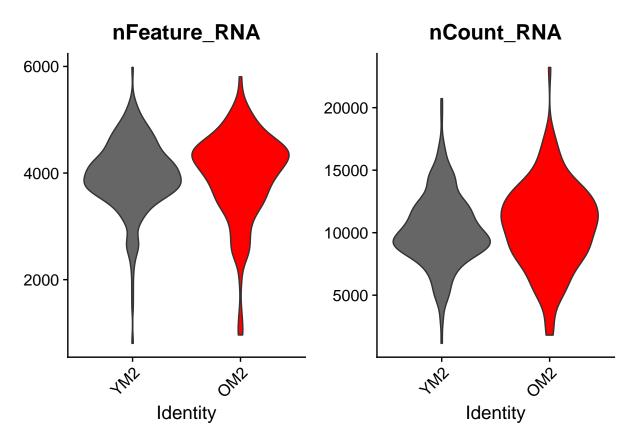
Hert analysis - males only

```
library(Seurat)
library(ggplot2)
library(sctransform)
library(cowplot)
##
## *******************
## Note: As of version 1.0.0, cowplot does not change the
##
     default ggplot2 theme anymore. To recover the previous
##
     behavior, execute:
     theme_set(theme_cowplot())
       ********************
library(dplyr)
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(scrattch.hicat)
load only Hcrt core cells, with doublets removed
load('~/postdoc2/Shibin_hypocretin/hypocretin/hcrtcorecells.RData')
relabel clusters
hcrt<-RenameIdents(hcrt, "4"="1")</pre>
hcrt<-RenameIdents(hcrt, "10"="2")
hcrt<-RenameIdents(hcrt, "9"="3")
hcrt$merged.res.2.renamed<-Idents(hcrt)</pre>
hcrt$merged.res.2.renamed<-factor(hcrt$merged.res.2.renamed,levels=c("0","1","2","3"))
Idents(hcrt)<-'merged.res.2.renamed'</pre>
split by sex - males here:
sex<-as.factor(hcrt$librarynames %in% c("YF2","0F2"))</pre>
levels(sex)<-c('male', 'female')</pre>
hcrt$sex<-sex
Idents(hcrt)<-'sex'</pre>
hcrt<-subset(hcrt,idents='male')</pre>
```



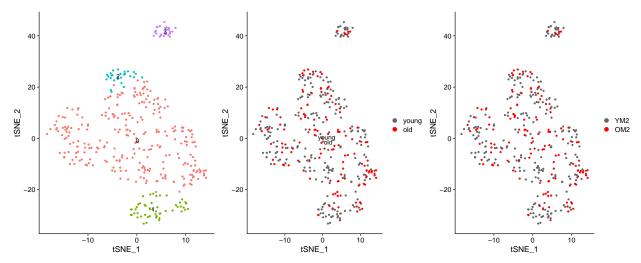
```
p1<-DimPlot(hcrt, label = TRUE,group.by='merged.res.2.renamed') + NoLegend()

## Warning: Using `as.character()` on a quosure is deprecated as of rlang 0.3.0.

## Please use `as_label()` or `as_name()` instead.

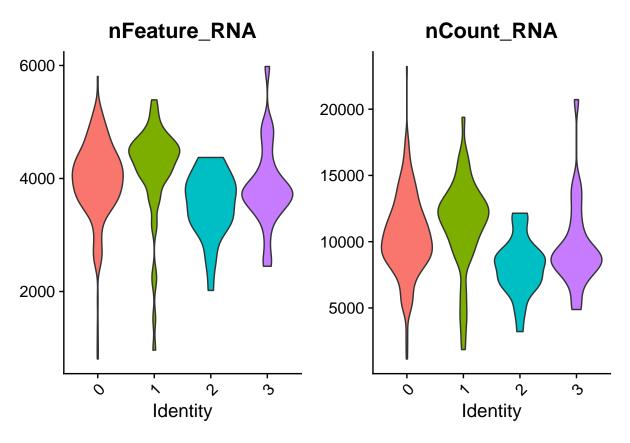
## This warning is displayed once per session.

p2<-DimPlot(hcrt, label = TRUE,group.by='age',cols=c("gray40","red"))
p3<-DimPlot(hcrt, label = FALSE,group.by='librarynames',cols=c("gray40","red"))
plot_grid(p1,p2,p3,ncol=3)</pre>
```



