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PYTHON PROGRAM TO BUILD A CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK WITH KERAS

Aim:

To build a convolutional neural network with Keras in Python.

Procedure:

- 1. Import TensorFlow and Keras modules for building and training the model.
- 2. Load the CIFAR-10 dataset consisting of 60,000 32x32 color images across 10 classes.
- 3. Normalize the pixel values of the training and testing images to be between o and 1.
- 4. Print the shape of the training and test images and labels to verify the dataset dimensions.
- 5. Create a Sequential CNN model starting with a 32-filter Conv2D layer followed by MaxPooling.
- 6. Add two more Conv2D layers with 64 filters each, followed by MaxPooling and activation.
- 7. Flatten the feature map and add a Dense layer with 64 units and an output layer with 10 units.
- 8. Compile the model using Adam optimizer, Sparse Categorical Crossentropy loss, and accuracy metrics.
- 9. Train the model for 10 epochs with validation on test data and store the training history.

10. Evaluate the model's accuracy on the test set and visualize the accuracy and loss during training using plots.

Code:

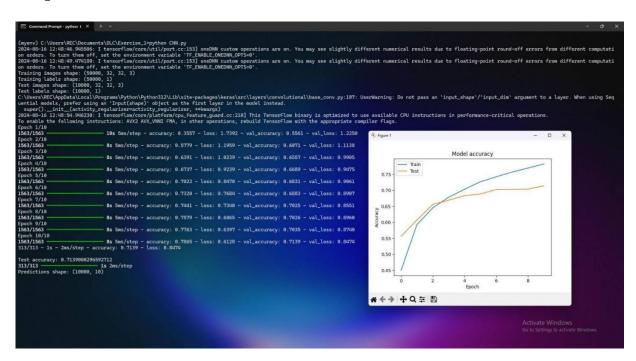
```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models import
matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Load the CIFAR-10 dataset
(train images, train labels), (test images, test labels) =
tf.keras.datasets.cifar10.load data()
# Normalize pixel values to be between 0 and 1
train images, test images = train images / 255.0, test images / 255.0
# Print the shape of the dataset
print(f"Training images shape: {train images.shape}")
print(f"Training
                   labels
                          shape:
                                    {train_labels.shape}")
print(f"Test
                images
                          shape:
                                     {test_images.shape}")
print(f"Test labels shape: {test_labels.shape}")
model = models.Sequential([ #
   Convolutional layer 1
   layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(32, 32, 3)),
   layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   # Convolutional layer 2
   layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'), layers.MaxPooling2D((2,
   2)),
   # Convolutional layer 3
   layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
```

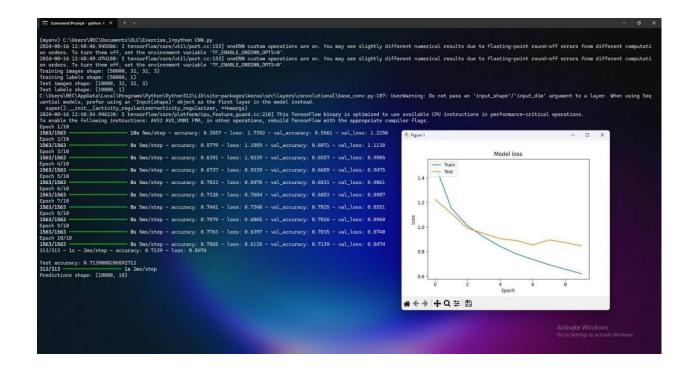
```
# Flatten and Fully Connected (Dense) Layers
  layers.Flatten(),
  layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'), layers.Dense(10) #
  10 classes
])
model.compile(
  optimizer='adam',
  loss=tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True),
  metrics=['accuracy']
)
history = model.fit(
  train_images,
  train_labels, epochs=10,
  validation_data=(test_images, test_labels)
)
test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels, verbose=2) print(f'\nTest
accuracy: {test_acc}')
predictions = model.predict(test_images) print(f'Predictions
shape: {predictions.shape}')
# Plot training & validation accuracy values
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'])
plt.title('Model accuracy') plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left')
```

plt.show()

```
# Plot training & validation loss values
plt.plot(history.history['loss'])
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'])
plt.title('Model loss') plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend(['Train', 'Test'], loc='upper left') plt.show()
```

Output:





Result:

Thus, to build a convolutional neural network using keras has been completed successfully.