Product

Julian van Doorn

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1 Explanation

This program is based on the Python version I wrote (together with Tobias Eikelenboom) for PRna. It aims to provide the functionality described in the assignment 'Product'.

2 Time

Translating the Python code to c++, getting used to c++ and debugging took around 3 hours. Tidying everything up, testing edge cases and writing the report another hour. The time spent on the original program was around 8 hours, a lot of which was spent during work colleges.

3 Analysis

I think the program could be written more efficiently using basic math operations. However, it would of been more effort to find that method than to use my existing code. Had I had more time I would of optimised the program. Moving from Python to c++ was sometimes frustrating as c++ doesn't have as many built in 'ready-to-go' functions as Python does. Par example to simply convert a string or character to lowercase.

Code

```
main.cpp
      Author: Julian van Doorn (2519074)
      This program is based on the Python version I wrote (together with
      Tobias Eikelenboom) for PRna.
6
      This program aims to provide the functionality described in the
      assignment called 'Product'. It will ask and check a user's
      birthday and test them on their math skills. If they fail the math
10
      test it will test their art history knowledge.
11
    */
12
  #include <iostream>
  #include <cmath>
  #include <ctime>
  #include <cstdlib>
16
17
   using namespace std;
18
  // The current date.
```

```
const int YEAR = 2019;
21
   const int MONTH = 9;
22
   const int DAY = 23;
23
24
   // The birthday
25
   int birth_year;
26
27
   int birth_month;
   int birth_day;
   // The difference between today and the birthday
30
   int day_delta;
31
32
   // First letter of the day they were born
33
   char first_day_letter;
34
   // Second (optional) letter of the day they were born.
35
   char second_day_letter;
   // A number corresponding to the day they were born.
   int day_number;
40
   // Our two random numbers.
41
   int number1;
42
   int number2;
43
   // The answer to the second question (if needed).
44
   char answer2;
45
46
   int get_month_length(int y, int m) {
47
48
         \boldsymbol{\ast} This function returns the length of month m in year y.
49
50
         */
        if (m == 2) {
51
            if (y \% 4 = 0) {
52
                return 29;
53
            } else {
54
                return 28;
55
56
57
        \} else if (m == 1 || m == 3 || m == 5 || m == 7 || m == 8 ||
                   m == 10 \mid \mid m == 12) {
            return 31;
        } else {
60
            return 30;
61
62
   }
63
64
   int get_year_length(int y) {
65
66
         st This function returns the length of year y.
67
68
        if (y \% 4 == 0) {
69
            return 366;
70
        } else {
71
            return 365;
72
        }
73
   }
74
75
   int get_month_delta(int year1, int month1, int day1, int year2,
```

```
int month2, int day2) {
77
         /*
78
          * This function returns the difference in months between two
79
          * dates.
80
81
         if (day2 >= day1) {
82
             return (year2 - year1) * 12 + (month2 - month1);
83
84
         } else {}
             return (year2 - year1) * 12 + (month2 - month1 - 1);
85
86
    }
87
88
    int get_month_delta(int year1, int month1, int day1) {
89
90
          * This function returns the difference in months between the
91
92
          * given date and the current date.
93
          */
         return get_month_delta(year1, month1, day1, YEAR, MONTH, DAY);
94
    }
95
96
    string get_day_name(int d) {
97
98
          * This function tells us which day corresponds to the remainder
99
          * of a day difference with reference point 1901-01-01 -> tuesday.
100
          */
101
         switch (d) {
102
             case 0:
103
                  return "tuesday";
104
              case 1:
105
                  return "wednesday";
106
             case 2:
107
                  return "thursday";
108
             case 3:
109
                  return "friday";
110
             case 4:
111
                  return "saturday";
112
              case 5:
113
                  return "sunday";
              case 6:
                  return "monday";
116
              default:
117
                  return "???";
118
         }
119
    }
120
121
    int get_day_delta(int year1, int month1, int day1, int year2,
122
                         int month2, int day2) {
123
124
          \boldsymbol{\ast} This function returns the difference between two dates in days.
125
          */
126
         int days = 0;
127
128
         \quad \textbf{for} \ (\textbf{int} \ \texttt{y} = \texttt{year1} \, ; \ \texttt{y} < \texttt{year2} \, ; \ \texttt{y}++) \ \{
129
              if (y == year1) {
130
                  for (int m = month1; m \le 12; m++) {
131
                       days += get_month_length(y, m);