 $check\ genes\ and\ umis\ detected\ per\ cluster-data\ quality\ +\ some\ notion\ of\ how\ large\ a\ cell\ we\ are\ looking\ at.$

VlnPlot(hcrt,features=c("nFeature_RNA","nCount_RNA"),group.by='merged.res.2.renamed',pt.size = 0)

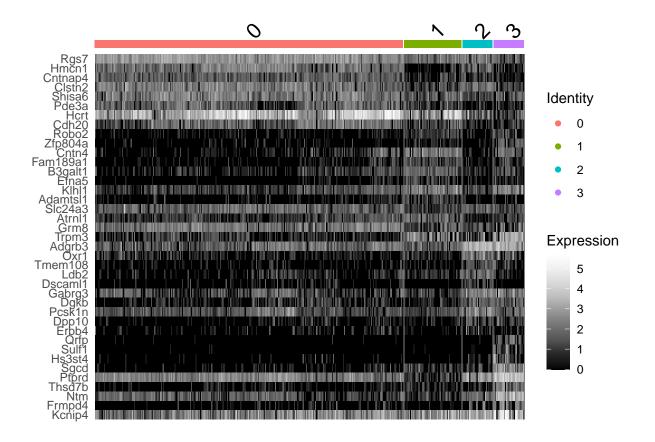


Look for cluster specific genes:

```
Idents(hcrt)<-'merged.res.2.renamed'
markers<-FindAllMarkers(hcrt,logfc.threshold = log(2))</pre>
```

