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```
#include <Servo.h>
#define SO 4
#define S1 5
#define S2 7
#define S3 6
#define sensorOut 8
Servo servo;
Servo servo1;
int color = 0; //setting color function return value to 0
int frequency = 0; //setting frequency to 0
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 pinMode(sensorOut, INPUT);
 pinMode(S0, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S1, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S2, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S3, OUTPUT);
```

```
digitalWrite(S0, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(S1, LOW);
 servo.attach(9);
 servo1.attach(10);
}
void loop() {
  servo.write(150); // set the first servo to the starting position where it catches the candy
  delay(500);// wait half of second
  for (int i = 150; i >= 65; i--) { // Move the first servo to the position of color sensor
  }
  delay(1000); // wait 1 second
  color = readColor(); // Get the return value from the color sensor
  delay(500);//wait half of second
  switch (color) {
   case 1:
   servo1.write(45); // move second servo to an angle of 45 degrees
   break;
   case 2:
   servo1.write(90); // move second servo to an angle of 90 degrees
   break;
   case 3:
   servo1.write(135);// move second servo to an angle of 135 degrees
   break
   case 0:
```

```
break; // situation where the measurements are not matching any of the color's frequency values
 }
 delay(500);//wait half of a second
  for (int i = 0; i >= 0; i >= 0; i >= 0) { // Move the first servo to the hole to drop th candy
   servo.write(i);
   delay(50);
  }
  delay(200);
  for (int i = 0; i <= 150; i++) { // Return first servo to the initial position
   servo.write(i);
   delay(2);
  }
  color = 0; // set color value back to 0
 }
}
int readColor() { // Color sensor function to read the color
 digitalWrite(S2, LOW);
 digitalWrite(S3, LOW);
 frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
 int R = frequency;
 Serial.print("R= ");
 Serial.print(frequency);
 Serial.print(" ");
 delay(50);
 digitalWrite(S2, HIGH);
```

```
digitalWrite(S3, HIGH);
 frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
 int G = frequency;
 Serial.print("G= ");
 Serial.print(frequency);
 Serial.print(" ");
 delay(50);
 digitalWrite(S2, LOW);
 digitalWrite(S3, HIGH);
 frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
 int B = frequency;
 Serial.print("B= ");
 Serial.print(frequency);
 Serial.println(" ");
 delay(50);
 if (R < 100 && R > 80 && G > 160 && G < 220 && B > 120 && B < 175) {
  color = 1; // Red - case 1
 }
 if (G < 115 && G > 90 && R < 97 && R > 82 && B < 125 && B > 90) {
  color = 2; // Green - case 2
 }
 if (B < 80 && B > 40 && G > 75 && G < 120 && R > 55 && R < 95) {
  color = 3; // Blue - case 3
 }
 return color; // return the value 1,2 or 3
}
```

```
#include <Servo.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <VL53L1X.h>
#define SO 4
#define S1 5
#define S2 7
#define S3 6
#define sensorOut 8
Servo servo;
Servo servo1;
int color = 0; //setting color function return value to 0
int frequency = 0; //setting frequency to 0
VL53L1X sensor;
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 pinMode(sensorOut, INPUT);
 pinMode(S0, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S1, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S2, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S3, OUTPUT);
 digitalWrite(S0, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(S1, LOW);
 servo.attach(9);
 servo1.attach(10);
```

```
Wire.begin(); // allow communication of Arduino board with VL53L1X sensor
 Wire.setClock(400000); // use 400 kHz I2C for fast mode of communication
 sensor.setTimeout(500);
 if (!sensor.init()) {
  Serial.println("Failed to detect and initialize sensor!"); // print a message if sensor is not detected
  while (1);
 }
 sensor.setDistanceMode(VL53L1X::Short);// chose short mode for most precise values
 sensor.setMeasurementTimingBudget(20000); //set maximum time allowed for every measurement to 20
miliseconds
 sensor.startContinuous(50);// set time betweeen the measurements to 50 miliseconds
}
}
void loop() {
 if (sensor.read() <= 100) { // Start the sorting process if an object is detected within 10 cm
  servo.write(150); // set the first servo to the starting position where it catches the candy
  delay(500);// wait half of second
  for (int i = 150; i >= 65; i--) { // Move the first servo to the position of color sensor
  }
  delay(1000); // wait 1 second
  color = readColor(); // Get the return value from the color sensor
  delay(500);//wait half of second
  switch (color) {
   case 1:
```

```
servo1.write(45); // move second servo to an angle of 45 degrees
  break;
  case 2:
  servo1.write(90); // move second servo to an angle of 90 degrees
  break;
  case 3:
  servo1.write(135);// move second servo to an angle of 135 degrees
  break
  case 0:
  break; // situation where the measurements are not matching any of the color's frequency values
}
delay(500);//wait half of a second
 for (int i = 0; i >= 0; i --) { // Move the first servo to the hole to drop th candy
  servo.write(i);
  delay(50);
 }
 delay(200);
 for (int i = 0; i <= 150; i++) { // Return first servo to the initial position
  servo.write(i);
  delay(2);
 }
 color = 0; // set color value back to 0
}
```

}

