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PYTHON PROGRAM TO CREATE A NEURAL NETWORK TO RECOGNIZE HANDWRITTEN DIGITS USING MNIST DATASET

Aim:

To create a neural network to recognize handwritten digits using MNIST dataset in python.

Procedure:

- 1. Import TensorFlow, Keras, and Matplotlib for building the model and plotting.
- 2. Load the MNIST dataset, consisting of handwritten digits.
- 3. Reshape and normalize the training and test images to have pixel values between o and 1.
- 4. Convert the training and test labels to one-hot encoded vectors.
- 5. Build a Sequential model and add a Conv2D layer with 32 filters and ReLU activation.
- 6. Add a MaxPooling layer, followed by another Conv2D layer with 64 filters and ReLU activation.
- 7. Add a third Conv2D layer, flatten the output, and add a Dense layer with 64 units and ReLU activation.
- 8. Add a final Dense layer with 10 units and softmax activation for classification.
- 9. Compile the model with Adam optimizer and categorical cross-entropy loss, and train it for 5 epochs with 20% validation split.
- 10. Evaluate the model on test data and plot the training and validation accuracy and loss over epochs.

Code:

Import necessary libraries import tensorflow as tf

```
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load the MNIST dataset
(train images, train labels), (test images, test labels) = mnist.load data()
# Preprocess the data
train images = train images.reshape((60000, 28, 28, 1)).astype('float32') / 255
test images = test images.reshape((10000, 28, 28, 1)).astype('float32') / 255
# Convert labels to one-hot encoding
train_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(train_labels) test_labels =
tf.keras.utils.to categorical(test labels)
# Build the neural network model model =
models.Sequential()
model.add(layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(28, 28, 1)))
model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2))) model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3),
                              model.add(layers.MaxPooling2D((2,
activation='relu'))
                                                                              2)))
model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu')) model.add(layers.Flatten())
model.add(layers.Dense(64, activation='relu')) model.add(layers.Dense(10,
activation='softmax'))
# Compile the model model.compile(optimizer='adam',
loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model
history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=5, batch_size=64,
validation split=0.2)
```

from tensorflow.keras import layers, models

```
# Evaluate the model on test data

test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels) print(f'Test
accuracy: {test_acc}')

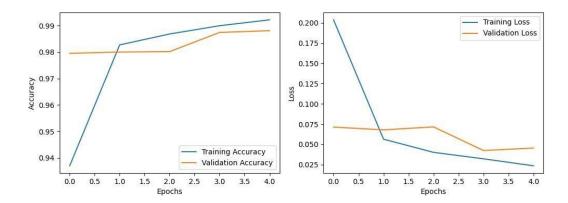
# Plot the accuracy and loss over epochs plt.figure(figsize=(12,
4))

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs') plt.ylabel('Accuracy') plt.legend()

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epochs') plt.ylabel('Loss') plt.legend()
```

Output:

plt.show()



Result:

Thus, to implement neural network to recognize handwritten digits using MNIST dataset in python has been completed successfully.