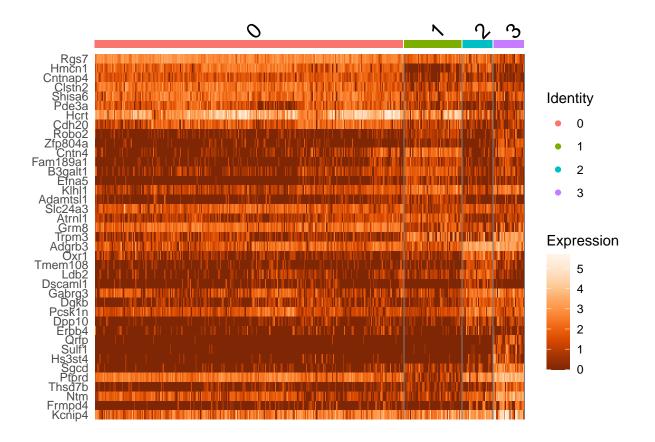
- ## Calculating cluster 0
- ## Calculating cluster 1

```
## Calculating cluster 2
## Calculating cluster 3
markers %>% group_by(cluster) %>% top_n(5,avg_logFC)
## # A tibble: 20 x 7
## # Groups:
              cluster [4]
##
         p_val avg_logFC pct.1 pct.2 p_val_adj cluster gene
##
         <dbl>
                   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                         <dbl> <fct>
                                                       <chr>>
## 1 1.63e-32
                   0.767 1
                               0.952 2.61e-28 0
                                                       Rgs7
## 2 1.02e-28
                   1.06 0.971 0.533 1.62e-24 0
                                                       Hmcn1
## 3 4.75e-28
                   0.891 0.978 0.59
                                      7.57e-24 0
                                                       Cntnap4
## 4 2.94e-18
                   0.835 0.92 0.581 4.68e-14 0
                                                       Pde3a
## 5 1.82e-17
                   0.943 0.993 0.905
                                      2.91e-13 0
                                                       Hcrt
## 6 1.74e-24
                   1.36 0.98 0.427 2.77e-20 1
                                                       Cntn4
                  0.942 0.882 0.315 7.84e-17 1
## 7 4.92e-21
                                                       Fam189a1
                  0.932 1
## 8 2.56e-19
                               0.615 4.08e-15 1
                                                       B3galt1
## 9 4.50e-18
                   0.923 0.706 0.188
                                      7.17e-14 1
                                                       Efna5
## 10 4.48e- 9
                  0.954 0.882 0.679 7.14e- 5 1
                                                       Trpm3
## 11 8.16e-16
                   1.30 1
                               0.949 1.30e-11 2
                                                       Adgrb3
## 12 1.26e-15
                   1.46 1
                               0.554 2.02e-11 2
                                                       0xr1
## 13 2.27e-15
                   1.04 0.889 0.288 3.61e-11 2
                                                       Tmem108
## 14 4.18e-14
                   1.24 0.926 0.446 6.67e-10 2
                                                       Ldb2
## 15 1.20e- 3
                   0.931 0.519 0.251 1.00e+ 0 2
                                                       Erbb4
## 16 8.79e-23
                   1.70 0.741 0.093 1.40e-18 3
                                                       Hs3st4
## 17 6.89e-22
                   2.13 1
                               0.331 1.10e-17 3
                                                       Sgcd
## 18 7.25e-17
                   1.73 0.926 0.367 1.16e-12 3
                                                       Thsd7b
## 19 5.05e-16
                   1.80 1
                               0.856 8.06e-12 3
                                                       Ntm
## 20 2.75e-14
                   1.72 0.741 0.198 4.39e-10 3
                                                       Frmpd4
#markers.filtered<-markers[markers$p_val_adj<0.05,]</pre>
#write.csv(markers.filtered,file='~/postdoc2/Shibin_hypocretin/hypocretin/males_cluster_DEGs.csv')
plot a heatmap
markers %>% group_by(cluster) %>% top_n(10,avg_logFC) ->top10
DoHeatmap(hcrt, features = top10$gene,slot='data')+
  scale_fill_gradientn(colors = rev(RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n = 10, name = "Greys")))
## Warning in RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n = 10, name = "Greys"): n too large, allowed maximum for palett
## Returning the palette you asked for with that many colors
## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which
## will replace the existing scale.
```



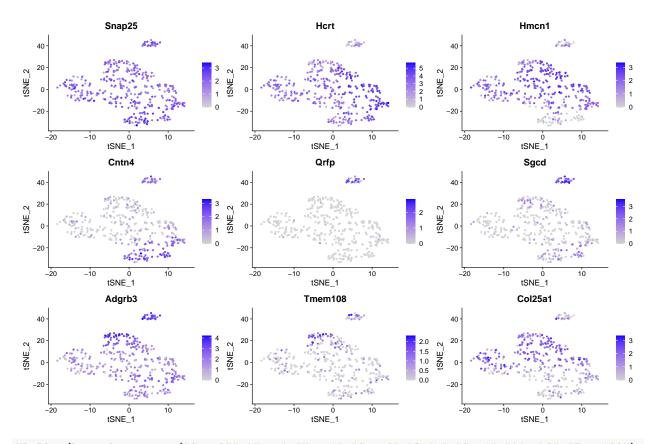
```
DoHeatmap(hcrt, features = top10$gene,slot='data')+
    scale_fill_gradientn(colors = rev(RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n = 10, name = "Oranges")))
```

- ## Warning in RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n = 10, name = "Oranges"): n too large, allowed maximum for pale ## Returning the palette you asked for with that many colors
- ## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which ## will replace the existing scale.

