Linux and Linux Shell

Users and Groups, Environment Variables and SSH

SoftUni Team Technical Trainers







Software University

https://about.softuni.bg

Have a Question?





Table of Contents



- 1. Users and Groups
- 2. Access Rights
- 3. Environment Variables
- 4. Secure Shell
- 5. Processes
- 6. More Linux Commands





Users and Groups

Manage Users and Groups

Users in Linux



Users file (/etc/passwd)

root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash
...
madmin:x:1000:1000:M.Admin:/home/madmin:/bin/bash
... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

- 1 Username (login)
- 2 Password placeholder
- **3** User ID
- 4 Group ID

- **5** Comment (full name, phone, etc.)
- 6 Home directory
- **7** User shell

Groups in Linux



Groups file (/etc/group)

```
root:x:0:
...
wheel:x:10:madmin 4
...
madmin:x:1000:
... 1 2 3
```

- **1** Group name
- 2 Password placeholder

- **3** Group ID
- **4** Group members



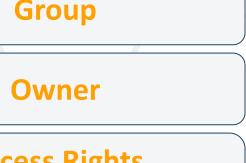
Access Rights

Users, Groups and Permissions in the File System

Access Rights in the Linux File System



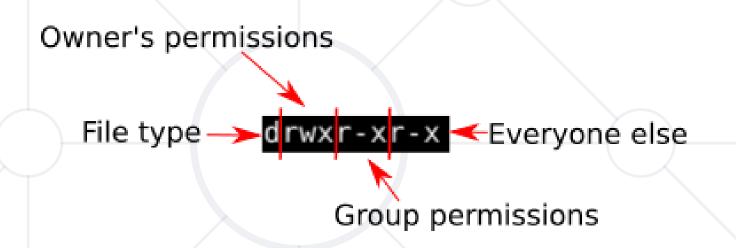
```
[root@vmi937769 softunisites]# ls -al
total 112
drwx--x--x 26 softunisites softunisites 4096 Feb 13 23:17 .
drwx--x--x 17 root root 4096 Jan 23 14:36 ...
lrwxrwxrwx 1 softunisites softunisites 38 Jan 7 23:28 access-logs -> /etc/apache2/
drwxr-x--- 7 softunisites nobody 4096 Mar 25 03:33 conf.softuni.bg
drwxr-xr-x 3 softunisites softunisites 4096 Feb 13 23:17 .cpaddons
drwx----- 6 softunisites softunisites 4096 Mar 27 01:03 .cpanel
drwxr-x--- 6 softunisites nobody 4096 Mar 25 03:33 fest.softuni.bg
```



Access Rights read / write / execute

File Permissions and Octal Masks





Permissions	Octal Mask	Description		
	000	No permissions		
rw-rw-rw-	666	Everyone read + write		
rwxr-xr-x	755	Owner full access, others read + execute		
rwxrwxrwx	777	Everyone read, write, and execute		

Access Rights



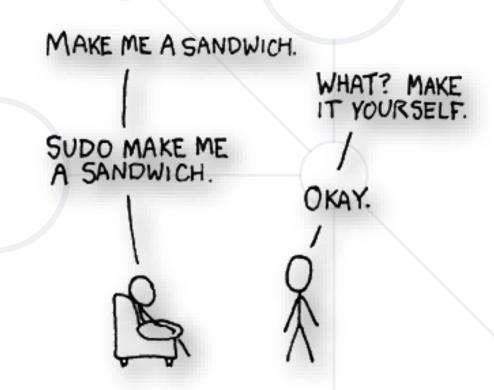
	Read	Write	Execute
Files	Allow a user to view the contents of a file	Allow a user to modify and delete the file	Allow a user to execute a file (the user must also have read permission)
Directories	Allow a user to view the names of files in a directory	Allow a user to delete the directory, modify its contents and modify the contents of files that the user can read	Allow a user to access, or traverse into, a directory and access metadata about files in it

SUDO (SuperUser DO) Configuration



- sudo is used to access restricted files and operations
 - Controls who can do what and from where
- Temporarily allows ordinary users to perform administrative tasks
 - Without logging in as the root user

sudo [command]



sudo



Execute a command as another user

```
# Execute commands as another user
user@host:~$ sudo -u testuser whoami
# Switch to a user
user@host:~$ sudo su testuser
# Switch to a user with a login shell
user@host:~$ su - testuser
# Execute a single command as root
user@host:~$ sudo chmod +x hello.txt
```

