Sentiment Analysis of Financial News vs. Data

Do headlines reflect reality?

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Problem Statement

- People look to headlines for clues about the stock market.
- However, headlines can be misleading and reflect emotion more than reality.
 - In financial news, I notice a persistent "doom-and-gloom".
- My goal is to compare headlines vs indicators.



https://static.vecteezy.com/sy stem/resources/previews/018 /918/170/original/stock-marke t-icon-vector.jpg

Data Sources

- FinSen Dataset: financial news
 - Aggregation of (~15,000) financial news articles:
 - Titles
 - Tags (144 unique)
 - Timestamps (2007-07-18 to 2023-07-16)
 - Content
- MarketWatch S&P 500 Daily Performance

Initial Project Scope

- Initially much larger: all of FinSen dataset article titles
- Attempted clustering to consolidate tags with similar meanings
 - Wanted to identify ideal indicator data to compare against

Tag Clustering Attempts

- Tried using these packages:
 - NLTK
 - Wordnet
 - Spacy
 - Sentence-Transformers
- Successfully found cosine similarity and distance, but struggled to apply them to the consolidation of tags

Revised Project Scope

- Setbacks with tag clustering forced me to narrow my scope to the stock market
- Stock-related articles still make up a plurality of FinSen articles (~4,500)
 - 8 unique tags containing the word "stock"
 - Ensures range and depth of data in analysis

FinSen.head()											
	Title	Tag	Content	Date :							
0	Visa Hits 24-week High	stocks	Visa Hits 24-week HighUnited States stocksVisa	2023-07- 14							
1	Amazon Hits 43-week High	stocks	Amazon Hits 43-week HighUnited States stocksAm	2023-07- 14							
2	Visa Hits 24-week High	stocks	Visa Hits 24-week HighUnited States stocksVisa	2023-07- 14							
3	Amazon Hits 43-week High	stocks	Amazon Hits 43-week HighUnited States stocksAm	2023-07- 14							
4	US Futures Steady Ahead of Key Inflation Data	stock market	US Futures Steady Ahead of Key Inflation DataU	2023-07- 13							

Sentiment Analysis

- As people typically don't read past the headline of an article,
 I decided to only perform sentiment analysis on the article
 titles.
 - Also saves time and computer resources
- Found FinBERT package trained on corpus of financial text
 - Simple loading in and generation

0.758506

0.083024

0.191542

0.189761

0.420321

0.385900

sents_df.head()

2

3

0.051733

0.496655

0.422558

Comparison Pt. 1

- How can I compare sentiment scores and labels of stock news article titles to stock market data?
 - Stocks don't trade on weekends, but people write articles on all days of the week
 - However, some weeks have no stock-related articles at all
 - Solution: Aggregate sentiment scores and stock data by month

Comparison Pt. 2

- Aggregating leaves me with 19 rows of data to use, with each one an aggregate of a month's (30 days starting at the listed date) data
 - Realize that open, high, and low stock data columns not useful for my purpose
 - Only relevant for intra-day stock trading

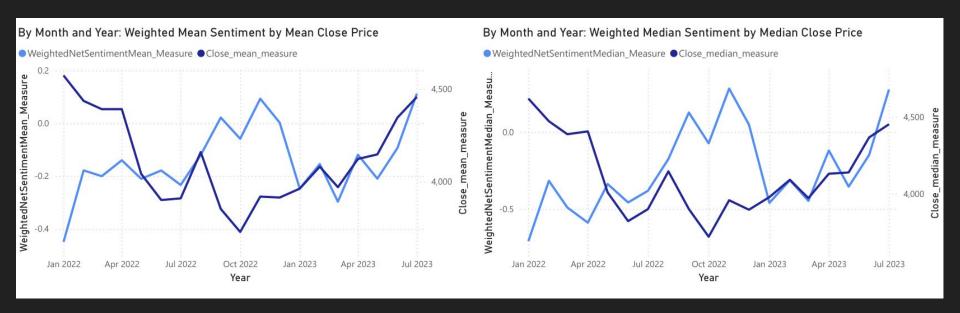
MonthStats.columns

MonthStats.head()

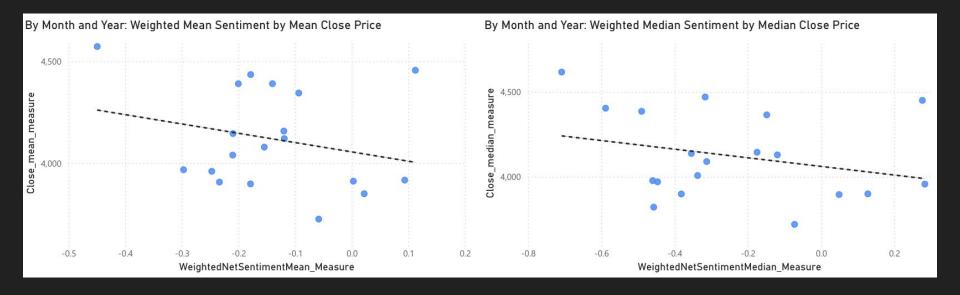
	Date	Open_mean	High_mean	Low_mean	Close_mean	SentimentConfidenceScore_mean	positive_score_mean	negative_score_mean	neutral_score_mean	Open_median	
0	2022- 01-31	4585.263000	4619.576000	4528.042000	4573.815500	0.756258	0.157939	0.752225	0.089836	4635.115	
1	2022- 02-28	4436.878947	4473.607368	4392.072632	4435.980526	0.779914	0.283549	0.512375	0.204075	4456.060	
2	2022- 03-31	4388.294348	4424.881739	4351.570000	4391.265217	0.694431	0.312590	0.601066	0.086343	4363.140	
3	2022- 04-30	4409.360500	4439.264500	4361.126500	4391.296000	0.791007	0.363222	0.540196	0.096582	4443.355	
4	2022- 05-31	4037.771429	4082.188095	3986.214286	4040.360000	0.745236	0.272307	0.554348	0.173345	4035.180	

Comparison Pt.3:

- Turn on "Do Not Summarize" for every column in my dataset since each is already an aggregate
- Calculate weighted values based on sentiment confidence scores
 - Created initially as columns, not measures
 - Created additional challenges
 - Used "SELECTEDVALUE" to convert them all to measures



- Few months pulling average down
- Lag observed: sentiment increase precedes close price rise



 Slightly negative correlation between net sentiment of titles and close prices

Conclusion

- The sentiment of financial news articles has a very weak correlation with stock data
 - Most you could say is an increase in sentiment often precedes in an increase in the stock market
- Initial hypothesis basically unprovable
 - Comparing prices with sentiments is like comparing apples to oranges

Sources

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