132
```

```
133
                   days = day1;
134
              } else {
135
                   days += get_year_length(y);
136
              }
137
         }
138
139
         for (int m = 1; m \le month2; m++) {
              if (m == month2) {
142
                   days += day2;
              } else {
143
                   days += get_month_length(year2, m);
144
145
         }
146
147
         return days;
148
    }
150
151
152
    int main() {
153
         // Output author information.
                                                                  =\n "
154
         cout << "
                   "| This program was written by:
                                                                 | \setminus n"
155
                                                                 | \setminus n"
                      Julian van Doorn (s2518074 - 2019)
156
                                                                  | \setminus n"
157
                     The Assignment is called: Product
                                                                 | \setminus n"
158
                                                                  | \setminus n "
159
                   "| This program will determine if, and | \setminus n"
160
                   "| if so, what kind of program you can | \setminus n"
161
                                                                 | \setminus n "
                   " | do at Leiden University.
162
                                                                 =\n":
163
164
         // Get the birth year and check it.
165
         cout << "What year were you born in?";</pre>
166
         cin >> birth_year;
167
         if (YEAR - birth\_year < 10 \mid \mid YEAR - birth\_year > 101) 
168
              cout << "You are too old or young.";</pre>
169
              return 1;
         }
171
172
         // Get the birth month and check it.
173
         cout << "What month were you born in (1-12)?";
174
         cin >> birth_month;
175
         if (birth_month < 1 \mid \mid birth_month > 12) {
176
              cout << "That month is invalid.";</pre>
177
              return 1;
178
         } else if ((YEAR - birth_year == 10 \&\& birth_month > MONTH) ||
179
                       (YEAR - birth\_year == 101 \&\& birth\_month < MONTH)) {
180
              cout << "You are too old or young.";</pre>
181
              return 1;
         }
183
184
         // Get the birth day and check it.
185
         cout << "What day were you born on?";</pre>
186
         cin >> birth_day;
187
         if (birth_day < 1 \mid \mid
188
```

```
birth_day > get_month_length(birth_year, birth_month)) {
189
              cout << "That day is invalid.";</pre>
190
              return 1;
191
         } else if ((YEAR - birth_year == 10 && birth_month == MONTH &&
192
                        birth_day > DAY) | |
193
                       (YEAR - birth_year = 101 \text{ and } birth_month = MONTH \text{ and }
194
195
                        birth_day <= DAY)) {</pre>
              cout << "You are too old or young.";</pre>
              return 1;
         }
198
199
         // Tell the user how old they are (in years/months and in just
200
         // months).
201
         cout << "You are " << floor(</pre>
202
                   {\tt get\_month\_delta(birth\_year}, \ {\tt birth\_month}, \ {\tt birth\_day}) \ / \ 12)
203
               << " years and "
204
205
               << get_month_delta(birth_year, birth_month, birth_day) \% 12
               << " months old. \ n";
         \verb"cout" << "Or we could say that you are just"
207
208
               << get_month_delta(birth_year, birth_month, birth_day)</pre>
209
                    " months old . \ n";
210
         // Check if they have their birthday.
211
         if (birth_month == MONTH && birth_day == DAY) {
212
              cout \ll "Happy b-day! \setminus n";
213
         } else if (birth_day == DAY) {
214
              cout << "Happy m-day! \setminus n";
215
217
         // Calculate the difference in days between 1901-01-01 and their
218
         // birthday.
219
         {\tt day\_delta} \, = \, {\tt get\_day\_delta} \, (1901 \, , \ 1 \, , \ 1 \, , \ {\tt birth\_year} \, , \ {\tt birth\_month} \, ,
220
                                         birth_day);
221
222
         // Get the first letter of the day the user was born.
223
         cout << "Enter the first letter of the day you were born on"
224
225
                   "(m, t, etc.): ";
         cin >> first_day_letter;
227
         // Check if it could be multiple days (t/s).
228
         \label{eq:if_day_letter} \textbf{if} \ (\texttt{first\_day\_letter} = \ 't' \ || \ \texttt{first\_day\_letter} = \ 'T') \ \{
229
              // Get the second letter of the day the user was born.
230
              \verb"cout" << "Enter the second letter" of the day you were born on "
231
                        "(h/u): ";
232
              cin >> second_day_letter;
233
234
