Configuring Managed Servers

Objectives

After completing this lesson, you should be able to:

- Configure managed servers using the Administrative Console
- Configure managed servers using WebLogic Scripting Tool (WLST)
- Start managed servers
- Shut down a server or an entire domain using WLST or the Administrative Console
- Configure managed servers on a computer separate from the administration server
- Explain administration and Managed Server Independence (MSI)

Road Map

- Managed servers
 - Configuring managed servers
 - Starting managed servers
 - Stopping managed servers
- Remote managed servers
- Managed Server Independence (MSI)



Configuring Managed Servers

Create a New Server

Next

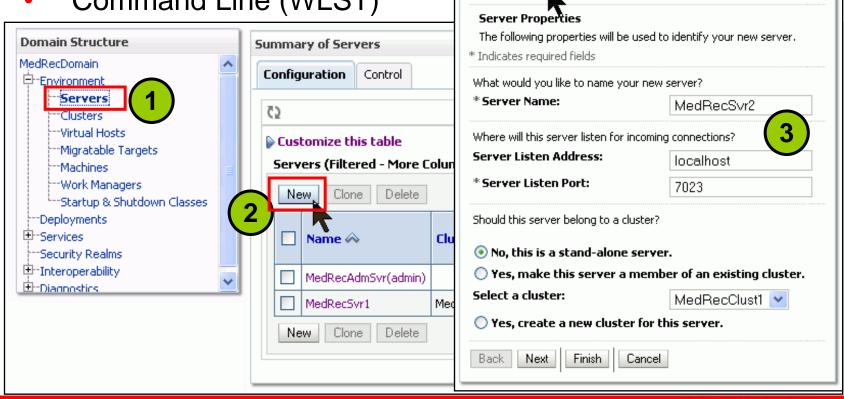
Finish

Cancel

You can configure managed servers by using the following:

Domain Configuration Wizard

- Administration Console
- Command Line (WLST)



Creating a Managed Server with WLST

```
[oracle@wls-sysadm /] $ java weblogic.WLST
wls:/offline> connect('weblogic','mypassword','t3://localhost:7020')
Connecting to t3://localhost:7020 with userid weblogic ...
Successfully connected to Admin Server 'MedRecAdmSvr' that belongs to
domain 'MedRecDomain'.
wls:/MedRecDomain/serverConfig> cd('Servers')
wls:/MedRecDomain/serverConfig/Servers> edit()
wls:/MedRecDomain/edit> startEdit()
wls:/MedRecDomain/edit !> server1=create('MedRecSvr3','Server')
MBean type Server with name MedRecSvr3 has been created successfully.
wls:/MedRecDomain/edit !> server1.getName()
 'MedRecSvr3'
wls:/MedRecDomain/edit !> ls('Servers')
      MedRecAdmSvr
drw-
drw- MedRecSvr1
drw- MedRecSvr2
drw- MedRecSvr3
wls:/MedRecDomain/edit !> save()
wls:/MedRecDomain/edit !> activate()
wls:/MedRecDomain/edit !> stopEdit()
wls:/MedRecDomain/edit> exit()
[oracle@wls-sysadm /]$
```

Starting Oracle WebLogic Managed Servers

You can start managed servers using:

- DOMAIN DIR/bin/startManagedWebLogic.sh
- weblogic.Server
- WLST and Node Manager
- Administration Console
 - Requires Node Manager on each machine
 - Requires additional configuration—for example:
 - Username and password
 - Listen ports
 - CLASSPATH, JAVA_PATH
 - Security type (plain versus SSL)

Starting a Managed Server Using startManagedWebLogic.sh

- Start the domain's Administration server.
- Type DOMAIN_NAME/bin/startManagedWebLogic.sh managed server name [admin url].

```
[oracle@wls-sysadm /]$ cd /home/oracle/wls_sysadm/work/domains/MedRecDomain/bin
[oracle@wls-sysadm bin]$ ls
nodemanager setDomainEnv.sh startWebLogic.sh
server_migration startManagedWebLogic.sh stopManagedWebLogic.sh
service migration startPointBaseConsole.sh stopWebLogic.sh
[oracle@wls-sysadm bin]$ ./startManagedWebLogic.sh MedRecSvr1 http://myAdminSvr:7003
```

Command-Line Requirements for Starting the Managed Server Using java weblogic. Server

- Run <WL HOME > / server / bin / setWLSEnv.sh.
- Start the administration server:

```
java weblogic. Server
```

Start a managed server:

java

- -Dweblogic.Name=managed server name
- -Dweblogic.management.server=ur\ Admin_Server weblogic.Server

