NusaXLimeWeights

October 3, 2025

A code to train sentiment analysis for NusaX dataset.

Simply runtime > run all to train and test.

1 Training code

[1]: # grab the data first

```
!git clone https://github.com/IndoNLP/nusax.git
    Cloning into 'nusax'...
    remote: Enumerating objects: 301, done.
    remote: Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
    remote: Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
    remote: Total 301 (delta 4), reused 2 (delta 2), pack-reused 296 (from 1)
    Receiving objects: 100% (301/301), 3.74 MiB | 19.25 MiB/s, done.
    Resolving deltas: 100% (136/136), done.
[2]: import nltk
     nltk.download('punkt')
     nltk.download('punkt_tab')
    [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
                  Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
    [nltk_data]
    [nltk data] Downloading package punkt tab to /root/nltk data...
    [nltk_data]
                  Unzipping tokenizers/punkt_tab.zip.
[2]: True
[3]: import pandas as pd
     from nltk import word_tokenize
     # read csv data
     # return a pair of (list of data, list of label)
     # also tokenize the input first
     def load data(filedir):
         df = pd.read_csv(filedir, encoding='utf-8-sig')
         data = list(df['text'])
```

```
# if lang :
# data = list(df[lang])
data = [" ".join(word_tokenize(sent)) for sent in data]
return (data, list(df['label']))
```

```
[4]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
     from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
     from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
     from sklearn.svm import SVC
     from sklearn.metrics import f1_score,accuracy_score
     from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
     from sklearn.model_selection import PredefinedSplit
     from scipy.sparse import vstack
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import numpy as np
     def hyperparam_tuning(xtrain, ytrain, xvalid, yvalid, classifier, param_grid):
        # combine train and valid
         x = vstack([xtrain, xvalid])
         y = ytrain + yvalid
         # create predefined split
         # -1 for all training and O for all validation
         ps = PredefinedSplit([-1] * len(ytrain) + [0] * len(yvalid))
         clf = GridSearchCV(classifier, param_grid, cv = ps)
         clf = clf.fit(x, y)
         return clf
     def train and test(lang, feature="bow", classifier="nb"):
         directory = "nusax/datasets/sentiment/"
         xtrain, ytrain = load_data(directory + lang +"/train.csv")
         xvalid, yvalid = load_data(directory + lang + "/valid.csv")
         xtest, ytest = load_data(directory + lang + "/test.csv")
         # train feature on train data
         if feature == "bow":
             vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
         elif feature == "tfidf":
             vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
         else:
             raise Exception('Vectorizer unknown. Use "bow" or "tfidf"')
         vectorizer.fit(xtrain)
```

```
# transform
  xtrain = vectorizer.transform(xtrain)
  xvalid = vectorizer.transform(xvalid)
  xtest = vectorizer.transform(xtest)
  # all classifiers
  classifier_model = {
      "nb" : MultinomialNB(),
                       "svm": SVC(probability=True),
                      "lr" : LogisticRegression(),
  # all params for grid-search
  param_grids = {
      # "nb" : {"alpha": np.linspace(0.001,1,50)},
                 "svm": {'C': [1], 'kernel': ['linear']},
                 # "svm": {'C': [0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100], 'kernel': ['rbf', __

  'linear']},
                 # "lr" : {'C': np.linspace(0.001,10,100)},
                }
  clf = hyperparam_tuning(xtrain, ytrain, xvalid, yvalid,
                           classifier=classifier_model[classifier],
                           param_grid=param_grids[classifier])
  pred = clf.predict(xtest.toarray())
  f1score = f1_score(ytest,pred, average='macro')
  return f1score, clf, vectorizer
```