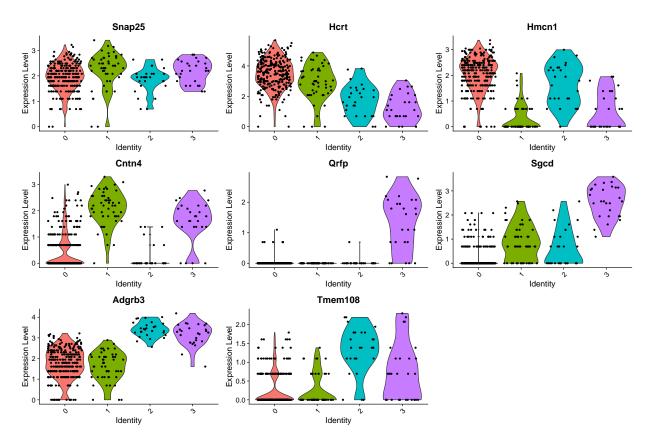


Featureplots of marker genes

FeaturePlot(hcrt,features=c("Snap25",'Hcrt',"Hmcn1","Cntn4","Qrfp","Sgcd","Adgrb3","Tmem108","Col25a1")

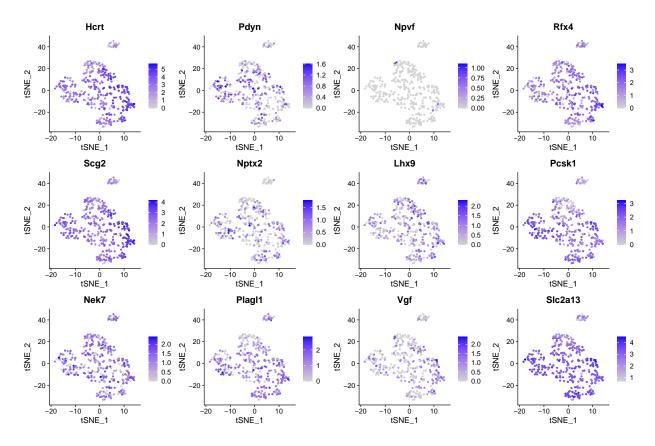


VlnPlot(hcrt,features=c("Snap25",'Hcrt',"Hmcn1","Cntn4","Qrfp","Sgcd","Adgrb3","Tmem108"),group.by = "m



Mickelsen's genes:

FeaturePlot(hcrt,c("Hcrt", "Pdyn", "Npvf", "Rfx4", "Scg2", "Nptx2", "Lhx9", "Pcsk1", "Nek7", "Plagl1",



do young and old cells contribute differently to the 4 clusters? total cell numbers.

table(hcrt\$merged.res.2.renamed,hcrt\$librarynames)

```
##
##
        YM2 YF2 OM2 OF2
##
                  103
                         0
                         0
##
         36
                   15
      1
##
         16
                   11
                         0
##
      3
         21
               0
                         0
```

percentage.

```
t<-table(hcrt$merged.res.2.renamed,hcrt$librarynames)
prop.table(t,2) # cell percentages</pre>
```

```
##
##
               YM2 YF2
                               OM2 OF2
     0 0.70325203
                       0.76296296
##
     1 0.14634146
                       0.1111111
##
##
       0.06504065
                       0.08148148
##
     3 0.08536585
                       0.0444444
```

the distribution of cells across the 4 clusters from each library is remarkably similar.

Lets look for differentially expressed genes between young and old in the supercluster of 0,1,2

```
hcrtcore<-subset(hcrt,idents=c("0","1","2"))
table(hcrtcore$age)</pre>
```

