

The figure is a 2D histogram representing the distribution of nodes and edges in a network. The x-axis, labeled 'Nodes', ranges from 0 to 60 with major ticks every 15 units. The y-axis, labeled 'Edges', ranges from 0 to 100 with major ticks every 20 units. The histogram consists of numerous small blue rectangular bins. The highest density of data points is located in the lower-left region, specifically between 10 and 20 nodes and 0 to 20 edges. There are also several distinct clusters of data points at higher edge counts, such as a vertical strip of points between 10 and 20 nodes and 60 to 80 edges, and a horizontal strip of points between 20 and 40 nodes and 20 to 30 edges. The overall distribution is sparse, with many bins being empty.