2 Testing

```
[7]: best_model = clf.best_estimator_
     print(best_model)
     # Best parameters
     best_params = clf.best_params_
     print("Best params:", clf.best_params_)
     # Best score
     print("Best CV score:", clf.best_score_)
    SVC(C=1, kernel='linear', probability=True)
    Best params: {'C': 1, 'kernel': 'linear'}
    Best CV score: 0.76
        LIME example
[8]: !pip install lime
    Collecting lime
      Downloading lime-0.2.0.1.tar.gz (275 kB)
                               0.0/275.7
    kB ? eta -:--:--
                         275.7/275.7 kB
    12.9 MB/s eta 0:00:00
      Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
    Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-
    packages (from lime) (3.10.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages
    (from lime) (2.0.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages
    (from lime) (1.16.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages
    (from lime) (4.67.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn>=0.18 in
    /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from lime) (1.6.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: scikit-image>=0.12 in
    /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from lime) (0.25.2)
    Requirement already satisfied: networkx>=3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-
    packages (from scikit-image>=0.12->lime) (3.5)
    Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=10.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-
    packages (from scikit-image>=0.12->lime) (11.3.0)
    Requirement already satisfied: imageio!=2.35.0,>=2.33 in
    /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from scikit-image>=0.12->lime) (2.37.0)
```

param_grid={'C': [1], 'kernel': ['linear']})

Requirement already satisfied: tifffile>=2022.8.12 in

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from scikit-image>=0.12->lime)
     (2025.9.9)
     Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=21 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-
     packages (from scikit-image>=0.12->lime) (25.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: lazy-loader>=0.4 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from scikit-image>=0.12->lime) (0.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-
     packages (from scikit-learn>=0.18->lime) (1.5.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=3.1.0 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from scikit-learn>=0.18->lime) (3.6.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from matplotlib->lime) (1.3.3)
     Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-
     packages (from matplotlib->lime) (0.12.1)
     Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from matplotlib->lime) (4.60.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from matplotlib->lime) (1.4.9)
     Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from matplotlib->lime) (3.2.4)
     Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in
     /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages (from matplotlib->lime) (2.9.0.post0)
     Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-
     packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib->lime) (1.17.0)
     Building wheels for collected packages: lime
       Building wheel for lime (setup.py) ... done
       Created wheel for lime: filename=lime-0.2.0.1-py3-none-any.whl size=283834
     \verb|sha| 256 = 2fa7e50450516e62a12ccb5575bb343bc0394a004986726cd04a407f36bc586b| \\
       Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/e7/5d/0e/4b4fff9a47468fed5633211f
     b3b76d1db43fe806a17fb7486a
     Successfully built lime
     Installing collected packages: lime
     Successfully installed lime-0.2.0.1
 [9]: from lime import lime_text
      from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
      c = make_pipeline(vectorizer, best_model)
[10]: best_model
[10]: SVC(C=1, kernel='linear', probability=True)
[11]: from lime.lime text import LimeTextExplainer
      class_names = ['negative', 'neutral', 'positive']
      explainer = LimeTextExplainer(class names=class names, random_state=42)
```

```
[12]: directory = "nusax/datasets/sentiment/"
      xtest, ytest = load_data(directory + language + "/test.csv")
[13]: idx = 0
      exp = explainer.explain_instance(xtest[idx], c.predict_proba, num_features=6,__
       →labels= list(range(0, 3)))
      print('Document id: %d' % idx)
      print('Text: %s' % xtest[idx])
      X_test_tfidf = vectorizer.transform(xtest)
      print('Predicted class =', clf.predict(X_test_tfidf[idx]))# class_names[])# .
       →reshape(1,-1)[0,0]])
      print('True class: %s' % ytest[idx])
     Document id: 0
     Text: Dekat dengan hotel saya menginap , hanya ditempuh jalan kaki , di sini
     banyak sekali pilihan makanannya , tempat yang luas , dan menyenangkan
     Predicted class = ['positive']
     True class: positive
[14]: for attr, value in exp.__dict__.items():
          print(f"{attr} = {value}")
     random_state = RandomState(MT19937)
     mode = classification
     domain_mapper = <lime.lime_text.TextDomainMapper object at 0x7a35197b6450>
     local_{exp} = \{0: [(np.int64(13), np.float64(-0.10738889665712974)), \}
     (np.int64(19), np.float64(-0.09097078625227023)), (np.int64(2),
     np.float64(0.0832518145688738)), (np.int64(9),
     np.float64(-0.08287701974030652)), (np.int64(10),
     np.float64(-0.07452068369107014)), (np.int64(12),
     np.float64(0.0734484812778625))], 1: [(np.int64(15),
     np.float64(-0.07132757512803566)), (np.int64(12),
     np.float64(-0.05882201548837778)), (np.int64(14),
     np.float64(-0.05685751214841555)), (np.int64(18),
     np.float64(-0.05409296767598953)), (np.int64(19),
     np.float64(-0.05139273419564318)), (np.int64(4),
     np.float64(0.04136528798764629))], 2: [(np.int64(19),
     np.float64(0.13748835372674442)), (np.int64(15), np.float64(0.122549543464387)),
     (np.int64(10), np.float64(0.11356901917607032)), (np.int64(13),
     np.float64(0.11191246241522004)), (np.int64(18),
     np.float64(0.10446313927584465)), (np.int64(2),
     np.float64(-0.09581206758557806))]}
     intercept = \{0: np.float64(0.2621551823594353), 1:
     np.float64(0.25329930314927734), 2: np.float64(0.45546125931868403)}
     score = 0.5923708688625906
     local pred = [0.94963171]
     class_names = ['negative', 'neutral', 'positive']
```