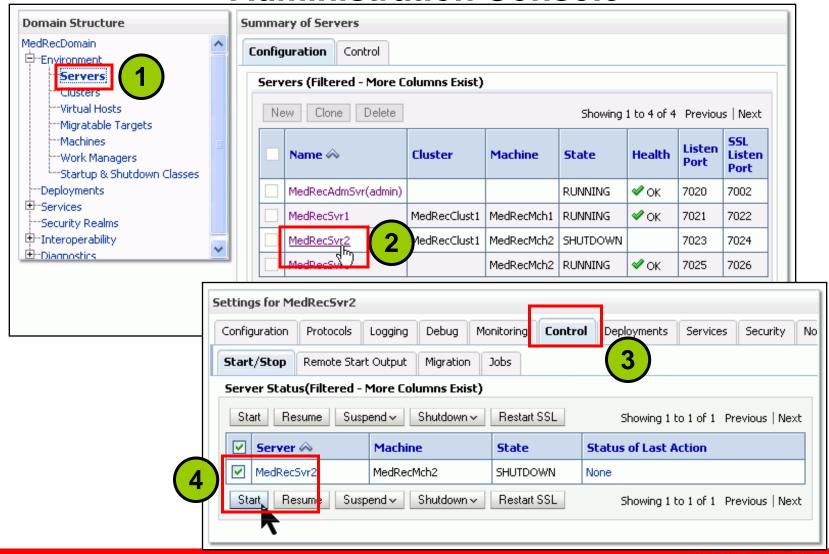
Substitute address such

Substitute name such as MedRecSvr2

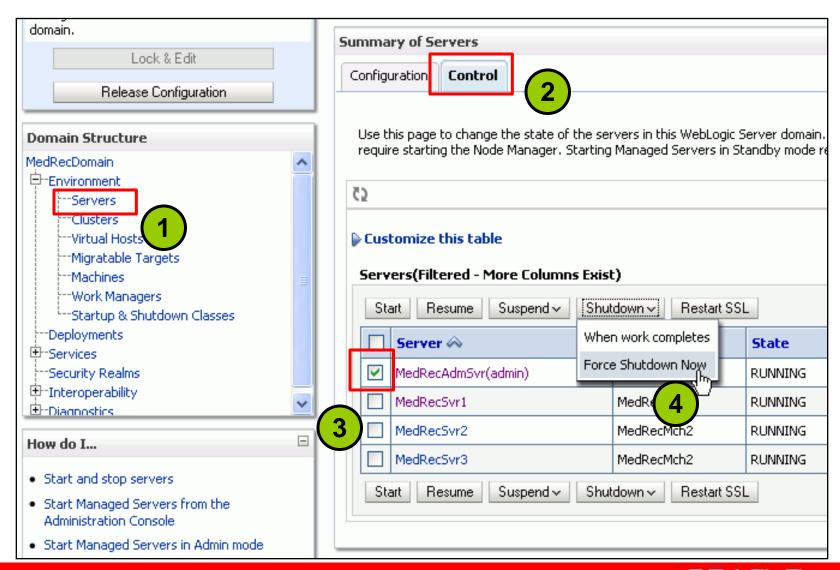
as

192.168.0.1:7020 or localhost:7020 or myAdminSvr:7020

Starting a Managed Server Using the Administration Console



Shutting Down a Server



Shutting Down a Domain

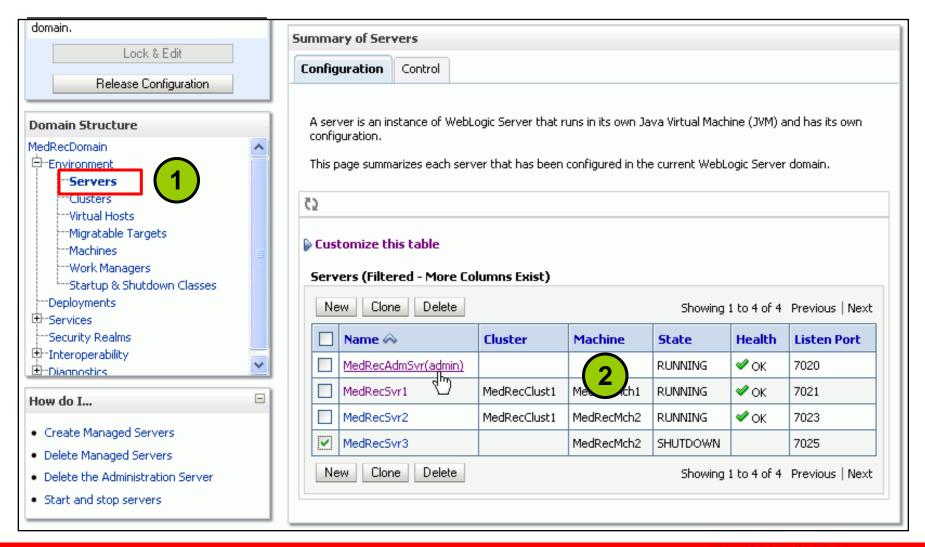
- 1. Connect to the administration server.
- 2. Obtain a list of servers.
- 3. Shut down the servers using the options; shut down the managed servers first.
- 4. Shut down the administration server to which you are connected.

```
connect('weblogic','weblogic','t3://wls-sysadm.example.com:7001')
ls('Servers')
shutdown('MedRecSvr1')
shutdown('MedRecAdmSvr')
exit()
```

