vacuum pump
- BFPT turning gear
- Boiler elevator
- Power for HVAC
- Essential light
- Inverter for battery charger

During power loss, control system is kept ready for next action and large rotating equipment have suitable lubrication by DC operated motor or AC motor, which get power from DC battery system or EDG.

The power supply system must be re-energized after check for restart preparation. DC motor operated pumps must be stopped after normal service pumps are in service. The EDG must be put in stand-by condition after the power plant is energized by normal power.

The unit can be started after all systems are ready for hot start.

3.2 Earthquake

Boiler proper is hanged from boiler structure and horizontal force made by the earthquake is transferred to the structure through boiler stoppers.

Swing of the boiler is stopped by the stopper that is installed on buckstay at 3 elevations.

For strong earthquake, the boiler stoppers may be broken to avoid damage on the boiler structure by excess force. After the earthquake, the boiler stopper must be inspected for deformation and clearance between stopper and buckstay.

The rotating equipments are on a common foundation and therefore, rotor and bearings swing together. This means no troubles if the earthquake is mild.

As the piping is supported by separate structure, the possibilities of the damages by earthquake are considerably high. Operators must check the damages of piping as soon as possible after the earth quake.

Inspection of boiler pressure parts is recommended, considering the structural integrity of the steam cooled spacer and girdling tubes.

3.3 Fire in the Plant

All operators and maintainers must know the position and route of safety exit of power house and auxiliary buildings.

All persons in the power plant must follow with shift charge engineer's direction in emergency case.

All operators must know the procedure concerning the equipment to be stopped and equipment to be kept running such as lubrication oil pump of main turbine.

4 Restart after Emergency shutdown

4.1 Decision of Restart

Make sure the following before restarting the system

- 1) Cause of the emergency shutdown is solved completely.
- 2) Visual inspections performed and no damages or abnormal situations found.
- 3) Power system is available to receive and supply power to auxiliaries for restart.
- 4) All the plant systems are ready for restart from DCS.

4.2 Restart

Restart after short time outage is called “hot start”. Very hot start requires high temperature steam because turbine metal temperature is still high. To get high temperature steam for turbine start, followings are important points.

- 1) Early stage of boiler start, steam temperature at boiler SH outlet is not high as that of turbine metal and main steam pipe. If low temperature steam flow through main steam pipe, pipe metal temperature drops and heat and time are required for heating it again due to huge heat volume of thick pipe. It is therefore important to prevent to cool down of main steam pipe during steam temperature at boiler outlet is lower than main steam pipe.
- 2) On the other hand, to get higher steam temperature at boiler outlet, higher fuel input is necessary and high fuel input generates more steam in the boiler. It becomes necessary to release the steam to out of boiler system to control steam pressure at desired value. To release the steam, SH drain lines are fully used during SH outlet steam temperature is low. However, since the reheaters have no flow of steam during the boiler parameter raising, the fuel firing rate shall be restricted to maintain furnace flue gas outlet temperature <550 °C.
- 3) After SH outlet steam temperature reaches desired temperature (by 3ry SH outlet header drain valve operation), the steam in the boiler could be discharged to condenser through main steam drain and turbine bypass system. The steam pressure and steam temperature could be controlled following normal procedure, taking care of the RH metal temperature.
- 4) Careful observation for any steaming in ECO shall be done.

- 5) Water wall metal temperature is also observed to avoid excessive temperature difference.

5 Loss of AC Power

Loss of AC power to different equipment is another type of emergency condition in the power plant. The action to be taken by the operator under such conditions is identified and briefed in the following paragraphs for the various equipments in the Boiler Pressure Parts, Main Steam and Reheat Steam System.

5.1 BCP

The BCP is operated during low load operation in the wet mode including start up and shutdown. The provision of BCP enhances the heat recovery during startup. During normal operation, BCP is OFF.

In case of loss of AC power to BCP during normal operation of plant under dry mode, there is no immediate effect on the system.

However, if the loss of AC is during startup or shutdown with BCP in service, then the effect shall be as follows;

Feedwater flow through furnace has to be maintained at a minimum flow of 25% Load in a supercritical boiler during startup or shutdown.

If loss of AC to BCP is during startup, boiler is tripped by actuating MFT, on low feed water flow to protect the boiler. However, boiler can be restarted, after selecting BCP outmode in APS. There will be delay in achieving steam parameters for turbine startup, since heat is lost in condenser by dumping water through WDC valves (Normally the heat picked up is retained in the system because of BCP re-circulating the water back to economizer inlet).

If loss of AC to BCP is during shutdown, then boiler is tripped by actuating MFT, on low feed water

flow to protect the boiler.

5.2 Motor Operated Valves

All motor operated valves are provided with hand wheel for manual operation, in case of emergency.

During normal operation of the plant, the motor operated valves are either open or closed. Hence, in case of loss of AC power, if the valve is to be opened or closed, the operator can get it done through local operator manually.

6 Operation under Fault Conditions

During the plant operation, it is quite normal to come across some fault conditions due to equipment malfunction or high deviation of operating parameters from normal operating range. Where ever standby equipment is provided, they come into service automatically on tripping of any in-service equipment.

This has been built in the control system philosophy and the fault condition is annunciated at DCS. However, when other fault conditions occur, they are brought into the operating personnel's attention by audible and visual alarms. The operating personnel are to respond under such circumstances to correct the situation.

Some of the most common process fault conditions in Boiler Pressure Parts, Main & Reheat Steam System and the possible operator responses to the alarm/annunciation are described hereunder.

6.1 List of Fault conditions

- 1) Feed water Flow Low
 - 2) Economizer Outlet Feedwater Temperature High
 - 3) Furnace Outlet Fluid Temperature High
 - 4) Boiler Outlet Main Steam Pressure High
-

- 5) Main Steam Temperature High
- 6) RH Steam Temperature High
- 7) 1ry/2ry/3ry SH Metal Temperature High
- 8) 1ry/2ry RH Metal Temperature High
- 9) BCP Cavity Temperature High/High-High
- 10) BCP Motor Cooler Secondary Cooling Water Return Flow Low
- 11) WS DT Level High/Low

6.2 Description of Response under Fault conditions

The fault conditions are alarmed in the DCS and the operator is expected to respond and take action to correct the situation, so that the plant and equipment are not damaged and there is no harm to the personnel working nearby.

Each fault condition is described in the response table as follows:

- Alarm title, Initiating device and Set point are indicated and then the possible causes of such a fault condition are detailed from the past experience.
- The consequence of the fault condition, if left unattended, is indicated and the possible immediate action to safeguard/limit the damage is described.
- The follow up action subsequent to the above response is listed so that the plant/equipment under fault conditions is rectified and either brought back to service or kept as standby.

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 1. FEEDWATER FLOW LOW / LOW-LOW

Initiating Device : Flow Transmitter 01/02/03/04HAG10CF001A/B/C
Flow Transmitter 01/02/03/04LAB20CF001A/B/C

Set Point : < 495Ton/hr / < 410 Ton/hr

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. BCP trip (during wet mode operation).
 2. Malfunction of feedwater flow controller.
 3. Possible BFP trip.
 4. Malfunction of BR valve (during wet mode operation).
 5. Malfunction of flow transmitter.
 6. Leakage by damage of upstream equipment.
-

Consequences :

1. Furnace water wall tube overheating and possible tube failure.
 2. Possible MFT actuation, if flow goes down to < 410 Ton/hr.
-

Immediate Action :

1. Verify the feedwater flow at flow transmitter indicator at local.
 2. Take the control of feedwater controller to manual mode and increase feedwater flow.
 3. Reduce fuel firing rate.
-

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify supervisor.
 2. Check and rectify the auto functioning of feedwater controller.
 3. Check the auto functioning of BR valve.
 4. Calibrate the flow transmitter, if necessary.
 5. Check the leakage of upstream equipment.
 6. If MFT actuates, restart the boiler following normal operation procedure.
-
-

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 2. ECONOMIZER OUTLET FEEDWATER TEMPERATURE HIGH

Initiating Device : Temperature Elements 01/02/03/04HAC11/16CT001A/B

Set Point : Variable set point (Saturation temperature – 5°C)

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Higher air flow (Excess air high) than normal.
2. Higher flue gas temperature at economizer inlet, than normal.
3. Economizer steaming due to sudden decrease in boiler pressure.
4. Higher BCP recirculation flow during wet mode operation.
5. Malfunction of temperature elements.

Consequences :

1. Economizer tube and furnace water wall tube overheating.
2. Possible tube failure, if the situation is allowed to continue for long.

Immediate Action :

1. Increase feedwater flow from BFP and reduce BCP recirculation flow.
2. Reduce air flow, if economizer inlet O2 content is higher than normal.
3. Reduce unit load/fuel firing rate.

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify supervisor.
2. Closely watch the furnace wall outlet temperature.
3. Shutdown the unit, if economizer tube leakage is confirmed.
4. Calibrate the temperature elements, if necessary.

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 3. FURNACE OUTLET FLUID TEMPERATURE HIGH

Initiating Device : Temperature Elements 01/02/03/04HAD21/22/26/27CT001

Set Point : Variable set point (Saturation temperature + 15°C)

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Feedwater flow low.
2. Water/Fuel ratio control malfunction.
3. Low excess air operation.
4. Malfunction of temperature elements.
5. Malfunction of 1ry and 2ry SH outlet DeSH spray water CV.

Consequences :

1. Furnace water wall tube overheating.
2. Possible tube failure, if the situation is allowed to continue for long.

Immediate Action :

1. Increase feedwater flow from BFP and reduce BCP recirculation flow, if under wet mode operation.
2. Increase air flow, if economizer inlet O2 content is lower than normal.
3. Reduce unit load/fuel firing rate.

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify supervisor.
2. Check for burner tilt stuck up and rectify for auto operation.
3. Check and rectify water/fuel ratio auto function.
4. Calibrate the temperature elements, if necessary.
5. Check and rectify the 1ry and 2ry SH DeSH spray water CV control.

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 4. MAIN STEAM PRESSURE HIGH/HIGH-HIGH

Initiating Device : Pressure Transmitter 01/02/03/04LBA11/12CP001A/B/C

Set Point : >267 barg / > 299 barg

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Rapid load reduction due to load fluctuation.
 2. Malfunction of Water/Fuel Ratio Controller.
 3. Failure of Turbine Bypass backup control.
 4. Malfunction of pressure transmitters.
 5. Malfunction of feedwater flow control.
-

Consequences :

1. Possible main steam line ERV operation, if pressure increases further to 283 barg.
 2. Possible MFT actuation if pressure increases to 299 barg.
 3. Possible damage to pressure parts, if over pressure operation is continued for long periods.
-

Immediate Action :

1. Verify the main steam pressure.
 2. Open turbine bypass valve, after taking control to manual mode, if pressure is increasing continuously.
 3. Put boiler master into manual mode and reduce boiler input demand manually.
 4. If pressure continues to increase, after confirming that ERV is opened and safety valve stopper is removed, open the main steam line ERV.
-

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify the shift supervisor.
 2. Check and rectify turbine bypass backup control.
 3. Check and rectify the functioning of feedwater control.
 4. Calibrate the pressure transmitters, if necessary.
 5. If MFT actuates, restart the boiler following normal operation procedure.
-
-

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 5. MAIN STEAM TEMPERATURE HIGH / HIGH-HIGH

Initiating Device : Temperature Elements 01/02/03/04LAB11/12CT501A/B/C

Set Point : >550°C / >600 °C

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Higher fuel input due to Water Fuel Ratio Control malfunction.
2. Malfunction of 1ry and /or 2ry SH outlet DeSH spray water CV.
3. High excess air operation.
4. Malfunction of the temperature elements.

Consequences :

1. Possible damage to 3rySH tubes and headers due to overheating.
2. Possible damage to turbine internals.
3. Possible MFT actuation if temperature increases to 600 °C

Immediate Action :

1. Verify the 2ry & 3ry SH metal temperatures.
2. Verify the steam temperature before and after 2ry DeSH.
3. Put the 2ry SH outlet DeSH spray water CV into manual mode and increase the spray water.
4. Reduce excess air to normal value, if necessary after taking control to Manual mode.

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify the shift supervisor.
 2. Check and rectify the 2rySH outlet DeSH spray control valve auto operation.
 3. Check and calibrate /replace the temperature element, if necessary.
 4. If MFT actuates, restart the boiler following normal operation procedure.
-

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 6. RH STEAM TEMPERATURE HIGH / HIGH-HIGH

Initiating Device : Temperature Elements 01/02/03/04LBB11/12CT001A/B/C

Set Point : >550°C / >600 °C

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Higher fuel input due to Boiler Master malfunction.
2. Malfunction of gas distribution damper control and burner tilt control.
3. Emergency backup RH DeSH spray control valve malfunction.
4. Malfunction of the temperature elements.

Consequences :

1. Possible damage to RH tubes and headers due to overheating.
 2. Possible damage to IP turbine internals.
 3. Possible MFT actuation if temperature increases to 600 °C
-

Immediate Action :

1. Verify the 1ry & 2ry RH metal temperatures.
 2. Verify the steam temperature before and after 2ry DeSH.
 3. Put the RH DeSH spray water CV into manual mode and increase the spray water.
 4. Reduce the GR fan flow, after taking control to manual mode.
-

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify the shift supervisor.
 2. Check and rectify the RH DESH spray control valve operation.
 3. Check and rectify the gas distribution damper control auto function.
 4. Check and rectify the function of burner tilt control.
 5. Check and calibrate/ replace the temperature element, if necessary.
-

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 7. SH METAL TEMPERATURE HIGH / HIGH-HIGH

Initiating Device : Various metal temperature thermocouples in the 1ry /2ry /3ry SH tubes

Set Point : Variable set point depending on operating pressure.

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Higher fuel input due to Water/Fuel Ratio Control malfunction.
 2. Malfunction of DeSH spray water CV.
 3. Malfunction of the temperature elements.
-

Consequences :

1. Possible damage to SH tubes and headers due to overheating.
 2. Possible increase in main steam temperature and each stage SH outlet temperature and increase in spray water flow.
-

Immediate Action :

1. Verify the SH tube metal temperature in other tubes..
 2. Reduce load and check for the reducing tendency in the SH metal temperature.
 3. Verify the DeSH inlet and outlet steam temperature.
 4. Put the DeSH spray water CV into manual mode and increase the spray water
-

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify the shift supervisor.
 2. Check and rectify the DeSH spray control valve auto operation.
 3. Check and calibrate / replace the temperature element, if necessary.
-
-

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 8. RH METAL TEMPERATURE HIGH / HIGH-HIGH

Initiating Device : Various metal temperature thermocouples in the 1ry /2ry SH tubes

Set Point : Variable set point depending on operating pressure.

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Higher fuel input due to Water/Fuel Ratio Control malfunction.
 2. Reduced cold reheat steam flow, due to higher extraction steam from HP turbine.
 3. Failure of emergency backup RH DeSH spray water control.
 4. Malfunction of the temperature elements.
-

Consequences :

1. Possible damage to RH tubes and headers due to overheating.
 2. Increase in RH steam temperature to turbine and associated problems
-

Immediate Action :

1. Verify the RH tube metal temperature in other tubes..
 2. Verify the RH inlet and outlet steam temperature.
 3. Put the DeSH spray water CV into manual mode and increase the spray water.
-

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify the shift supervisor.
 2. Check and rectify the auto functioning of RH DeSH spray control valve.
 3. Check and replace the temperature element, if necessary.
 4. Check and rectify the auto operation of burner tilt control..
-
-

ALARAM RESPONSE

Alarm Title : 9. BCP CAVITY TEMPERATURE HIGH/HIGH-HIGH

Initiating Device : Temperature Elements 01/02/03/04HAG10CT012A/B/C

Set Point : >60 °C / >65 °C

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Low cooling water flow through BCP heat barrier.
 2. Possible higher cooling water inlet temperature.
 3. Failure of emergency cooling water backup, when normal CCCW supply not available.
 4. Malfunction of temperature elements.
-

Consequences :

1. Possible damage to motor windings, if temperature goes up further
 2. BCP trips, if cavity temperature goes higher to >65°C.
-

Immediate Action :

1. Verify the CCCW supply temperature.
 2. Verify the heat barrier cooling water flow through sight glass.
 3. Monitor the motor cooling water temperature in the local indicator.
 4. Inject purge water manually, if necessary.
-

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify the shift supervisor.
 2. Continue injection of the purge water manually.
 3. Supply emergency cooling water by opening the air operated ON/OFF valves, if CCCW supply fails.
 4. Calibrate the temperature elements, if necessary.
-

ALARAM RESPONSE

10.BCP MOTOR COOLER SECONDARY COOLING WATER

Alarm Title : RETURN FLOW LOW

Initiating Device : Flow Switch 01/02/03/04PGB36CF101

Set Point : <70% of water flow

Possible Cause(s) of Alarm :

1. Inadvertent closure of isolation valve in CCCW supply / return lines.
 2. Possible cooling water supply failure.
 3. Malfunction of flow switch.
-

Consequences :

1. Increase in BCP motor winding temperature, and possible damage to motor windings.
 2. Possible BCP trip, if motor windings temperature goes High-High.
-

Immediate Action :

1. Verify the CCCW flow at the flow sight in return line.
 2. Check for any increase in the circulating motor cooling water temperature, at local indicator after cooler, from the normal value.
 3. Check the CCCW return cooling water temperature at the local indicator.
 4. Open the CCCW supply/return line isolation valves, if found closed.
-

Follow Up Action :

1. Notify shift supervisor.
 2. Establish normal values for CCCW return water flow.
 3. Perform calibration of the flow switch, if necessary.
-
-

Tab C.2.6**Boiler Preservation Procedure**

Table of Contents

1 General

1.1 Introduction

2 Procedure

2.1 Boiler General

2.2 Detail Boiler Preservation Procedure

1 General

1.1 Introduction

The document describes the basic procedure of boiler preservation.

In this procedure, the preservation procedures of auxiliary equipment such as Fan or AH and some instruments are not mentioned. The preservation procedure for these items should follow the each manufacture O & M manual from vendor.

2 Procedure

2.1 Boiler General

As for the boiler preservation after unit shut down completion, operator should decide by referring to the below table according to the unit shut down period. The preservation condition should be changed as per each water treatment operation (AVT or CWT)

Treatment of boiler preservation (AVT)

ITEM	1~3days		4~7days	8~30days	Over 30days
	~32hours	~72hours			
Boiler	Hot banking		Wet lay up by the N2H4 water more than 50ppm x concentration*2	Wet lay up by the N2H4 water more than 50ppm x kept weeks concentration*2	Wet lay up by the N2H4 water more than 500ppm concentration*2
SH&MS pipe	Close all valves		Sealed by pressurized N2 (more than 0.3bar)*1		
RH&RS pipe			Dry Lay up or Sealed by pressurized N2 (more than 0.3bar)*1		

* 1 During boiler preservation period, check the pressure of N₂ gas every day.

*2 Concentration of N₂H₄ is only for deaerated water. If it is not, wet lay up by N₂H₄ water more than 500ppm concentration.

Treatment of boiler preservation (CWT)

ITEM	1~3days *1		4~7days *2	8~30days *2	Over 30days *2
	~32hours	~72hours			
Boiler	Hot banking		Dry lay up or Layup with AVT water and N2 sealing	Dry lay up or Sealed by pressurized N2 (more than 0.3bar)*4	Dry lay up or Sealed by pressurized N2 (more than 0.3bar)*4
SH&MS pipe	Close all valves		Sealed by pressurized N2 (more than 0.3bar)*4		
RH&RS pipe			Dry Lay up or Sealed by pressurized N2 (more than 0.3bar)*4		

*1 The unit shall be shutdown under CWT condition for 1-3 days preservation.

*2 The unit shall be changed over to AVT operation before 2 hours of shut down for over 4 days preservation (without N2H4 injections).

*3 In case of emergency shutdown or unit trip, and the unit can not be started in 32 hours, the boiler water has to be drained out by opening all drain valves including manual drain valves because the boiler tube inside become under corrosive atmosphere.

*4 During boiler preservation period, check the pressure of N2 gas every day.

*5 If vacuum condition of condenser is maintained, the preservation procedure must be the same as the one in 32 hours preservation.

*6 When the unit is shutdown under AVT condition without N2H4, the unit has to be started up under same condition (AVT without N2H4) and changed over to CWT operation after the water quality criteria is satisfied.

2.2 Detailed Boiler Preservation Procedure

Previous requirements and general condition before preservation start

- 1) Boiler is MFT condition.
- 2) Boiler forced cooling is in progress.
- 3) Condenser vacuum pressure is kept.
- 4) The chemical injection system and boiler feed water system is available.
- 5) The required instruments are properly installed and functional.
- 6) Flush pipe drain pit pump is put into service.

- 7) Neutralization pit is available.
- 8) Nitrogen cylinder is prepared, (if require)

Detailed Boiler Preservation Operation (Dry lay up)

- 1) After completion of boiler MFT, each drain valve for SH and RH is opened to decrease the pressure.
The timing of open each valve is depended on the boiler remaining pressure.
In case of N2 seal, N2 injection starts (N2 pressure set; 0.3~0.6 bar) when boiler pressure reaches 10 bar. Open SH and MS drain valves one by one for about 10 minutes to remove the remaining drain.
- 2) Confirm boiler water wall outlet temperature is less than 93°C.
- 3) Confirm M-BFP is stopped. Then open the all boiler blow valve to empty out the boiler water.
In case of N2 seal, drain out boiler water with N2 injection and vent valves kept close position.
- 4) Confirm all boiler water has been emptied out.
In case of N2 seal, close all drain valve and keep N2 pressure 0.3~0.6 bar in the boiler.

Detailed Boiler Preservation Operation (Wet lay up)

- 1) After completion of boiler MFT, start boiler forced cooling down sequence.
In case of N2 seal, N2 injection starts (N2 pressure set; 0.3~0.6kg/cm²) when boiler pressure reaches 10kg/cm². Open SH and MS drain valves one by one for about 10 minutes to remove the remaining drain.
Prepare the chemical dosing system for N2H4 injection.
Generally, N2H4 water filling from pre-boiler system with M-BFP. Start N2H4 injection when T -wwo < 200°C.
- 2) Preservation will be completed when the N2H4 concentration of feed water at WS drain reach to target value.
- 3) Stop M-BFP, and vacuum break if required.
In case of N2 seal, close all drain valve and keep N2 pressure 0.3~0.6kg/cm² in the boiler.

