Assignment 1: Stack

~ 9/30 11:59 PM

Notification

The task should be done by yourself, and you can't use codes from Internet or anyone else. If you don't follow this rule, we will give you 0 score and there can be other disadvantages like F grade.

Exam Guide

- 1. This test will be conducted in Groom and scoring results will not be released until 9/30.
- 2. A perfect score is 100 points
- 3. Each question will be scored with multiple test cases and scored based on the number of passed test cases.
- 4. Please keep the submission deadline.
- 5. Please read notification about assignment on I-campus before start your assignment.

Problem Lists

Problem 1. 40 pts

Problem 2. 60 pts

Problem 1

Mountain

Score: 40pts

There is a string with two characters: '/', '\'. We will use that string to create a 'mountain'. '/' means mountain's uphill '\' means mountain's downhill. Check that when you put the letters in the string in order, you can create a normal mountain. A normal mountain should start with'/'. And if there is a'/', there is a corresponding'\'. Also, if there is a'\', there is a corresponding '/'.

Examples of normal mountains:

\wedge	//\\	///\\/\\	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
\wedge	^ / \	/ W\ / \	\

Examples of wrong mountains:

V	/	///\\	V/V/\\	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
V	/	\ / \	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	// / / \

> Input

- Only one string without blank.
- The length of string is N. 0 < N < 1000

Output

- If a normal mountain is made, print the <u>height of the mountain.</u>
- Output 0 if wrong mountain is made.

Sample Input I	Sample Output 1	
///\//\	3	
Sample Input 2	Sample Output 2	
///\\	0	

Problem 2 Super Parenthesis Value

Score: 60pts

There is a string with six characters: '{', '}', '[', ']', '(', ')'. First you have to check that the string is a normal string. Normal string follow this rule:

- 1. '{}', '()' and '[]', which consist only of one pair of parentheses, are correct parentheses.
- 2. If X is a valid parentheses column, then $\{X\}'$, $\{X\}'$ and $\{X\}'$ are also valid parentheses.
- 3. If both X and Y are correct parentheses, then XY that combines them will also be correct parentheses.

For example, $'(()\{([[]])\})'$ and $'(())[][]\{\}'$ is a valid parentheses column, but '([)]' and $'(()(\{)[]\})'$ are not valid parentheses. We define the value of the parenthesis (the parenthesis value) as follows for any correct parentheses X and denote it as the value (X).

- 1. The value of the parenthesis of '{}' is -1.
- 2. The value of the parenthesis of '()' is 2.
- 3. The value of the parenthesis of '[]' is 3.
- 4. The parenthesis value of $\{X\}'$ is calculated as '-1 × value (X)'.
- 5. The parenthesis value of '(X)' is calculated as '2 × value(X)'.
- 6. The parenthesis value of '[X]' is calculated as '3 \times value (X)'.
- 7. The parenthesis value of XY where the correct parentheses X and Y are combined is calculated as value (XY) = value (X) + value (Y).

For example, let's find the parenthesis value of ' $\{(()[[]])([])\}$ '. The parenthesis value of '(()[[]])' is $2 \times 3 = 11$, the parenthesis value of '(()[[]])' is $2 \times 11 = 22$. And the value of '([])' is $2 \times 3 = 6$, so the value of this parenthesis column is 22 + 6 = 28. Since the parentheses are enclosed in the outermost $\{\}$, total parenthesis value is multiplying by -1 then becomes -28.

> Input

- Only one string without blank.
- The length of string is N. 0 < N < 30

Output

- Print the final parenthesis value on the first line.
- If the input is an invalid parenthesis string, 0 must be output.

Sample Input 1	Sample Output 1
{(()[[])([])}	-28
Sample Input 2	Sample Output 2

⁻ This is the last page. Good luck $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{G}}$ -