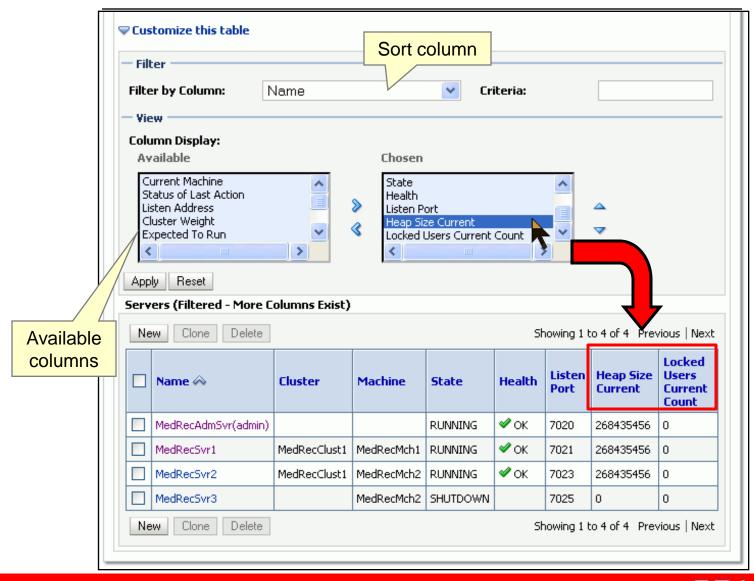
Creating a Boot Identity File

- Create a file called boot.properties in the DOMAIN_NAME/servers/<server_name>/security directory that contains two lines:
 - username=username
 - password=password
- The first time you start the server, the server reads the Boot Identity file and overwrites it with an encrypted version of the username and password.
- Thereafter, the server remembers the credentials for subsequent startup cycles.

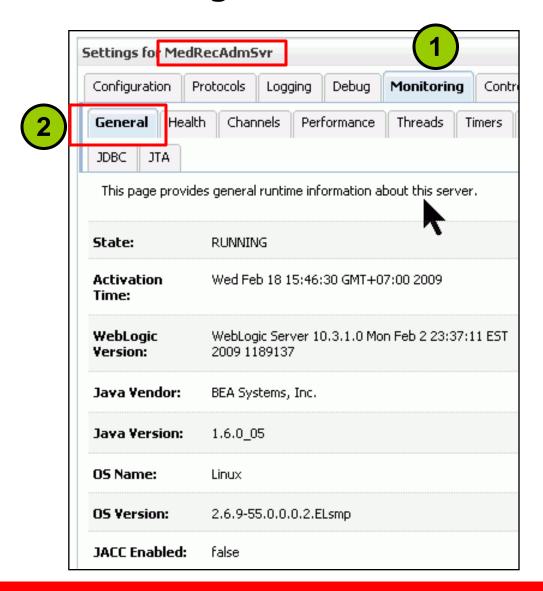
Monitoring All Servers



Customizing the View for All Servers



Monitoring Individual Servers



Demonstration

- Enable automated start using the boot properties file.
- Go to OTN > Tutorials > Fusion Middleware > Oracle WebLogic Server 10.3 > Installation and Configuration > Enable Auto Login using the Boot Properties File.