Tab C.2.7**Sub-System P&I Diagram**

GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES. ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING. VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. ISOLATE PIPE SHALL BE REMOVED DURING NORMAL OPERATION.
2. WATER FLUSHING CONNECTION Q'TY : DN125 x 4EA.
3. FLOW COMPENSATION USING PT-01HAC11/16CP001, TE-01HAC11/16CT001A/B
4. SPOOL FOR CHEMICAL CLEANING TO BE WELDED AFTER CHEMICAL CLEANING

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
▪	▪
▪	▪
▪	▪
▪	▪

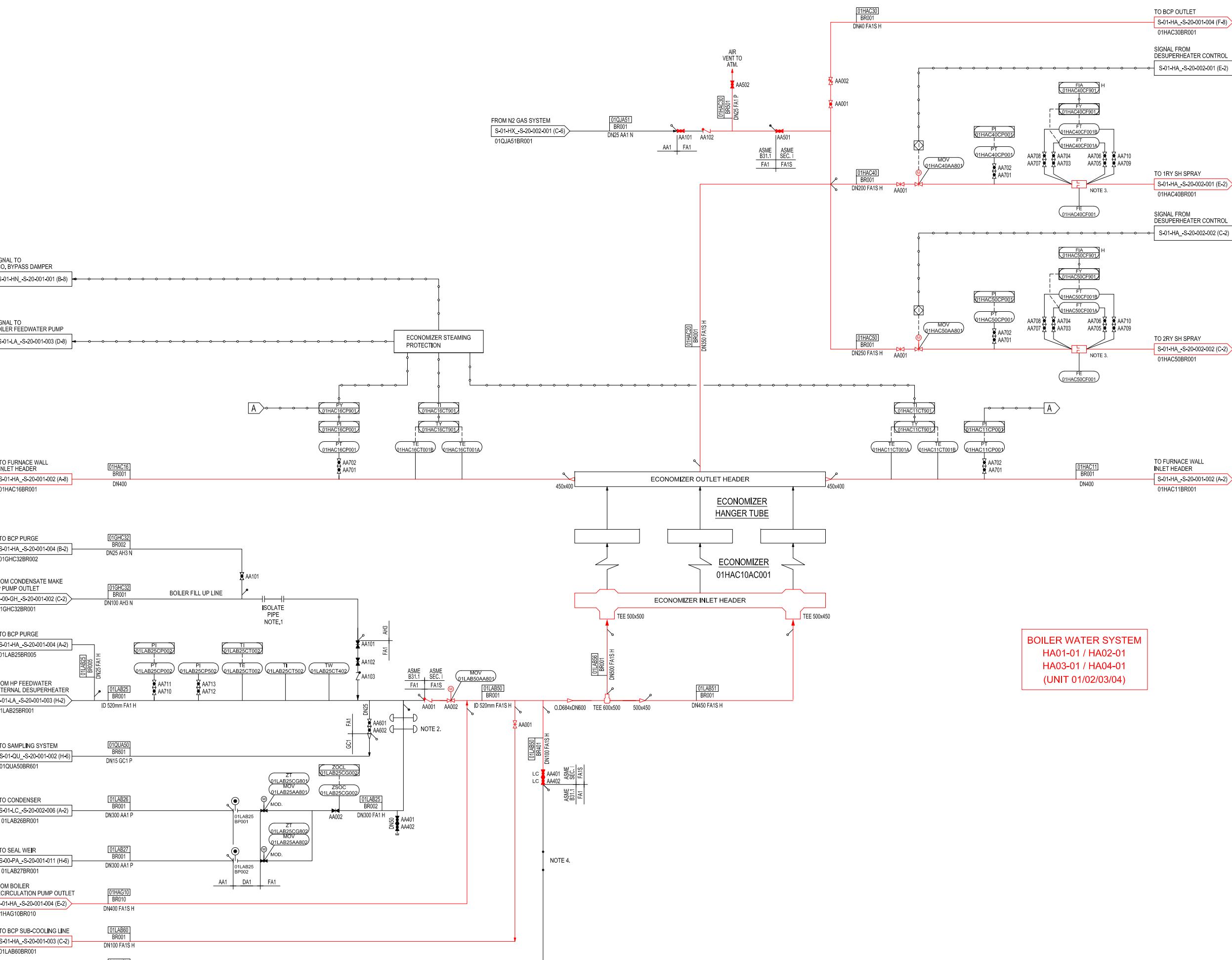
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED
PROJECT					
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
2	12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
1	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
0	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE

SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT
OWNER **الشركة السعودية للكهرباء** Saudi Electricity Company

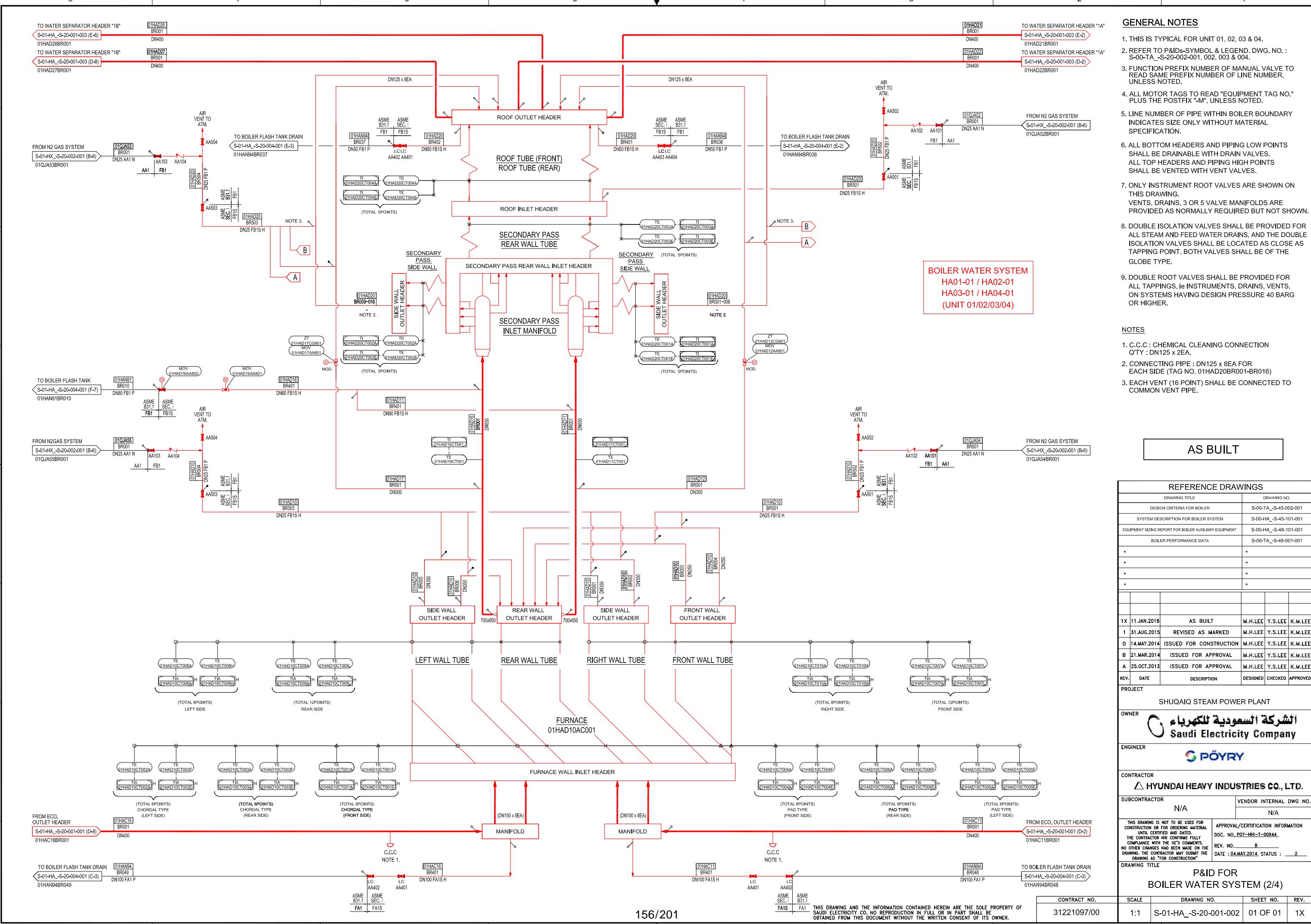
ENGINEER **PÖRY**
CONTRACTOR **HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.**
SUBCONTRACTOR N/A VENDOR INTERNAL DWG. NO. N/A

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED BY THE CONTRACTOR HHI. CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY MAKE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".
APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION
DOC. NO. PÖY-HHI-T-00943
REV. NO. B
DATE : 04.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2
DRAWING TITLE P&ID FOR BOILER WATER SYSTEM (1/4)

CONTRACT NO.	SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
31221097/00	1:1	S-01-HA_S-20-001-001	01 OF 01	2X



THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.



156/201

GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES. ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING. VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. [] : SUPPLIED BY VENDOR
- (*) : LOOSE PARTS SUPPLIED BY VENDOR
2. FIS : FLOW SIGHT GLASS WITH SWITCH.
3. FOR LCV - 01HAG21/22AA551 AND DOWNSTREAM PIPING AND INSTRUMENTS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT CONDENSER INLET.
4. C.C.C : CHEMICAL CLEANING CONNECTION QTY : DN125 x 4EA.
5. FLOW COMPENSATION USING PT-01HAG10CP001, TE-01HAG10CT003A/B
6. UPS POWER. MOV SHALL BE OPEN AT CCCW PUMP AND EMERGENCY CCCW PUMP BOTH TRIP.

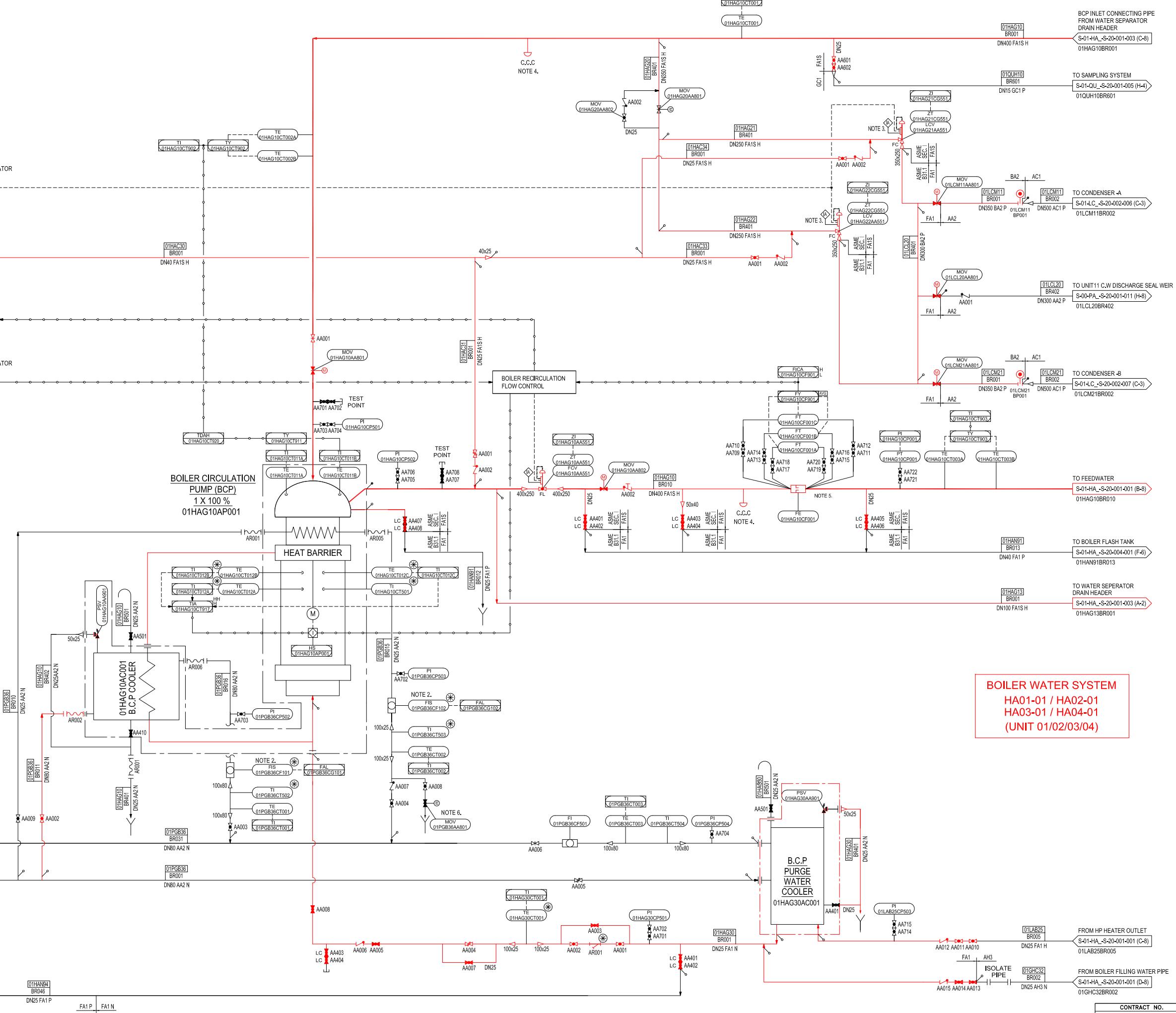
AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
4X 11.JAN.2018 AS BUILT	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
4 08.FEB.2017 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
3 24.DEC.2015 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
2 13.JAN.2015 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
1 12.SEP.2014 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
0 14.MAY.2014 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
B 21.MAR.2014 ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION
	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED

PROJECT	
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT	
OWNER	الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company
ENGINEER	PÖRY
CONTRACTOR	HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A
VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.	N/A

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY USE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. PÖY-HHI-T-00945 REV. NO. B DATE : 04.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2
DRAWING TITLE	

DRAWING NO.	SCALE	REVISION	CONTRACT NO.	REVIEW	STATUS
S-01-HA_S-20-001-004	1:1	4X	31221097/00	01 OF 01	



GENERAL NOTES

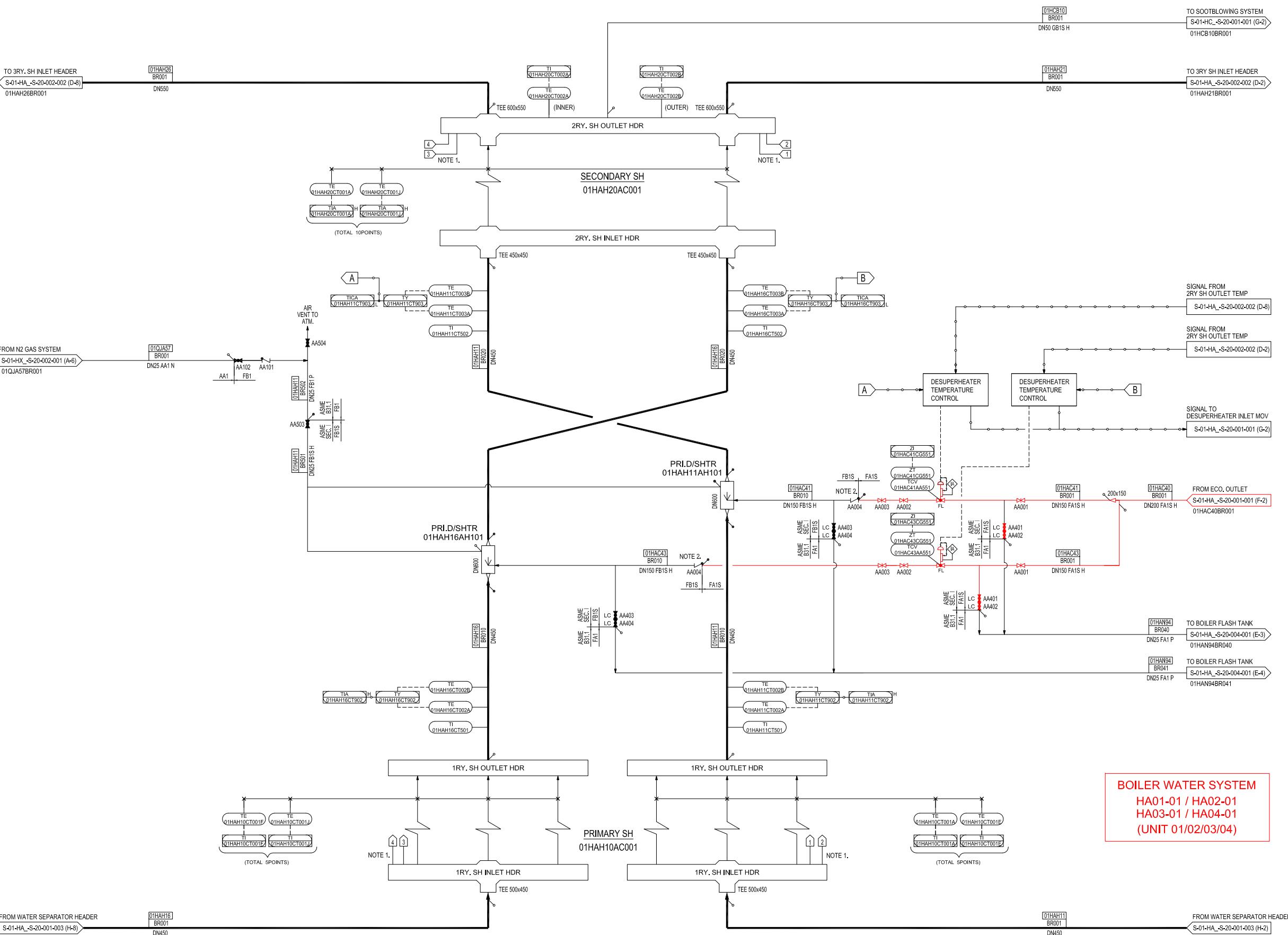
1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES. ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING. VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

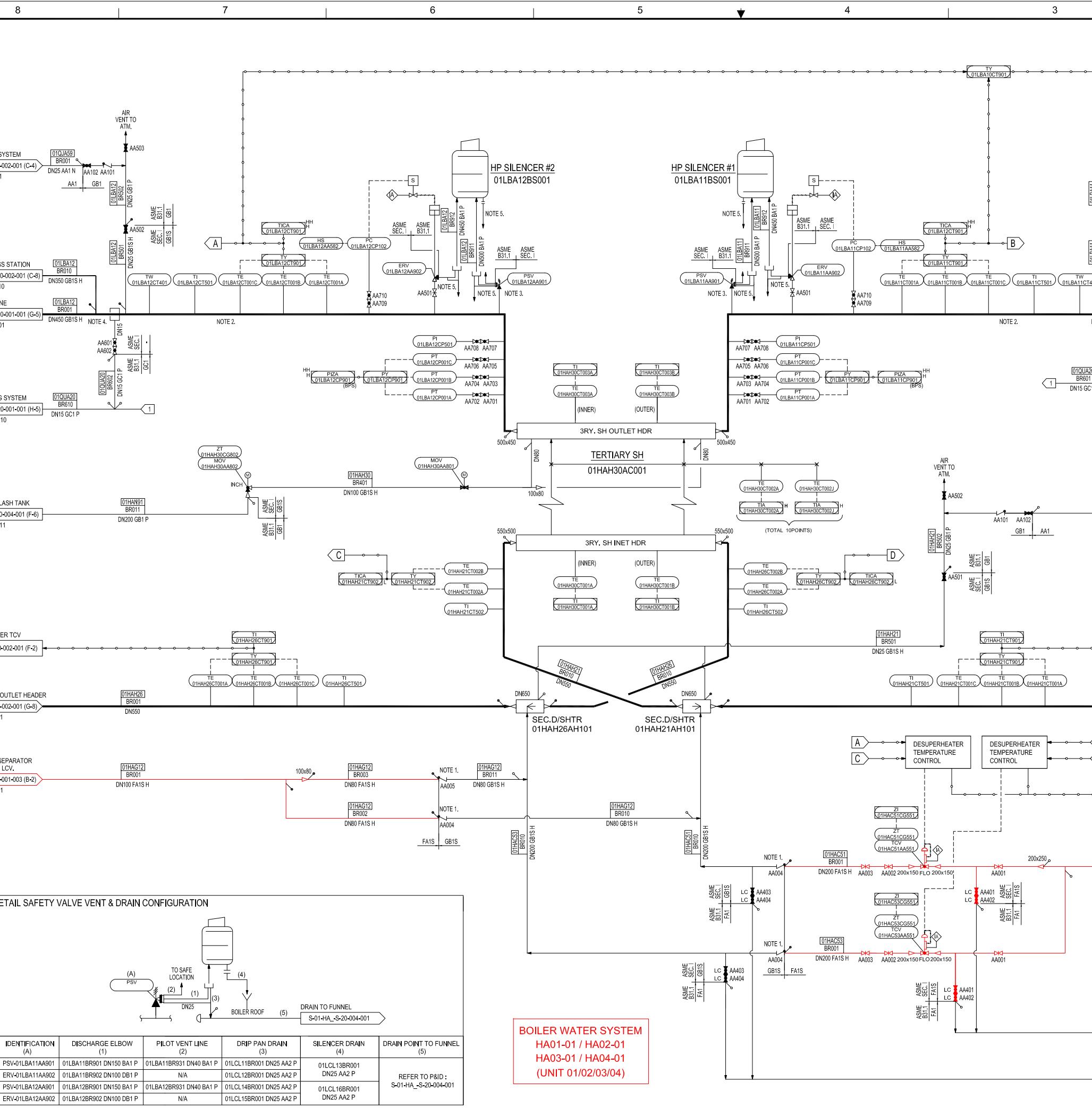
NOTES

1. TUBE CONNECT 1&3 : GIRDING TUBE
TUBE CONNECT 2&4 : SPACER TUBE
2. THE CHECK VALVE SHALL BE INSTALLED AS CLOSE AS TO THE DESUPERHEATER

AS BUILT

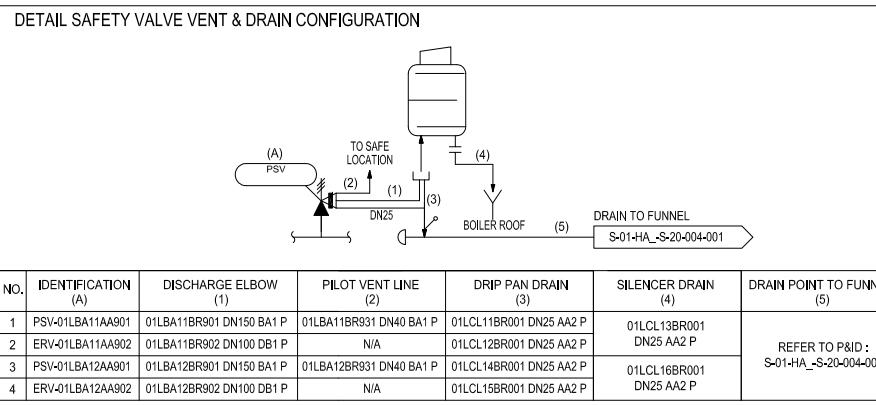
REFERENCE DRAWINGS		
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.	
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001	
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001	
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001	
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001	
OX 11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
O 2.JUN.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
B 21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
A 25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED
PROJECT		
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT		
OWNER		
الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company		
ENGINEER		
PÖRY		
CONTRACTOR		
HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.		
SUBCONTRACTOR		VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.
N/A		N/A
THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE QE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY MAKE CHANGES AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO_PÖY-HHI-1-01377 REV. NO. B DATE : 26.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2	
DRAWING TITLE		
P&ID FOR BOILER STEAM SYSTEM (1/2)		
CONTRACT NO.	SCALE	DRAWING NO.
31221097/00	1:1	S-01-HA_S-20-002-001
		01 OF 01
		0X



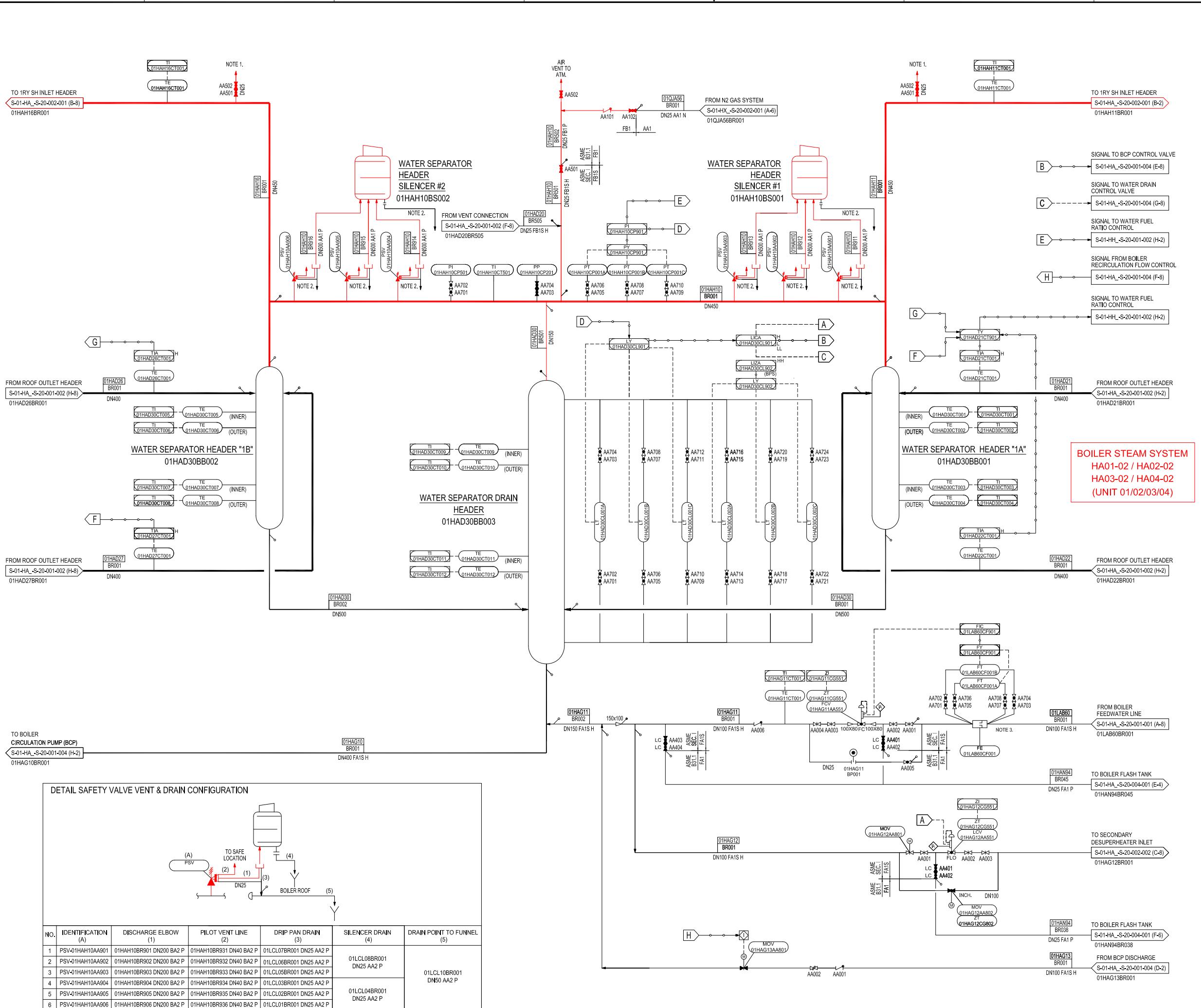


AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS		
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.	
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001	
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001	
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001	
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001	
3X 11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
3 12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
2 13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
1 12.SEP.2014	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
0 2.JUN.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
B 21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
A 25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED
PROJECT		
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT		
OWNER	الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company	
ENGINEER	PÖRY	
CONTRACTOR	HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.	
SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A	VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO. N/A
THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED BY THE CONTRACTOR HHI. CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE Q.E'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES MADE ON THE DRAWING, THE CONTRACTOR MAY MAKE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION	DOC. NO. PÖY-HHI-T-0137 REV. NO. B DATE : 26.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2
DRAWING TITLE		
P&ID FOR BOILER STEAM SYSTEM (2/2)		
CONTRACT NO.	SCALE	DRAWING NO.
31221097/00	1:1	S-01-HA_S-20-002-002 01 OF 01 3X



BOILER WATER SYSTEM
HA01-01 / HA02-01
HA03-01 / HA04-01
(UNIT 01/02/03/04)



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES, ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. THIS VENT SHALL BE USED FOR HYDROSTATIC TEST ONLY.
 2. REFER TO DETAIL CONFIGURATION FOR SAFETY VALVE VENT AND DRAIN
 3. FLOW COMPENSATION USING
PT-01LAB25CP002, TE-01LAB25CT002

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
b	b
b	b
b	b
b	b

SUICAO STEAM POWER PLANT

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

 RÖVBY

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

N/A VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.
N/A

IS NOT TO BE USED FOR
OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL

APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

DOC. NO. 101-1000-1-3344

CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DATE : 04.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2
"FOR CONSTRUCTION"

P&ID FOR

SWELL WATER SYSTEM (S/W)