```
predict_proba = [0.04457422 0.0200067 0.93541908]
[15]: exp.as map()
[15]: {0: [(np.int64(13), np.float64(-0.10738889665712974)),
        (np.int64(19), np.float64(-0.09097078625227023)),
        (np.int64(2), np.float64(0.0832518145688738)),
        (np.int64(9), np.float64(-0.08287701974030652)),
        (np.int64(10), np.float64(-0.07452068369107014)),
        (np.int64(12), np.float64(0.0734484812778625))],
       1: [(np.int64(15), np.float64(-0.07132757512803566)),
        (np.int64(12), np.float64(-0.05882201548837778)),
        (np.int64(14), np.float64(-0.05685751214841555)),
        (np.int64(18), np.float64(-0.05409296767598953)),
        (np.int64(19), np.float64(-0.05139273419564318)),
        (np.int64(4), np.float64(0.04136528798764629))],
       2: [(np.int64(19), np.float64(0.13748835372674442)),
        (np.int64(15), np.float64(0.122549543464387)),
        (np.int64(10), np.float64(0.11356901917607032)),
        (np.int64(13), np.float64(0.11191246241522004)),
        (np.int64(18), np.float64(0.10446313927584465)),
        (np.int64(2), np.float64(-0.09581206758557806))]}
[16]: weights_dict = {}
      for i,label in enumerate(class_names):
        weight_list = exp.as_list(label=i)
        ans = [(str(x[0]), float(x[1])) for x in weight list]
        weights_dict[i] = ans
      weights dict
[16]: {0: [('pilihan', -0.10738889665712974),
        ('menyenangkan', -0.09097078625227023),
        ('hotel', 0.0832518145688738),
        ('di', -0.08287701974030652),
        ('sini', -0.07452068369107014),
        ('sekali', 0.0734484812778625)],
       1: [('tempat', -0.07132757512803566),
        ('sekali', -0.05882201548837778),
        ('makanannya', -0.05685751214841555),
        ('dan', -0.05409296767598953),
        ('menyenangkan', -0.05139273419564318),
        ('menginap', 0.04136528798764629)],
       2: [('menyenangkan', 0.13748835372674442),
        ('tempat', 0.122549543464387),
        ('sini', 0.11356901917607032),
        ('pilihan', 0.11191246241522004),
```

top_labels = None

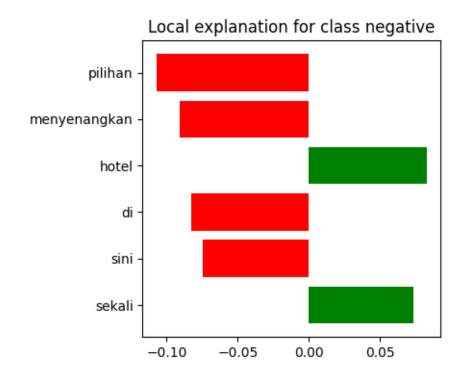
```
('hotel', -0.09581206758557806)]}
[17]: # function copied from lime explanations object
      def as_pyplot_figure(weights_dict, class_names , label=1, figsize=(4,4)):
        """Returns the explanation as a pyplot figure.
        Will throw an error if you don't have matplotlib installed
        Arqs:
            label: desired label. If you ask for a label for which an
                    explanation wasn't computed, will throw an exception.
                    Will be ignored for regression explanations.
            figsize: desired size of pyplot in tuple format, defaults to (4,4).
            kwargs: keyword arguments, passed to domain_mapper
        Returns:
            pyplot figure (barchart).
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        exp = weights_dict[label]
        fig = plt.figure(figsize=figsize)
        vals = [x[1] for x in exp]
        names = [x[0] \text{ for } x \text{ in } exp]
        vals.reverse()
        names.reverse()
        colors = ['green' if x > 0 else 'red' for x in vals]
        pos = np.arange(len(exp)) + .5
        plt.barh(pos, vals, align='center', color=colors)
        plt.yticks(pos, names)
        title = 'Local explanation for class %s' % class_names[label]
```

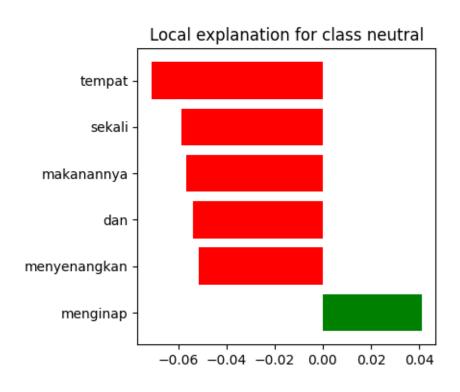
('dan', 0.10446313927584465),

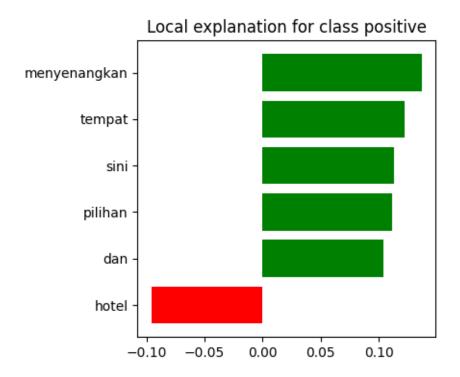
plt.title(title)

return fig