              // Match it with a day (number).
235
              if (second_day_letter == 'h' || second_day_letter == 'H') {
236
                   day_number = 2; // Thursday
              } else if (second_day_letter == 'u' ||
                           second_day_letter = 'U') {
239
                   day_number = 0; // Tuesday
240
              } else {}
241
                   cout << "Invalid day letters.";</pre>
242
                   return 1;
243
              }
244
```

```
} else if (first_day_letter = 's' || first_day_letter = 'S') {
245
               // Get the second letter of the day the user was born.
246
               cout << "Enter the second letter of the day you were born on "
247
                         "(a/u): ";
248
               cin >> second_day_letter;
249
250
               // Match it with a day (number).
                if \ (\texttt{second\_day\_letter} = \ 'a \ ' \ || \ \texttt{second\_day\_letter} = \ 'A \ ') \ \{ \\
                    day_number = 4; // Saturday
253
               \} \ \ \mathbf{else} \ \ \mathbf{if} \ \ (\ \mathsf{second\_day\_letter} = \ \ 'u \ ' \ | \ |
254
                            second_day_letter = 'U')
255
                    day_number = 5; // Sunday
256
               } else {
257
                    cout << "Invalid day letters.";</pre>
258
                    return 1;
259
               }
260
          } else {}
              // Else match the first letter with a day.
               if\ (first_day_letter == 'm'\ ||\ first_day_letter == 'M')\ \{
263
264
                    day_number = 6; // Monday
               \} \ \ {\tt else \ if \ (first\_day\_letter} == \ `w' \ | \, |
265
                             \texttt{first\_day\_letter} \ = \ 'W') \ \{
266
                    day_number = 1; // Wednesday
267
               } else if (first_day_letter ==
268
                             first_day_letter = 'F') {
269
                    day_number = 3; // Friday
270
               } else {
271
                    \verb"cout" << "Invalid" day letter.";
                    return 1;
273
274
         }
275
276
          // Check if the user inputted the right day.
277
          if (day_delta % 7 != day_number) {
278
               // This print statement was mostly for debug purposes.
279
               cout << "Wrong. You were born on "
280
                     << get_day_name(day_delta \% 7) << ".";
281
               return 1;
         }
284
          // Initialize a random number generator.
285
          \mathtt{srand}(\mathtt{time}(0));
286
          // Generate two random numbers.
287
         {\tt number1} = {\tt rand()} \ \% \ 10000 \ + \ 1;
288
         \mathtt{number2} \, = \, \mathtt{rand} \, (\,) \, \, \% \, \, \left(10000 \, - \, \mathtt{number1} \, \right) \, + \, 1;
289
          // There is a 10% chance of number1 being zero.
290
          if (rand() \% 10 + 1 = 1) {
291
               number1 = 0;
292
294
         int answer;
295
296
          // Ask the user about the product.
297
          \verb"cout" << "What is the product" of "<< \verb"number1" << " and " << \verb"number2"
298
                << "? ";
299
          cin >> answer;
300
```

```
301
         // Check if the answer was correct.
302
         if (0.9 * number1 * number2 <= answer &&
303
              answer \le 1.1 * number1 * number2) {
304
              cout << "Correct! You can start an exact program.";</pre>
305
              return 0;
306
         }
308
309
         // If it was wrong we shall test their art history knowledge.
         cout << "You were wrong.. we will now test your art history"
310
                  "knowledge.\ \ n";
311
312
         // Check if the user is 30.
313
         if (get_month_delta(birth_year, birth_month, birth_day) / 12 >=
314
              30) {
315
              \texttt{cout} << "The Nachtwacht was painted by: \n"
316
                       "a) Rembrand; \ n"
                       "b) Shirley Temple; \ n"
319
                        "c) James\ Bond; \ n"
                        "d) \ \ Trick \ \ question: \ \ The \ \ Nachtwacht \ \ is \ \ a \ \ peanut \ \ butter"
320
                        " brand. \setminus n"
321
                        "Enter a/b/c/d:";
322
         } else {
323
              \verb"cout" << "On average", Van Gogh had: \n"
324
                        "a) one ear; \setminus n"
325
                        "b) two \ ears ; \ n"
326
                        "c) three\ ears; \ n"
327
                        "d) no ears. \ n"
328
                        "Enter a/b/c/d:";
329
         }
330
331
         // Get the second answer.
332
         cin >> answer2;
333
         // Check if it was correct.
334
         if (answer2 == 'a' || answer2 == 'A') {
335
              cout << "Correct! You can start a art history program.";</pre>
336
337
              return 0;
         } else {
              cout << "Wrong! You may not start with anything.";</pre>
339
340
              return 1;
         }
341
    }
342
```