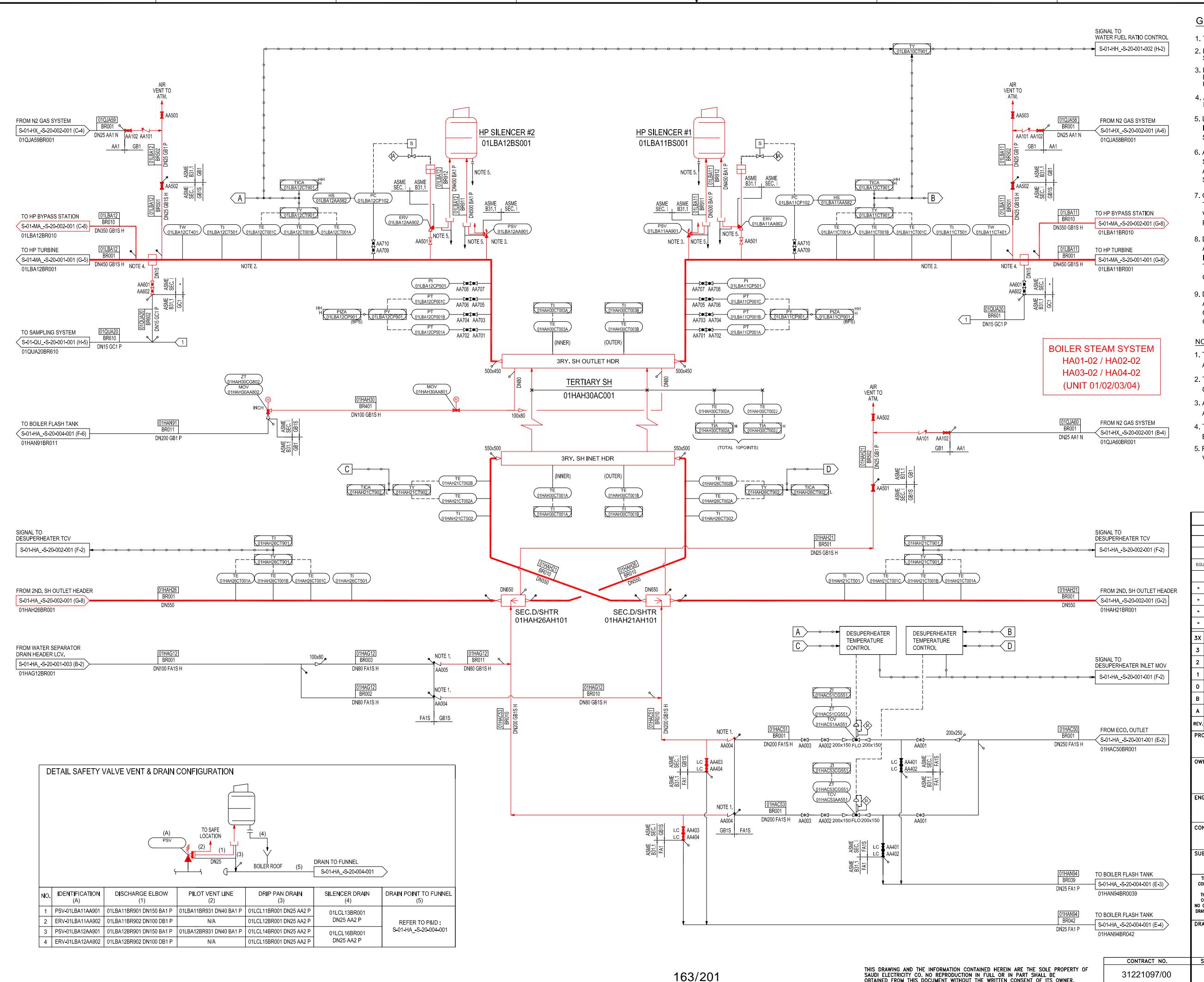
S-01-HA -S-20-001-003 | 01 OF 01 | 3X

A1(594x841)

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.

161/201



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. THE CHECK VALVE SHALL BE INSTALLED AS CLOSE AS TO THE DESUPERHEATER
 2. THE MAIN STEAM PIPE SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH CREEP PIPS.
 3. ALL SAFETY VALVES SHALL HAVE WELDED INLETS AND FLANGED OUTLET.
 4. THE SAMPLING NOZZLE SHALL BE PROVIDED TO BE SUITABLE FOR ISOKINETIC SAMPLING.
 5. REFER TO DETAIL CONFIGURATION FOR SAFETY VALVE VENT AND DRAIN

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
b	b
b	b
b	b
b	b

8 AS BUILT M.H.LEE Y.S.

3 12.JUN.2015 REVISED AS MARKED M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.L

4 REVISED AS MARKED M.H.LEE Y.S.

O 2.JUN.2014 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.L

4 ISSUED FOR APPROVAL M.H.LEE Y.S.

A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED

SEARCH VIEW

SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT

٢٤٣ المسودة للكتاب

Saudi Electricity Company

6 DÓVOL

 POYRY

CLINICAL AND COMMUNITY PRACTICE 23

HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

N/A

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

RTIFIED AND DATED.
R HHI CONFIRMS FULLY
TH THE OF's COMMENTS.

NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE
DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE
DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".

REV. NO. B

DATE : 26.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2

E P&ID EOB

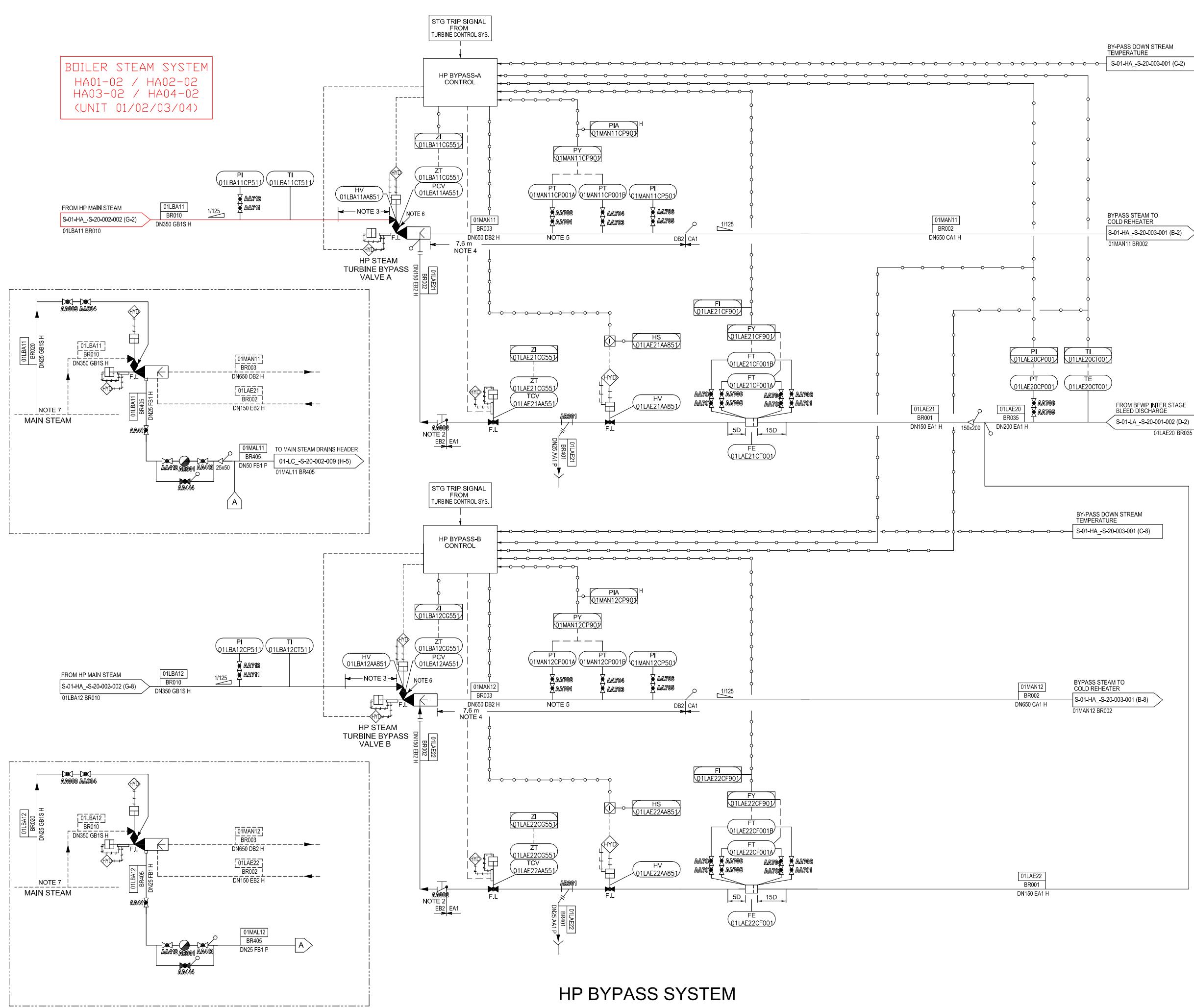
BOILER STEAM SYSTEM (2/2)

DRAWING NO. | SHEET NO.

1:1 S-01-HA_-S-20-002-002 01 OF 01 3X

1 A1

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.

NOTES

1. CAPACITY : MINIMUM (2 X 50%) VWO.
 2. THE CHECK VALVE TO BE EQUIPPED WITH HANDWHEEL AND TO BE INSTALLED HORIZONTALLY.
 3. MINIMUM STRAIGHT LENGTH : 5D
 4. DISTANCE TO FIRST BEND MINIMUM STRAIGHT LENGTH 7.6 METER, DESIGN TEMP. : 550°C
 5. MINIMUM DISTANCE TO FIRST PRESSURE SENSOR : 5D
 6. FIELD WELDING POINT
 7. HP BYPASS WARM UP TAKE-OFF TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST 5D UPSTREAM OF HP BYPASS TAKE-OFF.

FOR CONSTRUCTION

REFERENCE DRAWINGS						
DRAWING TITLE			DRAWING NO.			
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR MAIN & REHEAT STEAM SYS.				S-00-MA_S-45-102-001		
PFD - MAIN & REHEAT STEAM SYSTEM				S-01-MA_S-12-001-001		
1	06.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	I.J.LEE	S.W.KIM	J.K.SEO	
0	13.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	I.J.LEE	H.H.KIM	J.K.SEO	
B	21.MAR.2014	REVISED AS MARKED	I.J.LEE	H.H.KIM	J.K.SEO	
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	H.H.KIM	J.K.SEO	H.S.BAEK	
REV.	DATE	SPONSOR/INITIAL	DESIGNER/INITIAL	CHECKER/INITIAL	APPROVER/INITIAL	

DATA AND METHODS PAPER BY AUTHOR

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

R © Suur-Electricity Company

CTOR

H. HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

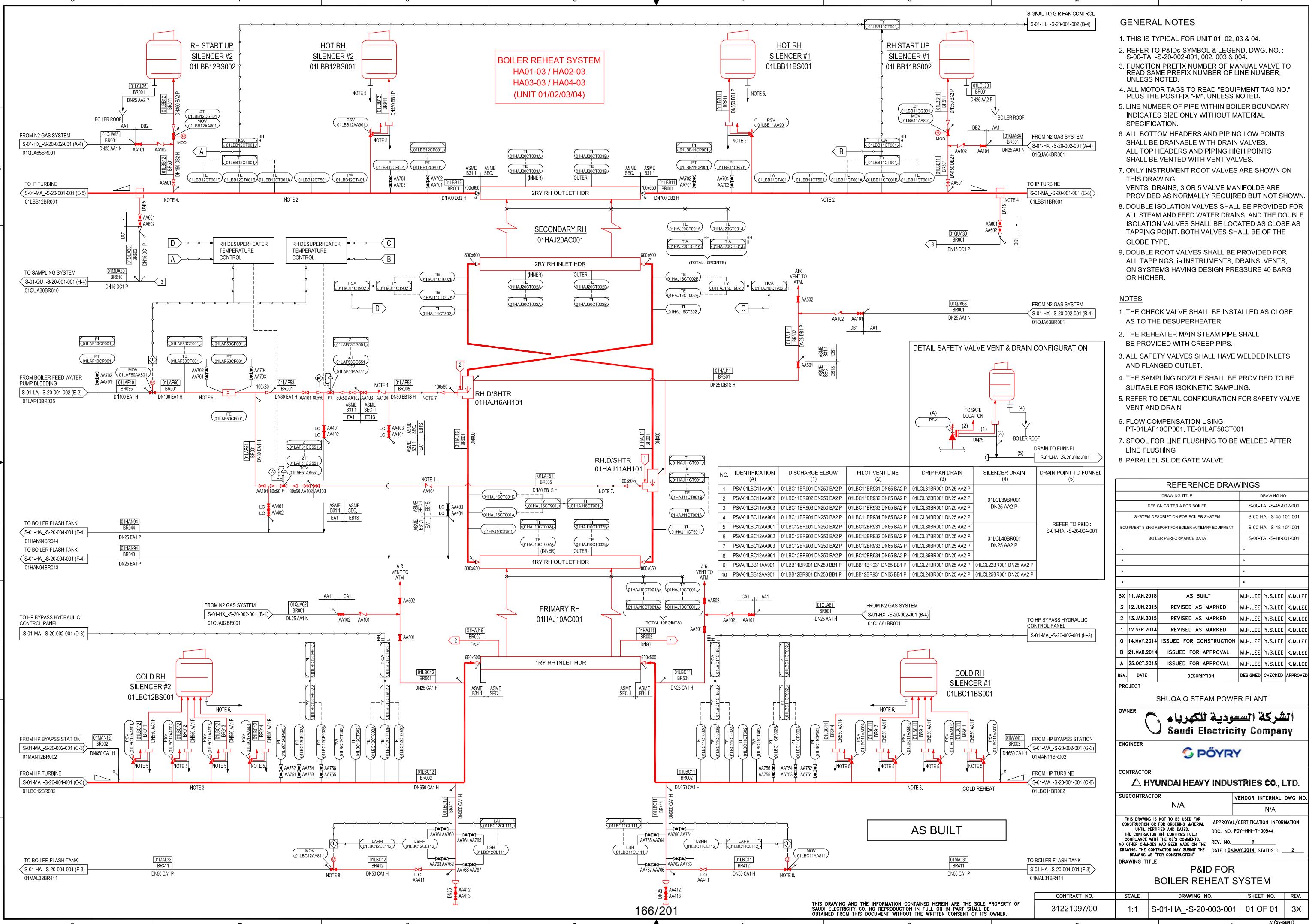
<p>WARNING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR INSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL TIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. TRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE OE'S COMMENTS. CHANGES HAVE BEEN MADE ON THE</p>	<p>APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION</p> <hr/> <p>DOC. NO. <u>POY-HHI-T-00835</u></p> <hr/> <p>REV. NO. <u>B</u></p>
---	---

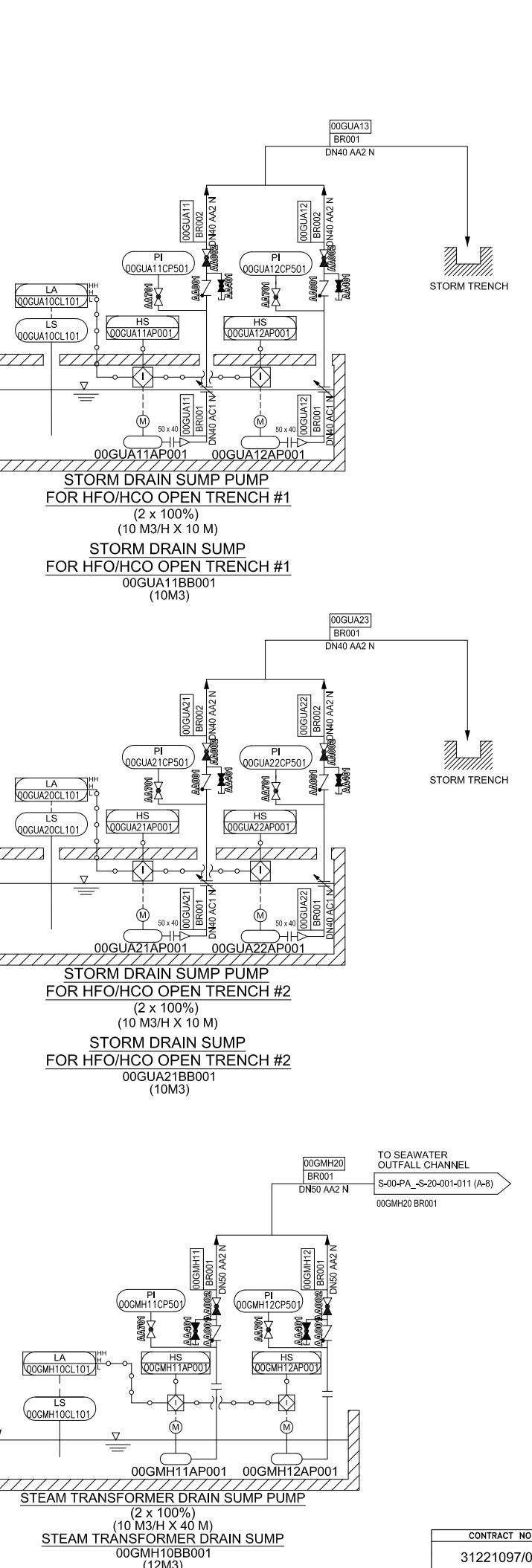
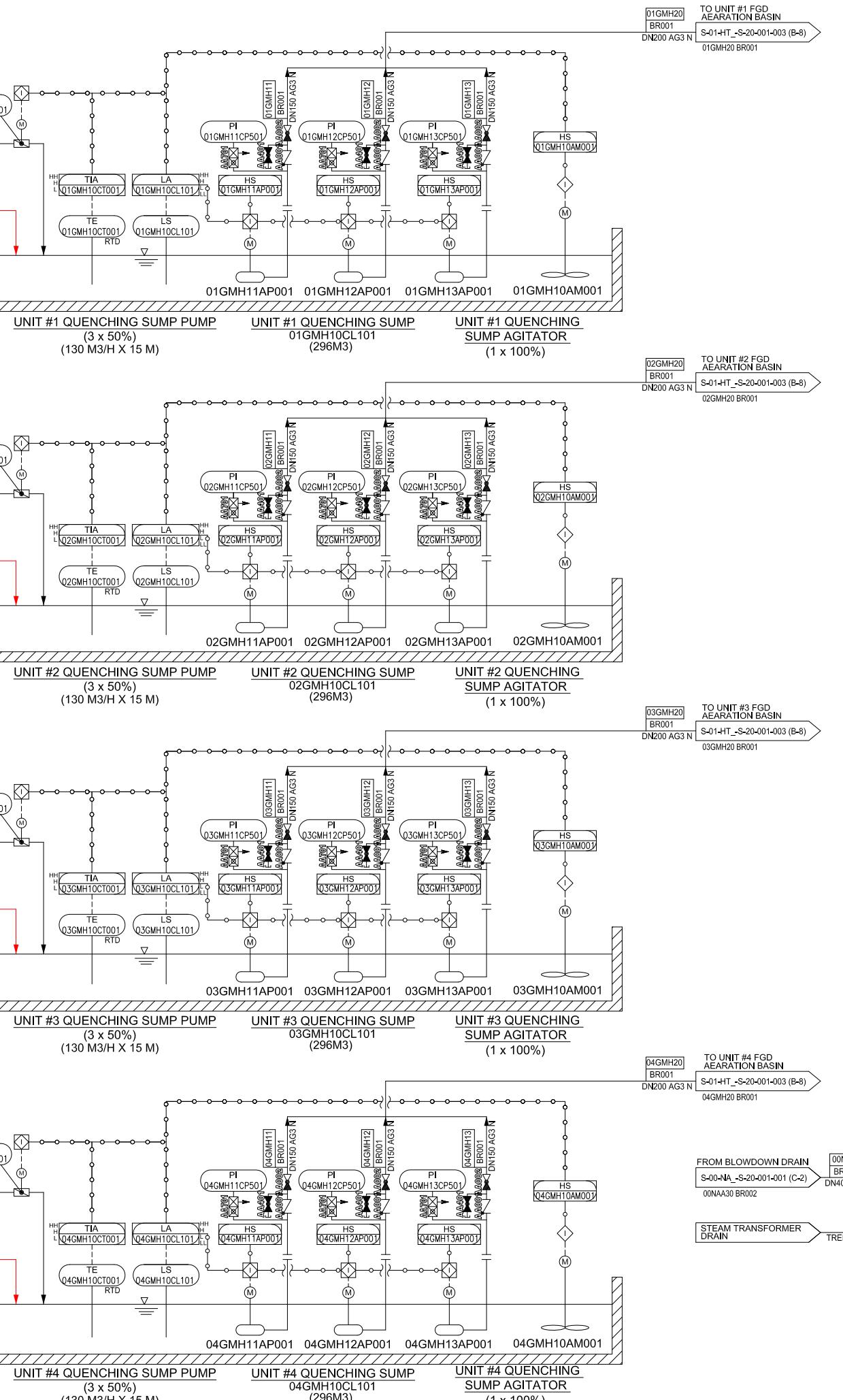
THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE NG AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"	DATE : 17.APR.2014	STATUS : 1
TITLE	P & ID FOR	
HP STEAM BYPASS SYSTEM		
(FOR UNIT 1)		

(FOR UNIT 1)

1 A1(841x594)

HP BYPASS SYSTEM





- GENERAL NOTES**
1. THIS IS COMMON FOR THE PLANT.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND. DWG. NO.: S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. THE DEFINITION OF ABBREVIATION IN P&ID FOR CLEAN DRAIN COLLECTION SYSTEM IS AS FOLLOWING.

ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION
FGD	FLUE GAS DESULPHURIZATION
CPP	CONDENSATE POLISHING PLANT
CEP	CONDENSATE EXTRACTION PUMP
CCCW	CLOSED CIRCUIT COOLING WATER
SW	SEAWATER
CCB	CENTRAL CONTROL BUILDING

NOTES

FOR CONSTRUCTION

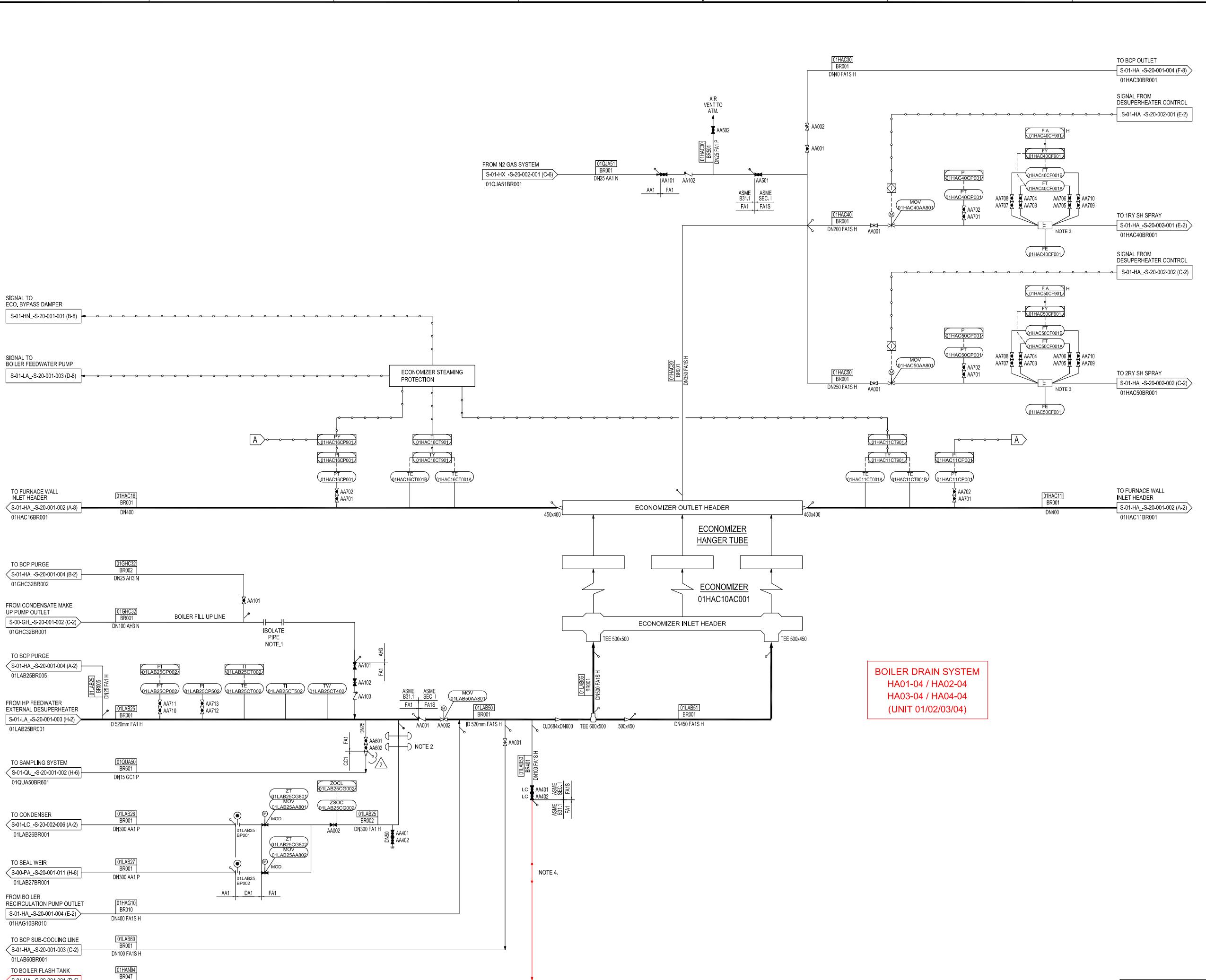
REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR WASTE WATER TREATMENT SYSTEM	S-00-PA_S-48-17-001 (Old No.: S-10-GM_S-48-17-001)
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR WASTE WATER TREATMENT SYSTEM	S-00-PA_S-45-18-001 (Old No.: S-10-GM_S-45-18-001)
2 09.DEC.2015 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	R.PARK Y.K.OH S.W.KIM
1 12.MAR.2015 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	R.PARK S.W.KIM J.K.SEO
0 03.JUL.2014 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	H.J.KIM S.W.KIM J.K.SEO
B 23.MAY.2014 ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	H.J.KIM S.W.KIM J.K.SEO
A 25.OCT.2013 ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	C.H.KIM S.W.KIM H.S.BAEK
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION
	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED

PROJECT	
	SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT
OWNER	الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company
ENGINEER	PÖRY
CONTRACTOR	HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A
VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.	N/A

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OF MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATUM SET. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES MADE ON THE DRAWING BY THE CONTRACTOR MAY VOID THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".

APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION
DOC. NO.: PÖY-HHI-T-01837
REV. NO.: B
DATE: 19.JUN.2014 STATUS: 2

DRAWING TITLE			
P & ID FOR CLEAN DRAIN COLLECTION SYSTEM (1/2)			
CONTRACT NO.	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
31221097/00	S-00-GM_S-20-004-001 (Old No.: S-10-GM_S-20-001-001)	01 OF 01	2



GENERAL NOTES

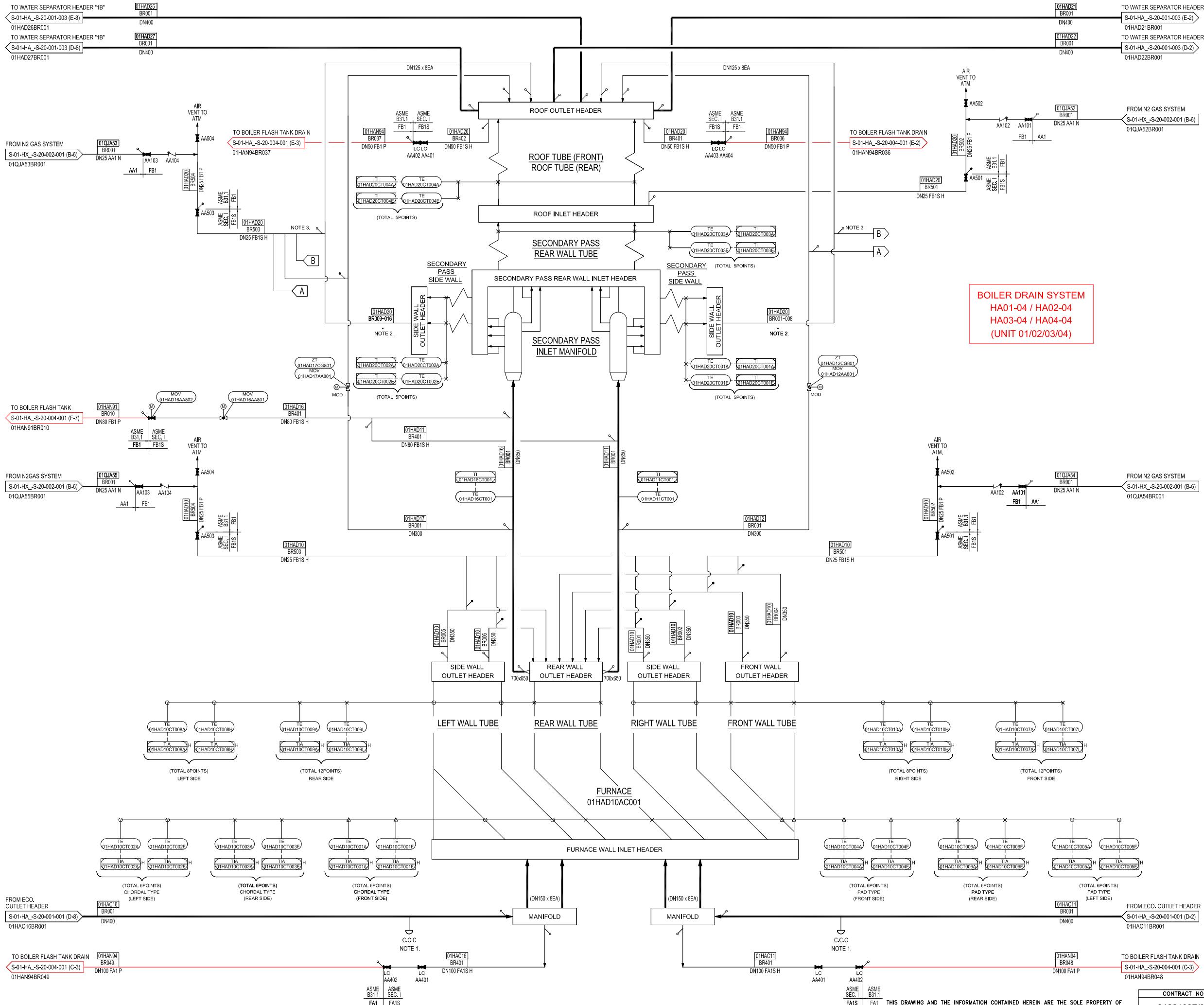
1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA,_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. ISOLATE PIPE SHALL BE REMOVED DURING NORMAL OPERATION.
 2. WATER FLUSHING CONNECTION QTY : DN125 x 4EA.
 3. FLOW COMPENSATION USING PT-01HAC11/16CP001, TE-01HAC11/16CT001/A/B
 4. SPOOL FOR CHEMICAL CLEANING TO BE WELDED AFTER CHEMICAL CLEANING

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS								
DRAWING TITLE			DRAWING NO.					
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER			S-00-TA_S-45-002-001					
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM			S-00-HA_S-45-101-001					
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT			S-00-HA_S-48-101-001					
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA			S-00-TA_S-48-001-001					
"			"					
"			"					
"			"					
"			"					
<hr/>								
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
2	12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
1	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
O	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED			
PROJECT								
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT								
OWNER								
 الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company								
ENGINEER								
 PÖYRY								
CONTRACTOR								
 HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.								
SUBCONTRACTOR			VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.					
N/A			N/A					
THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE O.E.'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS FOR CONSTRUCTION"			APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION					
			DOC. NO. <u>POY-HHI-T-00943</u>					
			REV. NO. <u>B</u>					
			DATE : <u>04.MAY.2014</u> STATUS : <u>2</u>					
DRAWING TITLE								
P&ID FOR BOILER WATER SYSTEM (1/4)								
SCALE	DRAWING NO.		SHEET NO.	REV.				
1:1	S-01-HA_S-20-001-001		01 OF 01	2X				



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND. DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_-S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. C.C.C : CHEMICAL CLEANING CONNECTION
Q'TY : DN125 x 2EA.
 2. CONNECTING PIPE : DN125 x 8EA FOR
EACH SIDE (TAG NO. 01HAD20BR001-BR016)
 3. EACH VENT (16 POINT) SHALL BE CONNECTED TO
COMMON VENT PIPE

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

SUHONG STEAM POWER PLANT

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

© DEXTER

SPORTS

HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

ACTOR	VENDOR INTERNAL DWG N
-------	-----------------------

N/A N/A

APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION
DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00944

WITH THE OE'S COMMENTS.
NGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE

CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DATE : 04.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2
AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"

P&ID FOR

BOILER WATER SYSTEM (2/4)

DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
-------------	-----------	------

S-01-HA_-S-20-001-002 01 OF 01 1X

A1(594x841)

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES. ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING. VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. [] : SUPPLIED BY VENDOR
- (*) : LOOSE PARTS SUPPLIED BY VENDOR
2. FIS : FLOW SIGHT GLASS WITH SWITCH.
3. FOR LCV - 01HAG21/22AA551 AND DOWNSTREAM PIPING AND INSTRUMENTS SHALL BE INSTALLED AT CONDENSER INLET.
4. C.C.C : CHEMICAL CLEANING CONNECTION QTY : DN125 x 4EA.
5. FLOW COMPENSATION USING PT-01HAG10CP001, TE-01HAG10CT003A/B
6. UPS POWER. MOV SHALL BE OPEN AT CCW PUMP AND EMERGENCY CCW PUMP BOTH TRIP.

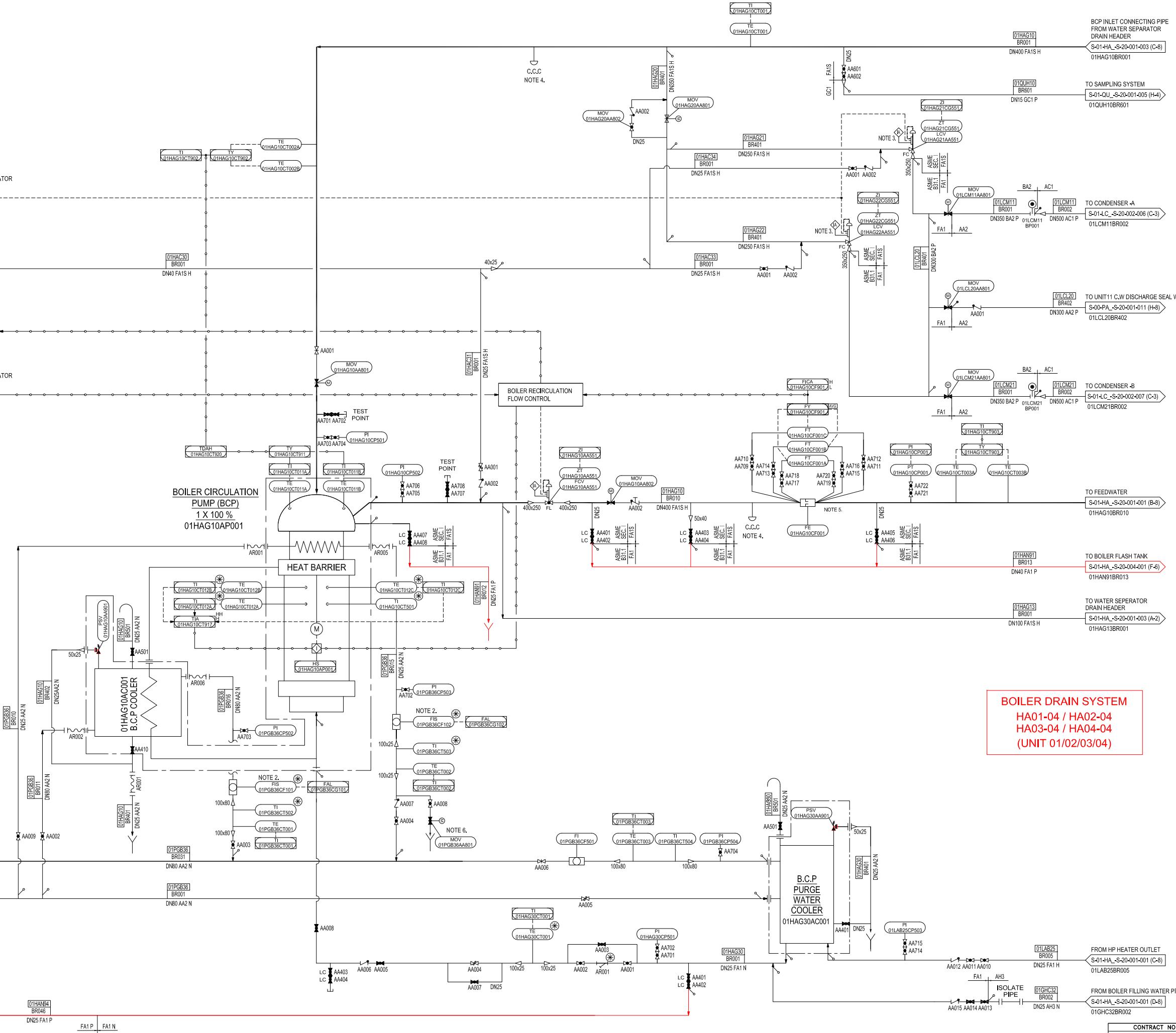
AS BUILT

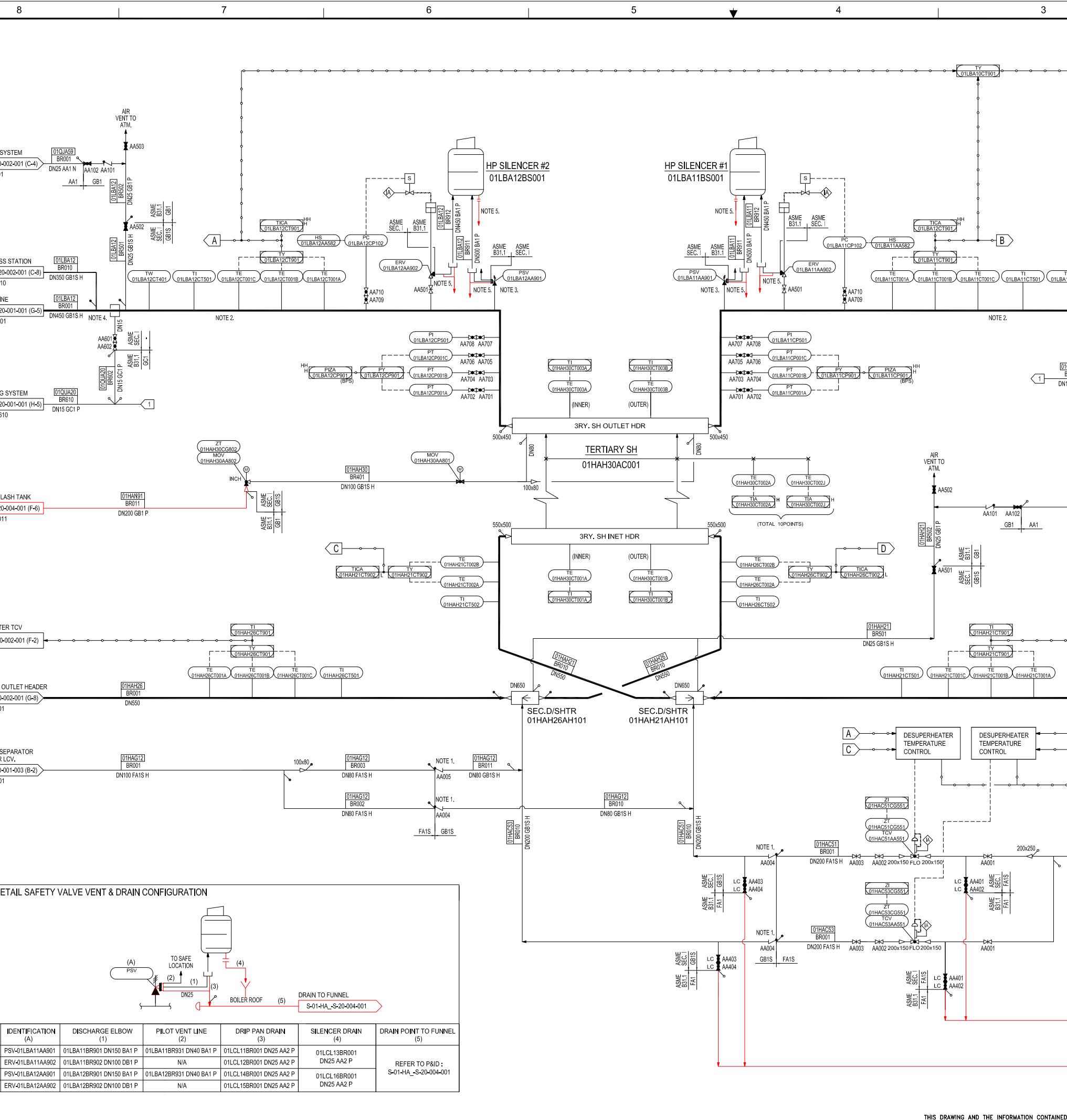
REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
4X 11.JAN.2018 AS BUILT	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
4 08.FEB.2017 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
3 24.DEC.2015 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
2 13.JAN.2015 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
1 12.SEP.2014 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
0 14.MAY.2014 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
B 21.MAR.2014 ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION
	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED

PROJECT	
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT	
OWNER	الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company
ENGINEER	PÖRY
CONTRACTOR	HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A
VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.	N/A

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY USE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00945 REV. NO. B DATE : 04.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2
DRAWING TITLE	

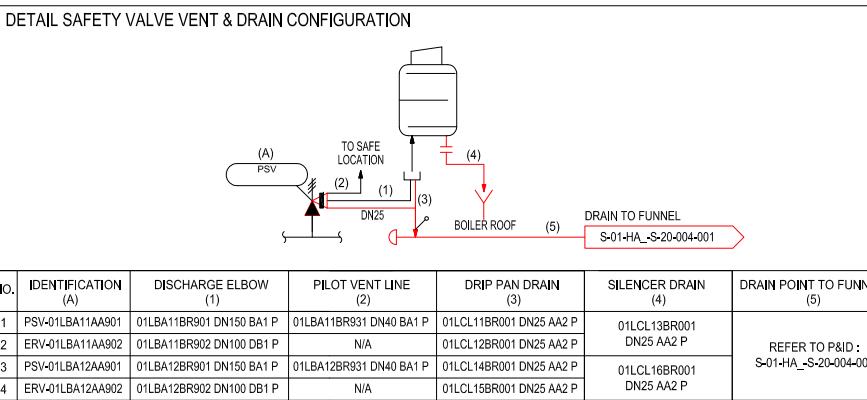
DRAWING NO.	SCALE	REVISION	CONTRACT NO.	STATUS
S-01-HA_S-20-001-004	1:1	4X	31221097/00	01 OF 01





AS BUILT

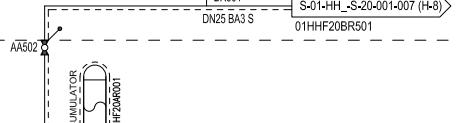
REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
3X 11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT
3 12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED
2 13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED
1 12.SEP.2014	REVISED AS MARKED
0 2.JUN.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION
B 21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL
A 25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION
	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED
PROJECT	
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT	
OWNER	الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company
ENGINEER	PÖRY
CONTRACTOR	HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A
VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.	N/A
APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION	
DOC. NO. PÖY-HHI-T-0377	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION
REV. NO. B	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION
DATE : 26.MAY.2014 STATUS :	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION
DRAWING TITLE	
P&ID FOR BOILER STEAM SYSTEM (2/2)	
CONTRACT NO.	31221097/00
SCALE	1:1
DRAWING NO.	S-01-HA_S-20-002-002
HEET NO.	01 OF 01
REV.	3X



01HHF20
BR501 TO BURNER 6A LEVEL OIL DRIP PAN

S-01-HH-S-20-001-007 (H-8)

DN25 BA3 S 01HHF20BR501

OFA
01HHD21AV002
DETAIL "A"BURNER 6A
01HHA26AV001TO BURNER 6A
FLAME DETECTOR COOLING AIR

01HHF26 BR010 DN25 AA1 N

S-01-HH-S-20-001-006 (D-8)

01HHF26BR010

FROM BURNER 6A

DN25 AA3 S 01HHF26BR401

01HHF26BR401

TO BURNER 5A

01HHF25 BR010 DN25 AA3 S

S-01-HH-S-20-001-006 (D-8)

01HHF25BR010

FROM BURNER 5A

DN25 AA3 S 01HHF25BR401

01HHF25BR401

TO BURNER 4A

01HHF24 BR010 DN25 AA3 S

S-01-HH-S-20-001-006 (D-8)

01HHF24BR010

FROM BURNER 4A

DN25 AA3 S 01HHF24BR401

01HHF24BR401

TO BURNER 3A

01HHF23 BR010 DN25 AA3 S

S-01-HH-S-20-001-006 (D-8)

01HHF23BR010

FROM BURNER 3A

DN25 AA3 S 01HHF23BR401

01HHF23BR401

TO BURNER 2A

01HHF22 BR010 DN25 AA3 S

S-01-HH-S-20-001-006 (D-8)

01HHF22BR010

FROM BURNER 2A

DN25 AA3 S 01HHF22BR401

01HHF22BR401

TO BURNER 2A

01HHF21 BR010 DN25 AA3 S

S-01-HH-S-20-001-006 (G-8)

01HHF21BR010

FROM BURNER 2A

DN25 AA3 S 01HHF21BR401

01HHF21BR401

TO BURNER 1A

01HHF20 BR010 DN25 AA3 S

S-01-HH-S-20-001-007 (A-8)

01HHF20BR010

HEAVY FUEL OIL SUPPLY

DN150 BA3 S

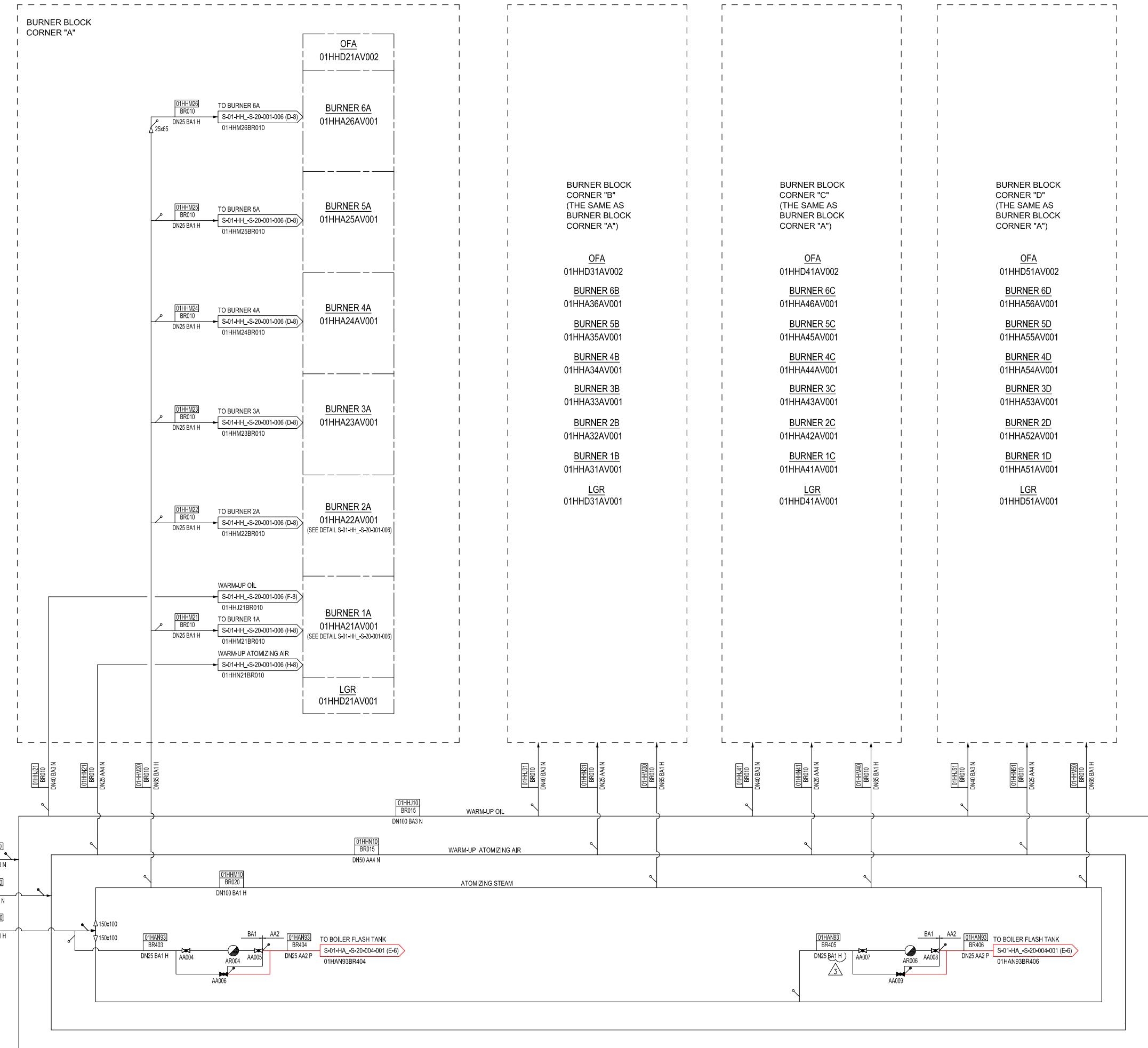
HEAVY FUEL OIL RETURN

DN150 BA3 S

GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND. DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_-S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.

NOTES



THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.

