

The histogram displays the frequency of children per family. The x-axis, 'Number of children', has major ticks at 0, 15, 30, 45, and 60. The y-axis, 'Frequency', has major ticks at 0, 10, and 20. The data is represented by vertical bars of varying heights. The highest frequency is 10 for 1 child. The frequency decreases as the number of children increases, with a long tail extending to 60 children.

Number of children	Frequency
0	1
1	10
2	8
3	6
4	4
5	3
6	2
7	1
8	1
9	1
10	1
11	1
12	1
13	1
14	1
15	1
16	1
17	1
18	1
19	1
20	1
21	1
22	1
23	1
24	1
25	1
26	1
27	1
28	1
29	1
30	1
31	1
32	1
33	1
34	1
35	1
36	1
37	1
38	1
39	1
40	1
41	1
42	1
43	1
44	1
45	1
46	1
47	1
48	1
49	1
50	1
51	1
52	1
53	1
54	1
55	1
56	1
57	1
58	1
59	1
60	1

A diagram showing a 2x1 grid. The top cell is white and labeled '0'. The bottom cell is black and labeled '1'.