CSCI 3104 Spring 2022 Instructor: Profs. Chen and Layer

Quiz 6 - Dijkstra's

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C	Contents	
1	Instructions	1
2	Honor Code (Make Sure to Virtually Sign)	2
3	Standard 6 - Dijkstra's	3
	3.1 Problem 2	3

1 Instructions

- The solutions **should be typed**, using proper mathematical notation. We cannot accept hand-written solutions. Here's a short intro to LATEX.
- You should submit your work through the **class Canvas page** only. Please submit one PDF file, compiled using this LATEX template.
- You may not need a full page for your solutions; pagebreaks are there to help Gradescope automatically find where each problem is. Even if you do not attempt every problem, please submit this document with no fewer pages than the blank template (or Gradescope has issues with it).
- You may not collaborate with other students. Copying from any source is an Honor Code violation. Furthermore, all submissions must be in your own words and reflect your understanding of the material. If there is any confusion about this policy, it is your responsibility to clarify before the due date.
- Posting to any service including, but not limited to Chegg, Discord, Reddit, StackExchange, etc., for help on an assignment is a violation of the Honor Code.
- You **must** virtually sign the Honor Code (see Section 2). Failure to do so will result in your assignment not being graded.

2 Honor Code (Make Sure to Virtually Sign)

Problem 1.

- My submission is in my own words and reflects my understanding of the material.
- I have not collaborated with any other person.
- I have not posted to external services including, but not limited to Chegg, Discord, Reddit, StackExchange, etc.
- I have neither copied nor provided others solutions they can copy.

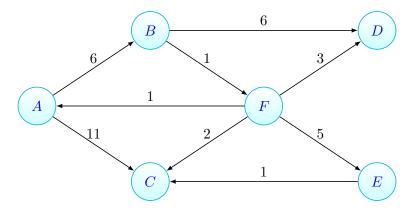
I agree to the above, Julia Troni.	
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3 Standard 6 - Dijkstra's

3.1 Problem 2

Problem 2. Consider the weighted graph G(V, E, w) pictured below. Work through Dijkstra's algorithm on the following graph, using the source vertex A.

- \bullet Clearly include the contents of the priority queue, as well as the distance from A to each vertex at each iteration.
- If you use a table to store the distances, clearly label the keys according to the vertex names rather than numeric indices (i.e., dist['B'] is more descriptive than dist['1']).
- You do **not** need to draw the graph at each iteration, though you are welcome to do so. [This may be helpful scratch work, which you do not need to include.]



Answer. We invoke Dijkstra(G, A), where A is the starting vertex

- 1. For all vertices except A, set the distance to ∞ . Set A.dist = 0 and push A on the priority queue so that Q = [(A, 0)]
- 2. Poll A. Set A. processed = true. The unprocessed neighbors of A are B, C.
 - $w(A, B) = 6 < \infty$ so B.dist = 6 and B.predecessor = A
 - $w(A, C) = 11 < \infty$ so C.dist = 11 and C.predecessor = APush B, C to the priority queue so Q = [(B, 6), (C, 11)]
- 3. Poll B from the priority queue and set B.processed=true. The unprocessed neighbors of B are D, F.
 - $w(A, B) + w(B, F) = 6 + 1 < \infty$ so F.dist = 7 and F.predecessor = B
 - $w(A, B) + w(B, D) = 6 + 6 < \infty$ so D.dist = 12 and D.predecessor = BPush B, C to the priority queue so Q = [(F, 7), (C, 11), (D, 12)]
- 4. Poll F from the priority queue and set F.processed=true. The unprocessed neighbors of F are C, D, E.
 - w(A,B) + w(B,F) + w(F,C) = 6 + 1 + 2 = 9 < 11 so C.dist = 9 and C.predecessor = F
 - w(A, B) + w(B, F) + w(F, D) = 6 + 1 + 3 = 10 < 12 so D.dist = 10 and D.predecessor = F
 - $w(A, B) + w(B, F) + w(F, E) = 6 + 1 + 5 = 12 < \infty$ so E.dist = 10 and E.predecessor = FNow the priority Q = [(C, 9), (D, 10), (E, 12)]
- 5. Poll C from the priority queue and set C.processed=true. There are no unprocessed neighbors of C so the priority Q = [(D, 10), (E, 12)]

- 6. Poll D from the priority queue and set D.processed=true. There are no unprocessed neighbors of D so the priority Q = [(E, 12)]
- 7. Poll E from the priority queue and set E.processed=true. There are no unprocessed neighbors of E and the queue is empty, so the algorithm terminates

Dijkstra's found the shortest paths from A to each vertex.

- A to B: A B which has a weight 6.
- A to F: A B F which has a weight 7.
- A to C: A B F C which has a weight 9.
- A to D: A B F D which has a weight 10.
- A to E: A B F E which has a weight 12.