CONTRACT NO.
31221097/00

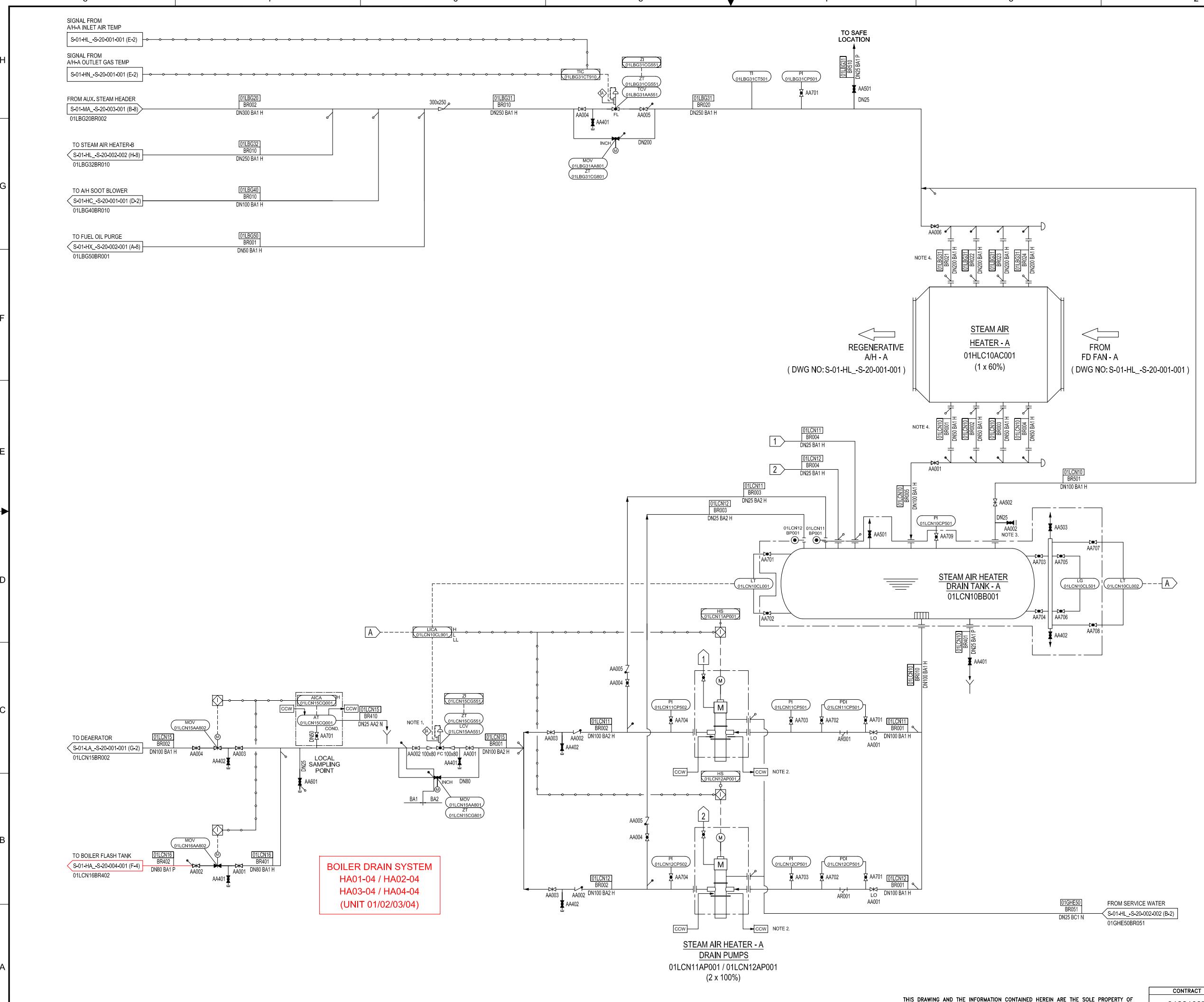
SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
1:1	S-01-HH_-S-20-001-005	01 OF 01	3X

<p>THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE O.E.'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE</p>	<p>N/A</p>
<p><u>APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION</u></p>	
<p><u>DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00837</u></p>	
<p><u>REV. NO. B</u></p>	

DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION" DATE : 17.APR.2014 STATUS : 1
DRAWING TITLE P&ID FOR
BOILER BURNING SYSTEM(4/5)

BOILER BURNING SYSTEM(4/5)
(IGNITOR UNIT)

SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
1:1	S-01-HH_-S-20-001-005	01 OF 01	3X



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_ -S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS. AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

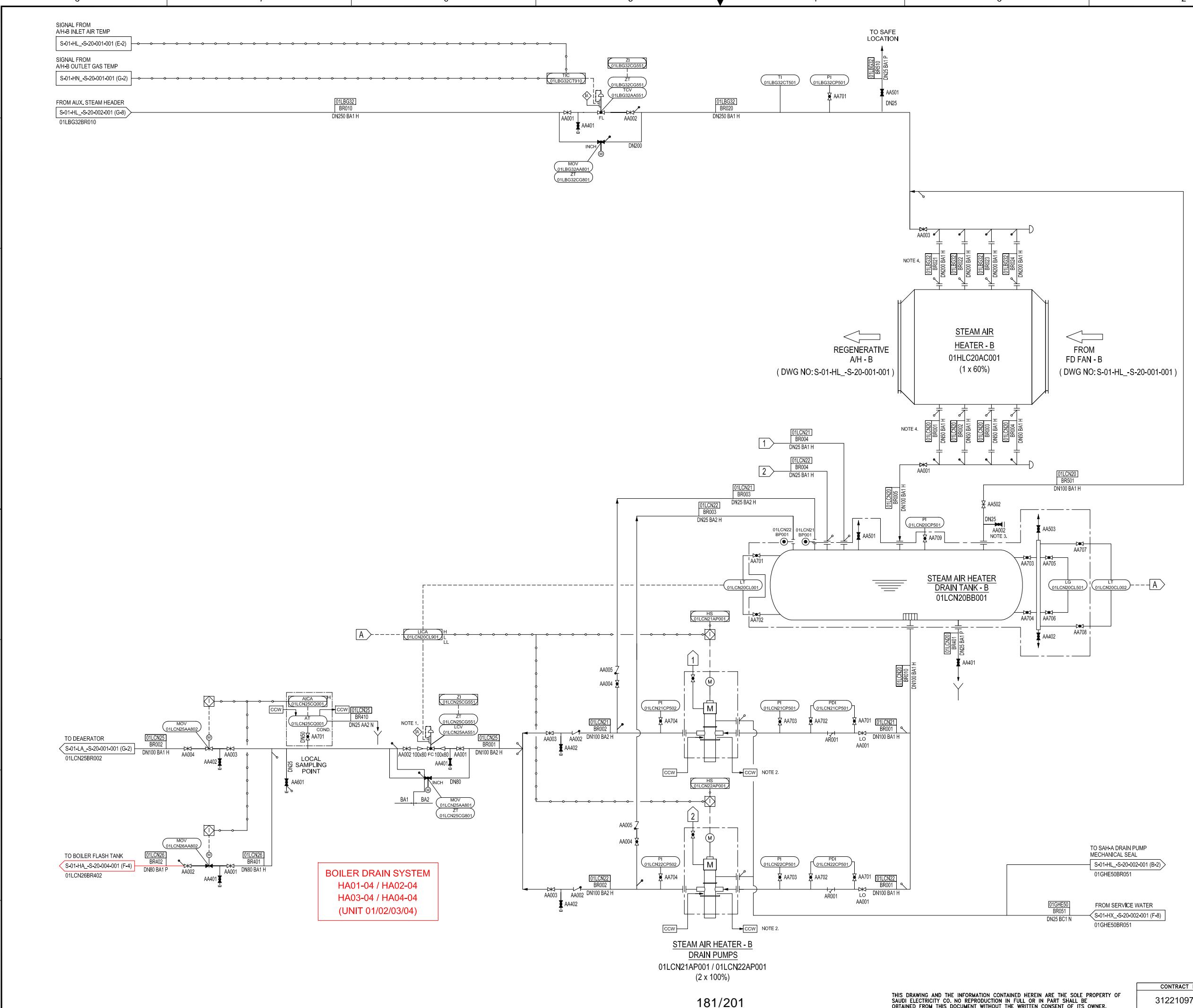
NOTES

1. CONTROL VALVE STATION SHALL BE LOCATED NEAR THE BOILER FLASH TANK AREA.
 2. REFER TO P&ID NO. S-01-PG_S-20-001-003 FOR COOLING WATER CONNECTION
 3. FOR INITIAL FILLING ONLY.
 4. REMOVABLE PIECE.

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

REFERENCE DRAWINGS			
DRAWING TITLE		DRAWING NO.	
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER		S-00-TA_S-45-002-001	
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM		S-00-HA_S-45-101-001	
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT		S-00-HA_S-48-101-001	
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA		S-00-TA_S-48-001-001	
b	b	b	b
b	b	b	b
b	b	b	b
b	b	b	b
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
2	12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
1	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
O	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED
PROJECT			
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT			
OWNER	 الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company		
ENGINEER			
CONTRACTOR			
SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A	VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.	N/A
THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAVE BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"		APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00838 REV. NO. B DATE : 21/APR/2014 STATUS : 1	
DRAWING TITLE			
P&ID FOR BOILER STEAM AIR HEATER SYSTEM (1/2)			
SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
1:1	S-01-HL_S-20-002-001	01 OF 01	2X



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA,_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

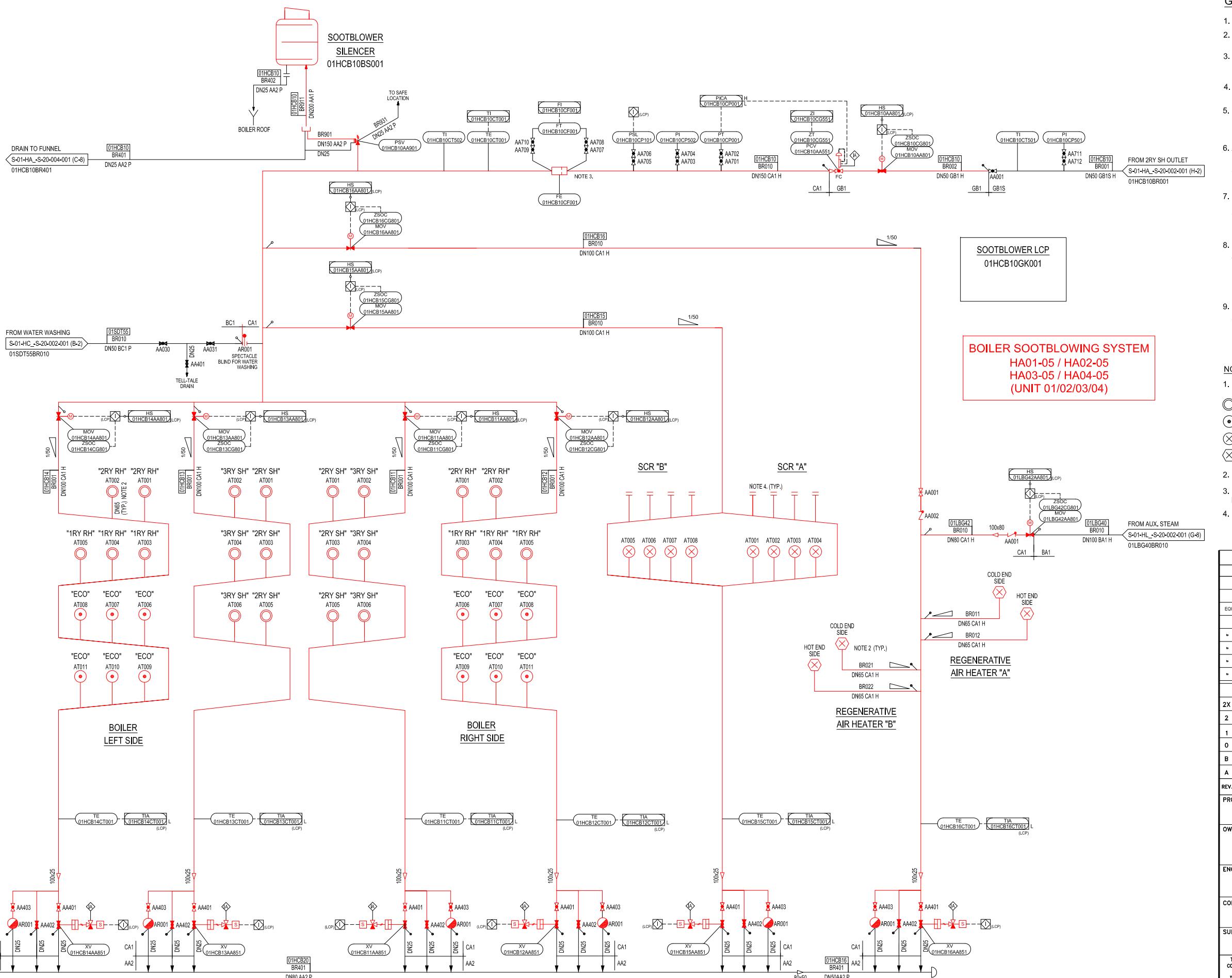
NOTES

1. CONTROL VALVE STATION SHALL BE LOCATED NEAR THE BOILER FLASH TANK AREA.
 2. REFER TO P&ID NO. S-01-PG _S-20-001-003 FOR COOLING WATER CONNECTION
 3. FOR INITIAL FILLING ONLY.
 4. REMOVABLE PIECE.

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

REFERENCE DRAWINGS					
DRAWING TITLE			DRAWING NO.		
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER			S-00-TA_S-45-002-001		
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM			S-00-HA_S-45-101-001		
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT			S-00-HA_S-48-101-001		
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA			S-00-TA_S-4B-001-001		
b			b		
b			b		
b			b		
b			b		
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
2	12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
1	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
O	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED
PROJECT					
SHUQAQ STEAM POWER PLANT					
OWNER  الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company					
ENGINEER 					
CONTRACTOR  HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.					
SUBCONTRACTOR N/A			VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO. N/A		
THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY OWNERSHIP OF THIS DRAWING. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"			APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00838 REV. NO. B DATE : 21.APR.2014 STATUS : 1		
DRAWING TITLE					
P&ID FOR BOILER STEAM AIR HEATER SYSTEM (2/2)					
SCALE	DRAWING NO.		SHEET NO.		REV.
1:1	S-01-HL_S-20-002-002		01 OF 01		2X



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES. ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS. AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. SOOTBLOWER SYMBOL LEGEND
 - (○): LONG RETRACTABLE TYPE
 - (●): SHORT RETRACTABLE TYPE
 - (X): RAKE TYPE
 - (◎): AIR HEATER SOOT BLOWER
 2. SOOTBLOWER NOZZLE CONNECTION, DN80(TYP.)
 3. FLOW COMPENSATION USING
PT-01HCB10CP001, TE-01HCB10CT001
 4. FOR FUTURE SOOTBLOWER

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
b	b
b	b
b	b
b	b

SHUQAIO STEAM POWER PLANT

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

ENGINEER

POYRY

CONTRACTOR

△ HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.	
SUBCONTRACTOR N/A	VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO. N/A
THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE DRAWINGS.	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00943

COMPLIANCE WITH THE OES'S COMMENTS.
NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE
DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE
DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"
DRAWING TITLE _____

REV. NO. <u>B</u>
DATE : <u>04.MAY.2014</u> STATUS : <u>2</u>

P&ID FOR

BOILER SOOTBLOWING SYSTEM

SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
-------	-------------	-----------	------

1:1 S-01-HC_-S-20-001-001 01 OF 01 2X

1 A1(594x841)

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

Journal of Oral Rehabilitation 2003 30: 103–109

182/201

THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF
SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE
OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.

GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO.: S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.

NOTES

1. SOOTBLOWER SYMBOL LEGEND
 LONG RETRACTABLE TYPE
 SHORT RETRACTABLE TYPE
 RAKE TYPE
2. SEALING AIR RING HEADER.
3. : SUPPLIED BY VENDOR

BOILER SEALING SYSTEM
 HA01-06 / HA02-06
 HA03-06 / HA04-06
 (UNIT 01/02/03/04)

AS BUILT

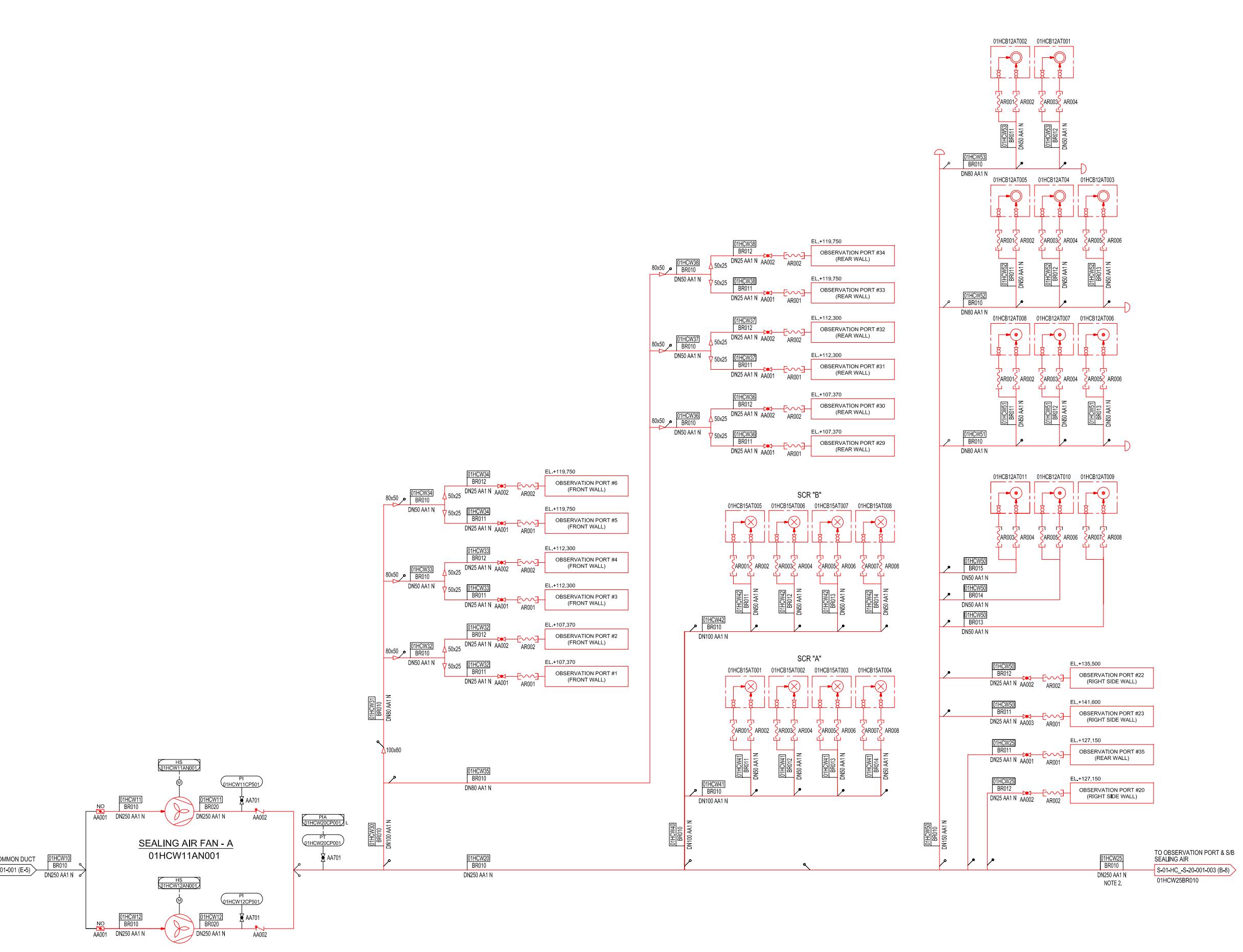
REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
3X 11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT
3 12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED
2 13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED
1 12.SEP.2014	REVISED AS MARKED
0 2.JUN.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION
C 15.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL
B 21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION
	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED

PROJECT	
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT	
OWNER	الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company
ENGINEER	PÖRY
CONTRACTOR	HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A
VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.	N/A

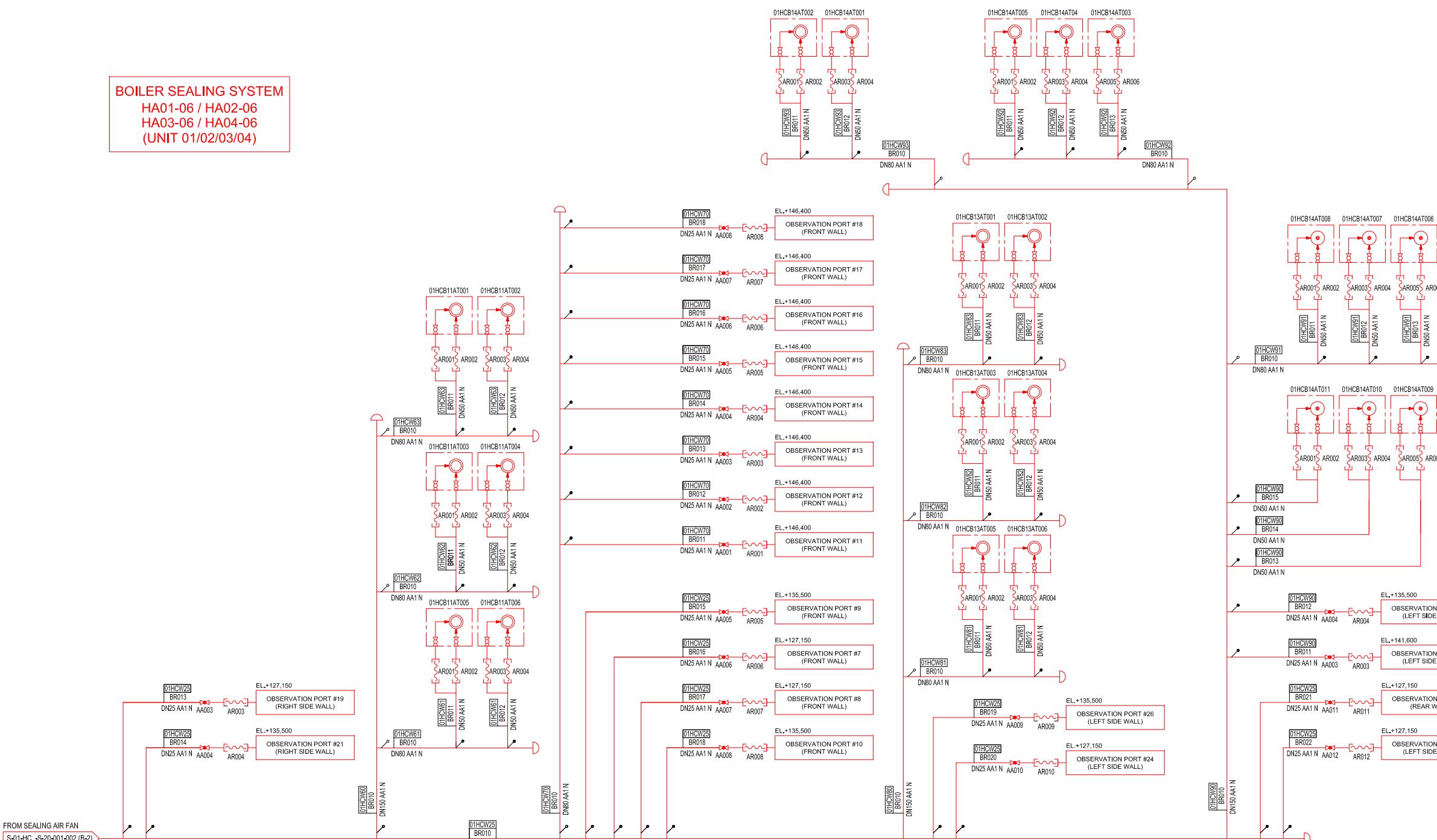
THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY MAKE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. PÖY-HHI-T-01376 REV. NO. C DATE : 26.MAY.2014 STATUS : 1
DRAWING TITLE	

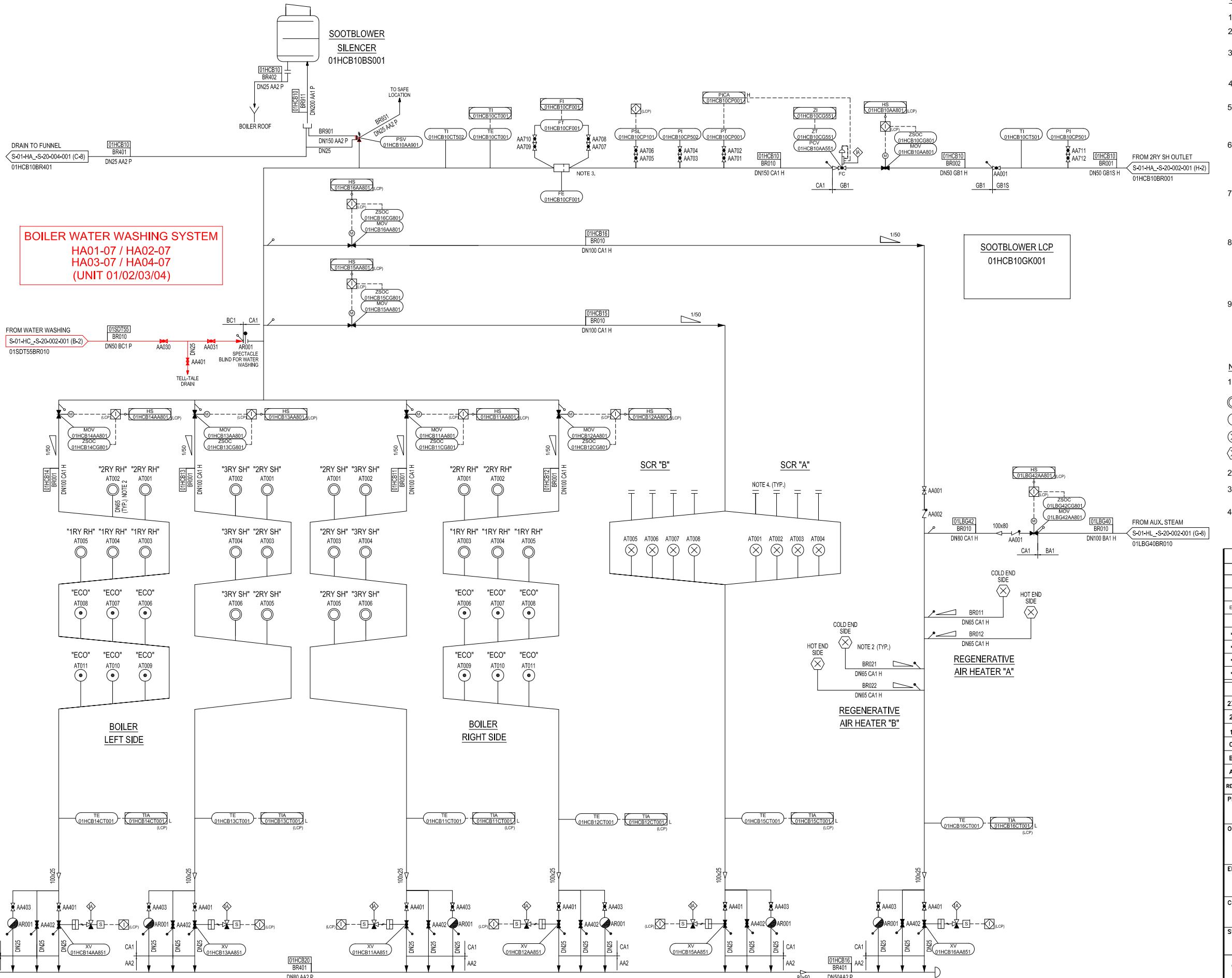
**P&ID FOR
BOILER SEALING AIR SYSTEM (1/2)**

CONTRACT NO.	SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
31221097/00	1:1	S-01-HC_S-20-001-002	01 OF 01	3X



BOILER SEALING SYSTEM
HA01-06 / HA02-06
HA03-06 / HA04-06
(UNIT 01/02/03/04)





THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.