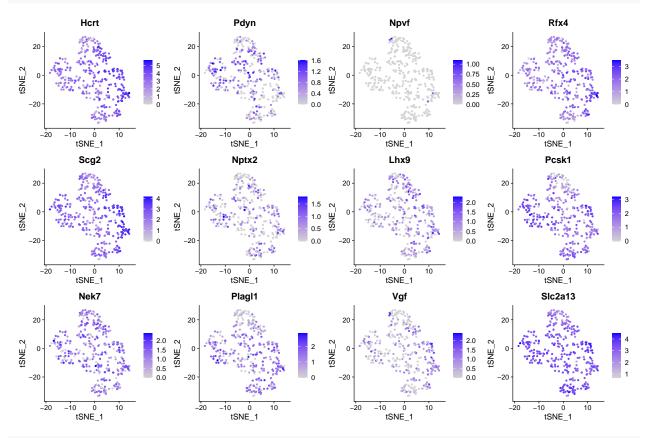
```
##
## young old
## 225 129

table(hcrtcore$librarynames)

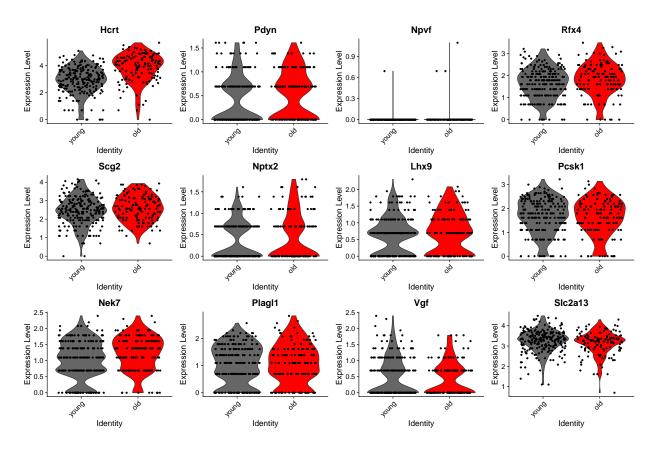
##
## YM2 YF2 OM2 OF2
## 225 0 129 0
```

first though, Mickelsen's genes:

FeaturePlot(hcrtcore,c("Hcrt", "Pdyn", "Npvf", "Rfx4", "Scg2", "Nptx2", "Lhx9", "Pcsk1", "Nek7", "Plagl

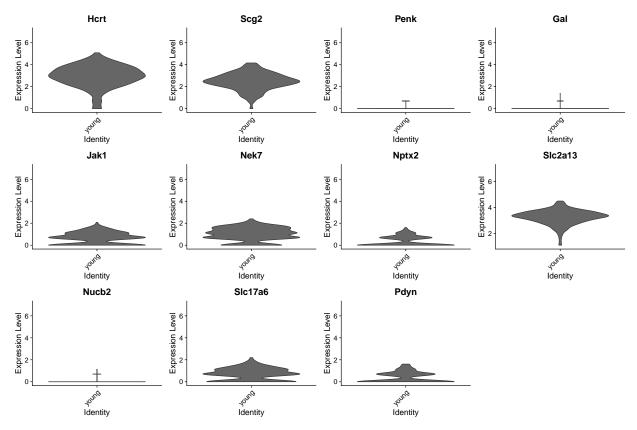


Idents(hcrtcore)<-'age'
VlnPlot(hcrtcore,c("Hcrt", "Pdyn", "Npvf", "Rfx4", "Scg2", "Nptx2", "Lhx9", "Pcsk1", "Nek7", "Plag11",</pre>



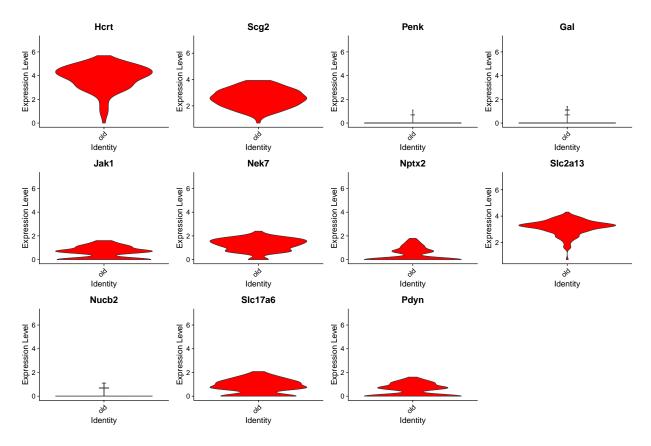
New plots for Shibin.

