## Homework 1

## Adheesh Juvekar, Arul Thileeban

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## Writter Problems

$$\begin{array}{ll} 1. \ \hat{\pi}_0 = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{D}|} \sum_{i \in \mathcal{D}} \mathbb{I}(y_i = 0) \\ \hat{\pi}_0 = \frac{1}{10} \times 5 \\ \hat{\pi}_0 = 0.5 \\ \\ \hat{\pi}_1 = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{D}|} \sum_{i \in \mathcal{D}} \mathbb{I}(y_i = 1) \\ \hat{\pi}_1 = \frac{1}{10} \times 5 \\ \hat{\pi}_1 = 0.5 \\ \\ H(\hat{\pi}) = -\left(\sum_{c = 0}^{1} \hat{\sigma}_c log_c \hat{\sigma}_c\right) \\ H(\hat{\pi}) = -\left(0.5 \times log_c 0.5 + 0.5 \times log_c 0.5\right) \\ H(\hat{\pi}) = -\left(-0.6931\right) \\ H(\hat{\pi}) = 0.6931 \\ \\ InfoGain(X_1) = H(\hat{\pi}) - H\left(\hat{\pi}|X_1\right) \\ InfoGain(X_1) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{5}{8} \times log_c\left(\frac{5}{8}\right) + \frac{3}{8} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{2}{10} \times (0 + 1 \times log_c(1))\right)\right] \\ InfoGain(X_1) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{5}{8} \times log_c\left(\frac{5}{8}\right) + \frac{3}{8} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{2}{10} \times (0 + 1 \times log_c(1))\right)\right] \\ InfoGain(X_1) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{4}{6} \times log_c\left(\frac{4}{6}\right) + \frac{2}{6} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{6}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{4}{10} \times \left(\frac{1}{4} \times log_c\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \frac{3}{4} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)\right)\right)\right] \\ InfoGain(X_2) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{6}{10} \times \left(\frac{4}{6} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{6}\right) + \frac{3}{6} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{6}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{4}{10} \times \left(\frac{1}{4} \times log_c\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) + \frac{2}{4} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)\right)\right)\right] \\ InfoGain(X_2) = 0.0863 \\ \\ InfoGain(X_3) = H(\hat{\pi}) - H(\hat{\pi}|X_3) \\ InfoGain(X_3) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{6}{10} \times \left(\frac{3}{6} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{6}\right) + \frac{3}{6} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{6}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{4}{10} \times \left(\frac{2}{4} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{4}\right) + \frac{2}{4} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{4}\right)\right)\right)\right] \\ InfoGain(X_3) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{3}{6} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{6}\right) + \frac{3}{6} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{6}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{2}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) + \frac{3}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\right)\right) \\ InfoGain(X_4) = H(\hat{\pi}) - H(\hat{\pi}|X_4) \\ InfoGain(X_4) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{3}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + \frac{2}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{2}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) + \frac{3}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\right)\right)\right) \\ InfoGain(X_4) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{3}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + \frac{2}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{2}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) + \frac{3}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)\right)\right) \\ InfoGain(X_4) = 0.6931 - \left[\left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{3}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{3}{5}\right) + \frac{2}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\right)\right) + \left(-\frac{5}{10} \times \left(\frac{2}{5} \times log_c\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\right)\right) \\ Info$$

 $InfoGain(X_4) = 0.6931 - [0.3365 + 0.3365]$ 

 $InfoGain(X_4) = 0.0201$ 

Therefore,  $InfoGain(X_1) > InfoGain(X_2) > InfoGain(X_4) > InfoGain(X_3)$ Hence, Decision tree algorithm will choose  $X_1$  for the first split of the following dataset.

2. (a)  $p(D/\theta) = \theta^{N_1} (1 - \theta)^{N_0}$ 

Take log on both sides

$$log p(D/\theta) = N_1 log \theta + N_0 log (1 - \theta)$$

Partially differentiate and equation to 0 to find maxima

$$rac{N_1}{\widehat{ heta}} + rac{N_0}{1-\widehat{ heta}} = 0$$

$$rac{N_1(1-\widehat{ heta})+N_0\widehat{ heta}}{\widehat{ heta}(1-\widehat{ heta})}=0$$

Rearrange the terms to have theta in one side

$$\widehat{\theta} = \frac{\mathbf{N_1}}{\mathbf{N_1} + \mathbf{N_0}}$$

(b)  $P(\theta) \alpha \theta^{\alpha} (1-\theta)^{\alpha}$ 

$$P(\theta) = K\theta^{\alpha}(1-\theta)^{\alpha} - - (1)$$

$$P(\theta|D) = \frac{P(D|\theta).P(\theta)}{P(D)}$$

Take log on both sides

$$logP(\theta|D) = logP(D|\theta) + logP(\theta) - logP(D)$$

Put (1) in the previous equation

$$= N_1 loq\theta + N_0 loq(1-\theta) + \alpha loq\theta + \alpha loq(1-\theta)$$

Partially differentiate the equation to 0 to find maxima

$$=\frac{N_1}{\theta}+\frac{N_0}{(1-\theta)}+\frac{\alpha}{\theta}+\frac{\alpha}{1-\theta}$$

Rearrange with theta at LHS

$$\theta = \frac{N_1 + \alpha}{N_1 + N_0 + 2\alpha}$$