```
[18]: for i in range(len(class_names)):
    fig = as_pyplot_figure(weights_dict, class_names, label=i)
```







4 Add LIME Weights into pandas

```
[19]: languages = ['acehnese', 'balinese', 'banjarese', 'buginese', 'english', 

'indonesian', 'javanese', 'madurese', 'minangkabau', 'ngaju', 'sundanese',

'toba_batak']

print (len(languages))
```

12

```
[20]: from lime import lime_text
  from sklearn.pipeline import make_pipeline
  from lime.lime_text import LimeTextExplainer

import ast

def predict_proba_to_pred_label(x):
    lst = ast.literal_eval(x) # returns [0.2, 0.3, 0.5]
    arr = np.array(lst, dtype=float)

    idx = np.argmax(arr)
    labels = ["negative", "neutral", "positive"]
    predicted_label = labels[idx]
```

```
def get_lime_weights(x, c):
       text = x['text']
        exp = explainer.explain_instance(text, c.predict_proba, num_features=6,_u
       ⇔labels= list(range(0, 3)))
        weights dict = {}
       for i,label in enumerate(class_names):
          weight_list = exp.as_list(label=i)
          ans = [(str(x[0]), float(x[1])) for x in weight_list]
          weights_dict[label] = ans
        return weights_dict
      def heavy_task(id):
        lang = languages[id]
        print(f"Training for sentiment analysis classifier {lang}")
       f1, clf, vectorizer = train_and_test(lang, feature="tfidf", classifier="svm")
        print(clf.best_estimator_)
       print(f"Training done. F1 on {lang} test set is {f1}")
        directory = "nusax/datasets/sentiment/"
        c = make_pipeline(vectorizer, clf)
        class_names = ['negative', 'neutral', 'positive']
        explainer = LimeTextExplainer(class names=class names, random_state=42)
        df_test = pd.read_csv(directory + lang + "/test.csv", encoding='utf-8-sig')
        df_test["predict_proba"] = df_test["text"].apply(lambda x: c.
       →predict_proba([x])[0].tolist())
       print(f"Add predict proba done")
        df_test["predict_label"] = df_test.apply(lambda x:__