185/201

BUILT

CONTRACT NO.	SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
31221097/00	1:1	S-01-HC_-S-20-001-001	01 OF 01	2X

GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_-S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. SOOTBLOWER SYMBOL LEGEND

 - (○): LONG RETRACTABLE TYPE
 - (●): SHORT RETRACTABLE TYPE
 - (✗): RAKE TYPE
 - (◇): AIR HEATER SOOT BLOWER

2. SOOTBLOWER NOZZLE CONNECTION, DN80(TYP.)

3. FLOW COMPENSATION USING
PT-01HCB10CP001, TE-01HCB10CT001

4. FOR FUTURE SOOTBLOWER

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA__S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA__S-45-101-001
VENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA__S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA__S-48-001-001
	■
	■
	■
	■

SULIQING STEAM POWER PLANT

R الشَّرْكَةُ الْسُّعُودِيَّةُ لِلْكَهْرَبَاءِ
Saudi Electricity Company

 RÖYRY

REACTOR

HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

<p>DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE OE'S COMMENTS.</p>	<p>N/A</p>
<p>APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION</p>	
<p><u>DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00943</u></p>	
<p>REV. NO. B</p>	

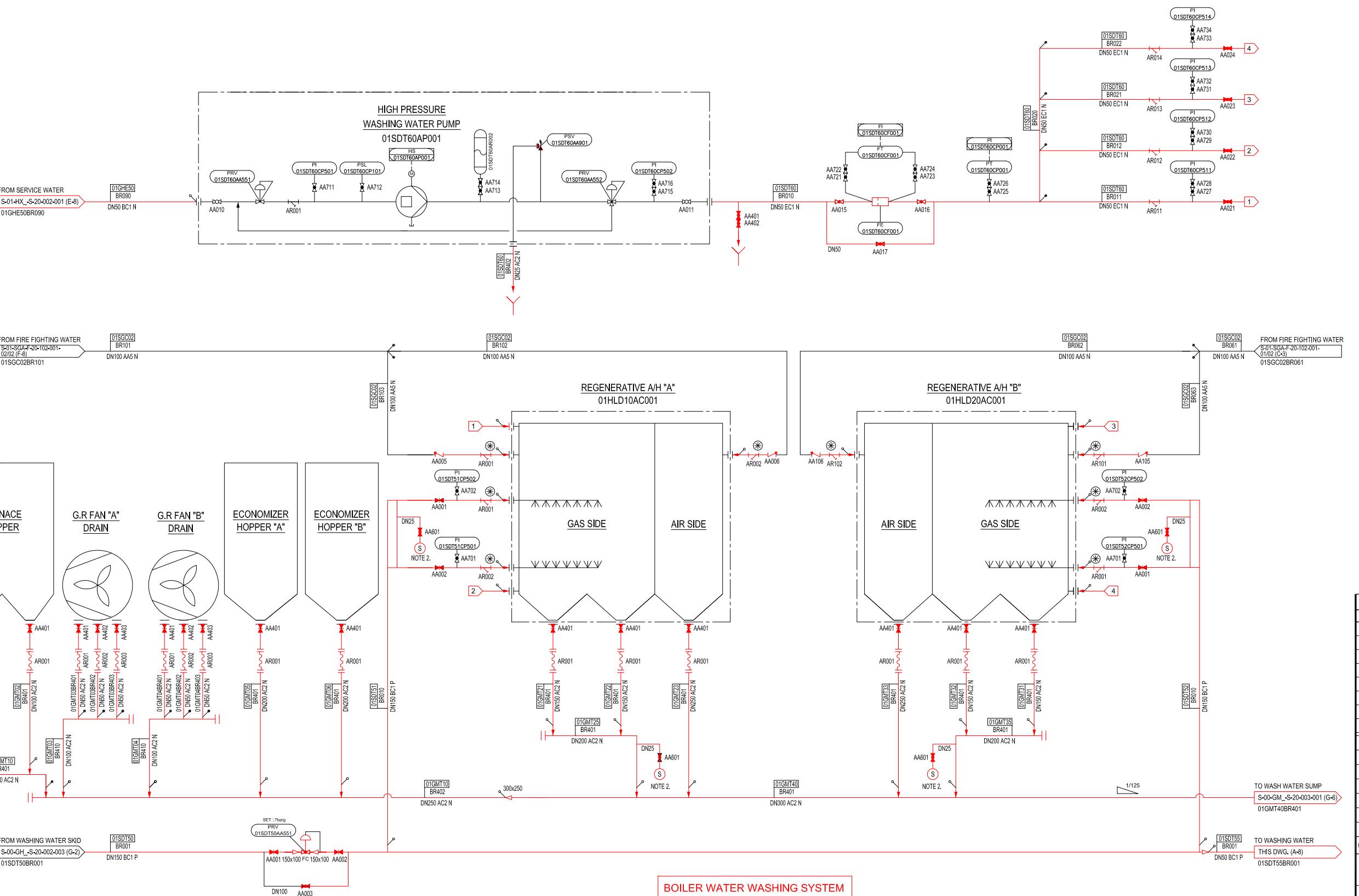
CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE G. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION" TITLE	DATE : 04.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2
--	-------------------------------

P&ID FOR

BOILER SOOTBLOWING SYSTEM

PRINTED DRAWING SHEET

1 C-01-HG C-00-004-001 04 GE 04



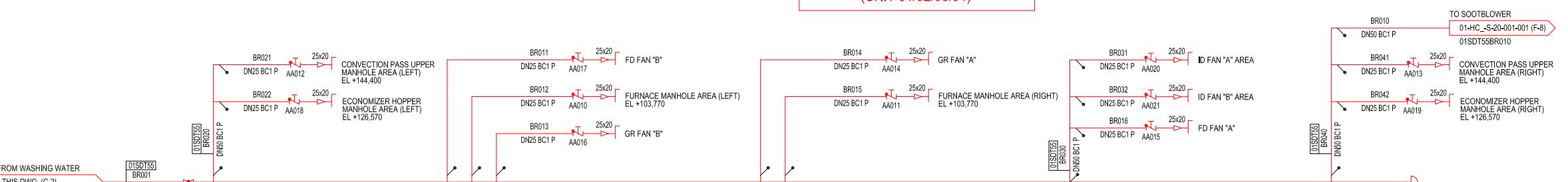
GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

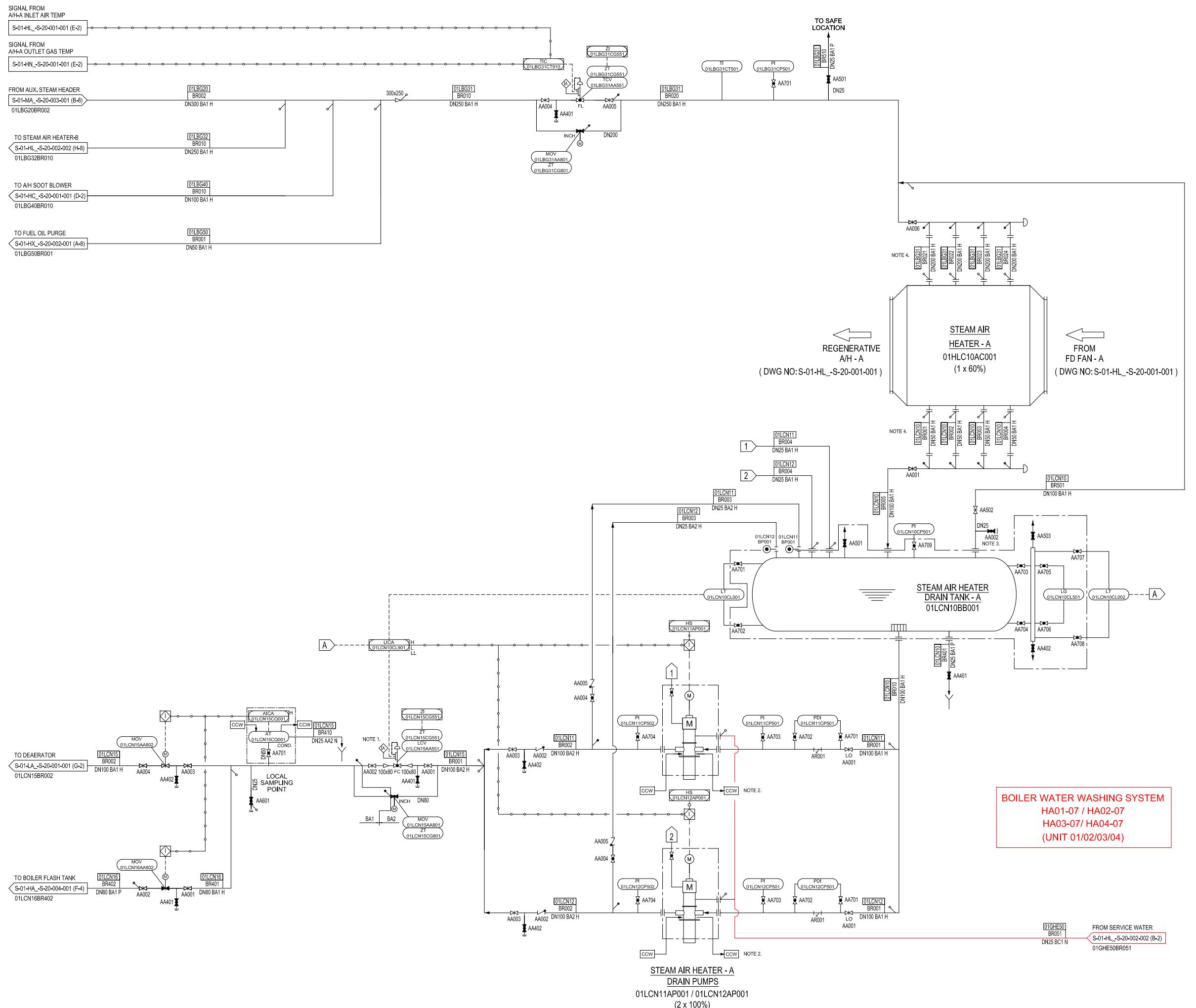
1.  : LOOSE PART SUPPLIED BY VENDOR
 2.  : GRAB SAMPLE POINT

BOILER WATER WASHING SYSTEM
HA01-07 / HA02-07
HA03-07/ HA04-07
(UNIT 01/02/03/04)



THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF
SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE
OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.

CONTRACT NO.	SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
31221097/00	1:1	S-01-HC_-S-20-002-001	01 OF 01	3X



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_ -S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS. AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. CONTROL VALVE STATION SHALL BE LOCATED NEAR THE BOILER FLASH TANK AREA.
 2. REFER TO P&ID NO. S-01-PG_S-20-001-003 FOR COOLING WATER CONNECTION
 3. FOR INITIAL FILLING ONLY.
 4. REMOVABLE PIECE.

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

REFERENCE DRAWINGS					
DRAWING TITLE			DRAWING NO.		
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER			S-00-TA_S-45-002-001		
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM			S-00-HA_S-45-101-001		
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT			S-00-HA_S-48-101-001		
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA			S-00-TA_S-48-001-001		
b			b		
b			b		
b			b		
b			b		
b			b		
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
2	12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
1	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
0	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED
PROJECT					
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT					
OWNER					
 الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company					
ENGINEER					
 PÖYRY					
CONTRACTOR					
 HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.					
SUBCONTRACTOR			VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.		
N/A			N/A		

WATER WASHING SYSTEM
HA01-07 / HA02-07
HA03-07/ HA04-07
(UNIT 01/02/03/04)

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

 RÖVRY

TRACTOR

HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

N/A

DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR
CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL

APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED.
CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULL
COMPLIANCE WITH THE OE'S COMMENTS.

DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00838

REV. NO. B DATE : 21.APR.2014 STATUS : 1

DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"
DRAFTING TITLE
RAID FLOOR

P&ID FOR WELLER STEAM AIR HEATER SYSTEM (1/2)

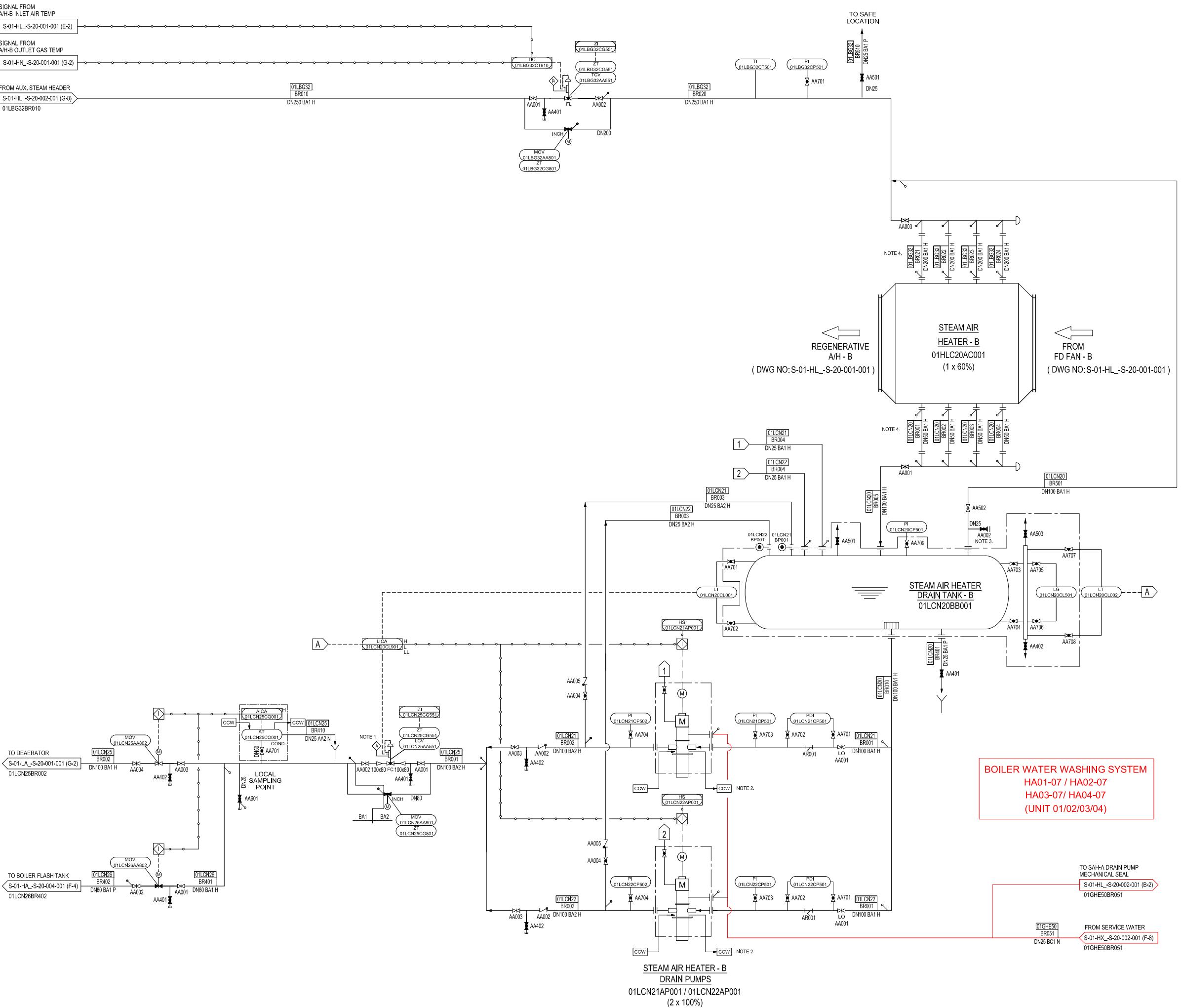
WILCOX & PELL STEAM AIR HEATER SYSTEM (1/2)

AL	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
1	2-2144-2-00-000-001	21-GE-21	SM

1 S-01-HL_-S-20-002-001 01 OF 01 2X

1 A1(594x841)

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_-S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS. AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. CONTROL VALVE STATION SHALL BE LOCATED NEAR THE BOILER FLASH TANK AREA.
 2. REFER TO P&ID NO. S-01-PG_S-20-001-003 FOR COOLING WATER CONNECTION
 3. FOR INITIAL FILLING ONLY.
 4. REMOVABLE PIECE.

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

REFERENCE DRAWINGS					
DRAWING TITLE			DRAWING NO.		
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER			S-00-TA_S-45-002-001		
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM			S-00-HA_S-45-101-001		
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT			S-00-HA_S-48-101-001		
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA			S-00-TA_S-48-001-001		
•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
2	12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
1	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
O	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED
PROJECT					
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT					
OWNER  الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company					
ENGINEER 					
CONTRACTOR 					
SUBCONTRACTOR N/A			VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO. N/A		
<p>THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE OEM'S COMMITMENTS. NO CHANGES ARE ALLOWED ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"</p>			<p>APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00838</p>		
			REV. NO.	B	
			DATE : 21.APR.2014 STATUS : 1		
DRAWING TITLE P&ID FOR BOILER STEAM AIR HEATER SYSTEM (2/2)					
SCALE	DRAWING NO.		SHEET NO.	REV.	
1:1	S-01-HL_S-20-002-002		01 OF 01	2X	

GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES. ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING. VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

NOTES

1. DELETED
2. DELETED

AS BUILT
BOILER WATER WASHING SYSTEM
HA01-07 / HA02-07
HA03-07/ HA04-07
(UNIT 01/02/03/04)

REFERENCE DRAWINGS		
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.	
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001	
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001	
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001	
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001	
	▪	
	▪	
	▪	
	▪	
	▪	
3X 11.JAN.2018 AS BUILT	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE	
3 12.JUN.2015 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE	
2 13.JAN.2015 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE	
1 12.SEP.2014 REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE	
0 14.MAY.2014 ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE	
B 21.MAR.2014 ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE	
A 25.OCT.2013 ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE	
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED

PROJECT
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT

OWNER
الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

ENGINEER
PÖRY

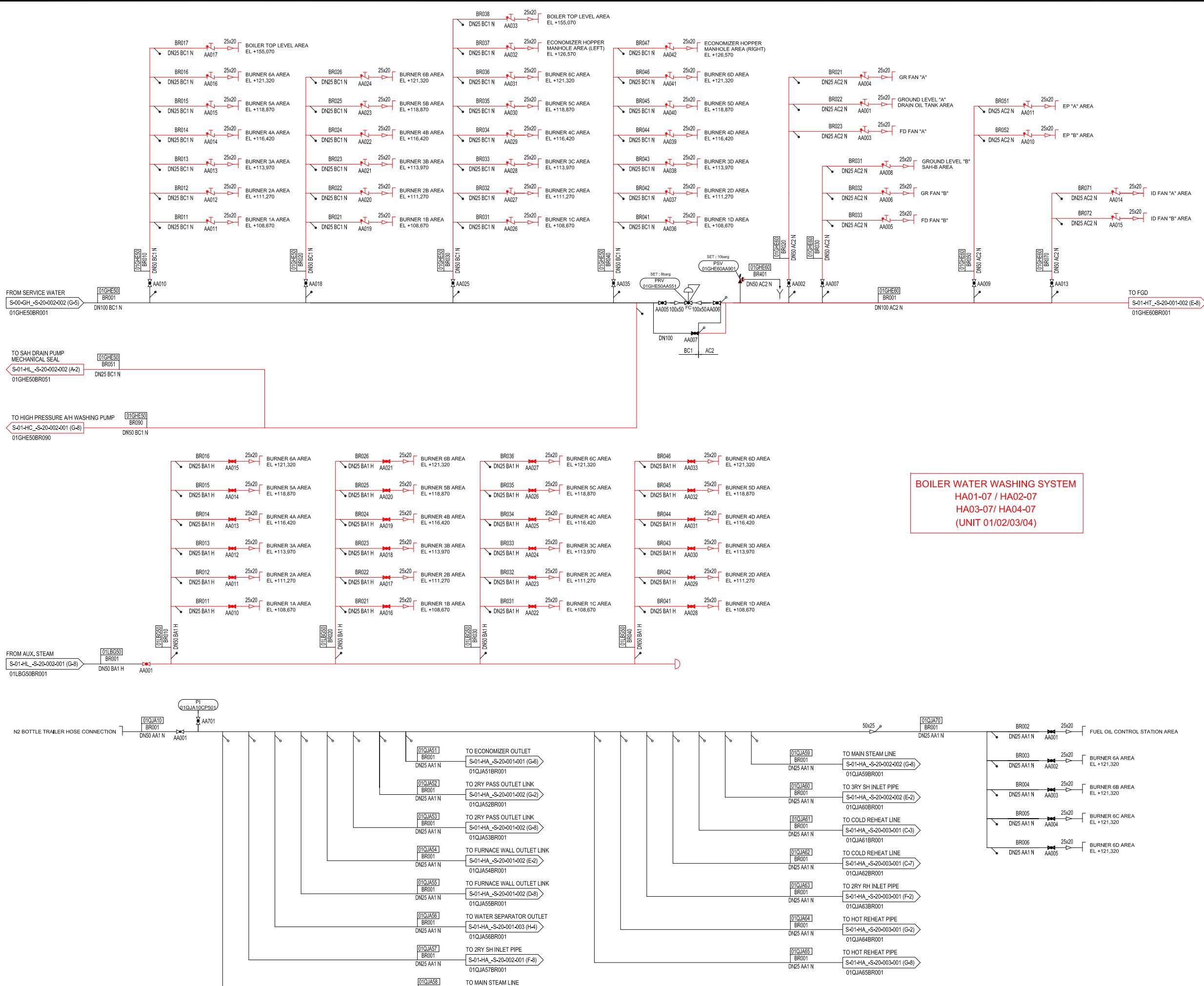
CONTRACTOR
HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

SUBCONTRACTOR N/A VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO. N/A

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED.
THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS.
NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING.
THE CONTRACTOR MAY USE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".
APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION
DOC. NO. PÖY-HHI-1-00838
REV. NO. B
DATE : 21.APR.2014 STATUS : 1

DRAWING TITLE
P&ID FOR BOILER UTILITY SYSTEM

CONTRACT NO.	SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
31221097/00	1:1	S-01-HX_S-20-002-001	01 OF 01	3X



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO.: S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.