genesofinterest<-c("Hcrt","Scg2","Penk","Gal","Jak1","Nek7","Nptx2","Slc2a13","Nucb2","Slc17a6","Pdyn")
VlnPlot(hcrtcore,genesofinterest,idents = 'young',y.max=7,pt.size = 0,cols=c("gray40"))</pre>



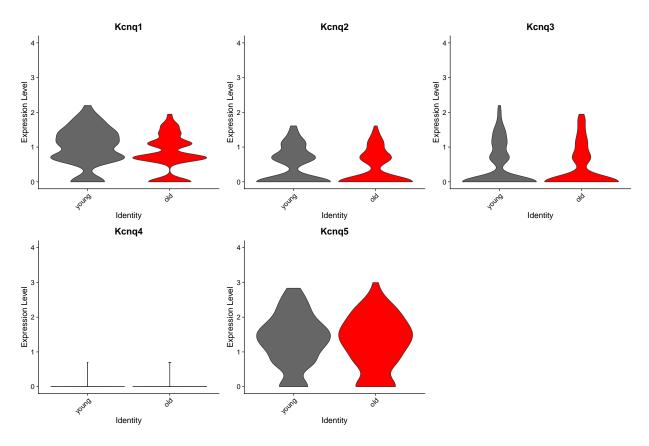
New plots for Shibin.

VlnPlot(hcrtcore,genesofinterest,idents = 'old',y.max=7,pt.size=0,cols=c("red"))



New plots of KCNQ channels

```
genesofinterest<-c("Kcnq1","Kcnq2","Kcnq3","Kcnq4","Kcnq5")
VlnPlot(hcrtcore,genesofinterest,y.max=4,pt.size = 0,cols=c("gray40","red"))</pre>
```



Fraction expressed.

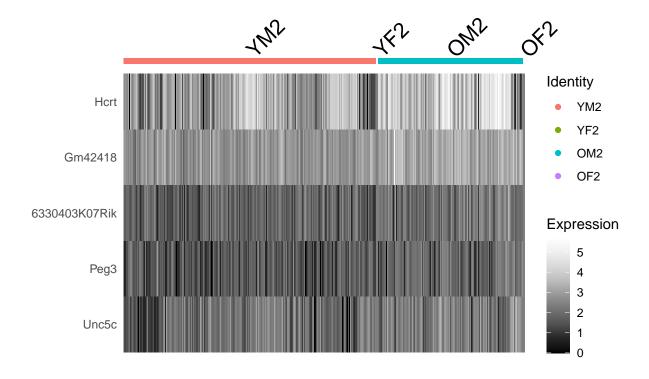
```
a <- DotPlot(object = hcrtcore, features = genesofinterest)</pre>
a$data[,c('features.plot','id','pct.exp')]
##
          features.plot
                            id
                                 pct.exp
                  Kcnq1 young 86.222222
## Kcnq1
## Kcnq2
                  Kcnq2 young 50.666667
## Kcnq3
                  Kcnq3 young 40.44444
## Kcnq4
                  Kcnq4 young 1.333333
## Kcnq5
                  Kcnq5 young 88.000000
## Kcnq11
                  Kcnq1
                           old 79.069767
## Kcnq21
                  Kcnq2
                           old 41.085271
## Kcnq31
                  Kcnq3
                           old 35.658915
## Kcnq41
                           old 3.100775
                  Kcnq4
## Kcnq51
                  Kcnq5
                           old 82.945736
Idents(hcrtcore)<-'age'</pre>
agemarkers<-FindMarkers(hcrtcore,ident.2="young",ident.1="old")
#agemarkers
```

plot heatmap of sorted genes.

```
a<-agemarkers[agemarkers$p_val_adj<0.05,]
b<-agemarkers[order(a$avg_logFC,decreasing=T),]
DoHeatmap(hcrtcore,features=rownames(b),group.by='librarynames',slot='data')+
    scale_fill_gradientn(colors = rev(RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n = 9, name = "Greys")))</pre>
```