→predict_proba_to_pred_label(x["predict_proba"]), axis=1)
        df_test['lime_weights'] = df_test.apply(get_lime_weights, axis=1, c=c)
        print(f"Add LIME weights done")
        df_test.to_csv(lang + "_results.csv", sep=';' , index=False)
[21]: results = True
      # Start create csv with lime weights
      if results == False :
        for i,language in enumerate(languages):
          heavy_task(i)
```

return predicted_label

```
[22]: plt.close('all')
```

5 Read CSV and plot lime weights

```
[23]: language = "indonesian"
      df = pd.read_csv(language + "_results.csv", sep=";")
[24]: df.head()
[24]:
                                                                     label \
          id
                                                            text
      0 411 Dekat dengan hotel saya menginap, hanya ditemp... positive
      1 729
                             Iya benar, dia sedang jaga warung.
      2 373 Kangkungnya lumayan tapi kepiting saus padangn... negative
      3 262 Bertempat di braga city walk yang satu gedung ... positive
      4 177
              Gianyar terima bantuan sosial 2018 sebesar rp ...
                                                                 neutral
                                             predict_proba predict_label \
      0 [0.04394736264166428, 0.022015100692630574, 0...
                                                              positive
      1 [0.0232314608896576, 0.9732814004297543, 0.003...
                                                                neutral
      2 [0.7607990721305844, 0.10790971522834425, 0.13...
                                                               negative
      3 [0.018689484652965688, 0.004434581276743902, 0...
                                                               positive
      4 [0.11583473929565392, 0.8286203082355317, 0.05...
                                                                neutral
                                              lime_weights
      0 {'negative': [('pilihan', -0.10872026438818967...
      1 {'negative': [('dia', -0.059181567007571864), ...
      2 {'negative': [('tidak', 0.309200266155834), ('...
      3 {'negative': [('yang', -0.06788845966848119), ...
      4 {'negative': [('terima', -0.1504803896990044),...
[25]: f1score_df = f1_score(df["label"],df["predict_label"], average='macro')
      print(f1score_df)
     0.7899403397503288
[26]: lime_weights = df["lime_weights"].iloc[0]
[27]: lime_weights_dict = ast.literal_eval(lime_weights)
      lime_weights_dict
[27]: {'negative': [('pilihan', -0.10872026438818967),
        ('menyenangkan', -0.0992290439999392),
        ('hotel', 0.0817382788383944),
        ('di', -0.07731438354793727),
        ('sekali', 0.07618056781923226),
        ('dengan', -0.07563208917772536)],
```

```
'neutral': [('tempat', -0.06797361951194096),
        ('sekali', -0.0592971332571169),
        ('menyenangkan', -0.055727581664076875),
        ('dan', -0.05436462661451575),
        ('makanannya', -0.05247810237943239),
        ('menginap', 0.04242362921607472)],
       'positive': [('menyenangkan', 0.15003683465674975),
        ('pilihan', 0.11549169918569599),
        ('tempat', 0.11305849665510335),
        ('sini', 0.10926341692334243),
        ('dan', 0.10230495597811548),
        ('hotel', -0.09806209679886775)]}
[28]: lime_weights_dict["negative"]
[28]: [('pilihan', -0.10872026438818967),
       ('menyenangkan', -0.0992290439999392),
       ('hotel', 0.0817382788383944),
       ('di', -0.07731438354793727),
       ('sekali', 0.07618056781923226),
       ('dengan', -0.07563208917772536)]
[29]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      # modified as_pyplot function from LIME library
      def lime_weights_to_pyplot(weights_dict, label, figsize=(4,4)):
        exp = weights_dict[label]
        fig = plt.figure(figsize=figsize)
        vals = [x[1] for x in exp]
        names = [x[0] \text{ for } x \text{ in } exp]
        vals.reverse()
        names.reverse()
        colors = ['green' if x > 0 else 'red' for x in vals]
        pos = np.arange(len(exp)) + .5
        plt.barh(pos, vals, align='center', color=colors)
        plt.yticks(pos, names)
        title = 'Local explanation for class %s' % label
        plt.title(title)
        return fig
[30]: for label in (class_names):
        fig = lime_weights_to_pyplot(lime_weights_dict, label)
```