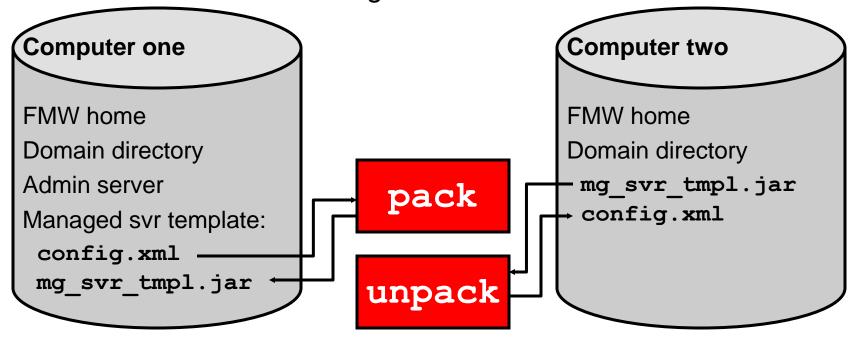
Road Map

- Managed servers
- Remote managed servers
- Managed Server Independence (MSI)



Creating a Managed Server on a Remote Computer

- 1. Install WLS on both computers.
- 2. Create a managed server using the Administration Console.
- 3. Create a managed server template using pack.
- 4. Create a managed server on a remote computer using unpack.
- 5. Start the remote managed server.



pack and unpack: Examples

On computer one (administration server):

```
[oracle@wls-sysadm] $ cd $WL_HOME/common/bin
[oracle@wls-sysadm] $ pack -managed=true
    -domain=/u01/app/oracle/user_projects/domains/mydomain
    -template=/home/oracle/work/mydomain_managed.jar
    -template_name="My Managed Server Domain"
```

On computer two (remote managed server):

```
[oracle@wls-mgdsvr2]$ cd $WL_HOME/common/bin
[oracle@wls-mgdsvr2]$ unpack
   -domain=/u01/app/oracle/user_projects/domains/mydomain
   -template=/home/oracle/work/mydomain_managed.jar
```

Road Map

- Managed servers
- Remote managed servers
- Managed Server Independence (MSI)



Managed Server Independence (MSI)

- By default, managed servers can function independently of the administration server.
- A managed server instance can start in MSI mode if the administration server is unavailable.
- Configure MSI mode from the Administration Console.
- To start a managed server in MSI mode:
 - Ensure that the managed server's root directory contains the config subdirectory
 - If the config subdirectory does not exist, copy it from the administration server's root directory
 - Start the managed server at the command line or by using a script

MSI Search Order

- If the administration server is unavailable at boot time, the managed servers search for:
 - config.xml
 - SerializedSystemIni.dat
 - boot.properties(optional)
- Each managed server looks in its local config directory for config.xml.
- You cannot change the configuration of the managed server that is running in MSI mode until it restores communication with the administration server.

When the Administration Server Is Down

- The administration server can:
 - Go down without affecting the operation of the managed servers
 - Be restarted when the managed servers are still running
- When an administration server goes down:
 - The domain log entries are unavailable while it is down
 - Managed servers can start in independent mode
 - The Administration Console and the management tools are unavailable
 - WebLogic SNMP Agent may become unavailable

Running Multiple WLS Instances

- You can run multiple instances of WLS using different configurations on the same physical computer at the same time by doing either of the following:
 - Assigning multiple IP addresses to a computer (multihoming) and defining each server to use a unique IP address
 - Specifying the same IP address but using different listen ports
- A multihomed computer:
 - Is a computer with multiple IP addresses
 - Can run a different WLS instance that is bound to each IP address
 - Can be used to configure a cluster on a single computer

Under the servers directory of WLS domain, there are subdirectories for administration and managed servers. The servers directory contains one subdirectory for each WebLogic Server instance in the domain. If you do not see the subdirectory for each WebLogic Server instance in your domain, it means that:

- 1. The WebLogic Server instance is not correctly configured.
- 2. The patch level is not correct.
- 3. The administration server is unable to communicate with the managed servers.
- 4. The WebLogic Server instance has not been started since it was created.

Which of the following will happen if you run startWebLogic.sh without any options?

- 1. It invokes java weblogic. Server.
- 2. It starts the managed servers associated with the administration server.
- 3. It sets the environment using setDomainEnv.sh.
- It starts the administration server.

Which of the following options would you use to create a managed server?

- 1. Domain Configuration Wizard
- Administration Console
- 3. Command line (WLST)

Which of the following is true when the administration server is down?

- 1. Domain log entries are unavailable.
- Managed servers can start in MSI mode.
- 3. The Administration Console and management tools are unavailable.
- 4. At boot time, managed servers read a local copy of config.xml, SerializedSystemIni.dat, and boot.properties (optional).
- 5. You cannot change the configuration of the managed servers that are running in MSI mode until communication with the administration server is restored.
- The Node Manager can start the managed servers in MSI mode.

Summary

In this lesson, you should have learned how to:

- Start or stop the Oracle WebLogic Server
- Configure managed servers
- Start managed servers
- Create a remote managed server
- Describe administration and Managed Server Independence (MSI)

Practice 7 Overview: Configuring a Managed Server

This practice covers the following topics:

- Creating and deleting managed servers
- Starting and stopping managed servers
- Monitoring managed servers