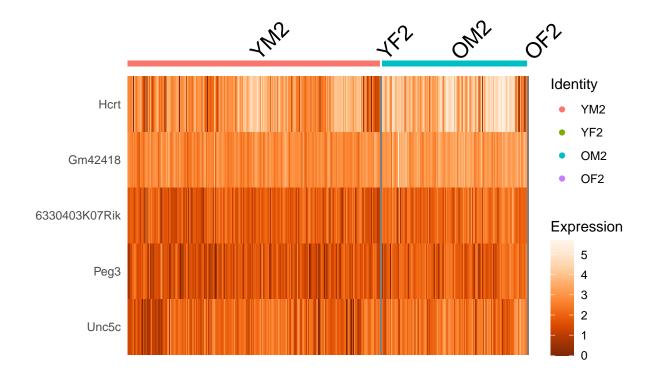
Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which

will replace the existing scale.



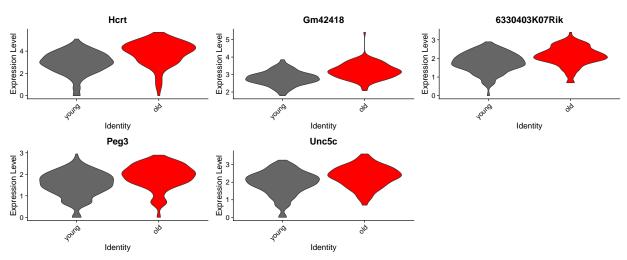
```
DoHeatmap(hcrtcore,features=rownames(b),group.by='librarynames',slot='data')+
scale_fill_gradientn(colors = rev(RColorBrewer::brewer.pal(n = 9, name = "Oranges")))
```

Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which
will replace the existing scale.



plot all significant makers.





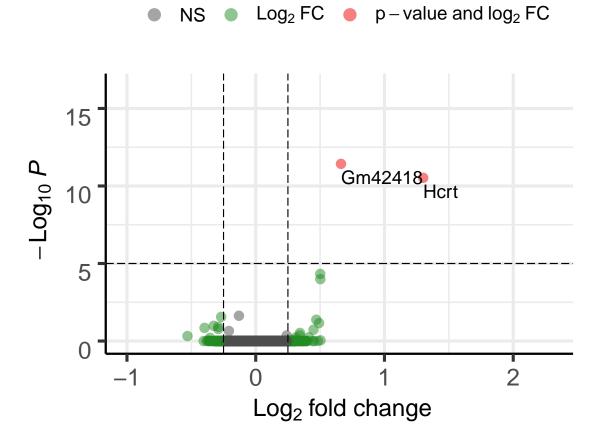
what does this look like in a volcano plot?

```
#try DEseq DEG test
agemarkers2<-FindMarkers(hcrtcore,ident.2="young",ident.1="old",logfc.threshold = 0)
#agemarkers2</pre>
```

```
# convert from ln to log2 fold change.
agemarkers2$avg_log2FC<-agemarkers2$avg_logFC*log2(exp(1))</pre>
library(EnhancedVolcano)
## Loading required package: ggrepel
EnhancedVolcano(agemarkers2,
                lab=rownames(agemarkers2),
                x='avg_log2FC',
                y='p_val_adj',
                xlim=c(-1,2.3),
                FCcutoff=0.25,
                transcriptPointSize=3,
                transcriptLabSize = 5)
## Warning in EnhancedVolcano(agemarkers2, lab = rownames(agemarkers2), x =
## "avg_log2FC", : transcriptPointSize argument deprecated in v1.4 - please use
## pointSize
## Warning in EnhancedVolcano(agemarkers2, lab = rownames(agemarkers2), x =
## "avg_log2FC", : transcriptLabSize argument deprecated in v1.4 - please use
## labSize
```

Volcano plot

EnhancedVolcano



write.csv(agemarkers2[agemarkers2\$p_val_adj<0.05,],file = '~/postdoc2/Shibin_hypocretin/hypocretin/agem</pre>

Total = 9883 variables