NOTES

1. SOOTBLOWER SYMBOL LEGEND
 LONG RETRACTABLE TYPE
 SHORT RETRACTABLE TYPE
 RAKE TYPE
2. SEALING AIR RING HEADER.
3. : SUPPLIED BY VENDOR

BOILER COMBUSTION AIR SYSTEM
 HA01-08 / HA02-08
 HA03-08 / HA04-08
 (UNIT 01/02/03/04)

AS BUILT

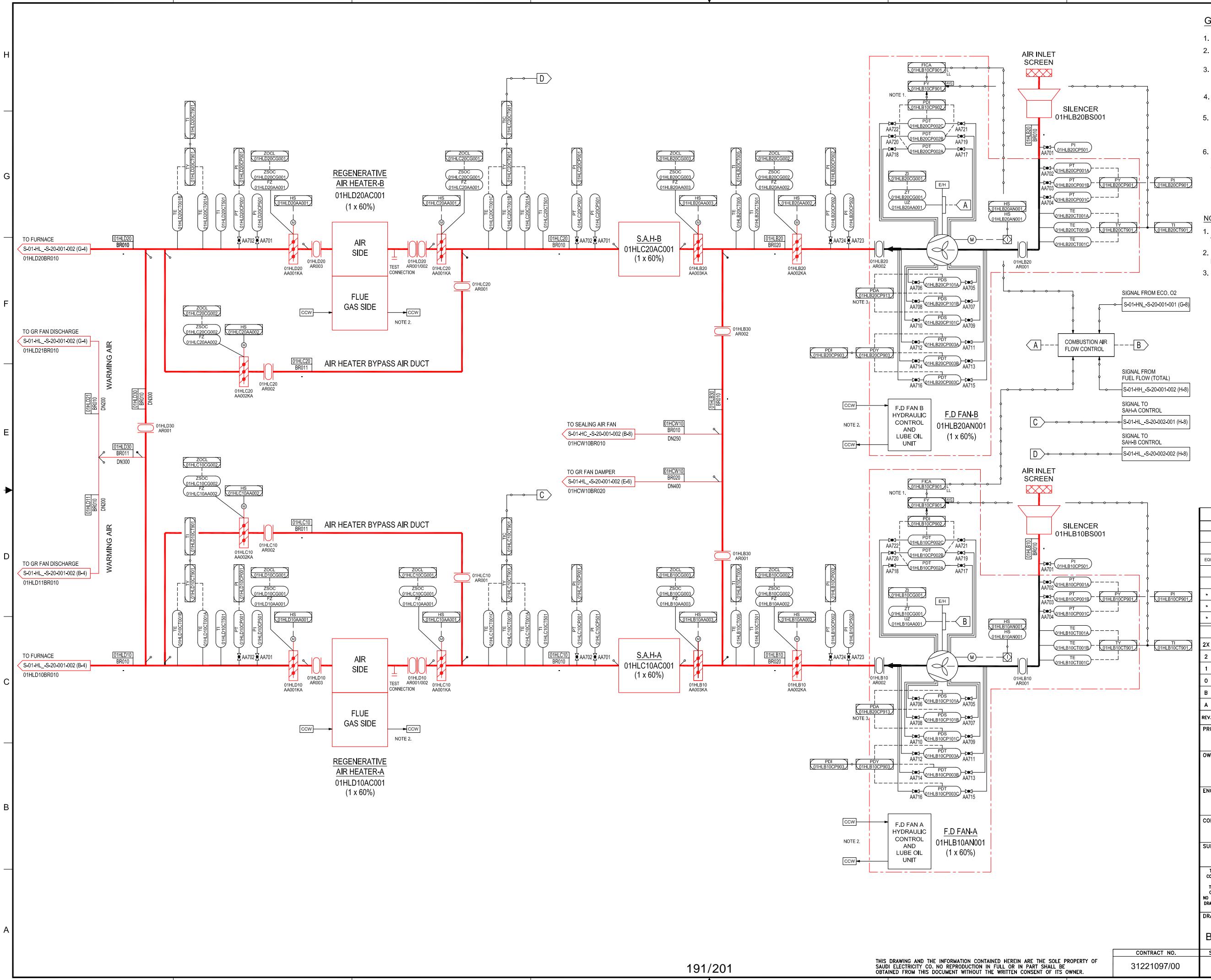
REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
3X 11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT
3 12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED
2 13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED
1 12.SEP.2014	REVISED AS MARKED
0 2.JUN.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION
C 15.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL
B 21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION
	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED

PROJECT	
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT	
OWNER	الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company
ENGINEER	PÖRY
CONTRACTOR	HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A
VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.	N/A

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED BY THE CONTRACTOR HHI. CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY MAKE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".	APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO_Poy-HHI-1-01376 REV. NO. C DATE : 26.MAY.2014 STATUS : 1
DRAWING TITLE	

**P&ID FOR
BOILER SEALING AIR SYSTEM (1/2)**

CONTRACT NO.	SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
31221097/00	1:1	S-01-HC_S-20-001-002	01 OF 01	3X



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA,_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN

NOTES

1. FLOW COMPENSATION USING
TE-01HLB10CT001A/B/C, TE-01HLB20CT001A/B/C
 2. REFER TO P&ID NO. S-01-PG,_S-20-001-003
FOR COOLING WATER CONNECTION.
 3. STALL ALARM

**BOILER COMBUSTION
AIR SYSTEM
HA01-08 / HA02-08
HA03-08 / HA04-08
(UNIT 01/02/03/04)**

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

DRAWING TITLE		DRAWING NO.		
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER		S-00-TA_S-45-002-001		
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM		S-00-HA_S-45-101-001		
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT		S-00-HA_S-48-101-001		
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA		S-00-TA_S-48-001-001		
FD FAN - P&ID		S-04-HLB-M-20-V001-001		
b		b		
b		b		
b		b		
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
2	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
1	12.SEP.2014	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
O	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
REV.	DATE	REISSUED DATE	DESIGNED BY	CHECKED BY

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

Yankee Doodle Dandy (1942) - Theatrical Release Date: December 25, 1942


PÖRY

<p>THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL APPROVED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE OE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAVE BEEN MADE SINCE THIS DRAWING. CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"</p>	<p>APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION</p> <p>DOC. NO. <u>POY-HHI-1-00943</u></p> <p>REV. NO. <u>B</u></p> <p>DATE : <u>04-MAY-2014</u> STATUS : <u>2</u></p>
<p>DRAWING TITLE: <u> </u></p>	

P&ID FOR
BOILER COMBUSTION AIR SYSTEM (1/2)

SCALE DRAWING NO. SHEET NO. REV.

SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
1:1	S-01-UU-S-20-001-001	01 OF 01	2X

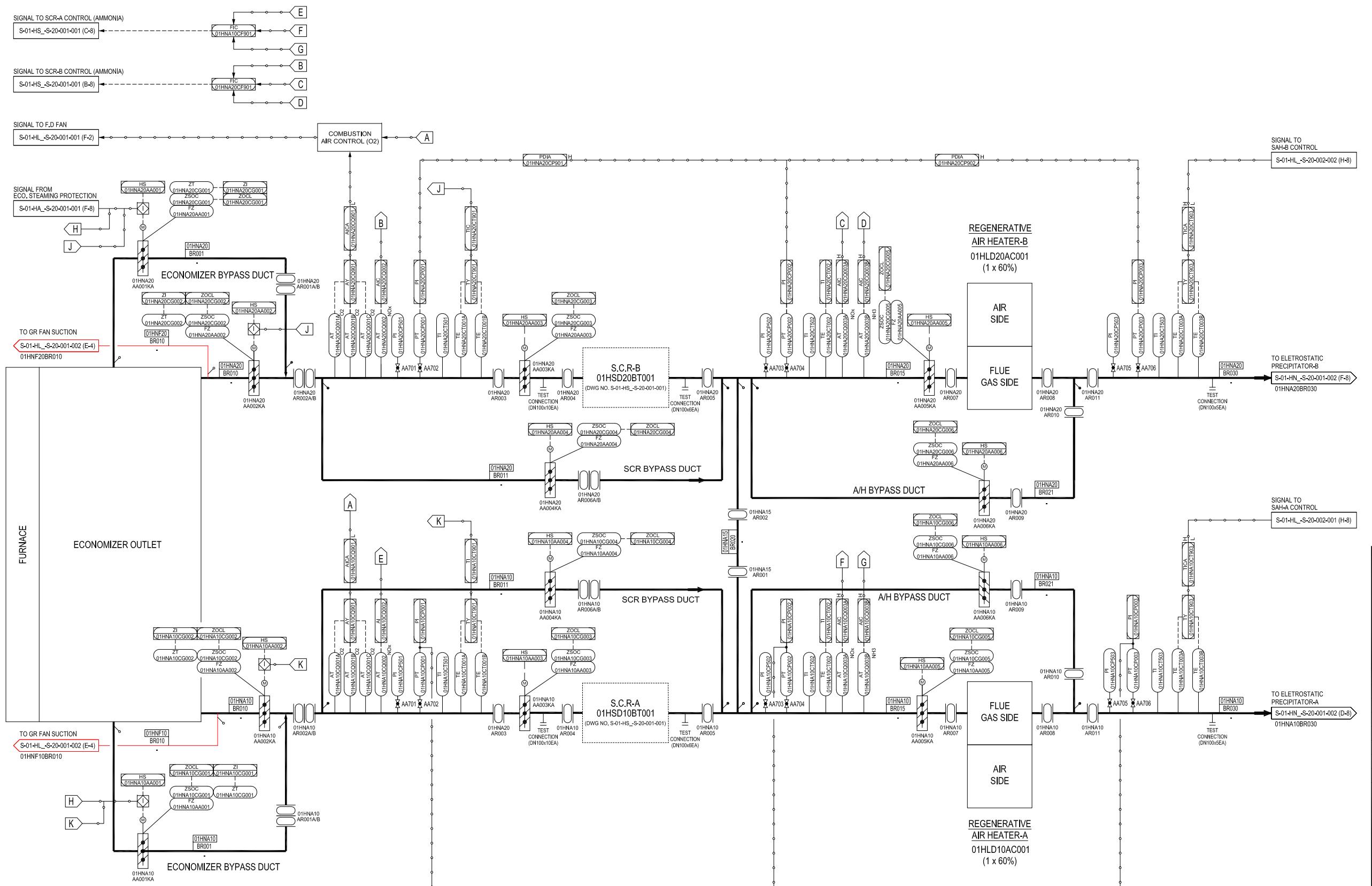
1:1 S-01-HL_S-20-001-001 01 OF 01 2X

A1(594x841)

Digitized by srujanika@gmail.com

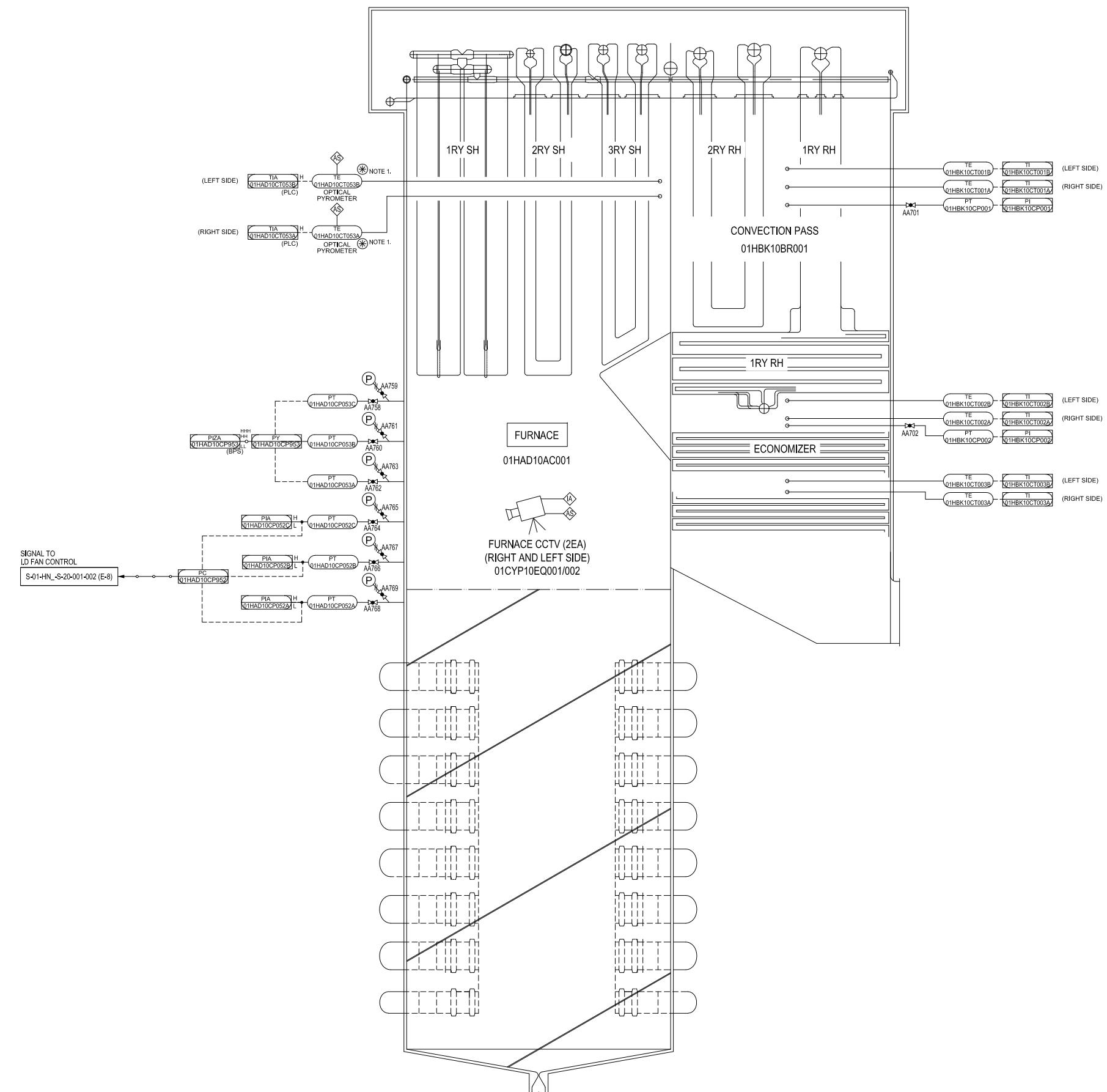
GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.

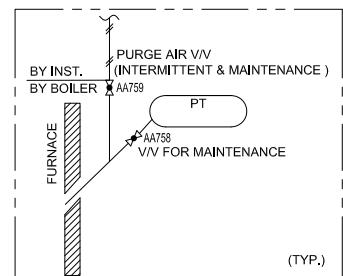


GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO.: S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
6. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.

**NOTES**

1. (*) : SUPPLIED BY VENDOR.
2. (P): INSTRUMENT PURGE SCHEMATIC FOR FURNACE.

**AS BUILT**

REFERENCE DRAWINGS		
DRAWING TITLE		DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER		S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM		S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT		S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA		S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
▪		▪
▪		▪
▪		▪
▪		▪
▪		▪

2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
2	31.AUG.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
1	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
0	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE Y.S.LEE K.M.LEE
REV. DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED CHECKED APPROVED	

PROJECT

SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT

OWNER **الشركة السعودية للكهرباء**
Saudi Electricity Company

PÖRY**CONTRACTOR****HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.**

SUBCONTRACTOR	N/A	VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.	N/A
---------------	-----	-------------------------	-----

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED BY THE CONTRACTOR HHI. CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING SINCE THE CONTRACTOR MADE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".
DRAWING NO. : 31221097/00 DATE : 04.MAY.2014 STATUS : 2

APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

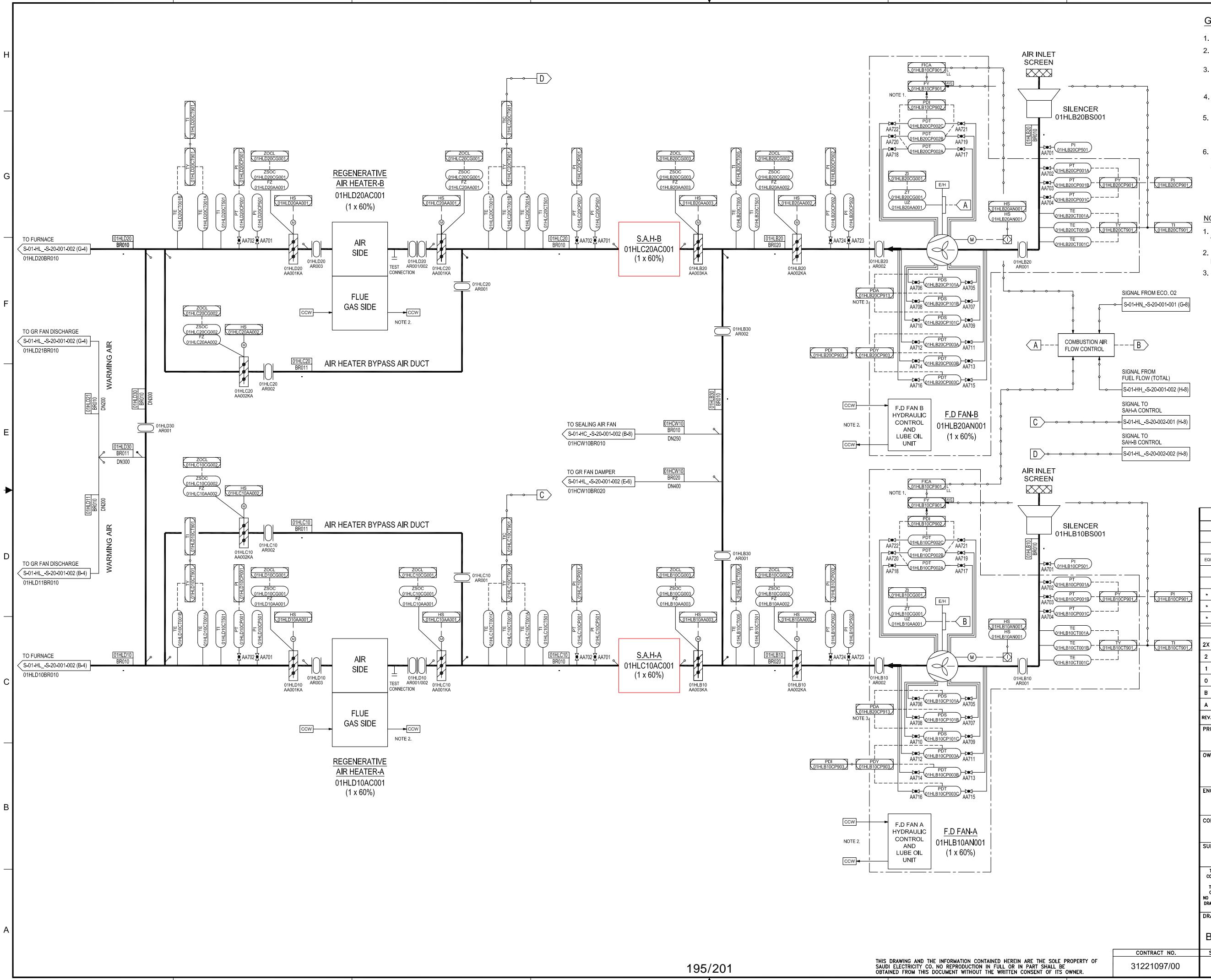
DOC. NO. POY-HHI-1-00945

REV. NO. B

DATE : 04.MAY.2014

DRAWING TITLE

P&ID FOR
BOILER INSTRUMENTATION



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND. DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.

NOTES

1. FLOW COMPENSATION USING
TE-01HLB10CT001A/B/C, TE-01HLB20CT001A/B/C
 2. REFER TO P&ID NO. S-01-PG,_S-20-001-003
FOR COOLING WATER CONNECTION.
 3. STALL ALARM

**BOILER STEAM AIR
HEATER SYSTEM**
HS01-09 / HS02-09
HS03-09 / HS04-09
(UNIT 01/02/03/04)

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

DRAWING TITLE		DRAWING NO.		
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER		S-00-TA_S-45-002-001		
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM		S-00-HA_S-45-101-001		
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT		S-00-HA_S-48-101-001		
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA		S-00-TA_S-48-001-001		
FD FAN - P&ID		S-04-HLB-M-20-V001-001		
b		b		
b		b		
b		b		
b		b		
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
2	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
1	12.SEP.2014	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
O	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE
REV	DATE	REVISION NUMBER	DESIGNED BY	CHECKED BY
				APPROVED BY

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

For more information about the study, please contact Dr. Michael J. Hwang at (319) 356-4000 or email at mhwang@uiowa.edu.


PÖYRY

<p>THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PURCHASE OF MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED.</p> <p>THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE OE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAVE BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWINGS SINCE CONTRACT DATE THE DRAWING IS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"</p> <p>DRAWING TITLE</p>	<p>APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION</p> <p>DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00943</p> <p>REV. NO. B</p> <p>DATE : 04.MAY.2014. STATUS : 2</p>
---	---

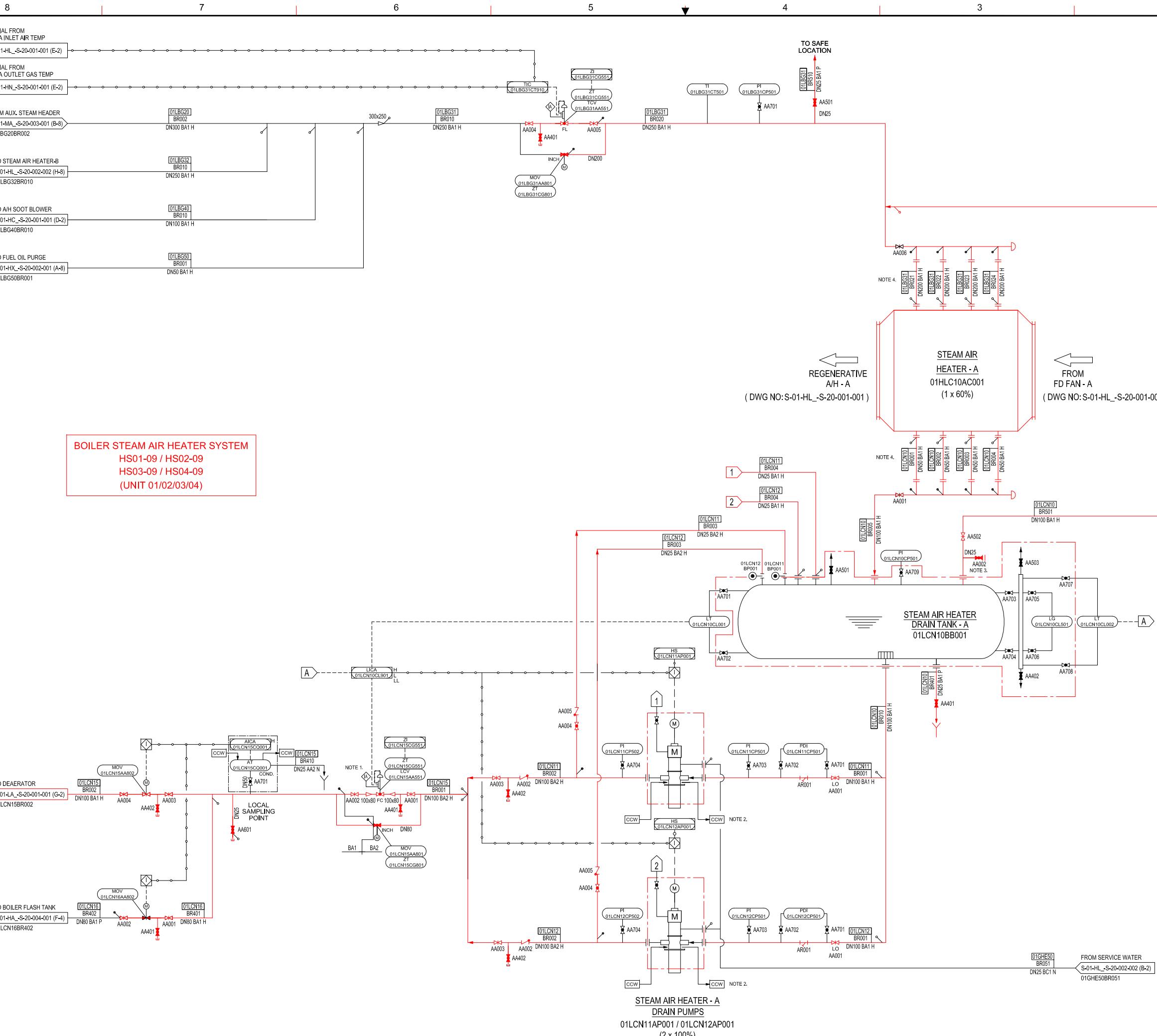
P&ID FOR
BOILER COMBUSTION AIR SYSTEM (1/2)

SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
1:1	S-01-UU-S-20-001-001	01 OF 01	ZX

THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF
SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE
OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.

CONTRACT NO.

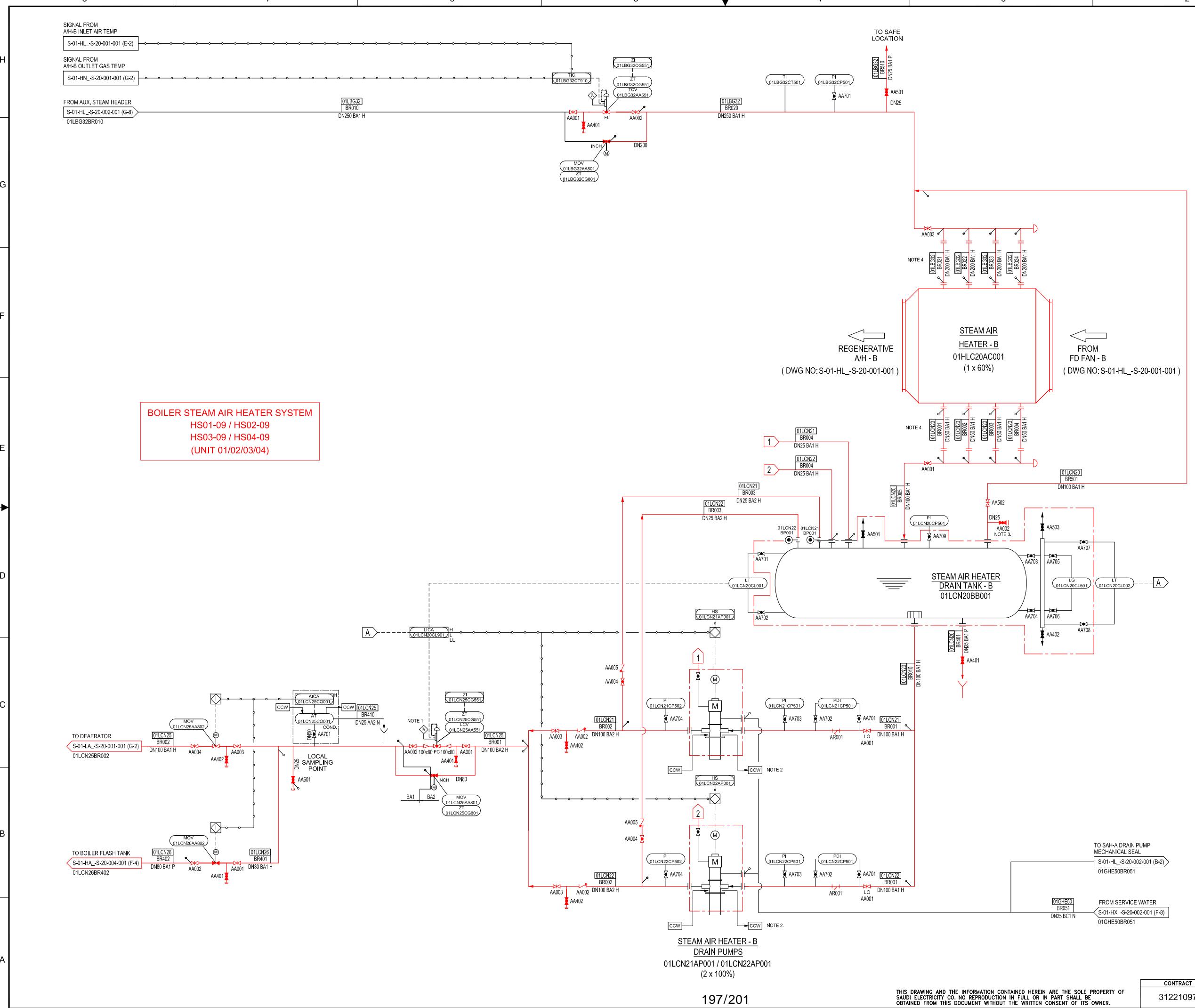
SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.	REV.
1:1	S-01-HL_-S-20-001-001	01 OF 01	2X



THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.