```
int readColor() { // Color sensor function to read the color
```

```
digitalWrite(S2, LOW);
digitalWrite(S3, LOW);
frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
int R = frequency;
Serial.print("R= ");
Serial.print(frequency);
Serial.print(" ");
delay(50);
digitalWrite(S2, HIGH);
digitalWrite(S3, HIGH);
frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
int G = frequency;
Serial.print("G=");
Serial.print(frequency);
Serial.print(" ");
delay(50);
digitalWrite(S2, LOW);
digitalWrite(S3, HIGH);
frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
int B = frequency;
Serial.print("B= ");
Serial.print(frequency);
Serial.println(" ");
delay(50);
if (R < 100 && R > 80 && G > 160 && G < 220 && B > 120 && B < 175) {
```

```
color = 1; // Red - case 1
}

if (G < 115 && G > 90 && R < 97 && R > 82 && B < 125 && B > 90) {
    color = 2; // Green - case 2
}

if (B < 80 && B > 40 && G > 75 && G < 120 && R > 55 && R < 95) {
    color = 3; // Blue - case 3
}

return color; // return the value 1,2 or 3
}</pre>
```

```
#include <Servo.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <VL53L1X.h>
#include <FastLED.h>
#define S0 4
#define S1 5
#define S2 7
#define S3 6
#define sensorOut 8
#define LED_PIN 2
#define NUM_LEDS 70
#define LED_TYPE WS2811
#define COLOR_ORDER GRB

Servo servo;
Servo servo1;
```

```
int color = 0; //setting color function return value to 0
int frequency = 0; //setting frequency to 0
VL53L1X sensor;
CRGB leds[NUM LEDS];
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 pinMode(sensorOut, INPUT);
 pinMode(S0, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S1, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S2, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(S3, OUTPUT);
 digitalWrite(S0, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(S1, LOW);
 servo.attach(9);
 servo1.attach(10);
 Wire.begin(); // allow communication of Arduino board with VL53L1X sensor
 Wire.setClock(400000); // use 400 kHz I2C for fast mode of communication
 sensor.setTimeout(500);
 if (!sensor.init()) {
  Serial.println("Failed to detect and initialize sensor!"); // print a message if sensor is not detected
  while (1);
 }
 sensor.setDistanceMode(VL53L1X::Short);// chose short mode for most precise values
```

```
miliseconds
    sensor.startContinuous(50);// set time betweeen the measurements to 50 miliseconds
    FastLED.addLeds<LED_TYPE, LED_PIN, COLOR_ORDER>(leds, NUM_LEDS); // Initialize the LED strip
    FastLED.setBrightness(50);
}
}
void loop() {
    if (sensor.read() <= 100) { // Start the sorting process if an object is detected within 10 cm
       servo.write(150); // set the first servo to the starting position where it catches the candy
       delay(500);// wait half of second
       for (int i = 150; i \ge 65; i \ge 
       }
       delay(1000); // wait 1 second
       color = readColor(); // Get the return value from the color sensor
       delay(500);//wait half of second
       switch (color) {
           case 1:
           servo1.write(45); // move second servo to an angle of 45 degrees
           for (int i = 0; i < NUM_LEDS; i++) {
                 leds[i] = CRGB::Red; // Set the LED color to red
              }
              FastLED.show();
                                                                          // Update the LED strip with the new color
              delay(500);
              break;
```

sensor.setMeasurementTimingBudget(20000); //set maximum time allowed for every measurement to 20

```
case 2:
  servo1.write(90); // move second servo to an angle of 90 degrees
  for (int i = 0; i < NUM LEDS; i++) {
    leds[i] = CRGB::Green; // Set the LED color to green
   }
   FastLED.show();
   delay(500);
   break;
  case 3:
  servo1.write(135);// move second servo to an angle of 135 degrees
  for (int i = 0; i < NUM_LEDS; i++) {
    leds[i] = CRGB::Blue; // Set the LED color to blue
   }
   FastLED.show();
   delay(500);
   break;
  case 0:
   break; // situation where the measurements are not matching any of the color's frequency values
delay(500);//wait half of a second
 for (int i = 0; i >= 0; i >= 0; i >= 0) { // Move the first servo to the hole to drop th candy
  servo.write(i);
  delay(50);
 }
 delay(200);
 for (int i = 0; i <= 150; i++) { // Return first servo to the initial position
```

}

```
servo.write(i);
   delay(2);
  }
  color = 0; // set color value back to 0
 }
}
int readColor() { // Color sensor function to read the color
 digitalWrite(S2, LOW);
 digitalWrite(S3, LOW);
 frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
 int R = frequency;
 Serial.print("R= ");
 Serial.print(frequency);
 Serial.print(" ");
 delay(50);
 digitalWrite(S2, HIGH);
 digitalWrite(S3, HIGH);
 frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
 int G = frequency;
 Serial.print("G= ");
 Serial.print(frequency);
 Serial.print(" ");
 delay(50);
 digitalWrite(S2, LOW);
 digitalWrite(S3, HIGH);
 frequency = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
```

```
int B = frequency;
 Serial.print("B= ");
 Serial.print(frequency);
 Serial.println(" ");
 delay(50);
 if (R < 100 && R > 80 && G > 160 && G < 220 && B > 120 && B < 175) {
  color = 1; // Red - case 1
 }
 if (G < 115 && G > 90 && R < 97 && R > 82 && B < 125 && B > 90) {
  color = 2; // Green - case 2
 }
 if (B < 80 && B > 40 && G > 75 && G < 120 && R > 55 && R < 95) {
  color = 3; // Blue - case 3
 }
 return color; // return the value 1,2 or 3
}
```