Commands



- Change the permissions of a file or directory for all types of users
 - Operations modify the user or file level permissions

```
chmode [operations] [file/directory name]
```

Change file owner and group

```
chown [options] [owner][:[group]] file
```

Change group ownership Can be replaced with "."

```
chgrp [options] group file
```



Live Demo

Getting to Know the Console



Environment Variables

Linux Environment Variables



- Environment variables == dynamic variables used by the Linux shell
 - Provide config settings to Linux apps
 - They follow the <NAME>=<VALUE> formatting
 - They are case-sensitive
 - By convention environment
 variable names use CAPITAL_LETTERS

```
$ env

DOCKER_VERSION=20.10.17

CHARSET=UTF-8

HOSTNAME=node2

DOCKER_TLSENABLE=false

COMPOSE_VERSION=2.6.1

DOCKER_BUILDX_VERSION=0.8.2

PWD=/root
```

Commands



List all environment variables

env printenv

Print a single environment variable

printenv HOME
echo \$HOME

Sets a new environment variable

export VAR=VALUE



Live Demo

Getting to Know Environment Variables



Secure Shell (SSH)

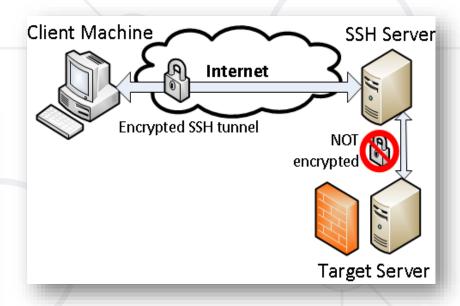
Connecting to Remote Linux Machine

SSH (Secure Shell)



Secure Shell (ssh) allows connecting to a remote machine's console

```
ssh 192.168.0.28 -1 root
```





Processes

Monitoring and Management

Processes and Jobs

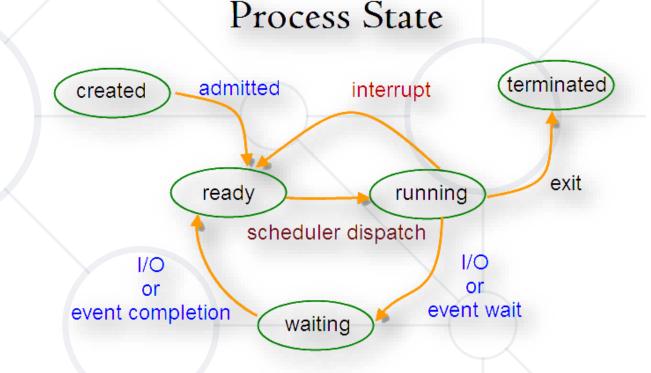


Process

 Running a program with its own address space

Job

- Interactive program that doesn't detach
- It can be suspended with [Ctrl]+[Z]
- It can execute in the foreground or background mode



Commands



Display status of jobs

```
jobs [options] [jobspec]
```

Report a snapshot of the current processes

```
ps [options]
```

Send a signal to a job or process

```
kill [options] pid | jobspec
```

Kill processes by name

```
killall [options] process
```



apt



 apt provides a high-level command line interface for the package management system

```
apt install <package>
```

Download package information from all configured sources

```
apt update
```

 Install available upgrades of all packages, currently installed on the system, from the configured sources

```
apt upgrade
```

Data Fetching



• wget == free utility for non-interactive download of files from the Web

```
wget [options] URL
```

curl == tool for transferring data from or to a server

```
curl [options] URL
```



Live Demo

Getting Help

Summary



- Users and Groups
 - Access Rights
- Environmental variables
 - Dynamic named variables
- Linux commands
 - Used to interact with the system





Questions?



















SoftUni Diamond Partners







Coca-Cola HBC **Bulgaria**







Решения за твоето утре













Trainings @ Software University (SoftUni)



- Software University High-Quality Education,
 Profession and Job for Software Developers
 - softuni.bg, about.softuni.bg
- Software University Foundation
 - softuni.foundation
- Software University @ Facebook
 - facebook.com/SoftwareUniversity







License



- This course (slides, examples, demos, exercises, homework, documents, videos and other assets) is copyrighted content
- Unauthorized copy, reproduction or use is illegal
- © SoftUni https://about.softuni.bg/
- © Software University https://softuni.bg