CONTRACT NO. 31221097/00
SCALE 1:1 DRAWING NO. S-01-HL_S-20-002-001 SHEET NO. 01 OF 01 REV. 2X

1 A1(59x841)



GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs-SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ALL BOTTOM HEADERS AND PIPING LOW POINTS SHALL BE DRAINABLE WITH DRAIN VALVES.
ALL TOP HEADERS AND PIPING HIGH POINTS SHALL BE VENTED WITH VENT VALVES.
 7. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN.
 8. DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL STEAM AND FEED WATER DRAINS, AND THE DOUBLE ISOLATION VALVES SHALL BE LOCATED AS CLOSE AS TAPPING POINT. BOTH VALVES SHALL BE OF THE GLOBE TYPE.
 9. DOUBLE ROOT VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TAPPINGS, ie INSTRUMENTS, DRAINS, VENTS, ON SYSTEMS HAVING DESIGN PRESSURE 40 BARG OR HIGHER.

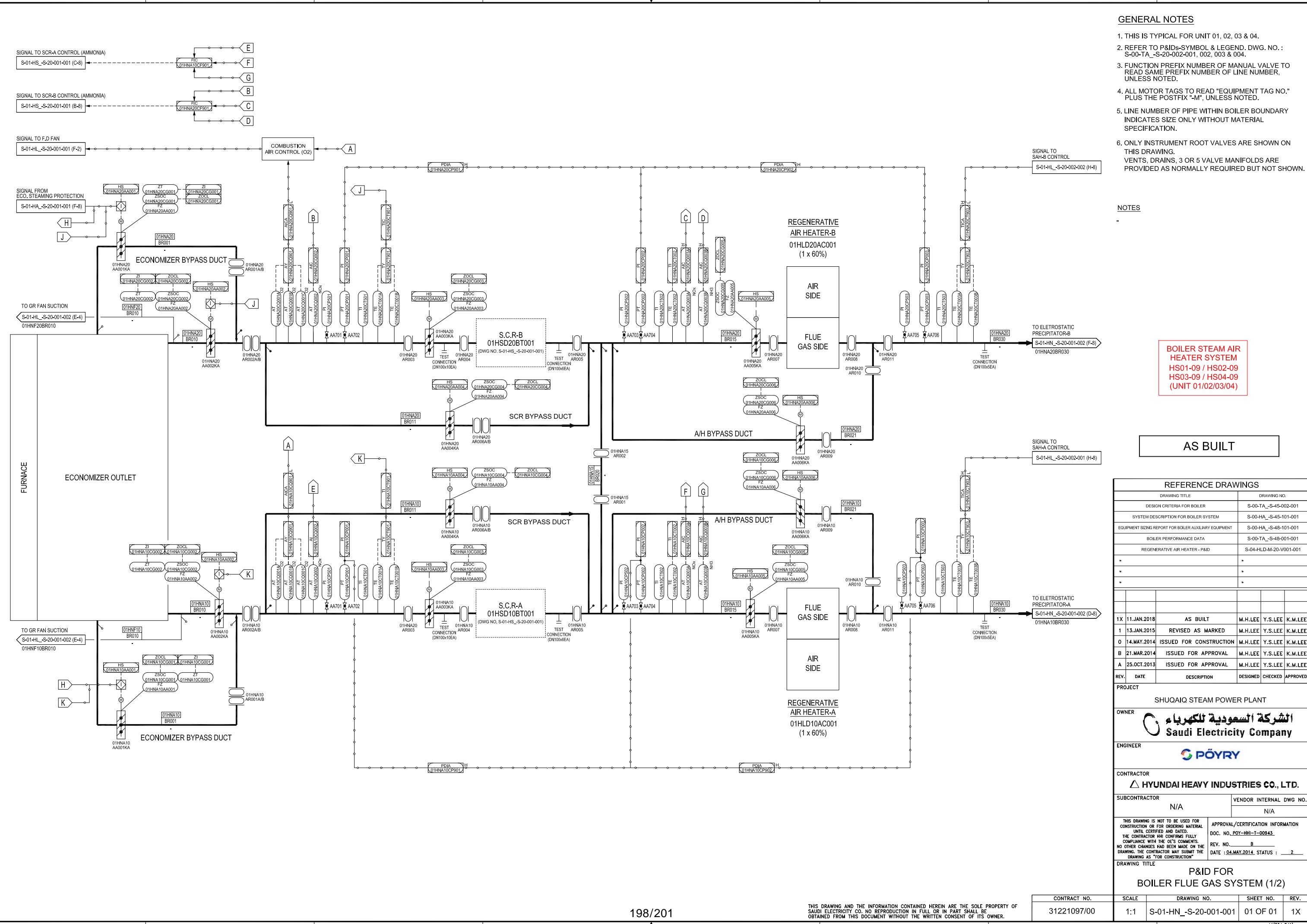
NOTES

1. CONTROL VALVE STATION SHALL BE LOCATED NEAR THE BOILER FLASH TANK AREA.
 2. REFER TO P&ID NO. S-01-PG _S-20-001-003 FOR COOLING WATER CONNECTION
 3. FOR INITIAL FILLING ONLY.
 4. REMOVABLE PIECE.

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS

REFERENCE DRAWINGS								
DRAWING TITLE			DRAWING NO.					
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER			S-00-TA_-S-45-002-001					
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM			S-00-HA_-S-45-101-001					
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT			S-00-HA_-S-48-101-001					
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA			S-00-TA_-S-48-001-001					
•			•					
•			•					
•			•					
•			•					
2X	11.JAN.2018	AS BUILT	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
2	12.JUN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
1	13.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
O	14.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
B	21.MAR.2014	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	M.H.LEE	Y.S.LEE	K.M.LEE			
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED			
PROJECT								
SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT								
OWNER								
 الشركة السعودية للكهرباء Saudi Electricity Company								
ENGINEER								
 PÖYRY								
CONTRACTOR								
 HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.								
SUBCONTRACTOR			VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.					
N/A			N/A					
<small>THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR CONTRACT MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED BY THE CONTRACTOR WHO CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE OE'S COMMENTS. NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"</small>			<small>APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. <u>POY-HHI-T-00838</u> REV. NO. <u>B</u> DATE : <u>21.APR.2014</u> STATUS : <u>1</u></small>					
DRAWING TITLE								
P&ID FOR BOILER STEAM AIR HEATER SYSTEM (2/2)								
SCALE	DRAWING NO.	SHEET NO.		REV.				
1:1	S-01-HL_-S-20-002-002	01 OF 01		2X				



198/201

GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
2. REFER TO P&ID SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO.: S-00-TA-S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.

NOTES

1. MODULATING TYPE MOV.
2. HORIZONTAL RUN SLOPE OF PUMP SUCTION PIPE : MIN 1/4 (15 DEGREES)
3. BFP TRIP AT LEVEL LOW-LOW FEEDWATER STORAGE TANK.
4. MOV OPEN AT STORAGE TANK LEVEL HIGH-HIGH AND CLOSE AT TANK LEVEL HIGH.
5. FLUSHING AND CLEANING CONNECTION.
6. PP AND TW WILL BE USED FOR PROVISION OF PERFORMANCE TEST, THE FLOW ORIFICE SHALL BE CALIBRATED AS PER ASME PTC 19.5.

NOZZLE NO.	LINE SIZE	DESCRIPTION	P&ID NO.
N1	DN800	HEATING STEAM	S-01-LB-S-20-001-001
N2	DN500	CASCADE DRAIN	S-01-LC-S-20-001-001
N3	DN50	START-UP VENT	S-01-LB-S-20-002-001
N4	DN300	PSV	S-01-LB-S-20-002-001
N5	DN300	PSV	S-01-LB-S-20-002-001
N6	DN400	START-UP STEAM	S-01-LB-S-20-001-001
N7	DN50	VENT	S-01-LB-S-20-001-001
N8	DN50	VENT	S-01-LB-S-20-001-001
N9	DN50	VENT	S-01-LB-S-20-001-001
N10	DN50	VENT	S-01-LB-S-20-001-001
N11	DN50	VENT	S-01-LB-S-20-001-001
N12	DN50	VENT	S-01-LB-S-20-001-001

FOR CONSTRUCTION

REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR FEED WATER SYS.	S-00-LA-S-48-105-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR FEED WATER SYSTEM	S-00-LA-S-45-105-001
PFD-FEED WATER SYSTEM	S-00-LA-S-12-001-001
PFD-CONDENSATE SYSTEM	S-00-LA-S-12-002-001

1	17.JAN.2015	REVISED AS MARKED	I.J.LEE	S.W.KIM	J.K.SEO
0	20.MAY.2014	ISSUED FOR CONSTRUCTION	I.J.LEE	H.H.KIM	J.K.SEO
B	13.MAR.2014	REVISED AS MARKED	I.J.LEE	H.H.KIM	J.K.SEO
A	25.OCT.2013	ISSUED FOR APPROVAL	H.H.KIM	J.K.SEO	H.S.BAEK
REV.	DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED	CHECKED	APPROVED

PROJECT

SHUQAIQ STEAM POWER PLANT

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

POYRY

OWNER

N/A

ENGINEER

HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.

SUBCONTRACTOR

N/A

VENDOR INTERNAL DWG. NO.

N/A

THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION FOR THE MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED.

THE CONTRACTOR HHI CONFIRMS FULLY COMPLIANCE WITH THE GE'S COMMENTS.

NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING SINCE THE DATE OF THE DRAWING.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY MAKE THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION".

DRAWING TITLE

P & ID FOR

FEED WATER SYSTEM (1/3) (FOR UNIT 01)

- DEAERATOR

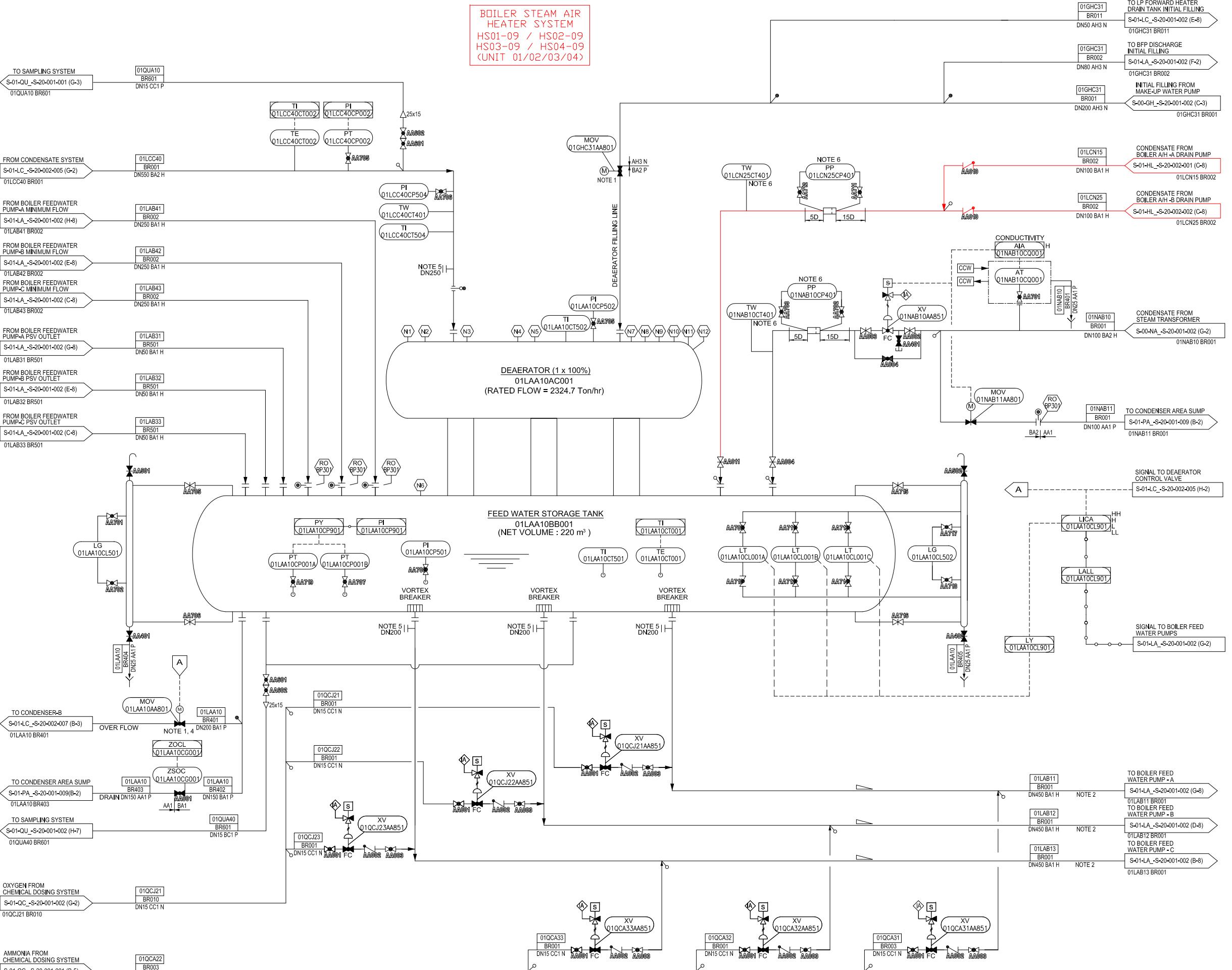
DOC. NO. POY-HHI-T-00833

REV. NO. B

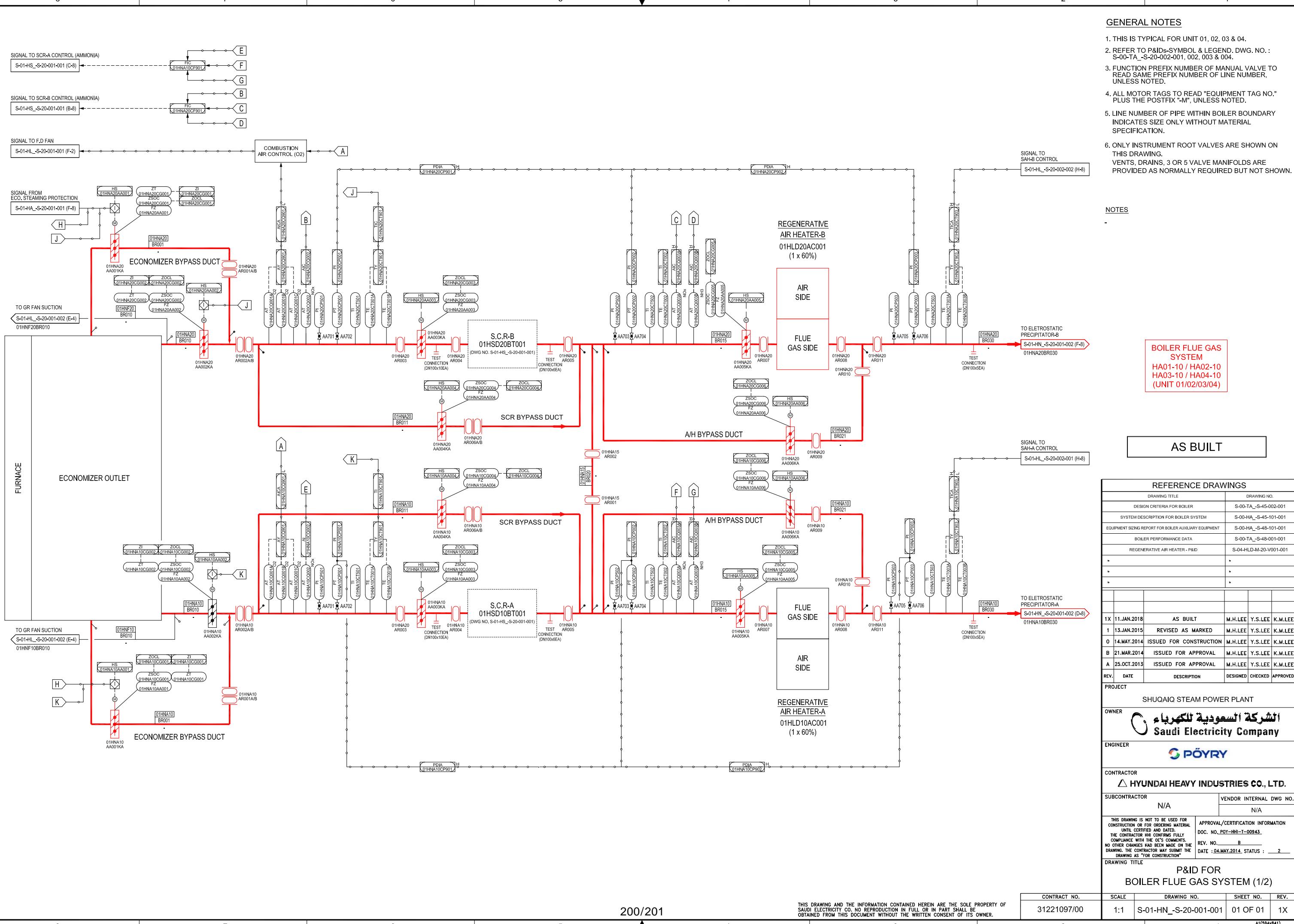
DATE : 29.APR.2014 STATUS : 2

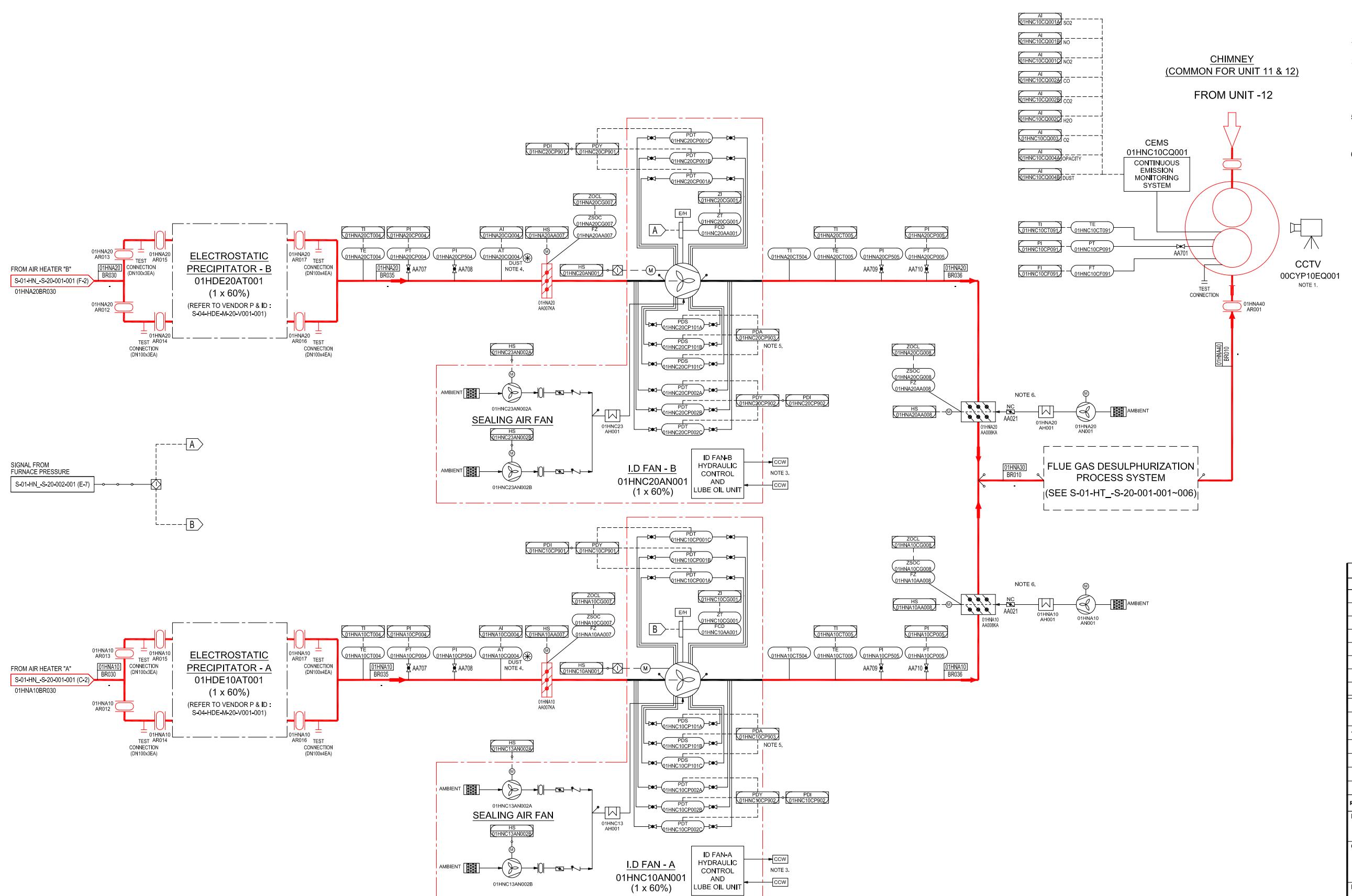
CONTRACT NO. 31221097/00

SCALE 1:1000 DRAWING NO. S-01-LA-S-20-001-001 SHEET NO. 01 OF 01 REV. 1



THIS DRAWING AND THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN ARE THE SOLE PROPERTY OF SAUDI ELECTRICITY CO. NO REPRODUCTION IN FULL OR IN PART SHALL BE OBTAINED FROM THIS DOCUMENT WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF ITS OWNER.





GENERAL NOTES

1. THIS IS TYPICAL FOR UNIT 01, 02, 03 & 04.
 2. REFER TO P&IDs SYMBOL & LEGEND, DWG. NO. : S-00-TA_S-20-002-001, 002, 003 & 004.
 3. FUNCTION PREFIX NUMBER OF MANUAL VALVE TO READ SAME PREFIX NUMBER OF LINE NUMBER, UNLESS NOTED.
 4. ALL MOTOR TAGS TO READ "EQUIPMENT TAG NO." PLUS THE POSTFIX "-M", UNLESS NOTED.
 5. LINE NUMBER OF PIPE WITHIN BOILER BOUNDARY INDICATES SIZE ONLY WITHOUT MATERIAL SPECIFICATION.
 6. ONLY INSTRUMENT ROOT VALVES ARE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING.
VENTS, DRAINS, 3 OR 5 VALVE MANIFOLDS ARE PROVIDED AS NORMALLY REQUIRED BUT NOT SHOWN

NOTES

1. CCTV FOR CHIMNEY : COMMON FOR UNIT 11 AND 12.
 2. [] : SUPPLIED BY VENDOR.
 3. REFER TO P&ID NO. S-01-PG _S-20-001-003 FOR COOLING WATER CONNECTION.
 4.  : SUPPLIED BY EP VENDOR
 5. STALL ALARM
 6. REFER TO DETAIL CONFIGURATION FOR DAMPER SEAL AIR HEATER

**BOILER FLUE GAS
SYSTEM**
HA01-10 / HA02-10
HA03-10 / HA04-10
(UNIT 01/02/03/04)

AS BUILT

REFERENCE DRAWINGS	
DRAWING TITLE	DRAWING NO.
DESIGN CRITERIA FOR BOILER	S-00-TA_S-45-002-001
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION FOR BOILER SYSTEM	S-00-HA_S-45-101-001
EQUIPMENT SIZING REPORT FOR BOILER AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	S-00-HA_S-48-101-001
BOILER PERFORMANCE DATA	S-00-TA_S-48-001-001
ESP - P&ID	S-04-HDE-M-20-V001-001
ID FAN - P&ID	S-04-HNC-M-20-V001-001
■	■
■	■

SUISHAO STEAM POWER PLANT

الشركة السعودية للكهرباء
Saudi Electricity Company

 RÖVRY

CONTRACTOR

HYUNDAI HEAVY INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.	
SUBCONTRACTOR	VENDOR INTERNAL DWG NO.
N/A	N/A
THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION OR FOR ORDERING MATERIAL UNTIL CERTIFIED AND DATED. THE CONTRACTOR HIM/HIMSELF CONFIRMS FULLY THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS CORRECT AND ACCURATE.	
APPROVAL/CERTIFICATION INFORMATION DOC. NO. <u>POY-HHI-T-00837</u>	

NO OTHER CHANGES HAD BEEN MADE ON THE DRAWING. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBMIT THE DRAWING AS "FOR CONSTRUCTION"	DATE : 17.APR.2014 STATUS : 1
DRAWING TITLE	
P&ID FOR BOILER FLUE GAS SYSTEM (2/2)	

DETAIL CONFIGURATION FOR DAMPER SEAL AIR HEATER

DAMPER IDENTIFICATION (A)	TE (1)	T _I (2)	TS (3)	TS (4)	PI (5)	HS (6)	
FLUE GAS TRAIN "A"	01HNA10AA008KA	01HNA10CT006	01HNA10CT521	01HNA10CT101	01HNA10CT102	01HNA10CP521	01HNA10AN007
FLUE GAS TRAIN "B"	01HNA20AA008KA	01HNA20CT006	01HNA20CT521	01HNA20CT101	01HNA20CT102	01HNA20CP521	01HNA20AN007